HB 965 2012

A bill to be entitled

An act for the relief of Aaron Edwards, a minor, and his parents, Mitzi Roden and Mark Edwards, by Lee Memorial Health System of Lee County; providing for an appropriation to compensate Aaron Edwards and his parents for damages sustained as a result of medical negligence by employees of Lee Memorial Health System of Lee County; providing a limitation on the payment of fees and costs; providing an effective date.

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WHEREAS, Mitzi Roden and Mark Edwards' only child, Aaron Edwards, was born on September 5, 2007, at Lee Memorial Hospital, and

WHEREAS, during Mitzi Roden's pregnancy, Mitzi Roden and Mark Edwards attended childbirth classes through Lee Memorial Health System and learned of the potentially devastating effect that the administration of Pitocin to augment labor may have on a mother and her unborn child when not carefully and competently monitored, and

WHEREAS, Mitzi Roden and Mark Edwards communicated directly to Nurse Midwife Patricia Hunsucker of Lee Memorial Health System of their desire to have a natural childbirth, and

WHEREAS, Mitzi Roden enjoyed an uneventful full-term pregnancy with Aaron Edwards, free from any complications, and

WHEREAS, on September 5, 2007, at 5:29 a.m., Mitzi Roden, at 41 and 5/7 weeks' gestation awoke to find that her membranes had ruptured, and

WHEREAS, when Mitzi Roden presented to the hospital on the

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morning of September 5, she was placed on a fetal monitoring machine that confirmed that Aaron Edwards was doing well and in very good condition, and

WHEREAS, Mitzi Roden tolerated well a period of labor from 9 a.m. until 12:30 p.m., but failed to progress in her labor to the point of being in active labor. At that time, Nurse Midwife Patricia Hunsucker informed Mitzi Roden and Mark Edwards that she would administer Pitocin to Mitzi in an attempt to speed up the labor, but both Mitzi Roden and Mark Edwards strenuously objected to the administration of Pitocin because of their knowledge about the potentially devastating effects it can have on a mother and child, including fetal distress and even death. Mitzi Roden and Mark Edwards informed Nurse Midwife Patricia Hunsucker that they would rather undergo a cesarean section than be administered Pitocin, but in spite of their objections, Nurse Midwife Patricia Hunsucker ordered that a Pitocin drip be administered to Mitzi Roden at an initial dose of 3 milliunits, to be increased by 3 milliunits every 30 minutes, and

WHEREAS, there was universal agreement by the experts called to testify at the trial in this matter that the administration of Pitocin over the express objections of Mitzi Roden and Mark Edwards was a violation of the standard of care, and

WHEREAS, for several hours during the afternoon of September 5, 2007, the dosage of Pitocin was consistently increased and Mitzi Roden began to experience contractions closer than every 2 minutes at 4:50 p.m., and began to experience excessive uterine contractility shortly before 6

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p.m., which should have been recognized by any reasonably competent obstetric care provider, and

WHEREAS, in spite of Mitzi Roden's excessive uterine contractility, the administration of Pitocin was inappropriately increased to 13 milliunits at 6:20 p.m. by Labor and Delivery Nurse Beth Jencks, which was a deviation from the acceptable standard of care for obstetric health care providers because, in fact, it should have been discontinued, and

WHEREAS, reasonable obstetric care required that Dr.

Duvall, the obstetrician who was ultimately responsible for

Mitzi Roden's labor and delivery, be notified of Mitzi Roden's

excessive uterine contractility and that she was not adequately

progressing in her labor, but the health care providers

overseeing Mitzi Roden's labor unreasonably failed to do so, and

WHEREAS, in spite of Mitzi Roden's excessive uterine contractility, the administration of Pitocin was increased to 14 milliunits at 7:15 p.m., when reasonable obstetric practices required that it be discontinued, and a knowledgeable obstetric care provider should have known that the continued use of Pitocin in the face of excessive uterine contractility posed an unreasonable risk to both Mitzi Roden and Aaron Edwards, and

WHEREAS, Lee Memorial's own obstetrical expert, Jeffrey Phelan, M.D., testified that Mitzi Roden experienced a tetanic contraction lasting longer than 90 seconds at 8:30 p.m., and Lee Memorial's own nurse midwife expert, Lynne Dollar, testified that she herself would have discontinued Pitocin at 8:30 p.m., and

WHEREAS, at 8:30 p.m., the administration of Pitocin was

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unreasonably and inappropriately increased to 15 milliunits when reasonable obstetric practices required that it be discontinued, and

WHEREAS, at 9 p.m., Nurse Midwife Hunsucker visited Mitzi Roden at bedside, but mistakenly believed that the level of Pitocin remained at 9 milliunits, when, in fact, it had been increased to 15 milliunits, and further, she failed to appreciate and correct Mitzi Roden's excessive uterine contractility, and

