Florida Senate - 2012 Bill No. CS/HB 7097, 2nd Eng.

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate	•	House
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Floor: 1/AD/2R	•	Floor: SENA1/C
03/09/2012 07:08 PM	•	03/09/2012 08:54 PM

Senator Norman moved the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsections (2) and (18) of section 192.001, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

7 192.001 Definitions.—All definitions set out in chapters 1 8 and 200 that are applicable to this chapter are included herein. 9 In addition, the following definitions shall apply in the 10 imposition of ad valorem taxes:

11 (2) "Assessed value of property" means an annual 12 determination of:

(a) The just or fair market value of an item or property;

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14 or (b) The value of the homestead property as limited by 15 pursuant to s. 4(d), Art. VII of the State Constitution; or, 16 17 (c) The value of property in a classified use or at a 18 fractional value if the a property is assessed solely on the 19 basis of character or use or at a specified percentage of its 20 value under, pursuant to s. 4(a) or 4(c), Art. VII of the State Constitution, its classified use value or fractional value. 21 22 (18) "Complete submission of the rolls" includes, but is 23 not necessarily limited to, accurate tabular summaries of 24 valuations as prescribed by department rule; an electronic a 25 computer tape copy of the real property assessment roll including for each parcel total value of improvements, land 26 27 value, the two most recently recorded selling prices, other ownership transfer data required for an assessment roll under s. 28 29 193.114, the value of any improvement made to the parcel in the 30 12 months preceding the valuation date, the type and amount of any exemption granted, and such other information as may be 31 32 required by department rule; an accurate tabular summary by property class of any adjustments made to recorded selling 33 34 prices or fair market value in arriving at assessed value, as 35 prescribed by department rule; an electronic a computer tape copy of the tangible personal property assessment roll, 36 37 including for each entry a unique account number and such other 38 information as may be required by department rule; and an accurate tabular summary of per-acre land valuations used for 39 40 each class of agricultural property in preparing the assessment roll, as prescribed by department rule. 41 42 Section 2. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section

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43 192.0105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

44 192.0105 Taxpayer rights.-There is created a Florida 45 Taxpayer's Bill of Rights for property taxes and assessments to 46 quarantee that the rights, privacy, and property of the 47 taxpayers of this state are adequately safeguarded and protected 48 during tax levy, assessment, collection, and enforcement 49 processes administered under the revenue laws of this state. The 50 Taxpayer's Bill of Rights compiles, in one document, brief but 51 comprehensive statements that summarize the rights and 52 obligations of the property appraisers, tax collectors, clerks 53 of the court, local governing boards, the Department of Revenue, 54 and taxpayers. Additional rights afforded to payors of taxes and assessments imposed under the revenue laws of this state are 55 56 provided in s. 213.015. The rights afforded taxpayers to assure 57 that their privacy and property are safeguarded and protected 58 during tax levy, assessment, and collection are available only 59 insofar as they are implemented in other parts of the Florida Statutes or rules of the Department of Revenue. The rights so 60 quaranteed to state taxpayers in the Florida Statutes and the 61 62 departmental rules include:

63

(2) THE RIGHT TO DUE PROCESS.-

(d) The right to prior notice of the value adjustment
board's hearing date, and the right to the hearing <u>at the within</u>
4 hours of scheduled time, and the right to have the hearing
<u>rescheduled if the hearing is not commenced within a reasonable</u>
<u>time, not to exceed 2 hours, after the scheduled time</u> (see s.
194.032(2)).

194.032(2)).

70 71 Section 3. <u>Section 192.117, Florida Statutes, is repealed.</u> Section 4. Paragraphs (n) and (p) of subsection (2) and

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72 subsection (4) of section 193.114, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 73 74 193.114 Preparation of assessment rolls.-75 (2) The real property assessment roll shall include: 76 (n) The recorded selling For each sale of the property in 77 the previous year, the sale price, ownership transfer sale date, 78 and official record book and page number or clerk instrument 79 number for each deed or other instrument transferring ownership of real property and recorded or otherwise discovered during the 80 81 period beginning 1 year before the assessment date and up to the 82 date the assessment roll is submitted to the department. The 83 assessment roll shall also include, and the basis for qualification or disqualification of a transfer as an arms-84 85 length transaction. A decision qualifying or disqualifying a 86 transfer of property as an arms-length transaction Sale data 87 must be current on all tax rolls submitted to the department, 88 and sale qualification decisions must be recorded on the 89 assessment tax roll within 3 months after the sale date that the 90 deed or other transfer instrument is recorded or otherwise discovered. If, subsequent to the initial decision qualifying or 91 92 disqualifying a transfer of property, the property appraiser 93 obtains information indicating that the initial decision should 94 be changed, the property appraiser may change the qualification decision and, if so, must document the reason for the change in 95 96 a manner acceptable to the executive director or the executive director's designee. Sale or transfer data must be current on 97 98 all tax rolls submitted to the department. As used in this 99 paragraph, the term "ownership transfer date" means the date 100 that the deed or other transfer instrument is signed and

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101 notarized or otherwise executed.

(p) The name and address of the owner or fiduciary
 responsible for the payment of taxes on the property and an
 indicator of fiduciary capacity, as appropriate.

(4) (a) For every change made to the assessed or taxable value of a parcel on an assessment roll subsequent to the mailing of the notice provided for in s. 200.069, the property appraiser shall document the reason for such change in the public records of the office of the property appraiser in a manner acceptable to the executive director or the executive director's designee.

112 (b) For every change that decreases the assessed or taxable 113 value of a parcel on an assessment roll between the time of 114 complete submission of the tax roll pursuant to s. 193.1142(3) and mailing of the notice provided for in s. 200.069, the 115 property appraiser shall document the reason for such change in 116 117 the public records of the office of the property appraiser in a manner acceptable to the executive director or the executive 118 119 director's designee.

(c) Changes made by the value adjustment board are not
 subject to the requirements of this subsection.

Section 5. Paragraphs (f) through (k) of subsection (8) of section 193.155, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (g) through (l), respectively, present paragraphs (d) and (g) of that subsection are amended, and a new paragraph (f) is added to that subsection, to read:

127 193.155 Homestead assessments.—Homestead property shall be 128 assessed at just value as of January 1, 1994. Property receiving 129 the homestead exemption after January 1, 1994, shall be assessed Florida Senate - 2012 Bill No. CS/HB 7097, 2nd Eng.



130 at just value as of January 1 of the year in which the property 131 receives the exemption unless the provisions of subsection (8) 132 apply.

