By Senator Norman

	12-00526-12 2012474
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to driving without a valid driver
3	license; amending s. 318.18, F.S.; providing an
4	additional fine for a violation of specified
5	provisions relating to driving with a canceled,
6	suspended, or revoked driver license or driving
7	privilege; providing increased fine amounts for second
8	or subsequent violations; amending s. 318.21, F.S.;
9	providing for distribution of such fines collected;
10	amending s. 322.34, F.S.; revising penalties for
11	knowingly driving while the driver license or driving
12	privilege is canceled, suspended, or revoked; revising
13	procedures for impoundment or immobilization of the
14	vehicle; providing an effective date.
15	
16	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
17	
18	Section 1. Subsection (22) is added to section 318.18,
19	Florida Statutes, to read:
20	318.18 Amount of penalties.—The penalties required for a
21	noncriminal disposition pursuant to s. 318.14 or a criminal
22	offense listed in s. 318.17 are as follows:
23	(22) For a person knowingly driving any motor vehicle upon
24	the highways of this state while the person's driver license or
25	privilege to drive is canceled, suspended, or revoked in
26	violation of s. $322.34(2)$, in addition to the fine under
27	paragraph (3)(a), upon:
28	(a) A first offense, \$100 before release of the vehicle
29	from immobilization or impoundment.

Page 1 of 11

	12-00526-12 2012474
30	(b) A second offense, \$500 before release of the vehicle
31	from immobilization or impoundment.
32	(c) A third or subsequent offense, \$1,000 before release of
33	the vehicle from immobilization or impoundment.
34	Section 2. Subsection (22) is added to section 318.21,
35	Florida Statutes, to read:
36	318.21 Disposition of civil penalties by county courtsAll
37	civil penalties received by a county court pursuant to the
38	provisions of this chapter shall be distributed and paid monthly
39	as follows:
40	(22) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2), the proceeds
41	from the penalties imposed pursuant to s. 318.18(22) shall be
42	distributed as follows:
43	(a) For violations committed within a municipality, 40
44	percent shall be distributed to the municipality, 40 percent
45	shall be distributed to the county, and 20 percent shall be
46	distributed to the agency or company that towed and stored the
47	vehicle.
48	(b) For violations committed outside a municipality, 80
49	percent shall be distributed to the county and 20 percent shall
50	be distributed to the agency or company that towed and stored
51	the vehicle.
52	Section 3. Section 322.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to
53	read:
54	322.34 Driving while license suspended, revoked, canceled,
55	or disqualified
56	(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), Any person whose
57	driver's license or driving privilege has been canceled,
58	suspended, or revoked, except a "habitual traffic offender" as

Page 2 of 11

	12-00526-12 2012474								
59	defined in s. 322.264, who drives a vehicle upon the highways of								
60	this state while such license or privilege is canceled,								
61	suspended, or revoked <u>commits</u> is guilty of a moving violation,								
62	punishable as provided in chapter 318.								
63	(2) Any person whose driver's license or driving privilege								
64	has been canceled, suspended, or revoked as provided by law,								
65	except <u>a habitual traffic offender as</u> persons defined in s.								
66	322.264, who, knowing of such cancellation, suspension, or								
67	revocation, drives any motor vehicle upon the highways of this								
68	state while such license or privilege is canceled, suspended, or								
69	revoked commits a moving violation, punishable as provided in								
70	chapter 318, and the motor vehicle being driven at the time of								
71	the offense shall be immediately immobilized or impounded. $ au$								
72	upon:								
73	(a) A first conviction is guilty of a misdemeanor of the								
74	second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.								
75	775.083.								
76	(b) A second conviction is guilty of a misdemeanor of the								
77	first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.								
78	775.083.								
79	(c) A third or subsequent conviction is guilty of a felony								
80	of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.								
81	775.083, or s. 775.084.								
82									
83	The element of knowledge is satisfied if the person has been								
84	previously cited as provided in subsection (1); or the person								
85	admits to knowledge of the cancellation, suspension, or								
86	revocation; or the person received notice as provided in								
87	subsection (4). There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the								

Page 3 of 11

12-00526-12 2012474 88 knowledge requirement is satisfied if a judgment or order as 89 provided in subsection (4) appears in the department's records 90 for any case except for one involving a suspension by the 91 department for failure to pay a traffic fine or for a financial 92 responsibility violation. (3) In any proceeding for a violation of this section, a 93 94 court may consider evidence, other than that specified in 95 subsection (2), that the person knowingly violated this section. 96 (4) Any judgment or order rendered by a court or 97 adjudicatory body or any uniform traffic citation that cancels, suspends, or revokes a person's driver's license must contain a 98 99 provision notifying the person that his or her driver's license 100 has been canceled, suspended, or revoked. 101 (5) Any person whose driver's license has been revoked 102 pursuant to s. 322.264 as a (habitual traffic offender) and who 103 drives any motor vehicle upon the highways of this state while 104 such license is revoked commits is guilty of a felony of the 105 third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 106 107 (6) Any person who operates a motor vehicle: (a) Without having a driver's license as required under s. 108 109 322.03; or 110 (b) While his or her driver's license or driving privilege is canceled, suspended, or revoked pursuant to s. 316.655, s. 111 112 322.26(8), s. 322.27(2), or s. 322.28(2) or (4), 113 and who by careless or negligent operation of the motor vehicle 114 115 causes the death of or serious bodily injury to another human 116 being commits is quilty of a felony of the third degree,

