A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to student discipline in public 3 schools; amending s. 1002.20, F.S.; revising 4 provisions relating to the rights of parents and 5 public school students; prohibiting the use of 6 corporal punishment as a form of discipline; amending 7 s. 1003.01, F.S.; deleting the definition of the term 8 "corporal punishment" to conform to changes made by 9 the act; amending s. 1003.32, F.S.; deleting 10 provisions relating to the authority of teachers to 11 administer corporal punishment; amending s. 1006.07, F.S.; revising the duties of district school boards 12 and the code of student conduct relating to the 13 14 control and discipline of students; amending s. 15 1012.28, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to the 16 authority of principals to administer corporal punishment; amending ss. 414.1251, 1001.11, 1002.01, 17 1002.20, 1002.42, 1002.43, 1003.03, 1003.26, and 18 19 1003.52, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing an effective date. 20 21 22 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 23 24 Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and paragraph Section 1. (c) of subsection (4) of section 1002.20, Florida Statutes, are 25 26 amended to read: 27 1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.-Parents of public 28 school students must receive accurate and timely information Page 1 of 15

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29 regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed 30 of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12 31 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory 32 rights including, but not limited to, the following:

33

(2) ATTENDANCE.-

Regular school attendance.-Parents of students who 34 (b) 35 have attained the age of 6 years by February 1 of any school 36 year but who have not attained the age of 16 years must comply 37 with the compulsory school attendance laws. Parents have the 38 option to comply with the school attendance laws by attendance 39 of the student in a public school; a parochial, religious, or denominational school; a private school; a home education 40 41 program; or a private tutoring program, in accordance with the 42 provisions of s. 1003.01(12) 1003.01(13).

43

(4) DISCIPLINE.-

44

(c) Corporal punishment.-

45 In accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.32, 1. corporal punishment of A public school student may not be 46 47 disciplined by the use of corporal punishment only be 48 administered by a teacher or school principal within guidelines 49 of the school principal and according to district school board 50 policy. Another adult must be present and must be informed in 51 the student's presence of the reason for the punishment. Upon 52 request, the teacher or school principal must provide the parent 53 with a written explanation of the reason for the punishment and 54 the name of the other adult who was present.

55 2. A district school board having a policy authorizing the 56 use of corporal punishment as a form of discipline shall review Page 2 of 15

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57 its policy on corporal punishment once every 3 years during a 58 district school board meeting held pursuant to s. 1001.372. The 59 district school board shall take public testimony at the board 60 meeting. If such board meeting is not held in accordance with 61 this subparagraph, the portion of the district school board's 62 policy authorizing corporal punishment expires.

63 Section 2. Present subsections (8) through (16) of section 64 1003.01, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (7) 65 through (15), respectively, and subsection (7) of that section 66 is amended to read:

67

1003.01 Definitions.-As used in this chapter, the term:

68 (7) "Corporal punishment" means the moderate use of 69 physical force or physical contact by a teacher or principal as 70 may be necessary to maintain discipline or to enforce school 71 rule. However, the term "corporal punishment" does not include 72 the use of such reasonable force by a teacher or principal as 73 may be necessary for self-protection or to protect other 74 students from disruptive students.

75 Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 1003.32, Florida76 Statutes, is amended to read:

77 1003.32 Authority of teacher; responsibility for control of students; district school board and principal duties.-Subject 78 79 to law and to the rules of the district school board, each 80 teacher or other member of the staff of any school shall have such authority for the control and discipline of students as may 81 be assigned to him or her by the principal or the principal's 82 designated representative and shall keep good order in the 83 84 classroom and in other places in which he or she is assigned to

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85 be in charge of students.

(1) In accordance with this section and within the
framework of the district school board's code of student
conduct, teachers and other instructional personnel shall have
the authority to undertake any of the following actions in
managing student behavior and ensuring the safety of all
students in their classes and school and their opportunity to
learn in an orderly and disciplined classroom:



(a) Establish classroom rules of conduct.

94 (b) Establish and implement consequences, designed to95 change behavior, for infractions of classroom rules.

96 (c) Have disobedient, disrespectful, violent, abusive,
97 uncontrollable, or disruptive students removed from the
98 classroom for behavior management intervention.

99 (d) Have violent, abusive, uncontrollable, or disruptive
100 students directed for information or assistance from appropriate
101 school or district school board personnel.

(e) Assist in enforcing school rules on school property,
during school-sponsored transportation, and during schoolsponsored activities.

