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1 A bill to be entitled
2 An act relating to landlords and tenants; amending s.
3 83.41, F.S.; providing application of certain eviction
4 procedures under part II of ch. 83, F.S., the "Florida
5 Residential Landlord and Tenant Act"; amending s.
6 83.42, F.S.; revising exclusions from application of
7 the part; amending s. 83.48, F.S.; providing that the
8 right to attorney fees may not be waived in a lease
9 agreement; providing that attorney fees may not be
10 awarded in a claim for personal injury damages based
11 on a breach of duty of premises maintenance; amending
12 s. 83.49, F.S.; revising and providing landlord
13 disclosure requirements with respect to deposit money
14 and advance rent; providing requirements for the
15 disbursement of advance rents; providing a rebuttable
16 presumption of receipt of security deposits and a
17 limitation on liability with respect to such deposits;
18 amending s. 83.50, F.S.; removing certain landlord
19 disclosure requirements relating to fire protection;
20 amending s. 83.51, F.S.; revising a landlord's
21 obligation to maintain premises with respect to
22 screens; requiring a landlord to pay assessments due
23 to a condominium, cooperative, or homeowners'
24 association; amending s. 83.56, F.S.; revising
25 procedures for the termination of a rental agreement
26 by a landlord; revising notice and payment procedures;
27 providing that a landlord does not waive the right to
28 terminate the rental agreement or to bring a civil

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29 | action for noncompliance by accepting partial rent,
 30 | subject to certain notice; increasing the period to
 31 | institute an action before an exemption involving rent
 32 | subsidies is waived; amending s. 83.575, F.S.;
 33 | revising requirements for the termination of tenancy
 34 | with specific duration to provide for reciprocal
 35 | notice provisions in rental agreements; amending ss.
 36 | 83.58, 83.59, 83.60, and 83.63, F.S.; updating and
 37 | conforming cross-references; making editorial changes;
 38 | amending s. 83.62, F.S.; revising procedures for the
 39 | restoration of possession to a landlord to provide
 40 | that weekends and holidays do not stay the applicable
 41 | notice period; amending s. 83.64, F.S.; providing
 42 | examples of conduct for which the landlord may not
 43 | retaliate; creating s. 83.683, F.S.; providing that a
 44 | landlord is not required to notify a tenant of a
 45 | mortgage default; providing that a pending foreclosure
 46 | action involving the leased premises is not grounds
 47 | for a tenant to terminate a lease; providing an
 48 | effective date.

50 | Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

52 | Section 1. Section 83.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to
 53 | read:

54 | 83.41 Application.—

55 | (1) This part applies to the rental of a dwelling unit.

56 | (2) The eviction procedures in s. 83.62 apply to eviction

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57 from a dwelling subsequent to a final judgment in foreclosure,
58 ejectment, quiet title, partition, or other cause of action in
59 which the court awards possession of a dwelling unit. The
60 eviction procedures in ss. 83.59, 83.60, 83.61, 83.62, 83.625,
61 and 83.681 apply to eviction from a dwelling based on nonpayment
62 of association fees required to be paid to a condominium,
63 cooperative, or homeowners' association after demand. In such
64 cases, the prevailing party in the litigation shall be
65 considered a landlord for purposes of those sections. A
66 prevailing party awarded possession of a dwelling unit shall be
67 governed by s. 83.67(1), (5), (6), and (7).

68 Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 83.42, Florida
69 Statutes, is amended to read:

70 83.42 Exclusions from application of part.—This part does
71 not apply to:

72 (2) Occupancy under a bona fide contract of sale of a
73 dwelling unit or the property of which it is a part. A bona fide
74 contract of sale is one in which at least one month's rent has
75 been paid and the buyer has paid a deposit of at least 5 percent
76 of the value of the property, or in which the buyer has paid at
77 least 12 months' rent.

78 Section 3. Section 83.48, Florida Statutes, is amended to
79 read:

80 83.48 Attorney ~~Attorney's~~ fees.—In any civil action
81 brought to enforce the provisions of the rental agreement or
82 this part, the party in whose favor a judgment or decree has
83 been rendered may recover reasonable court costs, including
84 attorney ~~attorney's~~ fees, from the nonprevailing party. The

85 right to attorney fees in this section may not be waived in a
 86 lease agreement. However, attorney fees may not be awarded under
 87 this section in a claim for personal injury damages based on a
 88 breach of duty under s. 83.51.

