COMMITTEE/SUBCOM	MITTEE ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Civil Justice Subcommittee Representative Moraitis offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection

(2) of section 255.05, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (11) is added to said section, to read:

255.05 Bond of contractor constructing public buildings; form; action by materialmen.—

(1)(a) Any person entering into a formal contract with the state or any county, city, or political subdivision thereof, or other public authority or private entity, for the construction of a public building, for the prosecution and completion of a public work, or for repairs upon a public building or public work shall be required, before commencing the work or before recommencing the work after a default or abandonment, to execute, deliver to the public owner, and record in the public records of the county where the improvement is located, a 144115 - h0897-strike.docx

Bill No. HB 897 (2012)

payment and performance bond with a surety insurer authorized to do business in this state as surety. A public entity may not require a contractor to secure a surety bond under this section from a specific agent or bonding company. The bond must state on its front page: the name, principal business address, and phone number of the contractor, the surety, the owner of the property being improved, and, if different from the owner, the contracting public entity; the contract number assigned by the contracting public entity; the bond number assigned by the surety; and a description of the project sufficient to identify it, such as a legal description or the street address of the property being improved, and a general description of the improvement. Such bond shall be conditioned upon the contractor's performance of the construction work in the time and manner prescribed in the contract and promptly making payments to all persons defined in s. 713.01 who furnish labor, services, or materials for the prosecution of the work provided for in the contract. Any claimant may apply to the governmental entity having charge of the work for copies of the contract and bond and shall thereupon be furnished with a certified copy of the contract and bond. The claimant shall have a right of action against the contractor and surety for the amount due him or her, including unpaid finance charges due under the claimant's contract. Such action shall not involve the public authority in any expense. When such work is done for the state and the contract is for \$100,000 or less, no payment and performance bond shall be required. At the discretion of the official or board awarding such contract when such work is done for any 144115 - h0897-strike.docx

Amendment No. 1

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Amendment No. 1 county, city, political subdivision, or public authority, any person entering into such a contract which is for \$200,000 or less may be exempted from executing the payment and performance bond. When such work is done for the state, the Secretary of Management Services may delegate to state agencies the authority to exempt any person entering into such a contract amounting to more than \$100,000 but less than \$200,000 from executing the payment and performance bond. In the event such exemption is granted, the officer or officials shall not be personally liable to persons suffering loss because of granting such exemption. The Department of Management Services shall maintain information on the number of requests by state agencies for delegation of authority to waive the bond requirements by agency and project number and whether any request for delegation was denied and the justification for the denial. Any provision in a payment bond furnished for public work contracts as provided by this subsection which further restricts the classes of persons as defined in s. 713.01 protected by the bond, which restricts or the venue of any proceeding relating to such bond, which limits or expands the effective duration of the bond, or which adds conditions precedent to the enforcement of a claim against the bond beyond those provided in this section is unenforceable.

- (b) The Department of Management Services shall adopt rules with respect to all contracts for \$200,000 or less, to provide:
- 1. Procedures for retaining up to 10 percent of each request for payment submitted by a contractor and procedures for determining disbursements from the amount retained on a pro rata 144115 h0897-strike.docx

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basis to laborers, materialmen, and subcontractors, as defined in s. 713.01.

2. Procedures for requiring certification from laborers, materialmen, and subcontractors, as defined in s. 713.01, prior to final payment to the contractor that such laborers, materialmen, and subcontractors have no claims against the contractor resulting from the completion of the work provided for in the contract.

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The state shall not be held liable to any laborer, materialman, or subcontractor for any amounts greater than the pro rata share as determined under this section.