133 (8) Property assessed under this section shall be assessed 134 at less than just value when the person who establishes a new 135 homestead has received a homestead exemption as of January 1 of 136 either of the 2 immediately preceding years. A person who 137 establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2008, is entitled 138 to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value only 139 if that person received a homestead exemption on January 1, 140 2007, and only if this subsection applies retroactive to January 141 1, 2008. For purposes of this subsection, a husband and wife who owned and both permanently resided on a previous homestead shall 142 143 each be considered to have received the homestead exemption even though only the husband or the wife applied for the homestead 144 145 exemption on the previous homestead. The assessed value of the 146 newly established homestead shall be determined as provided in this subsection. 147

(d) If two or more persons abandon jointly owned and 148 149 jointly titled property that received a homestead exemption as 150 of January 1 of either of the 2 immediately preceding years, and 151 one or more such persons who were entitled to and received a 152 homestead exemption on the abandoned property establish a new 153 homestead that would otherwise be eligible for assessment under 154 this subsection, each such person establishing a new homestead 155 is entitled to a reduction from just value for the new homestead 156 equal to the just value of the prior homestead minus the 157 assessed value of the prior homestead divided by the number of 158 owners of the prior homestead who received a homestead

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159 exemption, unless the title of the property contains specific 160 ownership shares, in which case the share of reduction from just 161 value shall be proportionate to the ownership share. In the case 162 of a husband and wife abandoning jointly titled property, the 163 husband and wife may designate the ownership share to be 164 attributed to each spouse by following the procedure in 165 paragraph (f). To qualify to make such a designation, the husband and wife must be married on the date that the jointly 166 167 owned property is abandoned. In calculating the assessment 168 reduction to be transferred from a prior homestead that has an 169 assessment reduction for living quarters of parents or 170 grandparents pursuant to s. 193.703, the value calculated pursuant to s. 193.703(6) must first be added back to the 171 172 assessed value of the prior homestead. The total reduction from just value for all new homesteads established under this 173 174 paragraph may not exceed \$500,000. There shall be no reduction 175 from just value of any new homestead unless the prior homestead 176 is reassessed at just value or is reassessed under this 177 subsection as of January 1 after the abandonment occurs.

178 (f) A husband and wife abandoning jointly titled property 179 who wish to designate the ownership share to be attributed to 180 each person for purposes of paragraph (d) must file a form 181 provided by the department with the property appraiser in the 182 county where such property is located. The form must include a 183 sworn statement by each person designating the ownership share 184 to be attributed to each person for purposes of paragraph (d) 185 and must be filed prior to either person filing the form 186 required under paragraph (h) to have a parcel of property assessed under this subsection. Such a designation, once filed 187

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188 with the property appraiser, is irrevocable.

189 (h) (q) In order to have his or her homestead property 190 assessed under this subsection, a person must file a form 191 provided by the department as an attachment to the application 192 for homestead exemption, including a copy of the form required 193 to be filed under paragraph (f), if applicable. The form, which must include a sworn statement attesting to the applicant's 194 195 entitlement to assessment under this subsection, shall be 196 considered sufficient documentation for applying for assessment 197 under this subsection. The department shall require by rule that 198 the required form be submitted with the application for 199 homestead exemption under the timeframes and processes set forth in chapter 196 to the extent practicable. 200

201 Section 6. Subsections (2), (3), and (7) of section 202 193.1554, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

203

193.1554 Assessment of nonhomestead residential property.-

(2) For all levies other than school district levies,
nonhomestead residential property shall be assessed at just
value as of January 1 of the year that the property becomes
eligible for assessment pursuant to this section, 2008. Property
placed on the tax roll after January 1, 2008, shall be assessed
at just value as of January 1 of the year in which the property
is placed on the tax roll.

(3) Beginning in 2009, or the year following the year the
<u>nonhomestead residential</u> property <u>becomes eligible for</u>
<u>assessment pursuant to this section</u> is placed on the tax roll,
whichever is later, the property shall be reassessed annually on
January 1. Any change resulting from such reassessment may not
exceed 10 percent of the assessed value of the property for the

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217	prior year.
218	(7) Any increase in the value of property assessed under
219	this section which is attributable to combining or dividing
220	parcels shall be assessed at just value, and the just value
221	shall be apportioned among the parcels created.
222	(a) For divided parcels, the amount by which the sum of the
223	just values of the divided parcels exceeds what the just value
224	of the parcel would be if undivided shall be attributable to the
225	division. This amount shall be apportioned to the parcels pro
226	rata based on their relative just values.
227	(b) For combined parcels, the amount by which the just
228	value of the combined parcel exceeds what the sum of the just
229	values of the component parcels would be if they had not been
230	combined shall be attributable to the combination.
231	(c) A parcel that is combined or divided after January 1
232	and included as a combined or divided parcel on the tax notice
233	is not considered to be a combined or divided parcel until the
234	January 1 on which it is first assessed as a combined or divided
235	parcel.
236	Section 7. Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (7) of section
237	193.1555, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
238	193.1555 Assessment of certain residential and
239	nonresidential real property
240	(1) As used in this section, the term:
241	(a) "Nonresidential real property" means real property that
242	is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in
243	subsection 4(a), (b), (c), (d), or (g), Art. VII of the State
244	Constitution s. 4(a), (c), (d), or (g), Art. VII of the State
245	Constitution.

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(b) "Improvement" means an addition or change to land or buildings which increases their value and is more than a repair or a replacement.

249 (2) For all levies other than school district levies, 250 nonresidential real property and residential real property that 251 is not assessed under s. 193.155 or s. 193.1554 shall be 252 assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year that the 253 property becomes eligible for assessment pursuant to this section, 2008. Property placed on the tax roll after January 1, 254 255 2008, shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the 256 year in which the property is placed on the tax roll.

(3) Beginning in 2009, or the year following the year the
property becomes eligible for assessment pursuant to this
section is placed on the tax roll, whichever is later, the
property shall be reassessed annually on January 1. Any change
resulting from such reassessment may not exceed 10 percent of
the assessed value of the property for the prior year.

(7) Any increase in the value of property assessed under this section which is attributable to combining or dividing parcels shall be assessed at just value, and the just value shall be apportioned among the parcels created.

267 (a) For divided parcels, the amount by which the sum of the
 268 just values of the divided parcels exceeds what the just value
 269 of the parcel would be if undivided shall be attributable to the
 270 division. This amount shall be apportioned to the parcels pro
 271 rata based on their relative just values.

