By Senator Hays

	11-01142A-13 20131262
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe
3	Fund; amending s. 215.555, F.S.; revising the
4	definitions for "corporation," "covered policy," and
5	"retention"; providing for calculation of an insurer's
6	reimbursement premium and retention under the
7	reimbursement contract; revising coverage levels
8	available under the reimbursement contract; revising
9	aggregate coverage limits; providing for the phase-in
10	of changes to coverage levels and limits; changing the
11	name of the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance
12	Corporation to the State Board of Administration
13	Finance Corporation; deleting obsolete provisions
14	related to temporary emergency options for additional
15	coverage; terminating the temporary increase in
16	coverage limit options at the end of the 2012-2013
17	contract year; deleting other obsolete provisions;
18	amending s. 627.062, F.S.; deleting a provision
19	prohibiting the recoupment of certain costs; amending
20	ss. 624.424, 627.0629, 627.351, F.S.; conforming
21	cross-references; authorizing the State Board of
22	Administration to adopt emergency rules if necessary
23	and providing applicability; providing an effective
24	date.
25	
26	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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28	Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 215.555, Florida
29	Statutes, is reordered and amended, and paragraphs (b) and (c)

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    of subsection (4), paragraph (d) of subsection (6), and
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    subsections (16) through (18) of that section are amended, to
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    read:
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         215.555 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.-
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         (2) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term:
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         (b) (a) "Actuarially indicated" means, with respect to
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    premiums paid by insurers for reimbursement provided by the
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    fund, an amount determined according to principles of actuarial
    science to be adequate, but not excessive, in the aggregate, to
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    pay current and future obligations and expenses of the fund,
    including additional amounts if needed to pay debt service on
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    revenue bonds issued under this section and to provide required
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    debt service coverage in excess of the amounts required to pay
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    actual debt service on revenue bonds issued under subsection
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    (6), and determined according to principles of actuarial science
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    to reflect each insurer's relative exposure to hurricane losses.
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         (f) (b) "Covered event" means any one storm declared to be a
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    hurricane by the National Hurricane Center, which storm causes
    insured losses in this state.
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         (g) (c) "Covered policy" means an any insurance policy
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    covering residential property in this state, including, but not
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    limited to, a any homeowner's, mobile home owner's, farm
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    owner's, condominium association, condominium unit owner's,
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53 tenant's, or apartment building policy, or any other policy 54 covering a residential structure or its contents issued by <u>an</u> 55 any authorized insurer, including a commercial self-insurance 56 fund holding a certificate of authority issued by the Office of 57 Insurance Regulation under s. 624.462, the Citizens Property 58 Insurance Corporation, and any joint underwriting association or

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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11-01142A-13 20131262 59 similar entity created under law. The term "covered policy" 60 includes a any collateral protection insurance policy covering 61 personal residences which protects both the borrower's and the 62 lender's financial interests, in an amount at least equal to the 63 coverage for the dwelling in place under the lapsed homeowner's 64 policy, if such policy can be accurately reported as required in subsection (5). The term also includes Additionally, covered 65 66 policies include policies covering the peril of wind removed from the Florida Residential Property and Casualty Joint 67 68 Underwriting Association or from the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, created under s. 627.351(6), or from the Florida 69 Windstorm Underwriting Association, created under s. 627.351(2), 70 71 by an authorized insurer under the terms and conditions of an 72 executed assumption agreement between the authorized insurer and 73 such association or Citizens Property Insurance Corporation. 74 Each assumption agreement between the association and such 75 authorized insurer or Citizens Property Insurance Corporation 76 must be approved by the Office of Insurance Regulation before 77 the effective date of the assumption, and the office of 78 Insurance Regulation must provide written notification to the 79 board within 15 working days after such approval. The term 80 "Covered policy" does not include any policy that excludes wind 81 coverage or hurricane coverage or any reinsurance agreement or 82 and does not include any policy otherwise meeting this 83 definition which is issued by a surplus lines insurer or a 84 reinsurer. All commercial residential excess policies and all 85 deductible buy-back policies that, based on sound actuarial principles, require individual ratemaking must shall be excluded 86 87 by rule if the actuarial soundness of the fund is not

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11-01142A-13 20131262 88 jeopardized. For this purpose, the term "excess policy" means a 89 policy that provides insurance protection for large commercial 90 property risks and that provides a layer of coverage above a 91 primary layer insured by another insurer. 92 (1) (d) "Losses" means all incurred losses under covered 93 policies, including additional living expenses of up to not to 94 exceed 40 percent of the insured value of a residential 95 structure or its contents and amounts paid as fees on behalf of or inuring to the benefit of a policyholder. The term does not 96 97 include: 1. Losses for fair rental value, loss of rent or rental 98 99 income, or business interruption losses; 100 2. Losses under liability coverages; 101 3. Property losses that are proximately caused by any peril 102 other than a covered event, including, but not limited to, fire, 103 theft, flood or rising water, or windstorm that does not 104 constitute a covered event; 105 4. Amounts paid as the result of a voluntary expansion of coverage by the insurer, including, but not limited to, a waiver 106 107 of an applicable deductible; 5. Amounts paid to reimburse a policyholder for condominium 108 109 association or homeowners' association loss assessments or under 110 similar coverages for contractual liabilities; 6. Amounts paid as bad faith awards, punitive damage 111 awards, or other court-imposed fines, sanctions, or penalties; 112 113 7. Amounts in excess of the coverage limits under the 114 covered policy; or 115 8. Allocated or unallocated loss adjustment expenses. (n) (e) "Retention" means the amount of losses below which 116