- (c)1. The amount of the bond shall equal the contract price, except that for a contract in excess of \$250 million, if the state, county, municipality, political subdivision, or other public entity finds that a bond in the amount of the contract price is not reasonably available, the public owner shall set the amount of the bond at the largest amount reasonably available, but not less than \$250 million.
- For construction-management or design-build contracts, if the public owner does not include in the bond amount the cost of design or other nonconstruction services, the bond may not be conditioned on performance of such services or payment to persons furnishing such services. Notwithstanding paragraph (a), such a bond may exclude persons furnishing such services from the classes of persons protected by the bond.
- (2)(a)1. If a claimant is no longer furnishing labor, services, or materials on a project, a contractor or the 144115 - h0897-strike.docx

Amendment No. 1 104 contractor's agent or attorney may elect to shorten the 105 prescribed time in this paragraph within which an action to 106 enforce any claim against a payment bond must provided pursuant 107 to this section may be commenced by recording in the clerk's office a notice in substantially the following form: 108 109 110 NOTICE OF CONTEST OF CLAIM 111 AGAINST PAYMENT BOND 112 113 To: ... (Name and address of claimant) ... 114 115 You are notified that the undersigned contests your notice 116 of nonpayment, dated, and served on the undersigned on,, and that the time within 117 118 which you may file suit to enforce your claim is limited to 60 days after the date of service of this notice. 119 120 121 DATED on, 122 123 Signed: ... (Contractor or Attorney) ... 124 125 The claim of any claimant upon whom such notice is served and 126 who fails to institute a suit to enforce his or her claim 127 against the payment bond within 60 days after service of such 128 notice shall be extinguished automatically. The contractor of 129 the contractor's attorney clerk shall serve mail a copy of the notice of contest to the claimant at the address shown in the 130

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144115 - h0897-strike.docx

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notice of nonpayment or most recent amendment thereto and shall

Bill No. HB 897 (2012)

Amendment No. 1 certify to such service on the face of such notice and record the notice. Service is complete upon mailing.

2. A claimant, except a laborer, who is not in privity with the contractor must shall, before commencing or not later than 45 days after commencing to furnish labor, services, or materials for the prosecution of the work, furnish the contractor with a written notice that he or she intends to look to the bond for protection. A claimant who is not in privity with the contractor and who has not received payment for his or her labor, services, or materials shall deliver to the contractor and to the surety written notice of the performance of the labor or delivery of the materials or supplies and of the nonpayment. The notice of nonpayment must may be served at any time during the progress of the work or thereafter but may not be served earlier than before 45 days after the first furnishing of labor, services, or materials or, and not later than 90 days after the final furnishing of the labor, services, or materials by the claimant or, with respect to rental equipment, not later than 90 days after the date that the rental equipment was last on the job site available for use. Any notice of nonpayment served by a claimant who is not in privity with the contractor which includes sums for retainage must specify the portion of the amount claimed for retainage. An No action for the labor, materials, or supplies may not be instituted against the contractor or the surety unless the notice to the contractor and notice of nonpayment have been served, if required by this section both notices have been given. If the payment bond is not recorded before commencement of construction, the time periods

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for the claimant to serve the required notices may at the option of the claimant be calculated from the dates specified in this section or from the date the claimant is served a copy of the bond. In no event, however, shall the limitation period for commencement of an action against a payment bond as established in s. 95.11 be expanded. Notices required or permitted under this section may be served in accordance with s. 713.18. A claimant may not waive in advance his or her right to bring an action under the bond against the surety. In any action brought to enforce a claim against a payment bond under this section, the prevailing party is entitled to recover a reasonable fee for the services of his or her attorney for trial and appeal or for arbitration, in an amount to be determined by the court, which fee must be taxed as part of the prevailing party's costs, as allowed in equitable actions. The time periods for service of a notice of nonpayment or for bringing an action against a contractor or a surety shall be measured from the last day of furnishing labor, services, or materials by the claimant and shall not be measured by other standards, such as the issuance of a certificate of occupancy or the issuance of a certificate of substantial completion.

(11) If a contractor furnishes and records a payment and performance bond for a public works project in accordance with this section, the public authority may not condition its payments to the contractor on the production of a release, waiver, or like documentation from a claimant demonstrating that the claimant does not have an outstanding claim against the contractor, the surety, the payment bond, or the public

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authority for payments due on labor, services, or materials furnished on the public works project.

Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 713.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

713.10 Extent of liens.

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- (b) The interest of the lessor shall not be subject to liens for improvements made by the lessee when:
- 1. The lease, or a short form or a memorandum of the lease that contains the specific language in the lease prohibiting such liability, is recorded in the official records of the county where the premises are located before the recording of a notice of commencement for improvements to the premises and the terms of the lease expressly prohibit such liability; or
- 2. The terms of the lease expressly prohibit such liability, and a notice advising that leases for the rental of premises on a parcel of land prohibit such liability has been recorded in the official records of the county in which the parcel of land is located before the recording of a notice of commencement for improvements to the premises, and the notice includes the following:
 - a. The name of the lessor.
- b. The legal description of the parcel of land to which the notice applies.
- c. The specific language contained in the various leases prohibiting such liability.

214 d. A statement that all or a majority of the leases 215 entered into for premises on the parcel of land expressly 216 prohibit such liability.

- The notice required by this subparagraph shall still be effective and the lessor's interest in a premises on the parcel of land shall not be subject to liens for improvements made by the lessee of such premises notwithstanding that all of the leases for all of the premises on the parcel of land do not contain language prohibiting such liability or the language prohibiting such liability varies in the various leases or does not match the language in the notice, if the lease for the specific premises as to which a lien could otherwise be claimed against the lessor's interest expressly provides that the interest of the lessor shall not be subject to liens for
- 3. The lessee is a mobile home owner who is leasing a mobile home lot in a mobile home park from the lessor.
- Section 3. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 713.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 713.13 Notice of commencement.

improvements made by the lessee.

235 (1)

(e) A copy of any payment bond must be attached at the time of recordation of the notice of commencement. The failure to attach a copy of the bond to the notice of commencement when the notice is recorded negates the exemption provided in s. 713.02(6). However, if a payment bond under s. 713.23 exists but was not attached at the time of recordation of the notice of 144115 - h0897-strike.docx

commencement, the bond may be used to transfer any recorded lien of a lienor except that of the contractor by the recordation and service of a notice of bond pursuant to s. 713.23(2). The notice requirements of s. 713.23 apply to any claim against the bond; however, the time limits for serving any required notices shall, at the option of the lienor, be calculated from the dates begin running from the later of the time specified in s. 713.23 or the date the notice of bond is served on the lienor.

Section 4. Paragraph (f) of subsections (1), and subsection (4), of section 713.132, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

713.132 Notice of termination.

- (1) An owner may terminate the period of effectiveness of a notice of commencement by executing, swearing to, and recording a notice of termination that contains:
- (f) A statement that the owner has, before recording the notice of termination, served a copy of the notice of termination on the contractor and on each lienor who has a direct contract with the owner or who has served a notice to owner given notice. The owner is not required to serve a copy of the notice of termination on any lienor who has executed a waiver and release of lien upon final payment in accordance with s. 713.20.
- (4) A notice of termination is effective to terminate the notice of commencement at the later of 30 days after recording of the notice of termination or the date stated in the notice of termination as the date on which the notice of commencement is terminated, \underline{if} provided that the notice of termination has been 144115 h0897-strike.docx

Bill No. HB 897 (2012)

Amendment No. 1

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served pursuant to paragraph (1) (f) on the contractor and on each lienor who has a direct contract with the owner or who has served a notice to owner given notice.

- Section 5. Section 713.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 713.16 Demand for copy of contract and statements of account; form.—
- A copy of the contract of a lienor or owner and a statement of the amount due or to become due if fixed or ascertainable thereon must be furnished by any party thereto, upon written demand of an owner or a lienor contracting with or employed by the other party to such contract. If the owner or lienor refuses or neglects to furnish such copy of the contract or such statement, or willfully and falsely states the amount due or to become due if fixed or ascertainable under such contract, any person who suffers any detriment thereby has a cause of action against the person refusing or neglecting to furnish the same or willfully and falsely stating the amount due or to become due for his or her damages sustained thereby. The information contained in such copy or statement furnished pursuant to such written demand is binding upon the owner or lienor furnishing it unless actual notice of any modification is given to the person demanding the copy or statement before such person acts in good faith in reliance on it. The person demanding such documents must pay for the reproduction thereof; and, if such person fails or refuses to do so, he or she is entitled only to inspect such documents at reasonable times and places.