(b) For combined parcels, the amount by which the just
 value of the combined parcel exceeds what the sum of the just
 values of the component parcels would be if they had not been

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275	combined shall be attributable to the combination.
276	(c) A parcel that is combined or divided after January 1
277	and included as a combined or divided parcel on the tax notice
278	is not considered to be a combined or divided parcel until the
279	January 1 on which it is first assessed as a combined or divided
280	parcel.
281	Section 8. Subsection (7) of section 193.501, Florida
282	Statutes, is amended to read:
283	193.501 Assessment of lands subject to a conservation
284	easement, environmentally endangered lands, or lands used for
285	outdoor recreational or park purposes when land development
286	rights have been conveyed or conservation restrictions have been
287	covenanted
288	(7) (a) The property appraiser shall report to the
289	department showing the just value and the classified use value
290	of property that is subject to a conservation easement under s.
291	704.06, property assessed as environmentally endangered land
292	pursuant to this section, and property assessed as outdoor
293	recreational or park land.
294	(b) The tax collector shall annually report to the
295	department the amount of deferred tax liability collected
296	pursuant to this section.
297	Section 9. Paragraph (d) of subsection (9) of section
298	193.503, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
299	193.503 Classification and assessment of historic property
300	used for commercial or certain nonprofit purposes
301	(9)
302	(d) The tax collector shall annually report to the
303	department the amount of deferred tax liability collected

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304	pursuant to this section.
305	Section 10. Paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of section
306	193.505, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
307	193.505 Assessment of historically significant property
308	when development rights have been conveyed or historic
309	preservation restrictions have been covenanted
310	(9)
311	(c) The tax collector shall annually report to the
312	department the amount of deferred tax liability collected
313	pursuant to this section.
314	Section 11. Subsection (2) of section 194.032, Florida
315	Statutes, is amended to read:
316	194.032 Hearing purposes; timetable
317	(2) <u>(a)</u> The clerk of the governing body of the county shall
318	prepare a schedule of appearances before the board based on
319	petitions timely filed with him or her. The clerk shall notify
320	each petitioner of the scheduled time of his or her appearance
321	<u>at least</u> no less than 25 calendar days <u>before</u> prior to the day
322	of <u>the</u> such scheduled appearance. <u>The notice shall indicate</u>
323	whether the petition has been scheduled to be heard at a
324	particular time or during a block of time. If the petition has
325	been scheduled to be heard within a block of time, the beginning
326	and ending of that block of time shall be indicated on the
327	notice; however, as provided in paragraph (b), a petitioner may
328	not be required to wait for more than a reasonable time, not to
329	exceed 2 hours, after the beginning of the block of time. If the
330	petitioner checked the appropriate box on the petition form to
331	request a copy of the property record card containing relevant
332	information used in computing the current assessment, the clerk
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333 <u>shall provide the copy of the card along with the notice.</u> Upon 334 receipt of <u>the notice</u> this notification, the petitioner <u>may</u> 335 shall have the right to reschedule the hearing a single time by 336 submitting to the clerk of the governing body of the county a 337 written request to reschedule, <u>at least</u> no less than 5 calendar 338 days before the day of the originally scheduled hearing.

339 (b) A copy of the property record card containing relevant 340 information used in computing the taxpayer's current assessment shall be included with such notice, if said card was requested 341 342 by the taxpayer. Such request shall be made by checking an 343 appropriate box on the petition form. No petitioner may not 344 shall be required to wait for more than a reasonable time, not 345 to exceed 2 4 hours, after from the scheduled time for the 346 hearing to commence.; and, If the hearing is not commenced 347 within his or her petition is not heard in that time, the 348 petitioner may inform, at his or her option, report to the 349 chairperson of the meeting that he or she intends to leave. + 350 and, If the petitioner leaves he or she is not heard 351 immediately, the clerk shall reschedule the hearing, and the rescheduling is not considered to be a request to reschedule as 352 353 provided in paragraph (a) petitioner's administrative remedies 354 will be deemed to be exhausted, and he or she may seek further 355 relief as he or she deems appropriate.

356 (c) Failure on three occasions with respect to any single
357 tax year to convene at the scheduled time of meetings of the
358 board is shall constitute grounds for removal from office by the
359 Governor for neglect of duties.

360 Section 12. Subsection (2) of section 194.034, Florida 361 Statutes, is amended to read:

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362



194.034 Hearing procedures; rules.-

(2) In each case, except if the when a complaint is 363 364 withdrawn by the petitioner or if the complaint \overline{r} is acknowledged 365 as correct by the property appraiser, or is denied pursuant to s. 194.014(1)(c), the value adjustment board shall render a 366 367 written decision. All such decisions shall be issued within 20 368 calendar days after of the last day the board is in session 369 under s. 194.032. The decision of the board must shall contain 370 findings of fact and conclusions of law and must shall include 371 reasons for upholding or overturning the determination of the 372 property appraiser. If When a special magistrate has been 373 appointed, the recommendations of the special magistrate shall 374 be considered by the board. The clerk, upon issuance of a 375 decision the decisions, shall, on a form provided by the 376 Department of Revenue, notify by first-class mail each taxpayer 377 and, the property appraiser, and the department of the decision 378 of the board. If requested by the Department of Revenue, the clerk shall provide to the department a copy of the decision or 379 380 information relating to the tax impact of the findings and 381 results of the board as described in s. 194.037 in the manner 382 and form requested.

383 Section 13. Section 195.072, Florida Statutes, is amended 384 to read:

385 195.072 Cooperation with of other state agencies of state 386 government.-

387 (1) The several departments and agencies of State agencies
 388 government are hereby authorized and directed to render such
 389 necessary aid and assistance to the Department of Revenue as is
 390 required to enable the department to carry out its functions of

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391 <u>ensuring</u> insuring just valuation and equitable administration of 392 property taxes in this state.

393 (2) The Department of Revenue shall render such aid and 394 assistance as may be required in an active investigation of a 395 property appraiser by a state agency by providing procedural and 396 valuation assistance as it relates to the property appraiser's 397 property tax administrative duties.

398 Section 14. Effective July 1, 2012, paragraph (f) of 399 subsection (2) and subsection (3) of section 195.096, Florida 400 Statutes, are amended to read:

401

195.096 Review of assessment rolls.-

402 (2) The department shall conduct, no less frequently than once every 2 years, an in-depth review of the assessment rolls 403 404 of each county. The department need not individually study every 405 use-class of property set forth in s. 195.073, but shall at a 406 minimum study the level of assessment in relation to just value 407 of each classification specified in subsection (3). Such indepth review may include proceedings of the value adjustment 408 409 board and the audit or review of procedures used by the counties 410 to appraise property.

411 (f) Within 120 days after following the receipt of a county 412 assessment roll by the executive director of the department 413 pursuant to s. 193.1142(1), or within 10 days after approval of 414 the assessment roll, whichever is later, the department shall 415 complete the review for that county and publish the department's 416 forward its findings. The findings must include, including a 417 statement of the confidence interval for the median and such other measures as may be appropriate for each classification or 418 419 subclassification studied and for the roll as a whole, employing

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420 a 95-percent level of confidence, and related statistical and 421 analytical details. The measures in the findings must be based 422 on:

423 1. A 95 percent level of confidence; or 424 2. Ratio study standards that are generally accepted by 425 professional appraisal organizations in developing a 426 statistically valid sampling plan if a 95 percent level of 427 confidence is not attainable to the Senate and the House of 428 Representatives committees with oversight responsibilities for 429 taxation, and the appropriate property appraiser. Upon releasing 430 its findings, the department shall notify the chairperson of the 431 appropriate county commission or the corresponding official 432 under a consolidated charter that the department's findings are 433 available upon request. The department shall, within 90 days 434 after receiving a written request from the chairperson of the 435 appropriate county commission or the corresponding official 436 under a consolidated charter, forward a copy of its findings, including the confidence interval for the median and such other 437 438 measures of each classification or subclassification studied and 439 for all the roll as a whole, and related statistical and 440 analytical details, to the requesting party.