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117	an insurer is not entitled to reimbursement from the fund. An
118	insurer's retention shall be calculated as follows:
119	1. The board shall calculate and report to each insurer the
120	retention multiples for that year. For the contract year
121	beginning June 1, 2005, the retention multiple shall be equal to
122	\$4.5 billion divided by the total estimated reimbursement
123	premium for the contract year; for subsequent years, the
124	retention multiple shall be equal to \$4.5 billion, adjusted
125	based upon the reported exposure for the contract year occurring
126	2 years before the particular contract year to reflect the
127	percentage growth in exposure to the fund for covered policies
128	since 2004, divided by the total estimated reimbursement premium
129	for the contract year. Total reimbursement premium for purposes
130	of the calculation under this subparagraph shall be estimated
131	using the assumption that all insurers have selected the 90-
132	percent coverage level.
133	2. The retention multiple as determined under subparagraph
134	1. shall be adjusted to reflect the coverage level elected by
135	the insurer. For insurers electing the 90-percent coverage
136	level, the adjusted retention multiple is 100 percent of the
137	amount determined under subparagraph 1. For insurers electing
138	the 75-percent coverage level, the retention multiple is 120
139	percent of the amount determined under subparagraph 1. For
140	insurers electing the 45-percent coverage level, the adjusted
141	retention multiple is 200 percent of the amount determined under
142	subparagraph 1.
143	3. An insurer shall determine its provisional retention by
144	multiplying its provisional reimbursement premium by the

145 applicable adjusted retention multiple and shall determine its

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146	actual retention by multiplying its actual reimbursement premium
147	by the applicable adjusted retention multiple.
148	4. For insurers who experience multiple covered events
149	causing loss during the contract year, beginning June 1, 2005,
150	each insurer's full retention shall be applied to each of the
151	covered events causing the two largest losses for that insurer.
152	For each other covered event resulting in losses, the insurer's
153	retention shall be reduced to one-third of the full retention.
154	The reimbursement contract shall provide for the reimbursement
155	of losses for each covered event based on the full retention
156	with adjustments made to reflect the reduced retentions on or
157	after January 1 of the contract year provided the insurer
158	reports its losses as specified in the reimbursement contract.
159	(o) (f) "Workers' compensation" includes both workers'
160	compensation and excess workers' compensation insurance.
161	<u>(c) (g)</u> "Bond" means any bond, debenture, note, or other
162	evidence of financial indebtedness issued under this section.

(h) "Debt service" means the amount required in any fiscal year to pay the principal of, redemption premium, if any, and interest on revenue bonds and any amounts required by the terms of documents authorizing, securing, or providing liquidity for revenue bonds necessary to maintain in effect any such liquidity or security arrangements.

(i) "Debt service coverage" means the amount, if any,
required by the documents under which revenue bonds are issued,
which <u>must</u> amount is to be received in any fiscal year in excess
of the amount required to pay debt service for such fiscal year.

173 <u>(k) (j)</u> "Local government" means a unit of general purpose 174 local government as defined in s. 218.31(2).

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175	<u>(m)(k)</u> "Pledged revenues" means all or any portion of
176	revenues to be derived from reimbursement premiums under
177	subsection (5) or from emergency assessments under paragraph
178	(6)(b), as determined by the board.
179	<u>(j)</u> (1) "Estimated claims-paying capacity" means the sum of
180	the projected year-end balance of the fund as of December 31 of
181	a contract year, plus any reinsurance purchased by the fund, <u>and</u>
182	plus the board's estimate of the board's borrowing capacity.
183	<u>(a) (m)</u> "Actual claims-paying capacity" means the sum of the
184	balance of the fund as of December 31 of a contract year, plus
185	any reinsurance purchased by the fund, <u>and</u> plus the amount the
186	board is able to raise through the issuance of revenue bonds
187	under subsection (6).
188	<u>(e) (n)</u> "Corporation" means the <u>State Board of</u>
189	Administration Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance
190	Corporation created in paragraph (6)(d).
191	<u>(d)</u> "Contract year" means the period beginning on June 1
192	of a specified calendar year and ending on May 31 of the
193	following calendar year.
194	(4) REIMBURSEMENT CONTRACTS
195	(b) 1. An insurer's retention shall be calculated as
196	follows:
197	a. The board shall calculate and report to each insurer the
198	retention multiples for that year. For the contract year, the
199	retention multiple is equal to \$4.5 billion, adjusted to reflect
200	the percentage growth in exposure to the fund for covered
201	policies since 2004 based upon the reported exposure for the
202	contract year occurring 2 years before the particular contract
203	year, divided by the total estimated reimbursement premium for

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204	the contract year. Total reimbursement premium for purposes of
205	this calculation shall be estimated using the assumption that
206	all insurers have selected the 90-percent coverage level.
207	b. In order to implement the phase-in of reduced coverage
208	levels as provided in subparagraph 2., total reimbursement
209	premium for purposes of the calculation under sub-subparagraph
210	a. shall be estimated using the following assumptions:
211	(I) For the 2013-2014 contract year, the assumption is that
212	all insurers have selected the 85-percent coverage level.
213	(II) For the 2014-2015 contract year, the assumption is
214	that all insurers have selected the 80-percent coverage level.
215	(III) For the 2015-2016 contract year and subsequent
216	contract years, the assumption is that all insurers have
217	selected the 75-percent coverage level.
218	c. The retention multiple shall be adjusted to reflect the
219	coverage level elected by the insurer.
220	(I) For an insurer electing the maximum coverage level
221	under subparagraph 2. for a particular contract year, the
222	adjusted retention multiple is 100 percent of the amount
223	determined under sub-subparagraph a.
224	(II) In order to implement the phase-in of reduced coverage
225	levels under subparagraph 2., for an insurer electing a coverage
226	level other than the maximum coverage level:
227	(A) For the 2013-2014 contract year, for an insurer
228	electing the 75-percent coverage level, the retention multiple
229	is 85/75ths of the amount determined under sub-subparagraph a.,
230	and for an insurer electing the 45-percent coverage level, the
231	adjusted retention multiple is 85/45ths of the amount determined
232	under sub-subparagraph a.