144115 - h0897-strike.docx

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The owner may serve in writing a demand of any lienor for a written statement under oath of his or her account showing the nature of the labor or services performed and to be performed, if any, the materials furnished, the materials to be furnished, if known, the amount paid on account to date, the amount due, and the amount to become due, if known, as of the date of the statement by the lienor. Any such demand to a lienor must be served on the lienor at the address and to the attention of any person who is designated to receive the demand in the notice to owner served by such lienor and must include a description of the project, including the names of the owner, the contractor, and the lienor's customer, as set forth in the lienor's notice to owner. The failure or refusal to furnish the statement does not deprive the lienor of his or her lien if the demand is not served at the address of the lienor or directed to the attention of the person designated to receive the demand in the notice to owner. The failure or refusal to furnish the statement under oath within 30 days after the demand, or the furnishing of a false or fraudulent statement, deprives the person so failing or refusing to furnish such statement of his or her lien. If the owner serves more than one demand for statement of account on a lienor and none of the information regarding the account has changed since the lienor's last response to a demand, the failure or refusal to furnish such statement does not deprive the lienor of his or her lien. The negligent inclusion or omission of any information deprives the person of his or her lien to the extent the owner can demonstrate prejudice from such act or omission by the lienor.

144115 - h0897-strike.docx

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The failure to furnish a response to a demand for statement of account does not affect the validity of any claim of lien being enforced through a foreclosure case filed prior to the date the demand for statement is received by the lienor.

(3) A request for sworn statement of account must be in substantially the following form:

REQUEST FOR SWORN STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT

WARNING: YOUR FAILURE TO FURNISH THE REQUESTED STATEMENT, SIGNED UNDER OATH, WITHIN 30 DAYS OR THE FURNISHING OF A FALSE STATEMENT WILL RESULT IN THE LOSS OF YOUR LIEN.

To: ...(Lienor's name and address)...

The undersigned hereby demands a written statement under oath of his or her account showing the nature of the labor or services performed and to be performed, if any, the materials furnished, the materials to be furnished, if known, the amount paid on account to date, the amount due, and the amount to become due, if known, as of the date of the statement for the improvement of real property identified as ...(property description)....

... (name of contractor) ...

351 ... (name of the lienor's customer, as set forth in the lienor's
352 Notice to Owner, if such notice has been served)....

144115 - h0897-strike.docx Published On: 1/24/2012 6:16:19 PM Page 13 of 29

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354 ...(signature and address of owner)...
355 ...(date of request for sworn statement of account)...

(4) When a contractor has furnished a payment bond pursuant to s. 713.23, he or she may, when an owner makes any payment to the contractor or directly to a lienor, serve a written demand on any other lienor for a written statement under oath of his or her account showing the nature of the labor or services performed and to be performed, if any, the materials furnished, the materials to be furnished, if known, the amount paid on account to date, the amount due, and the amount to become due, if known, as of the date of the statement by the lienor. Any such demand to a lienor must be served on the lienor at the address and to the attention of any person who is designated to receive the demand in the notice to contractor served by such lienor. The demand must include a description of the project, including the names of the owner, the contractor, and the lienor's customer, as set forth in the lienor's notice to contractor. The failure or refusal to furnish the statement does not deprive the lienor of his or her rights under the bond if the demand is not served at the address of the lienor or directed to the attention of the person designated to receive the demand in the notice to contractor. The failure to furnish the statement within 30 days after the demand, or the furnishing of a false or fraudulent statement, deprives the person who fails to furnish the statement, or who furnishes the false or fraudulent statement, of his or her rights under the bond. If the contractor serves more than one demand for statement of

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144115 - h0897-strike.docx

account on a lienor and none of the information regarding the account has changed since the lienor's last response to a demand, the failure or refusal to furnish such statement does not deprive the lienor of his or her rights under the bond. The negligent inclusion or omission of any information deprives the person of his or her rights under the bond to the extent the contractor can demonstrate prejudice from such act or omission by the lienor. The failure to furnish a response to a demand for statement of account does not affect the validity of any claim on the bond being enforced in a lawsuit filed prior to the date the demand for statement of account is received by the lienor.