441 (3) (a) Upon completion of review pursuant to paragraph 442 (2) (f), the department shall publish the results of reviews conducted under this section. The results must include all 443 444 statistical and analytical measures computed under this section 445 for the real property assessment roll as a whole, the personal 446 property assessment roll as a whole, and independently for the 447 following real property classes if whenever the classes constituted 5 percent or more of the total assessed value of 448

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449 real property in a county on the previous tax roll: 450 1. Residential property that consists of one primary living 451 unit, including, but not limited to, single-family residences, 452 condominiums, cooperatives, and mobile homes. 453 2. Residential property that consists of two or more 454 primary living units. 455 3. Agricultural, high-water recharge, historic property 456 used for commercial or certain nonprofit purposes, and other 457 use-valued property. 458 4. Vacant lots. 459 5. Nonagricultural acreage and other undeveloped parcels. 460 6. Improved commercial and industrial property. 461 7. Taxable institutional or governmental, utility, locally 462 assessed railroad, oil, gas and mineral land, subsurface rights, and other real property. 463 464 465 If When one of the above classes constituted less than 5 percent of the total assessed value of all real property in a county on 466 467 the previous assessment roll, the department may combine it with 468 one or more other classes of real property for purposes of 469 assessment ratio studies or use the weighted average of the 470 other classes for purposes of calculating the level of assessment for all real property in a county. The department 471 472 shall also publish such results for any subclassifications of 473 the classes or assessment rolls it may have chosen to study. 474 (b) If When necessary for compliance with s. 1011.62, and

475 for those counties not being studied in the current year, the 476 department shall project value-weighted mean levels of 477 assessment for each county. The department shall make its

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478	projection based upon the best information available, using
479	utilizing professionally accepted methodology, and shall
480	separately allocate changes in total assessed value to:
481	1. New construction, additions, and deletions.
482	2. Changes in the value of the dollar.
483	3. Changes in the market value of property other than those
484	attributable to changes in the value of the dollar.
485	4. Changes in the level of assessment.
486	
487	In lieu of the statistical and analytical measures published
488	pursuant to paragraph (a), the department shall publish details
489	concerning the computation of estimated assessment levels and
490	the allocation of changes in assessed value for those counties
491	not subject to an in-depth review.
492	(c) Upon publication of data and findings as required by
493	this subsection, the department shall notify the committees of
494	the Senate and of the House of Representatives having oversight
495	responsibility for taxation, the appropriate property appraiser,
496	and the county commission chair or corresponding official under
497	a consolidated charter. Copies of the data and findings shall be
498	provided upon request.
499	Section 15. Section 195.0985, Florida Statutes, is
500	repealed.
501	Section 16. Section 195.099, Florida Statutes, is amended
502	to read:
503	195.099 Periodic review
504	(1)(a) The department <u>may</u> shall periodically review the
505	assessments of new, rebuilt, and expanded business reported
506	according to s. 193.077(3), to ensure parity of level of

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507 assessment with other classifications of property. (b) This subsection shall expire on the date specified in 508 509 s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone 510 Act. 511 (2) The department may shall review the assessments of new 512 and expanded businesses granted an exemption pursuant to s. 196.1995 to ensure parity of level of assessment with other 513 514 classifications of property. Section 17. Subsection (7) of section 196.031, Florida 515 516 Statutes, is amended to read: 517 196.031 Exemption of homesteads.-518 (7) Unless the homestead property is totally exempt from ad valorem taxation, the exemptions provided in paragraphs (1)(a) 519 520 and (b) shall be applied before and other homestead exemptions, 521 which shall then be applied in the order that results in the 522 lowest taxable value. as follows: 523 (a) The exemption in paragraph (1) (a) shall apply to the 524 first \$25,000 of assessed value; 525 (b) The second \$25,000 of assessed value shall be taxable 526 unless other exemptions, as listed in paragraph (d), are 527 applicable in the order listed; 528 (c) The additional homestead exemption in paragraph (1) (b), 529 for levies other than school district levies, shall be applied 530 to the assessed value greater than \$50,000 before any other 531 exemptions are applied to that assessed value; and 532 (d) Other exemptions include and shall be applied in the 533 following order: widows, widowers, blind persons, and disabled 534 persons, as provided in s. 196.202; disabled ex-servicemembers 535 and surviving spouses, as provided in s. 196.24, applicable to

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536 all levies; the local option low-income senior exemption up to 537 \$50,000, applicable to county levies or municipal levies, as 538 provided in s. 196.075; and the veterans percentage discount, as 539 provided in s. 196.082.

540 Section 18. Section 196.061, Florida Statutes, is amended 541 to read:

542 196.061 Rental of homestead to constitute abandonment.-The 543 rental of all or substantially all of a an entire dwelling 544 previously claimed to be a homestead for tax purposes shall 545 constitute the abandonment of such said dwelling as a homestead, 546 and the said abandonment shall continue until such dwelling is 547 physically occupied by the owner thereof. However, such 548 abandonment of such homestead after January 1 of any year does 549 shall not affect the homestead exemption for tax purposes for 550 that particular year if so long as this provision is not used 551 for 2 consecutive years. The provisions of this section do shall 552 not apply to a member of the Armed Forces of the United States 553 whose service in such forces is the result of a mandatory 554 obligation imposed by the federal Selective Service Act or who 555 volunteers for service as a member of the Armed Forces of the 556 United States. Moreover, valid military orders transferring such 557 member are shall be sufficient to maintain permanent residence, 558 for the purpose of s. 196.015, for the member and his or her 559 spouse.