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233	(B) For the 2014-2015 contract year, for an insurer
234	electing the 75-percent coverage level, the retention multiple
235	is 80/75ths of the amount determined under sub-subparagraph a.,
236	and for an insurer electing the 45-percent coverage level, the
237	retention multiple is 80/45ths of the amount determined under
238	sub-subparagraph a.
239	(C) For the 2015-2016 contract year and subsequent contract
240	years, for an insurer electing the 45-percent coverage level,
241	the retention multiple is 75/45ths of the amount determined
242	under sub-subparagraph a.
243	d. An insurer shall determine its provisional retention by
244	multiplying its provisional reimbursement premium by the
245	applicable adjusted retention multiple and determine its actual
246	retention by multiplying its actual reimbursement premium by the
247	applicable adjusted retention multiple.
248	e. For insurers who experience multiple covered events
249	causing loss during the contract year, beginning June 1, 2005,
250	each insurer's full retention shall be applied to each of the
251	covered events causing the two largest losses for that insurer.
252	For each other covered event resulting in losses, the insurer's
253	retention shall be reduced to one-third of the full retention.
254	The reimbursement contract must provide for the reimbursement of
255	losses for each covered event based on the full retention with
256	adjustments that reflect the reduced retentions on or after
257	January 1 of the contract year if the insurer reports its losses
258	as specified in the reimbursement contract.
259	<u>2.</u> 1. The contract <u>must</u> shall contain a promise by the board
260	to reimburse the insurer for <u>a specified percentage</u> 45 percent,
261	75 percent, or 90 percent of its losses from each covered event

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262	in excess of the insurer's retention, plus $\underline{10}$ $\underline{5}$ percent of the
263	reimbursed losses to cover loss adjustment expenses.
264	a. The available coverage levels are as follows:
265	(I) For the 2013-2014 contract year, 85 percent, 75
266	percent, and 45 percent.
267	(II) For the 2014-2015 contract year, 80 percent, 75
268	percent, and 45 percent.
269	(III) For the 2015-2016 contract year and subsequent
270	contract years, 75 percent and 45 percent.
271	3.2. The insurer must elect one of the percentage coverage
272	levels specified in <u>subparagraph 2. this paragraph</u> and may, upon
273	renewal of a reimbursement contract, elect a lower percentage
274	coverage level if no revenue bonds issued under subsection (6)
275	after a covered event are outstanding, or elect a higher
276	percentage coverage level, regardless of whether or not revenue
277	bonds are outstanding. All members of an insurer group must
278	elect the same percentage coverage level. <u>A</u> Any joint
279	underwriting association, risk apportionment plan, or other
280	entity created under s. 627.351 must elect the maximum $90-$
281	percent coverage level <u>available under subparagraph 2</u> .
282	4. In order to implement the phase-in of reduced coverage
283	levels, and notwithstanding subparagraph 2., if revenue bonds
284	issued under subsection (6) after a covered event are
285	outstanding and the insurer has elected the maximum coverage
286	level available under subparagraph 2., the insurer must, upon
287	renewal of the reimbursement contract, elect the maximum
288	coverage level for the renewal contract year.
289	5.3. The contract <u>must</u> shall provide that reimbursement
290	amounts <u>are</u> shall not be reduced by reinsurance paid or payable

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291	to the insurer from other sources.
292	4. Notwithstanding any other provision contained in this
293	section, the board shall make available to insurers that
294	purchased coverage provided by this subparagraph in 2008,
295	insurers qualifying as limited apportionment companies under s.
296	627.351(6)(c), and insurers that have been approved to
297	participate in the Insurance Capital Build-Up Incentive Program
298	pursuant to s. 215.5595 a contract or contract addendum that
299	provides an additional amount of reimbursement coverage of up to
300	\$10 million. The premium to be charged for this additional
301	reimbursement coverage shall be 50 percent of the additional
302	reimbursement coverage provided, which shall include one prepaid
303	reinstatement. The minimum retention level that an eligible
304	participating insurer must retain associated with this
305	additional coverage layer is 30 percent of the insurer's surplus
306	as of December 31, 2008, for the 2009-2010 contract year; as of
307	December 31, 2009, for the 2010-2011 contract year; and as of
308	December 31, 2010, for the 2011-2012 contract year. This
309	coverage shall be in addition to all other coverage that may be
310	provided under this section. The coverage provided by the fund
311	under this subparagraph shall be in addition to the claims-
312	paying capacity as defined in subparagraph (c)1., but only with
313	respect to those insurers that select the additional coverage
314	option and meet the requirements of this subparagraph. The
315	claims-paying capacity with respect to all other participating
316	insurers and limited apportionment companies that do not select
317	the additional coverage option shall be limited to their
318	reimbursement premium's proportionate share of the actual
319	claims-paying capacity otherwise defined in subparagraph (c)1.