(f) Request and receive information as to the disposition of any referrals to the administration for violation of classroom or school rules.

(g) Request and receive immediate assistance in classroom management if a student becomes uncontrollable or in case of emergency.

(h) Request and receive training and other assistance to improve skills in classroom management, violence prevention,

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113 conflict resolution, and related areas.

(i) Press charges if there is a reason to believe that a
crime has been committed on school property, during schoolsponsored transportation, or during school-sponsored activities.

(j) Use reasonable force, according to standards adopted by the State Board of Education, to protect himself or herself or others from injury.

120 (k) Use corporal punishment according to school board 121 policy and at least the following procedures, if a teacher feels 122 that corporal punishment is necessary:

1. The use of corporal punishment shall be approved in 123 124 principle by the principal before it is used, but approval is 125 not necessary for each specific instance in which it is used. 126 The principal shall prepare guidelines for administering such 127 punishment which identify the types of punishable offenses, the 128 conditions under which the punishment shall be administered, and 129 the specific personnel on the school staff authorized to 130 administer the punishment.

131 2. A teacher or principal may administer corporal
132 punishment only in the presence of another adult who is informed
133 beforehand, and in the student's presence, of the reason for the
134 punishment.

135 3. A teacher or principal who has administered punishment 136 shall, upon request, provide the student's parent with a written 137 explanation of the reason for the punishment and the name of the 138 other adult who was present.

Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1006.07, Florida Statutes, are Page 5 of 15

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141 amended to read:

142 1006.07 District school board duties relating to student 143 discipline and school safety.—The district school board shall 144 provide for the proper accounting for all students, for the 145 attendance and control of students at school, and for proper 146 attention to health, safety, and other matters relating to the 147 welfare of students, including:

148

(1) CONTROL OF STUDENTS.-

Adopt rules for the control, discipline, in-school 149 (a) suspension, suspension, and expulsion of students and decide all 150 151 cases recommended for expulsion. Suspension hearings are 152 exempted from the provisions of chapter 120. Expulsion hearings 153 shall be governed by ss. 120.569 and 120.57(2) and are exempt 154 from s. 286.011. However, the student's parent must be given notice of the provisions of s. 286.011 and may elect to have the 155 156 hearing held in compliance with that section. The district 157 school board shall adopt may prohibit the use of corporal 158 punishment, if the district school board adopts or has adopted a 159 written program of alternative control or discipline which may 160 include parent conferences, the revocation of student 161 privileges, work detail, community service, Saturday school, and 162 in-school restriction.

(2) CODE OF STUDENT CONDUCT.-Adopt a code of student conduct for elementary schools and a code of student conduct for middle and high schools and distribute the appropriate code to all teachers, school personnel, students, and parents, at the beginning of every school year. Each code shall be organized and written in language that is understandable to students and

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169 parents and shall be discussed at the beginning of every school 170 year in student classes, school advisory council meetings, and 171 parent and teacher association or organization meetings. Each 172 code shall be based on the rules governing student conduct and 173 discipline adopted by the district school board and shall be 174 made available in the student handbook or similar publication. 175 Each code shall include, but is not limited to: 176 Procedures to be followed for acts requiring (b) 177 discipline, excluding the use of including corporal punishment. Section 5. Subsection (5) of section 1012.28, Florida 178 Statutes, is amended to read: 179 180 1012.28 Public school personnel; duties of school 181 principals.-182 (5) Each school principal shall perform such duties as may 183 be assigned by the district school superintendent, pursuant to 184 the rules of the district school board. Such rules shall 185 include, but are not limited to, rules relating to 186 administrative responsibility, instructional leadership in 187 implementing the Sunshine State Standards and the overall 188 educational program of the school to which the school principal 189 is assigned, submission of personnel recommendations to the 190 district school superintendent, administrative responsibility 191 for records and reports, administration of corporal punishment, 192 and student suspension. Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 414.1251, Florida 193 194 Statutes, is amended to read: 195 414.1251 Learnfare program.-196 The department shall reduce the temporary cash (1)Page 7 of 15

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197 assistance for a participant's eligible dependent child or for 198 an eligible teenage participant who has not been exempted from 199 education participation requirements, if the eligible dependent 200 child or eligible teenage participant has been identified either 201 as a habitual truant, pursuant to s. 1003.01(7) 1003.01(8), or as a dropout, pursuant to s. 1003.01(8) 1003.01(9). For a 202 203 student who has been identified as a habitual truant, the 204 temporary cash assistance must be reinstated after a subsequent 205 grading period in which the child's attendance has substantially 206 improved. For a student who has been identified as a dropout, 207 the temporary cash assistance must be reinstated after the 208 student enrolls in a public school, receives a high school 209 diploma or its equivalency, enrolls in preparation for the 210 General Educational Development Tests, or enrolls in other 211 educational activities approved by the district school board. 212 Good cause exemptions from the rule of unexcused absences 213 include the following:

(a) The student is expelled from school and alternativeschooling is not available.