560 Section 19. Subsection (5) is added to section 196.081, 561 Florida Statutes, to read:

562196.081 Exemption for certain permanently and totally563disabled veterans and for surviving spouses of veterans.-

(5) An applicant for the exemption under this section may

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565	apply for the exemption before receiving the necessary
566	documentation from the United States Government or the United
567	States Department of Veterans Affairs or its predecessor. Upon
568	receipt of the documentation, the exemption shall be granted as
569	of the date of the original application, and the excess taxes
570	paid shall be refunded. Any refund of excess taxes paid shall be
571	limited to those paid during the 4-year period of limitation set
572	forth in s. 197.182(1)(e).
573	Section 20. Subsection (6) is added to section 196.082,
574	Florida Statutes, to read:
575	196.082 Discounts for disabled veterans
576	(6) An applicant for the discount under this section may
577	apply for the discount before receiving the necessary
578	documentation from the United States Department of Veterans
579	Affairs or its predecessor. Upon receipt of the documentation,
580	the discount shall be granted as of the date of the original
581	application, and the excess taxes paid shall be refunded. Any
582	refund of excess taxes paid shall be limited to those paid
583	during the 4-year period of limitation set forth in s.
584	<u>197.182(1)(e).</u>
585	Section 21. Subsection (4) is added to section 196.091,
586	Florida Statutes, to read:
587	196.091 Exemption for disabled veterans confined to
588	wheelchairs
589	(4) An applicant for the exemption under this section may
590	apply for the exemption before receiving the necessary
591	documentation from the United States Government or the United
592	States Department of Veterans Affairs or its predecessor. Upon
593	receipt of the documentation, the exemption shall be granted as

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594	of the date of the original application, and the excess taxes
595	paid shall be refunded. Any refund of excess taxes paid shall be
596	limited to those paid during the 4-year period of limitation set
597	forth in s. 197.182(1)(e).
598	Section 22. Subsection (8) is added to section 196.101,
599	Florida Statutes, to read:
600	196.101 Exemption for totally and permanently disabled
601	persons
602	(8) An applicant for the exemption under this section may
603	apply for the exemption before receiving the necessary
604	documentation from the United States Department of Veterans
605	Affairs or its predecessor. Upon receipt of the documentation,
606	the exemption shall be granted as of the date of the original
607	application, and the excess taxes paid shall be refunded. Any
608	refund of excess taxes paid shall be limited to those paid
609	during the 4-year period of limitation set forth in s.
610	<u>197.182(1)(e).</u>
611	Section 23. Subsection (1) of section 196.121, Florida
612	Statutes, is amended to read:
613	196.121 Homestead exemptions; forms
614	(1) The Department of Revenue shall provide, by electronic
615	means or other methods designated by the department, furnish to
616	the property appraiser of each county a sufficient number of
617	printed forms to be filed by taxpayers claiming to be entitled
618	to <u>a homestead</u> said exemption and shall prescribe the content of
619	such forms by rule.
620	Section 24. Subsection (2) of section 196.173, Florida
621	Statutes, is amended to read:
622	196.173 Exemption for deployed servicemembers

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623	(2) The exemption is available to servicemembers who were
624	deployed during the preceding calendar year on active duty
625	outside the continental United States, Alaska, or Hawaii in
626	support of:
627	(a) Operation Noble Eagle, which began on September 15,
628	<u>2001;</u>
629	<u>(b)</u> (a) Operation Enduring Freedom, which began on October
630	7, 2001;
631	<u>(c)</u> (b) Operation Iraqi Freedom, which began on March 19,
632	2003, and ended on August 31, 2010; or
633	(d) (c) Operation New Dawn, which began on September 1,
634	2010, and ended on December 15, 2011; or
635	(e) Operation Odyssey Dawn, which began on March 19, 2011,
636	and ended on October 31, 2011.
637	
638	The Department of Revenue shall notify all property appraisers
639	and tax collectors in this state of the designated military
640	operations.
641	Section 25. Section 196.198, Florida Statutes, is amended
642	to read:
643	196.198 Educational property exemptionEducational
644	institutions within this state and their property used by them
645	or by any other exempt entity or educational institution
646	exclusively for educational purposes shall be exempt from
647	taxation. Sheltered workshops providing rehabilitation and
648	retraining of disabled individuals and exempted by a certificate
649	under s. (d) of the federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as
650	amended, are declared wholly educational in purpose and shall be
651	exempted from certification, accreditation, and membership

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652 requirements set forth in s. 196.012. Those portions of property 653 of college fraternities and sororities certified by the 654 president of the college or university to the appropriate 655 property appraiser as being essential to the educational process 656 shall be exempt from ad valorem taxation. The use of property by 657 public fairs and expositions chartered by chapter 616 is 658 presumed to be an educational use of such property and shall be 659 exempt from ad valorem taxation to the extent of such use. 660 Property used exclusively for educational purposes shall be 661 deemed owned by an educational institution if the entity owning 662 100 percent of the educational institution is owned by the 663 identical persons who own the property. Land, buildings, and 664 other improvements to real property used exclusively for 665 educational purposes shall be deemed owned by an educational 666 institution if the entity owning 100 percent of the land is a 667 nonprofit entity and the land is used, under a ground lease or 668 other contractual arrangement, by an educational institution 669 that owns the buildings and other improvements to the real 670 property, is a nonprofit entity under s. 501(c)(3) of the 671 Internal Revenue Code, and provides education limited to 672 students in prekindergarten through grade 8. If legal title to 673 property is held by a governmental agency that leases the 674 property to a lessee, the property shall be deemed to be owned 675 by the governmental agency and used exclusively for educational 676 purposes if the governmental agency continues to use such 677 property exclusively for educational purposes pursuant to a 678 sublease or other contractual agreement with that lessee. If the 679 title to land is held by the trustee of an irrevocable inter 680 vivos trust and if the trust grantor owns 100 percent of the

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681 entity that owns an educational institution that is using the 682 land exclusively for educational purposes, the land is deemed to 683 be property owned by the educational institution for purposes of 684 this exemption. Property owned by an educational institution shall be deemed to be used for an educational purpose if the 685 686 institution has taken affirmative steps to prepare the property 687 for educational use. Affirmative steps means environmental or 688 land use permitting activities, creation of architectural plans 689 or schematic drawings, land clearing or site preparation, 690 construction or renovation activities, or other similar 691 activities that demonstrate commitment of the property to an 692 educational use.

693 Section 26. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (1) of 694 section 196.199, Florida Statutes, to read:

695

196.199 Government property exemption.-

696 (1) Property owned and used by the following governmental
697 units shall be exempt from taxation under the following
698 conditions:

(d) All property of municipalities is exempt from ad
valorem taxation if used as an essential ancillary function of a
facility constructed with financing obtained in part by pledging
proceeds from the tax authorized under s. 212.0305(4) which is
upon exempt or immune federal, state, or county property.

704 Section 27. Section 196.202, Florida Statutes, is amended 705 to read:

706 196.202 Property of widows, widowers, blind persons, and 707 persons totally and permanently disabled.-

708 (1) Property to the value of \$500 of every widow, widower,
 709 blind person, or totally and permanently disabled person who is

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710 a bona fide resident of this state <u>is shall be</u> exempt from 711 taxation. As used in this section, the term "totally and 712 permanently disabled person" means a person who is currently 713 certified by a physician licensed in this state, by the United 714 States Department of Veterans Affairs or its predecessor, or by 715 the Social Security Administration to be totally and permanently 716 disabled.