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320	and as provided for under the terms of the reimbursement
321	contract. The optional coverage retention as specified shall be
322	accessed before the mandatory coverage under the reimbursement
323	contract, but once the limit of coverage selected under this
324	option is exhausted, the insurer's retention under the mandatory
325	coverage will apply. This coverage will apply and be paid
326	concurrently with mandatory coverage. This subparagraph expires
327	on May 31, 2012.
328	(c) 1. The contract <u>must</u> shall also provide that the
329	obligation of the board with respect to all contracts covering a
330	particular contract year shall not exceed the actual claims-
331	paying capacity of the fund up to the limit specified in this
332	paragraph.
333	1. Fund limits are as follow:
334	a. For the 2013-2014 contract year, the limit is \$16
335	billion.
336	b. For the 2014-2015 contract year, the limit is \$15
337	billion.
338	c. For the 2015-2016 contract year and subsequent contract
339	years, the limit is \$14 billion, except as provided in
340	subparagraph 2
341	2. For contract years after the 2015-2016 contract year, if
342	a limit of \$17 billion for that contract year, unless the board
343	determines that there is sufficient estimated claims-paying
344	capacity to provide $\frac{\$14}{\$17}$ billion of capacity for the current
345	contract year and an additional $\frac{\$14}{\$17}$ billion of capacity for
346	subsequent contract years. If the board makes such a
347	determination, the estimated claims-paying capacity for the
348	particular contract year shall be determined by adding to the

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11-01142A-13 20131262 349 \$14 \$17 billion limit one-half of the fund's estimated claims-350 paying capacity in excess of \$28 \$34 billion. However, the 351 dollar growth in the limit may not increase in any year by an 352 amount greater than the dollar growth of the balance of the fund 353 as of December 31, less any premiums or interest attributable to optional coverage, as defined by rule, which occurred over the 354 355 prior calendar year. 356 3.2. In May and October of the contract year, the board 357 shall publish in the Florida Administrative Register Weekly a 358 statement of the fund's estimated borrowing capacity, the fund's 359 estimated claims-paying capacity, and the projected balance of 360 the fund as of December 31. After the end of each calendar year, 361 the board shall notify insurers of the estimated borrowing 362 capacity, estimated claims-paying capacity, and the balance of 363 the fund as of December 31 to provide insurers with data 364 necessary to assist them in determining their retention and 365 projected payout from the fund for loss reimbursement purposes. 366 In conjunction with the development of the premium formula, as

367 provided for in subsection (5), the board shall publish factors 368 or multiples that assist insurers in determining their retention 369 and projected payout for the next contract year. For all 370 regulatory and reinsurance purposes, an insurer may calculate 371 its projected payout from the fund as its share of the total 372 fund premium for the current contract year multiplied by the sum 373 of the projected balance of the fund as of December 31 and the 374 estimated borrowing capacity for that contract year as reported 375 under this subparagraph.

- 376 (6)
- 377
- (6) REVENUE BONDS.-
 - (d) State Board of Administration Florida Hurricane

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hurricane damage.

11-01142A-13 20131262 378 Catastrophe Fund Finance Corporation.-379 1. In addition to the findings and declarations in 380 subsection (1), the Legislature also finds and declares that: 381 a. The public benefits corporation created under this 382 paragraph will provide a mechanism necessary for the cost-383 effective and efficient issuance of bonds. This mechanism will 384 eliminate unnecessary costs in the bond issuance process, 385 thereby increasing the amounts available for to pay 386 reimbursement for losses to property sustained as a result of

b. The purpose of such bonds is to fund reimbursements through the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to pay for the costs of construction, reconstruction, repair, restoration, and other costs associated with damage to properties of policyholders of covered policies due to the occurrence of a hurricane.

394 c. The efficacy of the financing mechanism will be enhanced 395 by the corporation's ownership of the assessments, by the 396 insulation of the assessments from possible bankruptcy 397 proceedings, and by covenants of the state with the 398 corporation's bondholders.

399 2.a. <u>The State Board of Administration Finance Corporation</u>
400 There is created, which is a public benefits corporation <u>and</u>,
401 which is an instrumentality of the state, to be known as the
402 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance Corporation. <u>The</u>
403 <u>State Board of Administration Finance Corporation is for all</u>
404 <u>purposes the successor to the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund</u>
405 <u>Finance Corporation</u>.

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a.b. The corporation shall operate under a five-member

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11-01142A-13 20131262 board of directors consisting of the Governor or a designee, the 407 408 Chief Financial Officer or a designee, the Attorney General or a 409 designee, the director of the Division of Bond Finance of the 410 State Board of Administration, and the Chief Operating Officer 411 senior employee of the State Board of Administration responsible 412 for operations of the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. 413 b.c. The corporation has all of the powers of corporations 414 under chapter 607 and under chapter 617, subject only to the 415 provisions of this subsection. 416 c.d. The corporation may issue bonds and engage in such 417 other financial transactions as are necessary to provide 418 sufficient funds to achieve the purposes of this section. 419 d.e. The corporation may invest in any of the investments authorized under s. 215.47. 420 421 e.f. There is shall be no liability on the part of, and no 422 cause of action shall arise against, any board members or 423 employees of the corporation for any actions taken by them in 424 the performance of their duties under this paragraph. 425 3.a. In actions under chapter 75 to validate any bonds 426 issued by the corporation, the notice required by s. 75.06 must 427 shall be published in two newspapers of general circulation in 428 the state, and the complaint and order of the court shall be 429 served only on the State Attorney of the Second Judicial 430 Circuit.

b. The state hereby covenants with holders of bonds of the corporation that the state will not repeal or abrogate the power of the board to direct the Office of Insurance Regulation to levy the assessments and to collect the proceeds of the revenues pledged to the payment of such bonds as long as any such bonds

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11-01142A-1320131262___436remain outstanding unless adequate provision has been made for437the payment of such bonds pursuant to the documents authorizing438the issuance of the such bonds.