89 Section 4. Subsections (2), (3), and (7) of section 83.49,
 90 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

91 83.49 Deposit money or advance rent; duty of landlord and
 92 tenant.—

93 (2) The landlord shall, in the lease agreement or within
 94 30 days after ~~of~~ receipt of advance rent or a security deposit,
 95 furnish ~~notify~~ the tenant in writing with a disclosure regarding
 96 ~~of the manner in which the landlord is holding the advance rent~~
 97 ~~or security deposit and the rate of interest, if any, which the~~
 98 ~~tenant is to receive and the time of interest payments to the~~
 99 ~~tenant. Such written notice shall:~~

100 ~~(a) Be given in person or by mail to the tenant.~~

101 ~~(b) State the name and address of the depository where the~~
 102 ~~advance rent or security deposit is being held, whether the~~
 103 ~~advance rent or security deposit is being held in a separate~~
 104 ~~account for the benefit of the tenant or is commingled with~~
 105 ~~other funds of the landlord, and, if commingled, whether such~~
 106 ~~funds are deposited in an interest-bearing account in a Florida~~
 107 ~~banking institution.~~

108 ~~(c) Include a copy of the provisions of subsection (3).~~

109
 110 Subsequent to providing such notice, if the landlord changes the
 111 manner or location in which he or she is holding the advance
 112 rent or security deposit, he or she shall notify the tenant

113 within 30 days after ~~of~~ the change according to the provisions
 114 of paragraphs (a)-(d) herein set forth. The landlord is not
 115 required to give a new notice solely because the depository has
 116 merged with another financial institution, changed its name, or
 117 transferred ownership to a different financial institution. This
 118 subsection does not apply to any landlord who rents fewer than
 119 five individual dwelling units. Failure to provide this notice
 120 is shall not be a defense to the payment of rent when due. Such
 121 written notice shall:

- 122 (a) Be given in person or by mail to the tenant;
- 123 (b) State the name and address of the depository where the
 124 advance rent or security deposit is being held, or state that
 125 the landlord has posted a surety bond as provided by law;
- 126 (c) State whether the tenant is entitled to interest on
 127 the deposit; and
- 128 (d) Include the following disclosure:

129

130 YOUR LEASE REQUIRES PAYMENT OF CERTAIN DEPOSITS. THE
 131 LANDLORD MAY TRANSFER ADVANCE RENTS AND NONREFUNDABLE
 132 DEPOSITS TO THE LANDLORD'S ACCOUNT AS THEY ARE DUE AND
 133 WITHOUT NOTICE. WHEN YOU MOVE OUT, YOU MUST GIVE THE
 134 LANDLORD YOUR NEW ADDRESS SO THAT THE LANDLORD CAN
 135 SEND YOU NOTICES REGARDING YOUR DEPOSIT. THE LANDLORD
 136 MUST MAIL YOU NOTICE, WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER YOU MOVE
 137 OUT, OF THE LANDLORD'S INTENT TO IMPOSE A CLAIM
 138 AGAINST THE DEPOSIT. IF YOU DO NOT REPLY TO THE
 139 LANDLORD STATING YOUR OBJECTION TO THE CLAIM WITHIN 15
 140 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE LANDLORD'S NOTICE, THE

141 LANDLORD WILL COLLECT THE CLAIM AND MUST MAIL YOU THE
 142 REMAINING DEPOSIT, IF ANY. IF YOU TIMELY OBJECT, THE
 143 LANDLORD MUST HOLD THE DEPOSIT AND EITHER YOU OR THE
 144 LANDLORD WILL HAVE TO FILE A LAWSUIT SO THAT THE COURT
 145 CAN RESOLVE THE DISPUTE.

147 IF THE LANDLORD FAILS TO TIMELY SEND YOU NOTICE, THE
 148 LANDLORD MUST RETURN THE DEPOSIT BUT MAY LATER FILE A
 149 LAWSUIT AGAINST YOU FOR DAMAGES. IF YOU FAIL TO TIMELY
 150 OBJECT TO A CLAIM, THE LANDLORD MAY COLLECT FROM THE
 151 DEPOSIT BUT YOU MAY LATER FILE A LAWSUIT CLAIMING A
 152 REFUND.

