Florida Senate - 2013 Bill No. PCS (688260) for CS for SB 1076



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senat	e	•	House
Comm: H	RCS		
03/28/2	013	•	
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The Committee on Appropriations (Montford) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Between lines 745 and 746

insert:

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11 12 Section 9. Section 1003.4291, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1003.4291 Accelerated high school graduation options.-

(1) A student who enters grade 9 in the 2013-2014 school

year and thereafter may select, upon receipt of each consent

required by this section, one of the following three high school graduation options:

(a) Completion of the general requirements for high school

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13	graduation pursuant to s. 1003.428, s. 1003.4282, or s. 1003.43,
14	as applicable.
15	(b) Completion of a 3-year standard college preparatory
16	program requiring successful completion of a minimum of 18
17	academic credits in grades 9 through 12. At least 6 of the 18
18	credits required for completion of this program must be received
19	in classes that are offered pursuant to the International
20	Baccalaureate Program, the Advanced Placement Program, dual
21	enrollment, or the Advanced International Certificate of
22	Education or that are specifically listed or identified by the
23	Department of Education as containing rigorous academic
24	curriculum and performance standards pursuant to s. 1009.531(3).
25	The 18 credits required for completion of this program are
26	primary requirements and shall be distributed as follows:
27	1. Four credits in English Language Arts (ELA). The four
28	credits must be in ELA I, II, III, and IV.
29	2. Four credits in mathematics at the Algebra I level or
30	higher from the list of courses that qualify for state
31	university admission. A student must pass the Algebra I end-of-
32	course (EOC) assessment until the state transitions to a common
33	core Algebra I assessment, after which time a student must pass
34	the common core assessment to earn the required credit in
35	Algebra I. In addition to the Algebra I credit requirement, one
36	of the four credits in mathematics must be in geometry or a
37	series of courses equivalent to geometry as approved by the
38	State Board of Education. A student must pass the Geometry EOC
39	assessment or common core assessment in order to earn the
40	required credit. In addition to the Algebra I and geometry
41	credit requirements, one of the four credits in mathematics must



42 be in Algebra II or a series of courses equivalent to Algebra II as approved by the State Board of Education. When the state 43 44 administers a common core Algebra II assessment, a student must 45 pass the Algebra II common core assessment to earn the required 46 credit in Algebra II. Industry certification courses that lead 47 to college credit may substitute for up to two mathematics 48 credits. 49 3. Three credits in science, two of which must have a 50 laboratory component. One of the three credits in science must 51 be in Biology I or a series of courses equivalent to Biology I 52 as approved by the State Board of Education. For a student to 53 earn the required credit in Biology I, the student must pass the Biology I EOC assessment. One credit must be in chemistry or 54 55 physics or a series of courses equivalent to chemistry or 56 physics, as approved by the State Board of Education, and one 57 credit must be an equally rigorous course approved by the State 58 Board of Education. Industry certification courses that lead to 59 college credit may substitute for up to one science credit. 60 4. Three credits in social sciences, which must include one 61 credit in United States history, one credit in world history, 62 one-half credit in United States government, and one-half credit in economics, including financial literacy. A student must pass 63 64 the United States History EOC assessment to earn the required 65 credit. 66 5. Two credits in the same second language unless the 67 student is a native speaker of, or can otherwise demonstrate 68 competency in, a language other than English. If the student 69 demonstrates competency in another language, the student may 70 replace the language requirement with two credits in other

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71	academic courses.
72	6. Two credits in electives.
73	(c) Completion of a 3-year career preparatory program
74	requiring successful completion of a minimum of 18 academic
75	credits in grades 9 through 12. The 18 credits shall be primary
76	requirements and shall be distributed as follows:
77	1. Four credits in English language arts (ELA). The four
78	credits must be in ELA I, II, III, and IV.
79	2. Four credits in mathematics, one of which must be in
80	Algebra I. A student must pass the Algebra I EOC assessment
81	until the state transitions to a common core Algebra I
82	assessment, after which time a student must pass the common core
83	assessment in order to earn the required credit in Algebra I. In
84	addition to the Algebra I credit requirement, one of the four
85	credits in mathematics must be in geometry or a series of
86	courses equivalent to geometry, as approved by the State Board
87	of Education. A student must pass the geometry EOC assessment or
88	common core assessment in order for a student to earn the
89	required credit in geometry. In addition to the Algebra I and
90	geometry credit requirements, one of the four credits in
91	mathematics must be in Algebra II or a series of courses
92	equivalent to Algebra II as approved by the State Board of
93	Education. When the state administers a common core Algebra II
94	assessment, a student must pass the Algebra II common core
95	assessment to earn the required credit in Algebra II. Industry
96	certification courses that lead to college credit may substitute
97	for up to two math credits.
98	3. Three credits in science, two of which must have a
99	laboratory component. One of the three credits in science must
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100	be in Biology I or a series of courses equivalent to Biology I,
101	as approved by the State Board of Education. A student must pass
102	the Biology I EOC assessment to earn the required credit in
103	Biology I. One credit must be in chemistry or physics or a
104	series of courses equivalent to chemistry or physics, as
105	approved by the State Board of Education, and one credit must be
106	in an equally rigorous course approved by the State Board of
107	Education.
108	4. Three credits in social sciences, which must include one
109	credit in United States history, one credit in world history,
110	one-half credit in United States government, and one-half credit
111	in economics, including financial literacy. A student must pass
112	the United States History EOC assessment to earn the required
113	credit.
114	5. Three credits in a single vocational or career education
115	program, three credits in career and technical certificate dual
116	enrollment courses, or five credits in vocational or career
117	education courses.
118	6. One credit in electives unless five credits are earned
119	under subparagraph 5.
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121	The required credits in the three high school graduation options
122	specified in this subsection may be earned through equivalent,
123	applied, or integrated courses or career education courses as
124	defined in s. 1003.01(4), including work-related internships
125	approved by the State Board of Education and identified in the
126	Course Code Directory. However, any must-pass assessment
127	requirements must be met. An equivalent course is one or more
128	courses identified by content area experts as being a match to