439 c.4. The bonds of the corporation are not a debt of the 440 state or of any political subdivision, and neither the state nor 441 any political subdivision is liable on such bonds. The 442 corporation may not does not have the power to pledge the 443 credit, the revenues, or the taxing power of the state or of any political subdivision. The credit, revenues, or taxing power of 444 445 the state or of any political subdivision may shall not be 446 deemed to be pledged to the payment of any bonds of the 447 corporation.

448 d.5.a. The property, revenues, and other assets of the 449 corporation; the transactions and operations of the corporation 450 and the income from such transactions and operations; and all 451 bonds issued under this paragraph and interest on such bonds are 452 exempt from taxation by the state and any political subdivision, 453 including the intangibles tax under chapter 199 and the income 454 tax under chapter 220. This exemption does not apply to any tax 455 imposed by chapter 220 on interest, income, or profits on debt 456 obligations owned by corporations other than the State Board of 457 Administration Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance 458 Corporation.

459 <u>e.b.</u> All bonds of the corporation <u>are</u> shall be and
460 constitute legal investments without limitation for all public
461 bodies of this state; for all banks, trust companies, savings
462 banks, savings associations, savings and loan associations, and
463 investment companies; for all administrators, executors,
464 trustees, and other fiduciaries; for all insurance companies and

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11-01142A-13 20131262 465 associations and other persons carrying on an insurance 466 business; and for all other persons who are now or may hereafter 467 be authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations of the 468 state and are shall be and constitute eligible securities to be 469 deposited as collateral for the security of any state, county, 470 municipal, or other public funds. This sub-subparagraph shall be 471 considered as additional and supplemental authority and may 472 shall not be limited without specific reference to this sub-473 subparagraph. 474 4.6. The corporation and its corporate existence shall 475 continue until terminated by law; however, no such law shall 476 take effect as long as the corporation has bonds outstanding 477 unless adequate provision has been made for the payment of such 478 bonds pursuant to the documents authorizing the issuance of such 479 bonds. Upon termination of the existence of the corporation, all 480 of its rights and properties in excess of its obligations shall 481 pass to and be vested in the state. 482 (16) TEMPORARY EMERCENCY OPTIONS FOR ADDITIONAL COVERACE.-483 (a) Findings and intent.-484 1. The Legislature finds that: a. Because of temporary disruptions in the market for 485 486 catastrophic reinsurance, many property insurers were unable to 487 procure reinsurance for the 2006 hurricane season with an 488 attachment point below the insurers' respective Florida 489 Hurricane Catastrophe Fund attachment points, were unable to 490 procure sufficient amounts of such reinsurance, or were able to 491 procure such reinsurance only by incurring substantially higher costs than in prior years. 492

493

b. The reinsurance market problems were responsible, at

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494	least in part, for substantial premium increases to many
495	consumers and increases in the number of policies issued by the
496	Citizens Property Insurance Corporation.
497	c. It is likely that the reinsurance market disruptions
498	will not significantly abate prior to the 2007 hurricane season.
499	2. It is the intent of the Legislature to create a
500	temporary emergency program, applicable to the 2007, 2008, and
501	2009 hurricane seasons, to address these market disruptions and
502	enable insurers, at their option, to procure additional coverage
503	from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.
504	(b) Applicability of other provisions of this section.—All
505	provisions of this section and the rules adopted under this
506	section apply to the program created by this subsection unless
507	specifically superseded by this subsection.
508	(c) Optional coverage.—For the contract year commencing
509	June 1, 2007, and ending May 31, 2008, the contract year
510	commencing June 1, 2008, and ending May 31, 2009, and the
511	contract year commencing June 1, 2009, and ending May 31, 2010,
512	the board shall offer for each of such years the optional
513	coverage as provided in this subsection.
514	(d) Additional definitions.—As used in this subsection, the
515	term:
516	1. "TEACO options" means the temporary emergency additional
517	coverage options created under this subsection.
518	2. "TEACO insurer" means an insurer that has opted to
519	obtain coverage under the TEACO options in addition to the
520	coverage provided to the insurer under its reimbursement
521	contract.
522	3. "TEACO reimbursement premium" means the premium charged

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523	by the fund for coverage provided under the TEACO options.
524	4. "TEACO retention" means the amount of losses below which
525	a TEACO insurer is not entitled to reimbursement from the fund
526	under the TEACO option selected. A TEACO insurer's retention
527	options shall be calculated as follows:
528	a. The board shall calculate and report to each TEACO
529	insurer the TEACO retention multiples. There shall be three
530	TEACO retention multiples for defining coverage. Each multiple
531	shall be calculated by dividing \$3 billion, \$4 billion, or \$5
532	billion by the total estimated mandatory FHCF reimbursement
533	premium assuming all insurers selected the 90-percent coverage
534	level.
535	b. The TEACO retention multiples as determined under sub-
536	subparagraph a. shall be adjusted to reflect the coverage level
537	elected by the insurer. For insurers electing the 90-percent
538	coverage level, the adjusted retention multiple is 100 percent
539	of the amount determined under sub-subparagraph a. For insurers
540	electing the 75-percent coverage level, the retention multiple
541	is 120 percent of the amount determined under sub-subparagraph
542	a. For insurers electing the 45-percent coverage level, the
543	adjusted retention multiple is 200 percent of the amount
544	determined under sub-subparagraph a.
545	c. An insurer shall determine its provisional TEACO
546	retention by multiplying its estimated mandatory FHCF
547	reimbursement premium by the applicable adjusted TEACO retention
548	multiple and shall determine its actual TEACO retention by
549	multiplying its actual mandatory FHCF reimbursement premium by
550	the applicable adjusted TEACO retention multiple.
551	d. For TEACO insurers who experience multiple covered