- (5) (a) Any lienor who is perfecting a claim of lien has recorded a claim of lien may serve with the claim of lien or thereafter a make written demand on the owner for a written statement under oath showing:
- 1. The amount of the direct contract under which the lien was recorded:
- 2. The dates and amounts paid or to be paid by or on behalf of the owner for all improvements described in the direct contract;
- 3. The reasonable estimated costs of completing the direct contract under which the lien was claimed pursuant to the scope of the direct contract; and
 - 4. If known, the actual cost of completion.
- (b) Any owner who does not provide the statement within 30 days after demand, or who provides a false or fraudulent statement, is not a prevailing party for purposes of an award of attorney's fees under s. 713.29. The written demand must include 144115 h0897-strike.docx

the following warning in conspicuous type in substantially the following form:

WARNING: YOUR FAILURE TO FURNISH THE REQUESTED

STATEMENT WITHIN 30 DAYS OR THE FURNISHING OF A FALSE

STATEMENT WILL RESULT IN THE LOSS OF YOUR RIGHT TO

RECOVER ATTORNEY FEES IN ANY ACTION TO ENFORCE THE

CLAIM OF LIEN OF THE PERSON REQUESTING THIS STATEMENT.

- (6) Any written demand served on the owner must include a description of the project, including the names of the contractor and the lienor's customer, as set forth in the lienor's notice to owner.
- (7) For purposes of this section, the term "information" means the nature and quantity of the labor, services, and materials furnished or to be furnished by a lienor and the amount paid, the amount due, and the amount to become due on the lienor's account.
- Section 6. Section 713.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 713.18 Manner of serving notices and other instruments.-
- (1) Service of notices, claims of lien, affidavits, assignments, and other instruments permitted or required under this part, or copies thereof when so permitted or required, unless otherwise specifically provided in this part, must be made by one of the following methods:
- (a) By actual delivery to the person to be served; if a partnership, to one of the partners; if a corporation, to an 144115 h0897-strike.docx Published On: 1/24/2012 6:16:19 PM

Bill No. HB 897 (2012)

Amendment No. 1

officer, director, managing agent, or business agent; or, if a limited liability company, to a member or manager.

- (b) By sending the same by common carrier delivery service or by registered, Global Express Guaranteed, or certified mail, with postage or shipping paid by the sender and prepaid, or by overnight or second-day delivery with evidence of delivery, which may be in an electronic format.
- (c) If the method specified in paragraph (a) or paragraph

 (b) cannot be accomplished, By posting on the site of the improvement if service as provided by paragraph (a) or paragraph

 (b) cannot be accomplished premises.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), <u>service of if</u> a notice to owner, or a notice to contractor under s. 713.23, <u>s. 337.18</u>, or a preliminary notice under s. 255.05 is <u>mailed by registered</u> or certified mail with postage prepaid to the person to be served at any of the addresses set forth in subsection (3) within 40 days after the date the lienor first furnishes labor, services, or materials, service of that notice is effective as of the date of mailing if:
- (a) The notice is mailed by registered, Global Express
 Guaranteed, or certified mail, with postage prepaid, to the
 person to be served at any of the addresses set forth in
 subsection (3);
- (b) The notice is mailed within 40 days after the date the lienor first furnishes labor, services, or materials; and
- (c) The person who served the notice maintains a registered or certified mail log that shows the registered or certified mail number issued by the United States Postal 144115 h0897-strike.docx

Service, the name and address of the person served, and the date stamp of the United States Postal Service confirming the date of mailing or if the person who served the notice maintains electronic tracking records generated through use of the United States Postal Service Confirm service or a similar service containing the postal tracking number, the name and address of the person served, and verification of the date of receipt by the United States Postal Service.

- (3) (a) Service of If an instrument served pursuant to this section is effective on the date of mailing the instrument if it:
- 1. Is sent to the last address shown in the notice of commencement or any amendment thereto or, in the absence of a notice of commencement, to the last address shown in the building permit application, or to the last known address of the person to be served; and , is not received, but
- $\underline{2.}$ Is returned as being "refused," "moved, not forwardable," or "unclaimed," or is otherwise not delivered or deliverable through no fault of the person serving the item, then service is effective on the date the instrument was sent.
- (b) If the address shown in the notice of commencement or any amendment to the notice of commencement, or, in the absence of a notice of commencement, in the building permit application, is incomplete for purposes of mailing or delivery, the person serving the item may complete the address and properly format it according to United States Postal Service addressing standards using information obtained from the property appraiser or

another public record without affecting the validity of service under this section.

partner of a partnership owning the real property If the real property is owned by more than one person or a partnership, a lienor may serve any notices or other papers under this part on any one of such owners or partners, and such notice is deemed notice to all owners and partners.