(b) No licensed day care is available for a child of teenparents subject to Learnfare.

(c) Prohibitive transportation problems exist (e.g., to and from day care).

220

Within 10 days after sanction notification, the participant parent of a dependent child or the teenage participant may file an internal fair hearings process review procedure appeal, and no sanction shall be imposed until the appeal is resolved.

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225 Section 7. Subsection (7) of section 1001.11, Florida 226 Statutes, is amended to read:

227

1001.11 Commissioner of Education; other duties.-

228 The commissioner shall make prominently available on (7)229 the department's website the following: links to the Internetbased clearinghouse for professional development regarding 230 231 physical education; the school wellness and physical education 232 policies and other resources required under s. 1003.453(1) and 233 (2); and other Internet sites that provide professional 234 development for elementary teachers of physical education as 235 defined in s. 1003.01(15) 1003.01(16). These links must provide 236 elementary teachers with information concerning current physical 237 education and nutrition philosophy and best practices that 238 result in student participation in physical activities that 239 promote lifelong physical and mental well-being.

240 Section 8. Section 1002.01, Florida Statutes, is amended 241 to read:

242

1002.01 Definitions.-

(1) A "home education program" means the sequentially progressive instruction of a student directed by his or her parent in order to satisfy the attendance requirements of ss. 1002.41, 1003.01(12) 1003.01(13), and 1003.21(1).

(2) A "private school" is a nonpublic school defined as an
individual, association, copartnership, or corporation, or
department, division, or section of such organizations, that
designates itself as an educational center that includes
kindergarten or a higher grade or as an elementary, secondary,
business, technical, or trade school below college level or any

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253 organization that provides instructional services that meet the 254 intent of s. 1003.01(12) 1003.01(13) or that gives preemployment 255 or supplementary training in technology or in fields of trade or 256 industry or that offers academic, literary, or career training 257 below college level, or any combination of the above, including 258 an institution that performs the functions of the above schools 259 through correspondence or extension, except those licensed under 260 the provisions of chapter 1005. A private school may be a 261 parochial, religious, denominational, for-profit, or nonprofit school. This definition does not include home education programs 262 conducted in accordance with s. 1002.41. 263

264 Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 265 1002.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

266 1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.-Parents of public 267 school students must receive accurate and timely information 268 regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed 269 of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12 270 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory 271 rights including, but not limited to, the following:

272

(2) ATTENDANCE. -

273 Regular school attendance.-Parents of students who (b) 274 have attained the age of 6 years by February 1 of any school 275 year but who have not attained the age of 16 years must comply 276 with the compulsory school attendance laws. Parents have the option to comply with the school attendance laws by attendance 277 of the student in a public school; a parochial, religious, or 278 denominational school; a private school; a home education 279 280 program; or a private tutoring program, in accordance with the

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281 provisions of s. 1003.01(12) 1003.01(13). 282 Section 10. Subsection (7) of section 1002.42, Florida 283 Statutes, is amended to read: 284 1002.42 Private schools.-285 ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENTS.-Attendance of a student at a (7) 286 private, parochial, religious, or denominational school 287 satisfies the attendance requirements of ss. 1003.01(12) 288 $\frac{1003.01(13)}{1003.21(1)}$ and 1003.21(1). 289 Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 1002.43, Florida 290 Statutes, is amended to read: 291 1002.43 Private tutoring programs.-292 Regular school attendance as defined in s. 1003.01(12) (1)1003.01(13) may be achieved by attendance in a private tutoring 293 294 program if the person tutoring the student meets the following requirements: 295 Holds a valid Florida certificate to teach the 296 (a) 297 subjects or grades in which instruction is given. 298 Keeps all records and makes all reports required by (b) 299 the state and district school board and makes regular reports on the attendance of students in accordance with the provisions of 300 301 s. 1003.23(2). 302 Requires students to be in actual attendance for the (C) 303 minimum length of time prescribed by s. 1011.60(2). 304 Section 12. Subsection (6) of section 1003.03, Florida 305 Statutes, is amended to read: 306 1003.03 Maximum class size.-307 (6) COURSES FOR COMPLIANCE.-Consistent with the provisions 308 in ss. 1003.01(13) 1003.01(14) and 1003.428, the Department of

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309 Education shall identify from the Course Code Directory the 310 core-curricula courses for the purpose of satisfying the maximum 311 class size requirement in this section. The department may adopt 312 rules to implement this subsection, if necessary.