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552	 events causing loss during the contract year, the insurer's full
553	TEACO retention shall be applied to each of the covered events
554	causing the two largest losses for that insurer. For other
555	covered events resulting in losses, the TEACO option does not
556	apply and the insurer's retention shall be one-third of the full
557	retention as calculated under paragraph (2)(e).
558	5. "TEACO addendum" means an addendum to the reimbursement
559	contract reflecting the obligations of the fund and TEACO
560	insurers under the program created by this subsection.
561	6. "FHCF" means the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.
562	(e) <i>TEACO addendum.</i>
563	1. The TEACO addendum shall provide for reimbursement of
564	TEACO insurers for covered events occurring during the contract
565	year, in exchange for the TEACO reimbursement premium paid into
566	the fund under paragraph (f). Any insurer writing covered
567	policies has the option of choosing to accept the TEACO addendum
568	for any of the 3 contract years that the coverage is offered.
569	2. The TEACO addendum shall contain a promise by the board
570	to reimburse the TEACO insurer for 45 percent, 75 percent, or 90
571	percent of its losses from each covered event in excess of the
572	insurer's TEACO retention, plus 5 percent of the reimbursed
573	losses to cover loss adjustment expenses. The percentage shall
574	be the same as the coverage level selected by the insurer under
575	paragraph (4)(b).
576	3. The TEACO addendum shall provide that reimbursement
577	amounts shall not be reduced by reinsurance paid or payable to
578	the insurer from other sources.
579	4. The TEACO addendum shall also provide that the
580	obligation of the board with respect to all TEACO addenda shall

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581	not exceed an amount equal to two times the difference between	
582	the industry retention level calculated under paragraph (2) (e)	
583	and the \$3 billion, \$4 billion, or \$5 billion industry TEACO	
584	retention level options actually selected, but in no event may	
585	the board's obligation exceed the actual claims-paying capacity	
586	of the fund plus the additional capacity created in paragraph	
587	(q). If the actual claims-paying capacity and the additional	
588	capacity created under paragraph (g) fall short of the board's	
589	obligations under the reimbursement contract, each insurer's	
590	share of the fund's capacity shall be prorated based on the	
591	premium an insurer pays for its mandatory reimbursement coverage	
592	and the premium paid for its optional TEACO coverage as each	
593	such premium bears to the total premiums paid to the fund times	
594	the available capacity.	
595	5. The priorities, schedule, and method of reimbursements	
596	under the TEACO addendum shall be the same as provided under	
597	subsection (4).	
598	6. A TEACO insurer's maximum reimbursement for a single	
599	event shall be equal to the product of multiplying its mandatory	
600	FHCF premium by the difference between its FHCF retention	
601	multiple and its TEACO retention multiple under the TEACO option	
602	selected and by the coverage selected under paragraph (4)(b),	
603	plus an additional 5 percent for loss adjustment expenses. A	
604	TEACO insurer's maximum reimbursement under the TEACO option	
605	selected for a TEACO insurer's two largest events shall be twice	
606	its maximum reimbursement for a single event.	
607	(f) TEACO reimbursement premiums.—	
608	1. Each TEACO insurer shall pay to the fund, in the manner	
609	and at the time provided in the reimbursement contract for	

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610			
611	calculated as specified in this paragraph.		
612	2. The insurer's TEACO reimbursement premium associated		
613	with the \$3 billion retention option shall be equal to 85		
614	percent of a TEACO insurer's maximum reimbursement for a single		
615	event as calculated under subparagraph (e)6. The TEACO		
616	reimbursement premium associated with the \$4 billion retention		
617	option shall be equal to 80 percent of a TEACO insurer's maximum		
618	reimbursement for a single event as calculated under		
619	subparagraph (e)6. The TEACO premium associated with the \$5		
620	billion retention option shall be equal to 75 percent of a TEACO		
621	insurer's maximum reimbursement for a single event as calculated		
622	under subparagraph (e)6.		
623	(g) Effect on claims-paying capacity of the fundFor the		
624	contract term commencing June 1, 2007, the contract year		
625	commencing June 1, 2008, and the contract term beginning June 1,		
626	2009, the program created by this subsection shall increase the		
627	claims-paying capacity of the fund as provided in subparagraph		
628	(4)(c)1. by an amount equal to two times the difference between		
629	the industry retention level calculated under paragraph (2)(e)		
630	and the \$3 billion industry TEACO retention level specified in		
631	sub-subparagraph (d)4.a. The additional capacity shall apply		
632	only to the additional coverage provided by the TEACO option and		
633	shall not otherwise affect any insurer's reimbursement from the		
634	fund.		
635	(17) TEMPORARY INCREASE IN COVERAGE LIMIT OPTIONS		
636	(a) Findings and intent.—		
637	1. The Legislature finds that:		
638	a. Because of temporary disruptions in the market for		