Section 7. Section 713.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

713.22 Duration of lien.-

- continue for a longer period than 1 year after the claim of lien has been recorded or 1 year after the recording of an amended claim of lien that shows a later date of final furnishing of labor, services, or materials, unless within that time an action to enforce the lien is commenced in a court of competent jurisdiction. A lien that has been continued beyond the 1-year period The continuation of the lien effected by the commencement of an the action is shall not enforceable be good against creditors or subsequent purchasers for a valuable consideration and without notice, unless a notice of lis pendens is recorded.
- (2) An owner or the owner's agent or attorney may elect to shorten the time prescribed in subsection (1) within which to commence an action to enforce any claim of lien or claim against a bond or other security under s. 713.23 or s. 713.24 by recording in the clerk's office a notice in substantially the following form:

144115 - h0897-strike.docx

	Amendment No. 1
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522	NOTICE OF CONTEST OF LIEN
523	
524	To:(Name and address of lienor)
525	
526	You are notified that the undersigned contests the claim of lien
527	filed by you on,(year), and recorded in Book
528	, Page, of the public records of County, Florida,
529	and that the time within which you may file suit to enforce your
530	lien is limited to 60 days from the date of service of this
531	notice. This day of,(year)
532	
533	Signed:(Owner or Attorney)
534	
535	The lien of any lienor upon whom such notice is served and who
536	fails to institute a suit to enforce his or her lien within 60
537	days after service of such notice shall be extinguished
538	automatically. The clerk shall $\underline{\text{serve in accordance with s.}}$
539	713.18, mail a copy of the notice of contest to the lien
540	claimant at the address shown in the claim of lien or most
541	recent amendment thereto and shall certify to such service $\underline{\text{and}}$
542	the date of service on the face of such notice and record the
543	notice. Service shall be deemed complete upon mailing.
544	Section 8. Paragraphs (c), (d), (e), and (f) of subsection
545	(1) and subsections (2) and (4) of section 713.23, Florida
546	Statutes, are amended to read:
547	713.23 Payment bond
548	(1)

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549	(c) Either Before beginning or within 45 days after
550	beginning to furnish labor, materials, or supplies, a lienor who
551	is not in privity with the contractor, except a laborer, shall
552	serve the contractor with notice in writing that the lienor will
553	look to the contractor's bond for protection on the work. If a
554	notice of commencement $\underline{\text{with the attached bond}}$ is not recorded,
555	before commencement of construction or a reference to the bond
556	is not given in the notice of commencement, and in either case
557	if the lienor not in privity with the contractor is not
558	otherwise notified in writing of the existence of the bond, the
559	lienor not in privity with the contractor may, in the
560	alternative, elect to serve the notice to contractor up to shall
561	$\frac{1}{1}$ have 45 days from the date the lienor is $\frac{1}{1}$ served with a copy
562	notified of the existence of the bond within which to serve the
563	notice. The notice may be in substantially the following form
564	and may be combined with a notice to owner given under s. 713.06
565	and, if so, may be entitled "NOTICE TO OWNER/NOTICE TO
566	CONTRACTOR:

NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR

To ... (name and address of contractor)...

The undersigned hereby informs you that he or she has furnished or is furnishing services or materials as follows:

... (general description of services or materials)... for the

improvement of the real property identified as ... (property

144115 - h0897-strike.docx

Published On: 1/24/2012 6:16:19 PM

Page 21 of 29

Amendment No. 1 577 description) ... under an order given by ... (lienor's 578 customer).... 579 580 This notice is to inform you that the undersigned intends to 581 look to the contractor's bond to secure payment for the 582 furnishing of materials or services for the improvement of the 583 real property. 584 585 ... (name of lienor) ... 586 ... (signature of lienor or lienor's representative) ... 587 ...(date)... 588 ...(lienor's address)... 589 590 The undersigned notifies you that he or she has furnished or is 591 furnishing ... (services or materials) ... for the improvement of 592 the real property identified as ... (property description) ... 593 owned by ... (owner's name and address) ... under an order given 594 by and that the undersigned will look to the contractor's 595 bond for protection on the work. 596 ... (Lienor's signature and address)... 597 In addition, a lienor is required, as a condition 598 precedent to recovery under the bond, to serve a written notice 599 of nonpayment to the contractor and the surety not later than 90 days after the final furnishing of labor, services, or materials 600 601 by the lienor. A written notice satisfies this condition