129 the core curricular content of another course, based upon review of the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards for that 130 131 subject. An applied course is a course that aligns with Next 132 Generation Sunshine State Standards and includes real-world 133 applications of a career and technical education standards used 134 in business or industry. An integrated course is a course that 135 includes content from several courses within a content area or 136 across content areas. 137 (2) Before selecting a program listed in paragraph (1)(b) 138 or paragraph (1)(c), a student and his or her parent may meet 139 with designated school personnel to receive an explanation of 140 the relative requirements, advantages, and disadvantages of each program option, and the student must receive the written consent 141 142 of the student's parent to make a selection. If an effort to 143 meet with the student's parent fails and that effort has been 144 documented by designated school personnel, the student may 145 select a program described in paragraph (1)(b) or paragraph (1) (c) with the written consent of the student's parent. A 146 147 student may select a program described in paragraph (1)(b) or 148 paragraph (1)(c) without the written consent of the student's 149 parent if the student is 18 years of age or older. 150 (3) Each district school board shall provide each student

151 <u>in grades 6 through 12 and his or her parents with information</u> 152 <u>relating to the 3-year and 4-year high school graduation options</u> 153 <u>specified in subsection (1), including the respective curriculum</u> 154 <u>requirements for those options, so that each student and his or</u> 155 <u>her parents may select the program that best fits the student's</u> 156 <u>needs. The information must include a timeframe for achieving</u> 157 <u>each graduation option.</u>

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158	(4) The student may select one of the graduation options
159	specified in subsection (1) at any time during grades 9 through
160	12, subject to the requirements in subsection (2). If the
161	student and parent fail to select one of the accelerated high
162	school graduation options, the student shall be considered to
163	have selected the general requirements for high school
164	graduation listed in paragraph (1)(a).
165	(5) A district school board may not establish requirements
166	for accelerated 3-year high school graduation options in excess
167	of the requirements in paragraphs (1)(b) and (c). For courses
168	that require statewide, standardized EOC assessments under s.
169	1008.22(3)(c)5., a minimum of 30 percent of a student's course
170	grade is composed of performance on the statewide, standardized
171	end-of-course assessment.
172	(6) A student who pursues one of the accelerated 3-year
173	high school graduation options specified in paragraph (1)(b) or
174	paragraph (1)(c) is required to:
175	(a) Earn passing scores on the FCAT as provided in s.
176	1008.22 or on a standardized test which are concordant with
177	passing scores on the FCAT as provided in s. 1008.22.
178	(b)1. Achieve a cumulative weighted grade point average of
179	3.5 on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required
180	for the college preparatory accelerated 3-year high school
181	graduation option specified in paragraph (1)(b); or
182	2. Achieve a cumulative weighted grade point average of 3.0
183	on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required for
184	the career preparatory accelerated 3-year high school graduation
185	option specified in paragraph (1)(c).
186	(c) Receive a weighted or unweighted grade that earns at

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187	least 3.0 points, or its equivalent, to earn course credit
188	toward the 18 credits required for the college preparatory
189	accelerated 3-year high school graduation option specified in
190	paragraph (1)(b).
191	(d) Receive a weighted or unweighted grade that earns at
192	least 2.0 points, or its equivalent, to earn course credit
193	toward the 18 credits required for the career preparatory
194	accelerated 3-year high school graduation option specified in
195	paragraph (1)(c).
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197	Weighted grades referred to in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) are
198	applied to those courses specifically listed or identified by
199	the department as rigorous pursuant to s. 1009.531(3) or
200	weighted by the district school board for class ranking
201	purposes.
202	(7) If, at the end of each grade, a student is not on track
203	to meet the credit, assessment, or grade point average
204	requirements of the accelerated graduation option selected, the
205	school shall notify the student and parent of the following:
206	(a) The requirements that the student is not currently
207	meeting.
208	(b) The specific performance necessary in grade 11 for the
209	student to meet the accelerated graduation requirements.
210	(c) The right of the student to change to the 4-year
211	program set forth in s. 1003.428, s. 1003.4282, or s. 1003.43,
212	as applicable.
213	(8) A student who selects one of the accelerated 3-year
214	graduation options shall automatically move to the the 4-year
215	high school graduation option established under s. 1003.428, s.

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216	1003.4282, or s. 1003.43, if applicable, if the student:
217	(a) Exercises his or her right to change to the 4-year high
218	school graduation program;
219	(b) Fails to earn five credits by the end of grade 9 or
220	fails to earn 11 credits by the end of grade 10;
221	(c) Does not achieve a score of 3 or higher on the grade 10
222	FCAT Writing assessment; or
223	(d) By the end of grade 11, does not meet the requirements
224	of subsections (1) and (6).
225	(9) A student who meets all requirements prescribed in
226	subsections (1) and (6) shall be awarded a standard diploma in a
227	form prescribed by the State Board of Education.
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230	And the title is amended as follows:
231	Delete line 61
232	and insert:
233	high school graduation; creating s. 1003.4291, F.S.;
234	providing requirements for accelerated high school
235	graduation options; establishing an 18-credit
236	requirement; providing course and assessment
237	requirements; amending s. 1003.4295, F.S.;