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639	catastrophic reinsurance, many property insurers were unable to		
640	procure sufficient amounts of reinsurance for the 2006 hurricane		
641	season or were able to procure such reinsurance only by		
642	incurring substantially higher costs than in prior years.		
643	b. The reinsurance market problems were responsible, at		
644	least in part, for substantial premium increases to many		
645	consumers and increases in the number of policies issued by		
646	Citizens Property Insurance Corporation.		
647	c. It is likely that the reinsurance market disruptions		
648	will not significantly abate prior to the 2007 hurricane season.		
649	2. It is the intent of the Legislature to create options		
650	for insurers to purchase a temporary increased coverage limit		
651	above the statutorily determined limit in subparagraph (4)(c)1.,		
652	applicable for the 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, and 2013		
653	hurricane seasons, to address market disruptions and enable		
654	insurers, at their option, to procure additional coverage from		
655	the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.		
656	(b) Applicability of other provisions of this sectionAll		
657	provisions of this section and the rules adopted under this		
658	section apply to the coverage created by this subsection unless		
659	specifically superseded by provisions in this subsection.		
660	(c) Optional coverage. For the 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-		
661	2012, 2012-2013, and 2013-2014 contract years, the board shall		
662	offer, for each of such years, the optional coverage as provided		
663	in this subsection.		
664	(d) Additional definitions. As used in this subsection, the		
665	term:		
666	1. "FHCF" means Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.		
667	2. "FHCF reimbursement premium" means the premium paid by		

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668	an insurer for its coverage as a mandatory participant in the		
669	FHCF, but does not include additional premiums for optional		
670	coverages.		
671	3. "Payout multiple" means the number or multiple created		
672	by dividing the statutorily defined claims-paying capacity as		
673	determined in subparagraph (4)(c)1. by the aggregate		
674	reimbursement premiums paid by all insurers estimated or		
675	projected as of calendar year-end.		
676	4. "TICL" means the temporary increase in coverage limit.		
677	5. "TICL options" means the temporary increase in coverage		
678	options created under this subsection.		
679	6. "TICL insurer" means an insurer that has opted to obtain		
680	coverage under the TICL options addendum in addition to the		
681	coverage provided to the insurer under its FHCF reimbursement		
682	contract.		
683	7. "TICL reimbursement premium" means the premium charged		
684	by the fund for coverage provided under the TICL option.		
685	8. "TICL coverage multiple" means the coverage multiple		
686	when multiplied by an insurer's reimbursement premium that		
687	defines the temporary increase in coverage limit.		
688	9. "TICL coverage" means the coverage for an insurer's		
689	losses above the insurer's statutorily determined claims-paying		
690	capacity based on the claims-paying limit in subparagraph		
691	(4)(c)1., which an insurer selects as its temporary increase in		
692	coverage from the fund under the TICL options selected. A TICL		
693	insurer's increased coverage limit options shall be calculated		
694	as follows:		
695	a. The board shall calculate and report to each TICL		
696	insurer the TICL coverage multiples based on 12 options for		

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697		
698	multiple shall be calculated by dividing \$1 billion, \$2 billion,	
699	\$3 billion, \$4 billion, \$5 billion, \$6 billion, \$7 billion, \$8	
700	billion, \$9 billion, \$10 billion, \$11 billion, or \$12 billion by	
701	the total estimated aggregate FHCF reimbursement premiums for	
702	the 2007-2008 contract year, and the 2008-2009 contract year.	
703	b. For the 2009-2010 contract year, the board shall	
704	calculate and report to each TICL insurer the TICL coverage	
705	multiples based on 10 options for increasing the insurer's FHCF	
706	coverage limit. Each TICL coverage multiple shall be calculated	
707	by dividing \$1 billion, \$2 billion, \$3 billion, \$4 billion, \$5	
708	billion, \$6 billion, \$7 billion, \$8 billion, \$9 billion, and \$10	
709	billion by the total estimated aggregate FHCF reimbursement	
710	premiums for the 2009-2010 contract year.	
711	c. For the 2010-2011 contract year, the board shall	
712	calculate and report to each TICL insurer the TICL coverage	
713	multiples based on eight options for increasing the insurer's	
714	FHCF coverage limit. Each TICL coverage multiple shall be	
715	calculated by dividing \$1 billion, \$2 billion, \$3 billion, \$4	
716	billion, \$5 billion, \$6 billion, \$7 billion, and \$8 billion by	
717	the total estimated aggregate FHCF reimbursement premiums for	
718	the contract year.	
719	d. For the 2011-2012 contract year, the board shall	
720	calculate and report to each TICL insurer the TICL coverage	
721	multiples based on six options for increasing the insurer's FHCF	
722	coverage limit. Each TICL coverage multiple shall be calculated	
723	by dividing \$1 billion, \$2 billion, \$3 billion, \$4 billion, \$5	
724	billion, and \$6 billion by the total estimated aggregate FHCF	
725	reimbursement premiums for the 2011-2012 contract year.	