313 Section 13. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section 314 1003.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

315 1003.26 Enforcement of school attendance.-The Legislature finds that poor academic performance is associated with 316 317 nonattendance and that school districts must take an active role 318 in promoting and enforcing attendance as a means of improving 319 student performance. It is the policy of the state that each 320 district school superintendent be responsible for enforcing school attendance of all students subject to the compulsory 321 322 school age in the school district and supporting enforcement of 323 school attendance by local law enforcement agencies. The 324 responsibility includes recommending policies and procedures to 325 the district school board that require public schools to respond 326 in a timely manner to every unexcused absence, and every absence for which the reason is unknown, of students enrolled in the 327 328 schools. District school board policies shall require the parent 329 of a student to justify each absence of the student, and that 330 justification will be evaluated based on adopted district school 331 board policies that define excused and unexcused absences. The 332 policies must provide that public schools track excused and unexcused absences and contact the home in the case of an 333 unexcused absence from school, or an absence from school for 334 which the reason is unknown, to prevent the development of 335 336 patterns of nonattendance. The Legislature finds that early

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intervention in school attendance is the most effective way of producing good attendance habits that will lead to improved student learning and achievement. Each public school shall implement the following steps to promote and enforce regular school attendance:

342

(1) CONTACT, REFER, AND ENFORCE.-

343 (f)1. If the parent of a child who has been identified as 344 exhibiting a pattern of nonattendance enrolls the child in a 345 home education program pursuant to chapter 1002, the district 346 school superintendent shall provide the parent a copy of s. 347 1002.41 and the accountability requirements of this paragraph. The district school superintendent shall also refer the parent 348 349 to a home education review committee composed of the district 350 contact for home education programs and at least two home 351 educators selected by the parent from a district list of all 352 home educators who have conducted a home education program for 353 at least 3 years and who have indicated a willingness to serve 354 on the committee. The home education review committee shall 355 review the portfolio of the student, as defined by s. 1002.41, 356 every 30 days during the district's regular school terms until 357 the committee is satisfied that the home education program is in 358 compliance with s. 1002.41(1)(b). The first portfolio review 359 must occur within the first 30 calendar days of the 360 establishment of the program. The provisions of subparagraph 2. 361 do not apply once the committee determines the home education 362 program is in compliance with s. 1002.41(1)(b).

363 2. If the parent fails to provide a portfolio to the364 committee, the committee shall notify the district school

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365 superintendent. The district school superintendent shall then 366 terminate the home education program and require the parent to 367 enroll the child in an attendance option that meets the 368 definition of "regular school attendance" under s. 369 1003.01(12)(a) 1003.01(13)(a), (b), (c), or (e), within 3 days. 370 Upon termination of a home education program pursuant to this 371 subparagraph, the parent shall not be eligible to reenroll the 372 child in a home education program for 180 calendar days. Failure 373 of a parent to enroll the child in an attendance option as 374 required by this subparagraph after termination of the home 375 education program pursuant to this subparagraph shall constitute 376 noncompliance with the compulsory attendance requirements of s. 1003.21 and may result in criminal prosecution under s. 377 378 1003.27(2). Nothing contained herein shall restrict the ability of the district school superintendent, or the ability of his or 379 380 her designee, to review the portfolio pursuant to s. 381 1002.41(1)(b).

382 Section 14. Subsection (4) of section 1003.52, Florida 383 Statutes, is amended to read:

384 1003.52 Educational services in Department of Juvenile 385 Justice programs.-

(4) Educational services shall be provided at times of the day most appropriate for the juvenile justice program. School programming in juvenile justice detention, commitment, and rehabilitation programs shall be made available by the local school district during the juvenile justice school year, as defined in s. <u>1003.01(10)</u> 1003.01(11). In addition, students in juvenile justice education programs shall have access to Florida

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393 Virtual School courses. The Department of Education and the 394 school districts shall adopt policies necessary to ensure such 395 access.

396

Section 15. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.

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