154 YOU SHOULD ATTEMPT TO INFORMALLY RESOLVE ANY DISPUTE
 155 BEFORE FILING A LAWSUIT. GENERALLY, THE WINNING PARTY
 156 IN ANY LAWSUIT BETWEEN YOU AND YOUR LANDLORD WILL BE
 157 AWARDED COSTS AND ATTORNEY FEES PAYABLE BY THE LOSING
 158 PARTY.

160 THIS DISCLOSURE IS BASIC. PLEASE REFER TO PART II OF
 161 CHAPTER 83, FLORIDA STATUTES, TO DETERMINE YOUR LEGAL
 162 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS.

164 (3) The landlord may disburse advance rents from the
 165 deposit account to the landlord's benefit when the advance
 166 rental period commences and without notice to the tenant. The
 167 landlord may disburse a deposit designated as nonrefundable at
 168 the conclusion of the lease and without notice to the tenant.

169 For all other deposits:

170 (a) Upon the vacating of the premises for termination of
 171 the lease, if the landlord does not intend to impose a claim on
 172 the security deposit, the landlord shall have 15 days to return
 173 the security deposit together with interest if otherwise
 174 required, or the landlord shall have 30 days to give the tenant
 175 written notice by certified mail to the tenant's last known
 176 mailing address of his or her intention to impose a claim on the
 177 deposit and the reason for imposing the claim. The notice shall
 178 contain a statement in substantially the following form:

179
 180 This is a notice of my intention to impose a claim for
 181 damages in the amount of upon your security deposit, due to
 182 It is sent to you as required by s. 83.49(3), Florida
 183 Statutes. You are hereby notified that you must object in
 184 writing to this deduction from your security deposit within 15
 185 days from the time you receive this notice or I will be
 186 authorized to deduct my claim from your security deposit. Your
 187 objection must be sent to ...(landlord's address)....

188
 189 If the landlord fails to give the required notice within the 30-
 190 day period, he or she forfeits the right to impose a claim upon
 191 the security deposit and may not seek setoff against the deposit
 192 but may file an action for damages after return of the deposit.

193 (b) Unless the tenant objects to the imposition of the
 194 landlord's claim or the amount thereof within 15 days after
 195 receipt of the landlord's notice of intention to impose a claim,
 196 the landlord may then deduct the amount of his or her claim and

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197 shall remit the balance of the deposit to the tenant within 30
198 days after the date of the notice of intention to impose a claim
199 for damages. The failure of the tenant to make a timely
200 objection does not waive any rights of the tenant to seek
201 damages in a separate action.

202 (c) If either party institutes an action in a court of
203 competent jurisdiction to adjudicate the party's right to the
204 security deposit, the prevailing party is entitled to receive
205 his or her court costs plus a reasonable fee for his or her
206 attorney. The court shall advance the cause on the calendar.

207 (d) Compliance with this section by an individual or
208 business entity authorized to conduct business in this state,
209 including Florida-licensed real estate brokers and sales
210 associates, constitutes ~~shall constitute~~ compliance with all
211 other relevant Florida Statutes pertaining to security deposits
212 held pursuant to a rental agreement or other landlord-tenant
213 relationship. Enforcement personnel shall look solely to this
214 section to determine compliance. This section prevails over any
215 conflicting provisions in chapter 475 and in other sections of
216 the Florida Statutes, and shall operate to permit licensed real
217 estate brokers to disburse security deposits and deposit money
218 without having to comply with the notice and settlement
219 procedures contained in s. 475.25(1)(d).

220 (7) Upon the sale or transfer of title of the rental
221 property from one owner to another, or upon a change in the
222 designated rental agent, any and all security deposits or
223 advance rents being held for the benefit of the tenants shall be
224 transferred to the new owner or agent, together with any earned

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225 interest and with an accurate accounting showing the amounts to
 226 be credited to each tenant account. Upon the transfer of such
 227 funds and records to the new owner or agent ~~as stated herein,~~
 228 and upon transmittal of a written receipt therefor, the
 229 transferor is ~~shall be~~ free from the obligation imposed in
 230 subsection (1) to hold such moneys on behalf of the tenant.
 231 There is a rebuttable presumption that any new owner or agent
 232 received the security deposits from the previous owner or agent;
 233 however, the new owner or agent is not liable to a tenant for
 234 deposits in excess of 1 month's rent. This subsection does not
 235 ~~However, nothing herein shall~~ excuse the landlord or agent for a
 236 violation of other ~~the~~ provisions of this section while in
 237 possession of such deposits.