WHEREAS, Lynne Dollar acknowledged that it is below the standard of care for Nurse Midwife Patricia Hunsucker to not know the correct level of Pitocin being administered to her patient, Mitzi Roden, and

WHEREAS, at 9:30 p.m., the administration of Pitocin was again unreasonably and inappropriately increased to 16 milliunits, when reasonable obstetric practice required that it be discontinued in light of Mitzi Roden's excessive uterine contractility and intrauterine pressure, and

WHEREAS, at 9:40 p.m., Aaron Edwards could no longer compensate for the increasingly intense periods of hypercontractility and excessive intrauterine pressure brought on by the overuse and poor management of Pitocin administration, and suffered a reasonably foreseeable and predictable severe episode of bradycardia, where his heart rate plummeted to life-endangering levels, which necessitated an emergency cesarean section. Not until Aaron Edwards' heart rate crashed at 9:40 p.m. did Nurse Midwife Patricia Hunsucker consult with her supervising obstetrician, Diana Duvall, M.D., having not

discussed with Dr. Duvall her care and treatment of Mitzi Roden's labor since 12:30 p.m. Because Dr. Duvall had not been kept informed about the status of Mitzi Roden's labor, she was not on the hospital grounds at the time Aaron Edwards' heart rate crashed, and another obstetrician who was unfamiliar with Mitzi Roden's labor performed the emergency cesarean section to save Aaron Edwards' life, and

WHEREAS, there existed at the time of Mitzi Roden's labor and delivery a compensation system whereby a nurse midwife such as Patricia Hunsucker had a financial disincentive to consult with her supervising obstetrician during the period of labor, and

WHEREAS, Lee Memorial Health System had in place at the time of Mitzi Roden's labor and delivery rules regulating the use of Pitocin for the augmentation of labor which required that Pitocin be discontinued immediately upon the occurrence of tetanic contractions, nonreassuring fetal heart-rate patterns, or contractions closer than every 2 minutes, and

WHEREAS, in violation of rules regulating the use of Pitocin for the augmentation of labor, Labor and Delivery Nurse Beth Jencks and Nurse Midwife Patricia Hunsucker failed to immediately discontinue the administration of Pitocin in the face of hyperstimulated uterine contractions and excessive intrauterine pressure and increased the amount of Pitocin being administered to Mitzi Roden or remained completely unaware that the levels of Pitocin were being repeatedly increased, and

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injuries to his brain as a consequence of the acute hypoxic

WHEREAS, Aaron Edwards suffered permanent and catastrophic

ischemic episode at birth, and

WHEREAS, Aaron Edwards currently and for the remainder of his life will suffer from spastic and dystonic cerebral palsy and quadriparesis, rendering him totally and permanently disabled, and

WHEREAS, Aaron Edwards currently and for the remainder of his life will not be able to orally communicate other than to his closest caregivers, and is entirely dependent on a computer tablet communication board for speech, and

WHEREAS, Aaron Edwards suffers from profound physical limitations affecting all four of his limbs such that he requires supervision 24 hours a day and cannot feed, bathe, dress, or protect himself, and

WHEREAS, Aaron Edwards will never be able to enter the competitive job market and will require a lifetime of medical, therapeutic, rehabilitation, and nursing care, and

WHEREAS, after a 6-week trial, a jury in Lee County returned a verdict in favor of Aaron Edwards, Mitzi Roden, and Mark Edwards, finding Lee Memorial Health System 100 percent responsible for Aaron Edwards' catastrophic and entirely preventable injuries and awarded a total of \$28,477,966.48 to the Guardianship of Aaron Edwards, \$1,340,000 to Mitzi Roden, and \$1 million to Mark Edwards, and

WHEREAS, the court also awarded Aaron Edwards, Mitzi Roden, and Mark Edwards \$174,969.65 in taxable costs, and

WHEREAS, Lee Memorial Health System tendered \$200,000 toward payment of this claim, in accordance with the statutory limits of liability set forth in s. 768.28, Florida Statutes,

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NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. The facts stated in the preamble to this act are found and declared to be true.

Section 2. Lee Memorial Health System, formerly known as the Hospital Board of Directors of Lee County, is authorized and directed to appropriate from funds of the county not otherwise appropriated and to draw the following warrants as compensation for the medical malpractice committed against Aaron Edwards and Mitzi Roden:

- (1) The sum of \$28,454,838.43, payable to the Guardianship of Aaron Edwards;
- 183 (2) The sum of \$1,338,989.67, payable to Mitzi Roden; and
 - (3) The sum of \$999,199.03, payable to Mark Edwards.

Section 3. The amount paid by Lee Memorial Health System pursuant to s. 768.28, Florida Statutes, and the amount awarded under this act are intended to provide the sole compensation for all present and future claims arising out of the factual situation described in this act which resulted in the injuries suffered by Aaron Edwards. The total amount paid for attorney's fees, lobbying fees, costs, and other similar expenses relating to this claim may not exceed 25 percent of the total amount awarded under this act.

Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.