LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate	•	House
Comm: RCS		
02/07/2012		
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The Committee on Governmental Oversight and Accountability (Benacquisto) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 267.12, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

267.12 Research permits; procedure.-

8 (1) The division may issue permits for excavation and
9 surface reconnaissance on <u>land owned or controlled by the</u> state,
10 <u>including state sovereignty submerged land</u>, <u>land owned by a</u>
11 <u>political subdivision as defined by s. 1.01(8)</u>, <u>lands</u> or <u>land</u>
12 <del>lands</del> within the boundaries of <u>a</u> designated state archaeological

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13 landmark landmarks or landmark zone zones to institutions which 14 the division deems shall deem to be properly qualified to 15 conduct such activity, subject to such rules and regulations as the division may prescribe, provided such activity is undertaken 16 17 by reputable museums, universities, colleges, or other historical, scientific, or educational institutions or societies 18 19 that possess or will secure the archaeological expertise for the performance of systematic archaeological field research, 20 21 comprehensive analysis, and interpretation in the form of 22 publishable reports and monographs, such reports to be submitted 23 to the division.

24 (2) Those state institutions considered by the division 25 permanently to possess the required archaeological expertise to 26 conduct the archaeological activities allowed under the 27 provisions of the permit may be designated as accredited institutions which will be allowed to conduct archaeological 28 29 field activities on land owned or controlled by the state, including state sovereignty submerged land, land owned by a 30 31 political subdivision as defined by s. 1.01(8), state-owned or 32 controlled lands or land within the boundaries of a any 33 designated state archaeological landmark or any landmark zone 34 without obtaining an individual permit for each project, except 35 that those accredited institutions will be required to give 36 prior written notice of all anticipated archaeological field 37 activities on land owned or controlled by the state, including 38 state sovereignty submerged land, land owned by a political 39 subdivision as defined by s. 1.01(8), state-owned or controlled lands or land within the boundaries of a any designated state 40 41 archaeological landmark or landmark zone to the division,

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42 together with such information as may reasonably be required by 43 the division to ensure the proper preservation, protection, and 44 excavation of the archaeological resources. However, no archaeological activity may not be commenced by the accredited 45 46 institution until the division has determined that the planned project will be in conformity with the guidelines, regulations, 47 and criteria adopted pursuant to ss. 267.11-267.14. Such 48 determination will be made by the division and notification to 49 50 the institution given within a period of 15 days after from the 51 time of receipt of the prior notification by the division.

52 Section 2. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 267.13, 53 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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267.13 Prohibited practices; penalties.-

55 (1) (a) Any person who by means other than excavation either conducts archaeological field investigations on, or removes or 56 attempts to remove $\tau$  or defaces, destroys, or otherwise alters 57 58 any archaeological site or specimen located upon, any land owned or controlled by the state, including state sovereignty 59 submerged land, land owned by a political subdivision as defined 60 61 by s. 1.01(8), or land within the boundaries of a designated 62 state archaeological landmark or landmark zone, except in the 63 course of activities pursued under the authority of a permit or under procedures relating to accredited institutions granted by 64 65 the division, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, 66 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and, in addition, shall forfeit to the state all specimens, objects, and 67 68 materials collected, together with all photographs and records 69 relating to such material.

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(b) Any person who by means of excavation <del>either</del> conducts



71 archaeological field investigations on, or removes or attempts 72 to remove, or defaces, destroys, or otherwise alters any 73 archaeological site or specimen located upon, any land owned or 74 controlled by the state, including state sovereignty submerged 75 land, land owned by a political subdivision as defined by s. 76 1.01(8), or land within the boundaries of a designated state 77 archaeological landmark or landmark zone, except in the course of activities pursued under the authority of a permit or under 78 79 procedures relating to accredited institutions granted by the 80 division, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as 81 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, and any 82 vehicle or equipment of any person used in connection with the violation is subject to forfeiture to the state if it is 83 84 determined by any court of law that the vehicle or equipment was involved in the violation. Such person shall forfeit to the 85 86 state all specimens, objects, and materials collected or 87 excavated, together with all photographs and records relating to such material. The court may also order the defendant to make 88 89 restitution to the state for the archaeological or commercial 90 value and cost of restoration and repair as defined in 91 subsection (4).