238 Section 5. Section 83.50, Florida Statutes, is amended to
 239 read:

240 83.50 Disclosure.—

241 ~~(1)~~ The landlord, or a person authorized to enter into a
 242 rental agreement on the landlord's behalf, shall disclose in
 243 writing to the tenant, at or before the commencement of the
 244 tenancy, the name and address of the landlord or a person
 245 authorized to receive notices and demands in the landlord's
 246 behalf. The person so authorized to receive notices and demands
 247 retains authority until the tenant is notified otherwise. All
 248 notices of such names and addresses or changes thereto shall be
 249 delivered to the tenant's residence or, if specified in writing
 250 by the tenant, to any other address.

251 ~~(2) The landlord or the landlord's authorized~~
 252 ~~representative, upon completion of construction of a building~~

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253 ~~exceeding three stories in height and containing dwelling units,~~
 254 ~~shall disclose to the tenants initially moving into the building~~
 255 ~~the availability or lack of availability of fire protection.~~

256 Section 6. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection
 257 (2) of section 83.51, Florida Statutes, are amended, and
 258 subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:

259 83.51 Landlord's obligation to maintain premises and pay
 260 assessments.-

261 (1) The landlord at all times during the tenancy shall:

262 (a) Comply with the requirements of applicable building,
 263 housing, and health codes; or

264 (b) Where there are no applicable building, housing, or
 265 health codes, maintain the roofs, windows, ~~screens,~~ doors,
 266 floors, steps, porches, exterior walls, foundations, and all
 267 other structural components in good repair and capable of
 268 resisting normal forces and loads and the plumbing in reasonable
 269 working condition. ~~However,~~

270
 271 The landlord is ~~shall~~ not ~~be~~ required to maintain a mobile home
 272 or other structure owned by the tenant. The landlord's
 273 obligations under this subsection may be altered or modified in
 274 writing with respect to a single-family home or duplex.

275 (2) (a) Unless otherwise agreed in writing, in addition to
 276 the requirements of subsection (1), the landlord of a dwelling
 277 unit other than a single-family home or duplex shall, at all
 278 times during the tenancy, make reasonable provisions for:

279 1. The extermination of rats, mice, roaches, ants, wood-
 280 destroying organisms, and bedbugs. When vacation of the premises

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281 is required for such extermination, the landlord is ~~shall~~ not be
 282 liable for damages but shall abate the rent. The tenant must
 283 ~~shall be required to~~ temporarily vacate the premises for a
 284 period of time not to exceed 4 days, on 7 days' written notice,
 285 if necessary, for extermination pursuant to this subparagraph.

- 286 2. Locks and keys.
- 287 3. The clean and safe condition of common areas.
- 288 4. Garbage removal and outside receptacles therefor.
- 289 5. Functioning facilities for heat during winter, running
 290 water, and hot water.
- 291 6. Screens.

292 (5) The landlord shall pay assessments due to a
 293 condominium, cooperative, or homeowners' association.

294 Section 7. Subsections (2) through (5) of section 83.56,
 295 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

296 83.56 Termination of rental agreement.—

297 (2) If the tenant materially fails to comply with s. 83.52
 298 or material provisions of the rental agreement, other than a
 299 failure to pay rent, or reasonable rules or regulations, the
 300 landlord may:

301 (a) If such noncompliance is of a nature that the tenant
 302 should not be given an opportunity to cure it ~~or if the~~
 303 ~~noncompliance constitutes a subsequent or continuing~~
 304 ~~noncompliance within 12 months of a written warning by the~~
 305 ~~landlord of a similar violation,~~ deliver a written notice to the
 306 tenant specifying the noncompliance and the landlord's intent to
 307 terminate the rental agreement by reason thereof. Examples of
 308 noncompliance which are of a nature that the tenant should not

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309 be given an opportunity to cure include, but are not limited to,
 310 destruction, damage, or misuse of the landlord's or other
 311 tenants' property by intentional act or a subsequent or
 312 continued unreasonable disturbance. In such event, the landlord
 313 may terminate the rental agreement, and the tenant shall have 7
 314 days from the date that the notice is delivered to vacate the
 315 premises. The notice shall be ~~adequate if it is~~ in substantially
 316 the following form:

317
 318 You are advised that your lease is terminated effective
 319 immediately. You shall have 7 days from the delivery of this
 320 letter to vacate the premises. This action is taken because
 321 ... (cite the noncompliance)....