717 (2) An applicant for the exemption under this section may 718 apply for the exemption before receiving the necessary documentation from the United States Department of Veterans 719 720 Affairs or its predecessor, or the Social Security 721 Administration. Upon receipt of the documentation, the exemption 722 shall be granted as of the date of the original application, and 723 the excess taxes paid shall be refunded. Any refund of excess 724 taxes paid shall be limited to those paid during the 4-year 725 period of limitation set forth in s. 197.182(1)(e).

726 Section 28. Section 196.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to 727 read:

196.24 Exemption for disabled ex-servicemember or survivingspouse; evidence of disability.-

730 (1) Any ex-servicemember, as defined in s. 196.012, who is 731 a bona fide resident of the state, who was discharged under 732 honorable conditions, and who has been disabled to a degree of 10 percent or more by misfortune or while serving during a 733 734 period of wartime service as defined in s. 1.01(14), or by 735 misfortune, is entitled to the exemption from taxation provided 736 for in s. 3(b), Art. VII of the State Constitution as provided in this section. Property to the value of \$5,000 of such a 737 738 person is exempt from taxation. The production by him or her of

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739 a certificate of disability from the United States Government or 740 the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or its predecessor before the property appraiser of the county wherein 741 742 the ex-servicemember's property lies is prima facie evidence of the fact that he or she is entitled to the exemption. The 743 744 unremarried surviving spouse of such a disabled ex-servicemember 745 who, on the date of the disabled ex-servicemember's death, had 746 been married to the disabled ex-servicemember for at least 5 747 years is also entitled to the exemption.

748 (2) An applicant for the exemption under this section may apply for the exemption before receiving the necessary 749 750 documentation from the United States Government or the United 751 States Department of Veterans Affairs or its predecessor. Upon 752 receipt of the documentation, the exemption shall be granted as 753 of the date of the original application, and the excess taxes 754 paid shall be refunded. Any refund of excess taxes paid shall be 755 limited to those paid during the 4-year period of limitation set 756 forth in s. 197.182(1)(e).

757 Section 29. Effective July 1, 2012, subsection (5) and 758 paragraph (a) of subsection (10) of section 200.065, Florida 759 Statutes, are amended to read:

760

200.065 Method of fixing millage.-

761 (5) Beginning in the 2009-2010 fiscal year and In each 762 fiscal year thereafter:

(a) The maximum millage rate that a county, municipality,
special district dependent to a county or municipality,
municipal service taxing unit, or independent special district
may levy is a rolled-back rate based on the amount of taxes
which would have been levied in the prior year if the maximum

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768 millage rate had been applied, adjusted for change in per capita Florida personal income, unless a higher rate was is adopted, in 769 770 which case the maximum is the adopted rate. The maximum millage 771 rate applicable to a county authorized to levy a county public 772 hospital surtax under s. 212.055 and which did so in fiscal year 773 2007 shall exclude the revenues required to be contributed to 774 the county public general hospital in the current fiscal year 775 for the purposes of making the maximum millage rate calculation, 776 but shall be added back to the maximum millage rate allowed 777 after the roll back has been applied, the total of which shall 778 be considered the maximum millage rate for such a county for 779 purposes of this subsection. The revenue required to be 780 contributed to the county public general hospital for the 781 upcoming fiscal year shall be calculated as 11.873 percent times 782 the millage rate levied for countywide purposes in fiscal year 783 2007 times 95 percent of the preliminary tax roll for the 784 upcoming fiscal year. A higher rate may be adopted only under 785 the following conditions:

1. A rate of not more than 110 percent of the rolled-back rate based on the previous year's maximum millage rate, adjusted for change in per capita Florida personal income, may be adopted if approved by a two-thirds vote of the membership of the governing body of the county, municipality, or independent district; or

792 2. A rate in excess of 110 percent may be adopted if 793 approved by a unanimous vote of the membership of the governing 794 body of the county, municipality, or independent district or by 795 a three-fourths vote of the membership of the governing body if 796 the governing body has nine or more members, or if the rate is

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797 approved by a referendum.

798 (b) The millage rate of a county or municipality, municipal 799 service taxing unit of that county, and any special district 800 dependent to that county or municipality may exceed the maximum 801 millage rate calculated pursuant to this subsection if the total 802 county ad valorem taxes levied or total municipal ad valorem 803 taxes levied do not exceed the maximum total county ad valorem 804 taxes levied or maximum total municipal ad valorem taxes levied 805 respectively. Voted millage and taxes levied by a municipality 806 or independent special district that has levied ad valorem taxes 807 for less than 5 years are not subject to this limitation. The 808 millage rate of a county authorized to levy a county public 809 hospital surtax under s. 212.055 may exceed the maximum millage 810 rate calculated pursuant to this subsection to the extent 811 necessary to account for the revenues required to be contributed 812 to the county public hospital. Total taxes levied may exceed the 813 maximum calculated pursuant to subsection (6) as a result of an increase in taxable value above that certified in subsection (1) 814 815 if such increase is less than the percentage amounts contained 816 in subsection (6) or if the administrative adjustment cannot be 817 made because the value adjustment board is still in session at the time the tax roll is extended; otherwise, millage rates 818 819 subject to this subsection, s. 200.185, or s. 200.186 may be reduced so that total taxes levied do not exceed the maximum. 820 821

Any unit of government operating under a home rule charter adopted pursuant to ss. 10, 11, and 24, Art. VIII of the State Constitution of 1885, as preserved by s. 6(e), Art. VIII of the State Constitution of 1968, which is granted the authority in

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826 the State Constitution to exercise all the powers conferred now or hereafter by general law upon municipalities and which 827 exercises such powers in the unincorporated area shall be 828 829 recognized as a municipality under this subsection. For a 830 downtown development authority established before the effective 831 date of the 1968 State Constitution which has a millage that 832 must be approved by a municipality, the governing body of that 833 municipality shall be considered the governing body of the 8.34 downtown development authority for purposes of this subsection.