Page 4 of 11

	12-00526-12 2012474
117	punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
118	(7) Any person whose driver's license or driving privilege
119	has been canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified and who
120	drives a commercial motor vehicle on the highways of this state
121	while such license or privilege is canceled, suspended, revoked,
122	or disqualified, upon:
123	(a) A first conviction is guilty of a misdemeanor of the
124	first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
125	775.083.
126	(b) A second or subsequent conviction is guilty of a felony
127	of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
128	775.083, or s. 775.084.
129	(8)(a) Upon <u>issuing a citation to</u> the arrest of a person
130	for <u>a violation of subsection (2), knowingly</u> the offense of
131	driving while the person's driver's license or driving privilege
132	is suspended or revoked, the <u>law enforcement</u> arresting officer
133	shall <u>immediately impound or immobilize the vehicle.</u> determine:
134	1. Whether the person's driver's license is suspended or
135	revoked.
136	2. Whether the person's driver's license has remained
137	suspended or revoked since a conviction for the offense of
138	driving with a suspended or revoked license.
139	3. Whether the suspension or revocation was made under s.
140	316.646 or s. 627.733, relating to failure to maintain required
141	security, or under s. 322.264, relating to habitual traffic
142	offenders.
143	4. Whether the driver is the registered owner or coowner of
144	the vehicle.
145	(b) If the arresting officer finds in the affirmative as to

Page 5 of 11

	12-00526-12										
146	all of the criteria in paragraph (a), the officer shall										
147	immediately impound or immobilize the vehicle.										

148 (b) (c) Within 7 business days after the date the vehicle is impounded or immobilized arresting agency impounds or 149 immobilizes the vehicle, either the law enforcement arresting 150 151 agency or the towing service, whichever is in possession of the 152 vehicle, shall send notice by certified mail to any coregistered 153 owners of the vehicle other than the person who was cited 154 arrested and to each person of record claiming a lien against 155 the vehicle. All costs and fees for the impoundment or 156 immobilization, including the cost of notification, must be paid by the owner of the vehicle or, if the vehicle is leased, by the 157 158 person leasing the vehicle.

159 (c) (d) Either the law enforcement arresting agency or the 160 towing service, whichever is in possession of the vehicle, shall 161 determine whether any vehicle impounded or immobilized under 162 this section has been leased or rented or if there are any 163 persons of record with a lien upon the vehicle. Either the law 164 enforcement arresting agency or the towing service, whichever is 165 in possession of the vehicle, shall notify by express courier 166 service with receipt or certified mail within 7 business days 167 after the date of the immobilization or impoundment of the 168 vehicle, the registered owner and all persons having a recorded lien against the vehicle that the vehicle has been impounded or 169 170 immobilized. A lessor, rental car company, or lienholder may 171 then obtain the vehicle, upon payment of any lawful towing or storage charges. If the vehicle is a rental vehicle subject to a 172 173 written contract, the charges may be separately charged to the 174 renter, in addition to the rental rate, along with other

Page 6 of 11

	12-00526-12 2012474
175	
176	agreement. If the storage facility fails to provide timely
177	notice to a lessor, rental car company, or lienholder as
178	required by this paragraph, the storage facility shall be
179	responsible for payment of any towing or storage charges
180	necessary to release the vehicle to a lessor, rental car
181	company, or lienholder that accrue after the notice period,
182	which charges may then be assessed against the driver of the
183	vehicle if the vehicle was lawfully impounded or immobilized.
184	<u>(d)(e)</u> Except as provided in paragraph <u>(c)</u> (d) , the vehicle
185	shall remain impounded or immobilized for any period imposed by
186	the court until payment of the applicable amount required under
187	<u>s. 318.18 and</u> :
188	1. The person retrieving the vehicle owner presents <u>to the</u>
189	law enforcement agency proof of a valid driver license, proof of
190	ownership of the vehicle or written consent by the owner
191	authorizing release to the person, and proof of insurance to the
192	arresting agency; or
193	2. The owner presents to the law enforcement agency proof
194	of sale of the vehicle to the arresting agency and the buyer
195	presents proof of insurance to the arresting agency.
196	
197	If proof is not presented within 35 days after the impoundment
198	or immobilization, a lien shall be placed upon such vehicle
199	pursuant to s. 713.78.
200	<u>(e)</u> The owner of a vehicle that is impounded or
201	immobilized under this subsection may, within 10 days after the
202	date the owner has knowledge of the location of the vehicle,
203	file a complaint in the county in which the owner resides to