322
 323 (b) If such noncompliance is of a nature that the tenant
 324 should be given an opportunity to cure it, deliver a written
 325 notice to the tenant specifying the noncompliance, including a
 326 notice that, if the noncompliance is not corrected within 7 days
 327 from the date the written notice is delivered, the landlord
 328 shall terminate the rental agreement by reason thereof. Examples
 329 of such noncompliance include, but are not limited to,
 330 activities in contravention of the lease or this part ~~act~~ such
 331 as having or permitting unauthorized pets, guests, or vehicles;
 332 parking in an unauthorized manner or permitting such parking; or
 333 failing to keep the premises clean and sanitary. An eviction
 334 action filed pursuant to this paragraph does not require a
 335 subsequent notice pursuant to paragraph (a). The notice shall be
 336 ~~adequate if it is~~ in substantially the following form:

337
 338 You are hereby notified that ...(cite the
 339 noncompliance).... Demand is hereby made that you remedy the
 340 noncompliance within 7 days of receipt of this notice or your
 341 lease shall be deemed terminated and you shall vacate the
 342 premises upon such termination. If this same conduct or conduct
 343 of a similar nature is repeated within 12 months, your tenancy
 344 is subject to termination without further warning and without
 345 your being given an opportunity to cure the noncompliance.
 346

347 (3) If the tenant fails to pay rent when due and the
 348 default continues for 3 days, excluding Saturday, Sunday, and
 349 legal holidays, after delivery of written demand by the landlord
 350 for payment of the rent or possession of the premises, the
 351 landlord may terminate the rental agreement. Legal holidays for
 352 the purpose of this section shall be court-observed holidays
 353 only. After service of the 3-day notice, the landlord may
 354 require payment of the rent to be by cash, money order, or
 355 certified funds. The total amount claimed may include all moneys
 356 owed to the landlord through the date of the notice, including
 357 late fees. The 3-day notice shall contain a statement in
 358 substantially the following form:
 359

360 You are hereby notified that you are indebted to me in the
 361 sum of dollars for the rent and use of the premises
 362 ...(address of leased premises, including county)..., Florida,
 363 now occupied by you and that I demand payment of the rent or
 364 possession of the premises within 3 days (excluding Saturday,

365 Sunday, and legal holidays) from the date of delivery of this
 366 notice, to wit: on or before the day of, ...(year)....
 367 ... (landlord's name, address and phone number)...

369 (4) The delivery of the written notices required by
 370 subsections (1), (2), and (3) shall be by mailing or delivery of
 371 a true copy thereof or, if the tenant is absent from the
 372 premises, by leaving a copy thereof at the residence. The notice
 373 requirements of subsections (1), (2), and (3) may not be waived
 374 in the lease.

375 (5) (a) If the landlord accepts rent with actual knowledge
 376 of a noncompliance by the tenant or accepts performance by the
 377 tenant of any other provision of the rental agreement that is at
 378 variance with its provisions, or if the tenant pays rent with
 379 actual knowledge of a noncompliance by the landlord or accepts
 380 performance by the landlord of any other provision of the rental
 381 agreement that is at variance with its provisions, the landlord
 382 or tenant waives his or her right to terminate the rental
 383 agreement or to bring a civil action for that noncompliance, but
 384 not for any subsequent or continuing noncompliance. However, a
 385 landlord does not waive the right to terminate the rental
 386 agreement or to bring a civil action for that noncompliance
 387 simply by accepting partial rent for the period if the landlord
 388 notifies the tenant that the landlord is reserving the right to
 389 enforce the rental agreement.

390 (b) Any tenant who wishes to defend against an action by
 391 the landlord for possession of the unit for noncompliance of the
 392 rental agreement or of relevant statutes must ~~shall~~ comply with

393 ~~the provisions in~~ s. 83.60(2). The court may not set a date for
 394 mediation or trial unless the provisions of s. 83.60(2) have
 395 been met, but shall enter a default judgment for removal of the
 396 tenant with a writ of possession to issue immediately if the
 397 tenant fails to comply with s. 83.60(2). This subsection does
 398 not apply to that portion of rent subsidies received from a
 399 local, state, or national government or an agency of local,
 400 state, or national government; however, waiver will occur if an
 401 action has not been instituted within 90 ~~45~~ days after ~~of~~ the
 402 noncompliance.