835 (10) (a) In addition to the notice required in subsection 836 (3), a district school board shall publish a second notice of 837 intent to levy additional taxes under s. 1011.71(2) or (3). The 838 Such notice shall specify the projects or number of school buses 839 anticipated to be funded by the such additional taxes and shall be published in the size, within the time periods, adjacent to, 840 841 and in substantial conformity with the advertisement required 842 under subsection (3). The projects shall be listed in priority within each category as follows: construction and remodeling; 843 844 maintenance, renovation, and repair; motor vehicle purchases; 845 new and replacement equipment; payments for educational 846 facilities and sites due under a lease-purchase agreement; 847 payments for renting and leasing educational facilities and 848 sites; payments of loans approved pursuant to ss. 1011.14 and 849 1011.15; payment of costs of compliance with environmental 850 statutes and regulations; payment of premiums for property and 851 casualty insurance necessary to insure the educational and 852 ancillary plants of the school district; payment of costs of 853 leasing relocatable educational facilities; and payments to private entities to offset the cost of school buses pursuant to 854

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855 s. 1011.71(2)(i). The additional notice shall be in the 856 following form, except that if the district school board is 857 proposing to levy the same millage under s. 1011.71(2) or (3) 858 which it levied in the prior year, the words "continue to" shall 859 be inserted before the word "impose" in the first sentence, and 860 except that the second sentence of the second paragraph shall be 861 deleted if the district is advertising pursuant to paragraph 862 (3) (e): 863 864 NOTICE OF TAX FOR SCHOOL 865 CAPITAL OUTLAY 866 867 The ... (name of school district) ... will soon consider a 868 measure to impose a ... (number) ... mill property tax for the 869 capital outlay projects listed herein. 870 This tax is in addition to the school board's proposed tax 871 of ... (number) ... mills for operating expenses and is proposed 872 solely at the discretion of the school board. THE PROPOSED 873 COMBINED SCHOOL BOARD TAX INCREASE FOR BOTH OPERATING EXPENSES 874 AND CAPITAL OUTLAY IS SHOWN IN THE ADJACENT NOTICE. 875 The capital outlay tax will generate approximately \$...(amount)..., to be used for the following projects: 876 877 878 ... (list of capital outlay projects) ... 879 880 All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing to 881 be held on ... (date and time) ... at ... (meeting place) 882 A DECISION on the proposed CAPITAL OUTLAY TAXES will be

883 made at this hearing.

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884Section 30. Effective July 1, 2012, subsection (2) of885section 218.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

886 218.12 Appropriations to offset reductions in ad valorem 887 tax revenue in fiscally constrained counties.—

888 (2) On or before November 15 of each year, beginning in 889 2008, each fiscally constrained county shall apply to the 890 Department of Revenue to participate in the distribution of the 891 appropriation and provide documentation supporting the county's 892 estimated reduction in ad valorem tax revenue in the form and 893 manner prescribed by the Department of Revenue. The 894 documentation must include an estimate of the reduction in 895 taxable value directly attributable to revisions of Art. VII of 896 the State Constitution for all county taxing jurisdictions 897 within the county and shall be prepared by the property 898 appraiser in each fiscally constrained county. The documentation 899 must also include the county millage rates applicable in all 900 such jurisdictions for both the current year and the prior year; 901 rolled-back rates, determined as provided in s. 200.065, for 902 each county taxing jurisdiction; and maximum millage rates that 903 could have been levied by majority vote pursuant to s. 904 200.065(5) s. 200.185. For purposes of this section, each 905 fiscally constrained county's reduction in ad valorem tax 906 revenue shall be calculated as 95 percent of the estimated reduction in taxable value times the lesser of the 2007 907 908 applicable millage rate or the applicable millage rate for each 909 county taxing jurisdiction in the current prior year. If a 910 fiscally constrained county fails to apply for the distribution, its share shall revert to the fund from which the appropriation 911 912 was made.

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913 Section 31. Effective July 1, 2012, subsection (2) of 914 section 218.125, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

915 218.125 Offset for tax loss associated with certain 916 constitutional amendments affecting fiscally constrained 917 counties.-

918 (2) On or before November 15 of each year, beginning in 919 2010, each fiscally constrained county shall apply to the 920 Department of Revenue to participate in the distribution of the 921 appropriation and provide documentation supporting the county's 922 estimated reduction in ad valorem tax revenue in the form and 923 manner prescribed by the Department of Revenue. The 924 documentation must include an estimate of the reduction in 925 taxable value directly attributable to revisions of Art. VII of 926 the State Constitution for all county taxing jurisdictions 927 within the county and shall be prepared by the property appraiser in each fiscally constrained county. The documentation 928 929 must also include the county millage rates applicable in all 930 such jurisdictions for the current year and the prior year, 931 rolled-back rates determined as provided in s. 200.065 for each 932 county taxing jurisdiction, and maximum millage rates that could 933 have been levied by majority vote pursuant to s. 200.065(5) 934 200.185. For purposes of this section, each fiscally constrained 935 county's reduction in ad valorem tax revenue shall be calculated as 95 percent of the estimated reduction in taxable value 936 937 multiplied by the lesser of the 2010 applicable millage rate or 938 the applicable millage rate for each county taxing jurisdiction 939 in the current prior year. If a fiscally constrained county 940 fails to apply for the distribution, its share shall revert to 941 the fund from which the appropriation was made.

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942 Section 32. Notwithstanding the application deadline in s. 196.173(5), Florida Statutes, the deadline for an eligible 943 944 servicemember to file a claim for an additional ad valorem tax 945 exemption for a qualifying deployment during the 2011 calendar 946 year is June 1, 2012. Any applicant who seeks to claim the 947 additional exemption and who fails to file an application by June 1 must file an application for the exemption with the 948 949 property appraiser on or before the 25th day after the mailing 950 by the property appraiser of the notices required under s. 951 194.011(1), Florida Statutes. Upon receipt of sufficient 952 evidence, as determined by the property appraiser, which 953 demonstrates that the applicant was unable to apply for the 954 exemption in a timely manner or otherwise demonstrating 955 extenuating circumstances judged by the property appraiser to 956 warrant granting the exemption, the property appraiser may grant 957 the exemption. If the applicant fails to produce sufficient 958 evidence demonstrating that the applicant was unable to apply 959 for the exemption in a timely manner or otherwise demonstrating 960 extenuating circumstances as judged by the property appraiser, 961 the applicant may file, pursuant to s. 194.011(3), Florida 962 Statutes, a petition with the value adjustment board which requests that the exemption be granted. Such petition must be 963 964 filed during the taxable year on or before the 25th day after 965 the mailing of the notice by the property appraiser as provided 966 in s. 194.011(1), Florida Statutes. Notwithstanding s. 194.013, 967 Florida Statutes, the applicant is not required to pay a filing 968 fee for such petition. Upon reviewing the petition, if the 969 applicant is qualified to receive the exemption and demonstrates particular extenuating circumstances as judged by the value 970

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971	adjustment board to warrant granting the exemption, the value
972	adjustment board may grant the exemption for the current year.
973	Section 33. Sections 24, 25, 26, and 32 of this act shall
974	take effect upon this act becoming a law and shall first apply
975	to ad valorem tax rolls for 2012.
976	Section 34. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
977	act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.
978	
979	======================================
980	And the title is amended as follows:
981	Delete everything before the enacting clause
982	and insert:
983	A bill to be entitled
984	An act relating to the administration of property
985	taxes; amending s. 192.001, F.S.; revising the
986	definitions of the terms "assessed value of property"
987	and "complete submission of the rolls"; amending s.
988	192.0105, F.S.; providing that a taxpayer has a right
989	to have a hearing before the value adjustment board
990	rescheduled if the hearing is not commenced within a
991	certain period after the scheduled time; repealing s.
992	192.117, F.S., relating to the Property Tax
993	Administration Task Force; amending s. 193.114, F.S.;
994	revising the information that must be included on a
995	real property assessment roll relating to the transfer
996	of ownership of property; defining the term "ownership
997	transfer date"; deleting a requirement to include
998	information relating to a fiduciary on a real property
999	assessment roll; limiting the review of changes in the