Page 7 of 11

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SB 474

12-00526-12 2012474 204 determine whether the vehicle was wrongfully taken or withheld. 205 Upon the filing of a complaint, the owner or lienholder may have 206 the vehicle released by posting with the court a bond or other 207 adequate security equal to the amount of the costs and fees for 208 impoundment or immobilization, including towing or storage, to 209 ensure the payment of such costs and fees if the owner or 210 lienholder does not prevail. When the vehicle owner or 211 lienholder does not prevail on a complaint that the vehicle was wrongfully taken or withheld, he or she must pay the accrued 212 213 charges for the immobilization or impoundment, including any 214 towing and storage charges assessed against the vehicle. When 215 the bond is posted and the fee is paid as set forth in s. 28.24, 216 the clerk of the court shall issue a certificate releasing the 217 vehicle. At the time of release, after reasonable inspection, 218 the owner must give a receipt to the towing or storage company 219 indicating any loss or damage to the vehicle or to the contents 220 of the vehicle.

(9) (a) A motor vehicle that is driven by a person under the influence of alcohol or drugs in violation of s. 316.193 is subject to seizure and forfeiture under ss. 932.701-932.706 and is subject to liens for recovering, towing, or storing vehicles under s. 713.78 if, at the time of the offense, the person's driver's license is suspended, revoked, or canceled as a result of a prior conviction for driving under the influence.

(b) The law enforcement officer shall notify the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles of any impoundment or seizure for violation of paragraph (a) in accordance with procedures established by the department.

```
232
```

(c) Notwithstanding s. 932.703(1)(c) or s. 932.7055, when

Page 8 of 11

12-00526-12 2012474 233 the seizing agency obtains a final judgment granting forfeiture 234 of the motor vehicle under this section, 30 percent of the net 235 proceeds from the sale of the motor vehicle shall be retained by 236 the seizing law enforcement agency and 70 percent shall be 237 deposited in the General Revenue Fund for use by regional 238 workforce boards in providing transportation services for 239 participants of the welfare transition program. In a forfeiture 240 proceeding under this section, the court may consider the extent 241 that the family of the owner has other public or private means 242 of transportation. (10) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 243 244 section, if a person does not have a prior forcible felony 245 conviction as defined in s. 776.08, the procedures penalties 246 provided in paragraph (b) apply if a person's driver's license 247 or driving privilege is canceled, suspended, or revoked for: 248 1. Failing to pay child support as provided in s. 322.245 249 or s. 61.13016; 250 2. Failing to pay any other financial obligation as provided in s. 322.245 other than those specified in s. 251 252 322.245(1); 253 3. Failing to comply with a civil penalty required in s. 254 318.15; 255 4. Failing to maintain vehicular financial responsibility 256 as required by chapter 324; 257 5. Failing to comply with attendance or other requirements 258 for minors as set forth in s. 322.091; or 259 6. Having been designated a habitual traffic offender under 260 s. 322.264(1)(d) as a result of suspensions of his or her 261 driver's license or driver privilege for any underlying

Page 9 of 11

	12-00526-12 2012474
262	violation listed in subparagraphs 15.
263	(b)1. Upon a first conviction for knowingly driving while
264	his or her license is suspended, revoked, or canceled for any of
265	the underlying violations listed in subparagraphs (a)16., a
266	person commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as
267	provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
268	2. Upon a second or subsequent conviction for the same
269	offense of knowingly driving while his or her license is
270	suspended, revoked, or canceled for any of the underlying
271	violations listed in subparagraphs (a)16., a person commits a
272	misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.
273	775.082 or s. 775.083.
274	<u>(b)</u> (11) (a) A person who does not hold a commercial driver's
275	license and who is cited for an offense of knowingly driving
276	while his or her license is suspended, revoked, or canceled for
277	any of the underlying violations listed in paragraph (10) (a)
278	may, in lieu of payment of fine or court appearance, elect to
279	enter a plea of nolo contendere and provide proof of compliance
280	to the clerk of the court, designated official, or authorized
281	operator of a traffic violations bureau. In such case,
282	adjudication shall be withheld and the clerk of the court,
283	designated official, or authorized operator of a traffic
284	violations bureau shall issue a certificate releasing the
285	vehicle upon payment of the cost of towing and storing the
286	vehicle. However, no election shall be made under this
287	subsection if such person has made an election under this
288	subsection during the preceding 12 months. A person may not make
289	more than three elections under this subsection.
290	<u>(c)(b)</u> If adjudication is withheld under paragraph <u>(b)</u> (a) ,

Page 10 of 11

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SB 474

292	Section	4.	This	act	shall	take	effect	January	1,	2013.	

12-00526-12

2012474___

291 such action is not a conviction.

292