403 Section 8. Section 83.575, Florida Statutes, is amended to
 404 read:

405 83.575 Termination of tenancy with specific duration.—

406 (1) A rental agreement with a specific duration may
 407 contain a provision requiring the tenant to notify the landlord
 408 before vacating the premises at the end of the rental agreement
 409 if the provision also requires that the landlord notify the
 410 tenant if the rental agreement will not be renewed on the same
 411 terms; however, a rental agreement may not require more than 60
 412 days' notice from either the tenant or the landlord ~~before~~
 413 ~~vacating the premises.~~

414 (2) A rental agreement with a specific duration may
 415 provide that if a tenant fails to give the required notice
 416 before vacating the premises at the end of the rental agreement,
 417 the tenant may be liable for liquidated damages as specified in
 418 the rental agreement if the landlord provides written notice to
 419 the tenant specifying the tenant's obligations under the
 420 notification provision contained in the lease and the date the

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421 rental agreement is terminated. The landlord must provide such
 422 written notice to the tenant within 15 days before the start of
 423 the notification period contained in the lease. The written
 424 notice shall list all fees, penalties, and other charges
 425 applicable to the tenant under this subsection. The rental
 426 agreement must provide a reciprocal agreement that if the
 427 landlord fails to give the tenant the required timely notice of
 428 nonrenewal, the tenant may elect to continue the tenancy for up
 429 to 60 days after the tenant's receipt of notice of nonrenewal.

430 (3) If the tenant remains on the premises with the
 431 permission of the landlord after the rental agreement has
 432 terminated and fails to give notice required under s. 83.57(3),
 433 the tenant is liable to the landlord for an additional 1 month's
 434 rent.

435 Section 9. Section 83.58, Florida Statutes, is amended to
 436 read:

437 83.58 Remedies; tenant holding over.—If the tenant holds
 438 over and continues in possession of the dwelling unit or any
 439 part thereof after the expiration of the rental agreement
 440 without the permission of the landlord, the landlord may recover
 441 possession of the dwelling unit in the manner provided for in s.
 442 83.59 ~~{F.S. 1973}~~. The landlord may also recover double the
 443 amount of rent due on the dwelling unit, or any part thereof,
 444 for the period during which the tenant refuses to surrender
 445 possession.

446 Section 10. Subsection (2) of section 83.59, Florida
 447 Statutes, is amended to read:

448 83.59 Right of action for possession.—

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449 (2) A landlord, the landlord's attorney, or the landlord's
 450 agent, applying for the removal of a tenant, shall file in the
 451 county court of the county where the premises are situated a
 452 complaint describing the dwelling unit and stating the facts
 453 that authorize its recovery. A landlord's agent is not permitted
 454 to take any action other than the initial filing of the
 455 complaint, unless the landlord's agent is an attorney. The
 456 landlord is entitled to the summary procedure provided in s.
 457 51.011 ~~{F.S. 1971}~~, and the court shall advance the cause on the
 458 calendar.

459 Section 11. Section 83.60, Florida Statutes, is amended to
 460 read:

461 83.60 Defenses to action for rent or possession;
 462 procedure.—

463 (1) In an action by the landlord for possession of a
 464 dwelling unit based upon nonpayment of rent or in an action by
 465 the landlord under s. 83.55 seeking to recover unpaid rent, the
 466 tenant may defend upon the ground of a material noncompliance
 467 with s. 83.51(1) ~~{F.S. 1973}~~, or may raise any other defense,
 468 whether legal or equitable, that he or she may have, including
 469 the defense of retaliatory conduct in accordance with s. 83.64.
 470 The defense of a material noncompliance with s. 83.51(1) ~~{F.S.~~
 471 ~~1973}~~ may be raised by the tenant if 7 days have elapsed after
 472 the delivery of written notice by the tenant to the landlord,
 473 specifying the noncompliance and indicating the intention of the
 474 tenant not to pay rent by reason thereof. Such notice by the
 475 tenant may be given to the landlord, the landlord's
 476 representative as designated pursuant to s. 83.50~~(1)~~, a resident

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477 manager, or the person or entity who collects the rent on behalf
478 of the landlord. A material noncompliance with s. 83.51(1) ~~{F.S.~~
479 ~~1973}~~ by the landlord is a complete defense to an action for
480 possession based upon nonpayment of rent, and, upon hearing, the
481 court or the jury, as the case may be, shall determine the
482 amount, if any, by which the rent is to be reduced to reflect
483 the diminution in value of the dwelling unit during the period
484 of noncompliance with s. 83.51(1) ~~{F.S. 1973}~~. After
485 consideration of all other relevant issues, the court shall
486 enter appropriate judgment.