precedent with respect to the payment described in the notice of

lienor's contract, and with respect to any other payments which

nonpayment, including unpaid finance charges due under the

144115 - h0897-strike.docx Published On: 1/24/2012 6:16:19 PM Page 22 of 29

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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 897 (2012)

	Amendment No. 1
605	become due to the lienor after the date of the notice of
606	nonpayment. The time period for serving a written notice of
607	nonpayment shall be measured from the last day of furnishing
608	labor, services, or materials by the lienor and shall not be
609	measured by other standards, such as the issuance of a
610	certificate of occupancy or the issuance of a certificate of
611	substantial completion. The failure of a lienor to receive
612	retainage sums not in excess of 10 percent of the value of
613	labor, services, or materials furnished by the lienor is not
614	considered a nonpayment requiring the service of the notice
615	provided under this paragraph. If the payment bond is not
616	recorded before commencement of construction, the time period
617	for the lienor to serve a notice of nonpayment may at the option
618	of the lienor be calculated from the date specified in this
619	section or the date the lienor is served a copy of the bond. In
620	no event, however, shall the limitation period for commencement
621	of an action against a payment bond as established in s. 95.11
622	be expanded. The notice under this paragraph may be in
623	substantially the following form:
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625	NOTICE OF NONPAYMENT
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627	To (name of contractor and address)
628	(name of surety and address)
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630	The undersigned notifies you that he or she has furnished

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...(describe labor, services, or materials)... for the

improvement of the real property identified as ... (property description).... The amount now due and unpaid is \$.....

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... (signature and address of lienor)...

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An No action for the labor or materials or supplies may not be instituted or prosecuted against the contractor or surety unless both notices have been given, if required by this section. An No action may not shall be instituted or prosecuted against the contractor or against the surety on the bond under this section after 1 year from the performance of the labor or completion of delivery of the materials and supplies. The time period for bringing an action against the contractor or surety on the bond shall be measured from the last day of furnishing labor, services, or materials by the lienor. The time period and shall not be measured by other standards, such as the issuance of a certificate of occupancy or the issuance of a certificate of substantial completion. A contractor or the contractor's agent or attorney may elect to shorten the prescribed time within which an action to enforce any claim against a payment bond provided under this section or s. 713.245 must $\frac{may}{may}$ be commenced at any time after a notice of nonpayment, if required, has been served for the claim by recording in the clerk's office a notice in substantially the following form:

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NOTICE OF CONTEST OF CLAIM AGAINST PAYMENT BOND

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144115 - h0897-strike.docx Published On: 1/24/2012 6:16:19 PM Page 24 of 29

To: ...(Name and address of lienor)...

You are notified that the undersigned contests your notice of nonpayment, dated,, and served on the undersigned on,, and that the time within which you may file suit to enforce your claim is limited to 60 days from the date of service of this notice.

668 DATED on,

Signed: ... (Contractor or Attorney) ...

The claim of any lienor upon whom the notice is served and who fails to institute a suit to enforce his or her claim against the payment bond within 60 days after service of the notice shall be extinguished automatically. The contractor or the contractor's attorney clerk shall serve mail a copy of the notice of contest to the lienor at the address shown in the notice of nonpayment or most recent amendment thereto and shall certify to such service on the face of the notice and record the notice. Service is complete upon mailing.

(f) Any lienor has a direct right of action on the bond against the surety. Any provision in a payment bond which further restricts A bond must not contain any provisions restricting the classes of persons who are protected by the payment bond, which restricts thereby or the venue of any proceeding relating to such payment bond, which limits or expands the effective duration of the payment bond, or which adds conditions precedent to the enforcement of a claim against

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a payment bond beyond those provided in this part is
enforceable. The surety is not entitled to the defense of pro
tanto discharge as against any lienor because of changes or
modifications in the contract to which the surety is not a
party; but the liability of the surety may not be increased
beyond the penal sum of the bond. A lienor may not waive in
advance his or her right to bring an action under the bond
against the surety.