92 (c) Any person who offers for sale or exchange any object with knowledge that it has previously been collected or 93 94 excavated in violation of any of the terms of ss. 267.11-267.14, 95 or who procures, counsels, solicits, or employs any other person 96 to violate any prohibition contained in ss. 267.11-267.14 or to 97 sell, purchase, exchange, transport, receive, or offer to sell, purchase, or exchange any archaeological resource excavated or 98 99 removed from any land owned or controlled by the state,

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100 including state sovereignty submerged land, land owned by a political subdivision as defined by <u>s. 1.01(8)</u>, or <u>land</u> within 101 102 the boundaries of a designated state archaeological landmark or 103 landmark zone, except with the express consent of the division, 104 commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in 105 s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, and any vehicle or 106 equipment of any person used in connection with the violation is 107 subject to forfeiture to the state if it is determined by any 108 court of law that such vehicle or equipment was involved in the 109 violation. All specimens, objects, and material collected or 110 excavated, together with all photographs and records relating to 111 such material, shall be forfeited to the state. The court may also order the defendant to make restitution to the state for 112 113 the archaeological or commercial value and cost of restoration and repair as defined in subsection (4). 114

115 (2) (a) The division may institute an administrative proceeding to impose an administrative fine of not more than 116 \$500 a day on any person or business organization that, without 117 118 written permission of the division, explores for, salvages, or 119 excavates treasure trove, artifacts, sunken or abandoned ships, 120 or other objects having historical or archaeological value 121 located upon land owned or controlled by the state on state-122 owned or state-controlled lands, including state sovereignty 123 submerged land, or land owned by a political subdivision as 124 defined by s. 1.01(8) lands.

(b) The division shall institute an administrative proceeding by serving written notice of a violation by certified mail upon the alleged violator. The notice shall specify the law or rule allegedly violated and the facts upon which the

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129 allegation is based. The notice shall also specify the amount of the administrative fine sought by the division. The fine is 130 shall not become due until after service of notice and an 131 132 administrative hearing. However, the alleged violator has shall 133 have 20 days after from service of notice to request an 134 administrative hearing. Failure to respond within that time constitutes shall constitute a waiver, and the fine becomes 135 shall become due without a hearing. 136

(c) The division may enter its judgment for the amount of the administrative penalty imposed in a court of competent jurisdiction, pursuant to s. 120.69. The judgment may be enforced as any other judgment.

(d) The division may apply to a court of competent 141 142 jurisdiction for injunctive relief against any person or business organization that explores for, salvages, or excavates 143 144 treasure trove, artifacts, sunken or abandoned ships, or other objects having historical or archaeological value located upon 145 on state-owned or state-controlled land owned or controlled by 146 147 the state, including state sovereignty submerged land, or land 148 owned by a political subdivision as defined by s. 1.01(8) 149 without the written permission of the division.

(e) The division shall adopt rules pursuant to ss.
120.536(1) and 120.54 to <u>administer</u> implement the provisions of
this section.

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:



158 A bill to be entitled 159 An act relating to archeological sites and specimens; 160 amending s. 267.12, F.S.; authorizing the Division of 161 Historical Resources of the Department of State to 162 issue permits for excavation, surface reconnaissance, 163 and archaeological activities on land owned by a 164 political subdivision; amending s. 267.13, F.S.; 165 providing that specified activities relating to 166 archaeological sites and specimens located upon land 167 owned by a political subdivision are prohibited and 168 subject to penalties; authorizing the division to 169 impose an administrative fine on and seek injunctive 170 relief against certain entities; providing an 171 effective date.