487 (2) In an action by the landlord for possession of a
488 dwelling unit, if the tenant interposes any defense other than
489 payment, the tenant shall pay into the registry of the court the
490 accrued rent as alleged in the complaint or as determined by the
491 court and the rent that ~~which~~ accrues during the pendency of the
492 proceeding, when due. The clerk shall notify the tenant of such
493 requirement in the summons. Failure of the tenant to pay the
494 rent into the registry of the court or to file a motion to
495 determine the amount of rent to be paid into the registry within
496 5 days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after
497 the date of service of process constitutes an absolute waiver of
498 the tenant's defenses other than payment, and the landlord is
499 entitled to an immediate default judgment for removal of the
500 tenant with a writ of possession to issue without further notice
501 or hearing thereon. If ~~In the event~~ a motion to determine rent
502 is filed, documentation in support of the allegation that the
503 rent as alleged in the complaint is in error is required. Public
504 housing tenants or tenants receiving rent subsidies are ~~shall be~~

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505 required to deposit only that portion of the full rent for which
 506 they are ~~the tenant is~~ responsible pursuant to the federal,
 507 state, or local program in which they are participating.

508 Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 83.62, Florida
 509 Statutes, is amended to read:

510 83.62 Restoration of possession to landlord.—

511 (1) In an action for possession, after entry of judgment
 512 in favor of the landlord, the clerk shall issue a writ to the
 513 sheriff describing the premises and commanding the sheriff to
 514 put the landlord in possession after 24 hours' notice
 515 conspicuously posted on the premises. Weekends and legal
 516 holidays do not stay the 24-hour notice period.

517 Section 13. Section 83.63, Florida Statutes, is amended to
 518 read:

519 83.63 Casualty damage.—If the premises are damaged or
 520 destroyed other than by the wrongful or negligent acts of the
 521 tenant so that the enjoyment of the premises is substantially
 522 impaired, the tenant may terminate the rental agreement and
 523 immediately vacate the premises. The tenant may vacate the part
 524 of the premises rendered unusable by the casualty, in which case
 525 the tenant's liability for rent shall be reduced by the fair
 526 rental value of that part of the premises damaged or destroyed.
 527 If the rental agreement is terminated, the landlord shall comply
 528 with s. 83.49(3) ~~{F.S. 1973}~~.

529 Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 83.64, Florida
 530 Statutes, is amended to read:

531 83.64 Retaliatory conduct.—

532 (1) It is unlawful for a landlord to discriminatorily

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533 increase a tenant's rent or decrease services to a tenant, or to
534 bring or threaten to bring an action for possession or other
535 civil action, primarily because the landlord is retaliating
536 against the tenant. In order for the tenant to raise the defense
537 of retaliatory conduct, the tenant must have acted in good
538 faith. Examples of conduct for which the landlord may not
539 retaliate include, but are not limited to, situations where:

540 (a) The tenant has complained to a governmental agency
541 charged with responsibility for enforcement of a building,
542 housing, or health code of a suspected violation applicable to
543 the premises;

544 (b) The tenant has organized, encouraged, or participated
545 in a tenants' organization;

546 (c) The tenant has complained to the landlord pursuant to
547 s. 83.56(1); ~~or~~

548 (d) The tenant is a servicemember who has terminated a
549 rental agreement pursuant to s. 83.682;

550 (e) The tenant has paid the rent to a condominium,
551 cooperative, or homeowners' association after demand from the
552 association in order to pay the landlord's obligation to the
553 association; or

554 (f) The tenant has exercised his or her rights under
555 local, state, or federal fair housing laws.

556 Section 15. Section 83.683, Florida Statutes, is created
557 to read:

558 83.683 Foreclosure of leased property.—

559 (1) A landlord is not required to notify a tenant of a
560 mortgage default.

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561 | (2) A pending foreclosure action involving the leased
562 | premises is not grounds for a tenant to terminate a lease.
563 | Section 16. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.