(2) The bond shall secure every lien under the direct contract accruing subsequent to its execution and delivery, except that of the contractor. Every claim of lien, except that of the contractor, filed subsequent to execution and delivery of the bond shall be transferred to it with the same effect as liens transferred under s. 713.24. Record notice of the transfer shall be effected by the contractor, or any person having an interest in the property against which the claim of lien has been asserted, by recording in the clerk's office a notice, with the bond attached, in substantially the following form:

NOTICE OF BOND

To ... (Name and Address of Lienor) ...

You are notified that the claim of lien filed by you on ..., ..., and recorded in Official Records Book at page of the public records of County, Florida, is secured by a bond, a copy being attached.

144115 - h0897-strike.docx Published On: 1/24/2012 6:16:19 PM Page 26 of 29

Bill No. HB 897

(2012)

Amendment No. 1

Signed: ... (Name of person recording notice) ...

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The notice shall be verified. The person recording the notice of bond clerk shall serve mail a copy of the notice along with a copy of the bond to the lienor at the address shown in the claim of lien, or the most recent amendment to it; shall certify to the service on the face of the notice; and shall record the notice. The clerk shall receive the same fee as prescribed in s. 713.24(1) for certifying to a transfer of lien.

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The provisions of s. 713.24(3) shall apply to bonds under this section except where those provisions conflict with this section.

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Section 9. This act shall take effect October 1, 2012.

TITLE AMENDMENT

An act relating to construction liens and bonds; amending s.

bond furnished for a public works contract that limits or

precedent is unenforceable; requiring a contractor, or the

contractor's attorney, to serve rather than mail a notice of

contest of claim against the payment bond; providing additional

time for service when the bond is not recorded; specifying the

255.05, F.S.; requiring that the bond number be stated on the

expands the effective duration of the bond or adds conditions

first page of the bond; providing that a provision in a payment

Remove the entire title and insert:

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144115 - h0897-strike.docx Published On: 1/24/2012 6:16:19 PM

Page 27 of 29

duration of the bond; providing that payment to a contractor who

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has furnished a payment bond on a public works project may not be conditioned upon production of certain documents; providing prerequisites for commencement of an action against a payment bond; amending s. 713.10, F.S.; providing that a specified notice concerning a lessor's liability for liens for improvements made by the lessee is effective notwithstanding that all of the leases for all of the premises on the parcel of land do not contain language prohibiting such liability or the language prohibiting such liability varies in the various leases or does not match the language in the notice, if the lease for the specific premises as to which a lien could otherwise be claimed against the lessor's interest expressly provides that the interest of the lessor shall not be subject to liens for improvements made by the lessee; amending s. 713.13, F.S.; providing additional time for service when a notice of commencement is not recorded with a copy of the bond attached; amending s. 713.132, F.S.; requiring notice of termination to be served on lienors in privity with the owner; amending s. 713.16, F.S.; revising requirements for demands for a copy of a construction contract and a statement of account; authorizing a lienor to make certain written demands to an owner for certain written statements; providing requirements for such written demands; amending s. 713.18, F.S.; providing additional methods by which certain items may be served; revising provisions relating to when service of specified items is effective; specifying requirements for certain written instruments under certain circumstances; amending s. 713.22, F.S.; requiring that the clerk serve rather than mail a notice of contest of lien; 144115 - h0897-strike.docx

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 897 (2012)

Amendment No. 1 amending s. 713.23, F.S.; revising the contents of a notice to contractor; requiring that a contractor serve rather than mail a notice of contest of claim against the payment bond and a notice of bond; clarifying the attachment of the bond to the notice; providing that a provision in a payment bond that limits or expands the effective duration of the bond or adds conditions precedent is unenforceable; clarifying applicability of certain provisions; providing an effective date.

144115 - h0897-strike.docx

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Published On: 1/24/2012 6:16:19 PM

Page 29 of 29