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1000 assessed value of real property resulting from an 1001 informal conference with the taxpayer to a review by 1002 the Department of Revenue or a designated entity; 1003 amending s. 193.155, F.S.; providing for designation 1004 of the ownership share to be attributed to certain 1005 persons who abandon a homestead property for purposes 1006 of determining the assessed value of a newly 1007 established homestead under certain circumstances; 1008 amending s. 193.1554, F.S.; deleting obsolete 1009 provisions; providing for the apportionment of 1010 increases in the value of combined and divided parcels 1011 of nonhomestead residential property; providing for 1012 the application of an assessment limitation to a 1013 combined or divided parcel of nonhomestead residential 1014 property; amending s. 193.1555, F.S.; redefining the 1015 term "nonresidential real property" to conform a 1016 cross-reference to the State Constitution; deleting 1017 obsolete provisions; providing for the apportionment 1018 of increases in the value of combined and divided 1019 parcels of property; providing for the application of 1020 an assessment limitation to a combined or divided 1021 parcel of property; amending ss. 193.501, 193.503, and 1022 193.505, F.S.; deleting provisions requiring that the 1023 tax collector report amounts of deferred tax liability 1024 to the Department of Revenue; amending s. 194.032, 1025 F.S.; requiring that certain information be included 1026 in, or provided along with, the notice provided to a 1027 petitioner concerning the time scheduled for an 1028 appearance before a value adjustment board; requiring

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1029 that a hearing before the value adjustment board be 1030 rescheduled if the hearing on the petitioner's 1031 petition is not commenced within a certain time after 1032 the scheduled time; making technical and grammatical 1033 changes; amending s. 194.034, F.S.; deleting an 1034 exception to a requirement that a value adjustment 1035 board render a written decision relating to the 1036 petitioner's failure to make a required payment; 1037 deleting a requirement that the Department of Revenue 1038 be notified of decisions by the value adjustment 1039 board; requiring that the clerk notify the Department 1040 of Revenue of a decision of the value adjustment board 1041 or information relating to the tax impact of the 1042 decision upon request; making technical and 1043 grammatical changes; amending s. 195.072, F.S.; 1044 requiring the department to provide certain assistance 1045 in investigations of property appraisers; amending s. 195.096, F.S.; authorizing the measures in the 1046 1047 findings resulting from an in-depth review of an 1048 assessment roll of a county to be based on a ratio 1049 that is generally accepted by professional appraisal 1050 organizations in developing a statistically valid 1051 sampling plan under certain circumstances; revising 1052 the requirements for the Department of Revenue to 1053 provide certain information concerning its review of 1054 assessment rolls to the Legislature, the appropriate 1055 property appraiser, and county commissions; requiring 1056 that copies of the review data and findings be 1057 provided upon request; repealing s. 195.0985, F.S.,

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1058 relating to a requirement that the department publish 1059 annual ratio studies; amending s. 195.099, F.S.; 1060 allowing the department discretion in determining 1061 whether to review the assessments of certain 1062 businesses; amending s. 196.031, F.S.; specifying the 1063 order in which homestead exemptions from ad valorem taxation are applied; amending s. 196.061, F.S.; 1064 1065 clarifying provisions relating to the rental of a 1066 homestead dwelling; amending s. 196.081, F.S.; 1067 authorizing an applicant for an ad valorem tax 1068 exemption for a disabled veteran or for a surviving 1069 spouse to apply for the exemption before receiving 1070 certain documentation from the Federal Government; 1071 requiring refunds of excess taxes paid under certain 1072 circumstances; amending s. 196.082, F.S.; authorizing 1073 an applicant for an ad valorem tax discount available 1074 to disabled veterans to apply for the discount before 1075 receiving certain documentation from the Federal 1076 Government; requiring refunds of excess taxes paid 1077 under certain circumstances; amending s. 196.091, 1078 F.S.; authorizing an applicant for an ad valorem tax 1079 exemption for disabled veterans confined to a 1080 wheelchair to apply for the exemption before receiving certain documentation from the Federal Government; 1081 1082 requiring refunds of excess taxes paid under certain 1083 circumstances; amending s. 196.101, F.S.; authorizing 1084 an applicant for an ad valorem tax exemption for 1085 totally and permanently disabled persons to apply for 1086 the exemption before receiving certain documentation

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1087 from the Federal Government; requiring refunds of 1088 excess taxes paid under certain circumstances; 1089 amending s. 196.121, F.S.; authorizing the Department 1090 of Revenue to provide certain forms electronically; 1091 deleting a requirement that the department supply 1092 printed forms to property appraisers; amending s. 196.173, F.S.; authorizing servicemembers who receive 1093 1094 a homestead exemption and who are deployed in certain 1095 military operations to receive an additional ad 1096 valorem tax exemption; amending s. 196.198, F.S.; 1097 providing an exemption from ad valorem taxation for 1098 certain property used for educational purposes; amending s. 196.199, F.S.; providing that property of 1099 1100 a municipality is exempt from ad valorem taxation 1101 under specified circumstances; amending s. 196.202, 1102 F.S.; authorizing an applicant for an ad valorem 1103 exemption for widows, widowers, blind persons, or 1104 persons who are totally and permanently disabled to 1105 apply for the exemption before receiving certain 1106 documentation from the Federal Government; requiring 1107 refunds of excess taxes paid under certain 1108 circumstances; amending s. 196.24, F.S.; authorizing 1109 an applicant for an ad valorem tax exemption for 1110 disabled ex-servicemembers or a surviving spouse to 1111 apply for the exemption before receiving certain 1112 documentation from the Federal Government; requiring 1113 refunds of excess taxes paid under certain circumstances; amending s. 200.065, F.S.; deleting 1114 1115 obsolete provisions; revising provisions relating to

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1116 the calculation of the rolled-back rate; correcting 1117 cross-references to certain additional taxes; amending 1118 ss. 218.12 and 218.125, F.S.; deleting obsolete 1119 provisions; providing for the reversion of funds 1120 appropriated to offset reductions in ad valorem tax 1121 revenue to a fiscally constrained county if the county 1122 fails to apply for a distribution of funds; providing 1123 a deadline for claiming tax exemptions for qualifying 1124 military deployments during the 2011 calendar year; 1125 providing procedures and requirements for filing 1126 applications and petitions to receive the tax 1127 exemption after the deadline; providing for 1128 retroactive applicability with respect to specified 1129 provisions of the act; providing effective dates.