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726	e. For the 2012-2013 contract year, the board shall	
727	calculate and report to each TICL insurer the TICL coverage	
728	multiples based on four options for increasing the insurer's	
729	FHCF coverage limit. Each TICL coverage multiple shall be	
730	calculated by dividing \$1 billion, \$2 billion, \$3 billion, and	
731	\$4 billion by the total estimated aggregate FHCF reimbursement	
732	premiums for the 2012-2013 contract year.	
733	f. For the 2013-2014 contract year, the board shall	
734	calculate and report to each TICL insurer the TICL coverage	
735	multiples based on two options for increasing the insurer's FHCF	
736	coverage limit. Each TICL coverage multiple shall be calculated	
737	by dividing \$1 billion and \$2 billion by the total estimated	
738	aggregate FHCF reimbursement premiums for the 2013-2014 contract	
739	year.	
740	g. The TICL insurer's increased coverage shall be the FHCF	
741	reimbursement premium multiplied by the TICL coverage multiple.	
742	In order to determine an insurer's total limit of coverage, an	
743	insurer shall add its TICL coverage multiple to its payout	
744	multiple. The total shall represent a number that, when	
745	multiplied by an insurer's FHCF reimbursement premium for a	
746	given reimbursement contract year, defines an insurer's total	
747	limit of FHCF reimbursement coverage for that reimbursement	
748	contract year.	
749	10. "TICL options addendum" means an addendum to the	
750	reimbursement contract reflecting the obligations of the fund	
751	and insurers selecting an option to increase an insurer's FHCF	
752	coverage limit.	
753	(c) TICL options addendum	
754	1. The TICL options addendum shall provide for	

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755	reimbursement of TICL insurers for covered events occurring		
756	during the 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012, 2012-2013, and 2013-		
757	2014 contract years in exchange for the TICL reimbursement		
758	premium paid into the fund under paragraph (f) based on the TICL		
759	coverage available and selected for each respective contract		
760	year. Any insurer writing covered policies has the option of		
761	selecting an increased limit of coverage under the TICL options		
762	addendum and shall select such coverage at the time that it		
763	executes the FHCF reimbursement contract.		
764	2. The TICL addendum shall contain a promise by the board		
765	to reimburse the TICL insurer for 45 percent, 75 percent, or 90		
766	percent of its losses from each covered event in excess of the		
767	insurer's retention, plus 5 percent of the reimbursed losses to		
768	cover loss adjustment expenses. The percentage shall be the same		
769	as the coverage level selected by the insurer under paragraph		
770	(4)(b).		
771	3. The TICL addendum shall provide that reimbursement		
772	amounts shall not be reduced by reinsurance paid or payable to		
773	the insurer from other sources.		
774	4. The priorities, schedule, and method of reimbursements		
775	under the TICL addendum shall be the same as provided under		
776	subsection (4).		
777	(f) TICL reimbursement premiums.—Each TICL insurer shall		
778	pay to the fund, in the manner and at the time provided in the		
779	reimbursement contract for payment of reimbursement premiums, a		
780	TICL reimbursement premium determined as specified in subsection		
781	(5), except that a cash build-up factor does not apply to the		
782	TICL reimbursement premiums. However, the TICL reimbursement		
783	premium shall be increased in the 2009-2010 contract year by a		

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784		
785	three, in the 2011-2012 contract year by a factor of four, in	
786	the 2012-2013 contract year by a factor of five, and in the	
787	2013-2014 contract year by a factor of six.	
788	(g) Effect on claims-paying capacity of the fundFor the	
789	2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012, 2012-2013, and 2013-2014	
790	contract years, the program created by this subsection shall	
791	increase the claims-paying capacity of the fund as provided in	
792	subparagraph (4)(c)1. by an amount not to exceed \$12 billion and	
793	shall depend on the TICL coverage options available and selected	
794	for the specified contract year and the number of insurers that	
795	select the TICL optional coverage. The additional capacity shall	
796	apply only to the additional coverage provided under the TICL	
797	options and shall not otherwise affect any insurer's	
798	reimbursement from the fund if the insurer chooses not to select	
799	the temporary option to increase its limit of coverage under the	
800	FHCF.	
801	(16) (18) FACILITATION OF INSURERS' PRIVATE CONTRACT	
802	NEGOTIATIONS BEFORE THE START OF THE HURRICANE SEASON	
803	(a) In addition to the legislative findings and intent	

804

805

provided elsewhere in this section: $_{ au}$ 1. The Legislature finds that:

806 1.a. Because a regular session of the Legislature begins 807 approximately 3 months before the start of a contract year and ends approximately 1 month before the start of a contract year, 808 809 participants in the fund always face the possibility that 810 legislative actions will change the coverage provided or offered 811 by the fund with only a few days or weeks of advance notice. 812 b. The timing issues described in sub-subparagraph a. can

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11-01142A-1320131262___813create uncertainties and disadvantages for the residential814property insurers that are required to participate in the fund815when such insurers negotiate for the procurement of private816reinsurance or other sources of capital.

c. Providing participating insurers with a greater degree of certainty regarding the coverage provided or offered by the fund and more time to negotiate for the procurement of private reinsurance or other sources of capital will enable the residential property insurance market to operate with greater stability.

82.3 d. Increased stability in the residential property 824 insurance market serves a primary purpose of the fund and 825 benefits state Florida consumers by enabling insurers to operate 826 more economically. In years when reinsurance and capital markets 827 are experiencing a capital shortage, the last-minute rush by 828 insurers only weeks before the start of the hurricane season to 829 procure adequate coverage in order to meet their capital 830 requirements can result in higher costs that are passed on to 831 Florida consumers. However, if more time is available, 832 residential property insurers should experience greater 833 competition for their business with a corresponding beneficial 834 effect for Florida consumers.

835

2. It is the intent of the Legislature:

a. To provide insurers with the terms and conditions of the
reimbursement contract well in advance of the insurers' need to
finalize their procurement of private reinsurance or other
sources of capital, and thereby improve insurers' negotiating
position with reinsurers and other sources of capital.

841

b.3. It is also the intent of the Legislature That the

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11-01142A-13 20131262 842 board publish the fund's maximum statutory limit of coverage and 843 the fund's total retention early enough for that residential 844 property insurers to can have the opportunity to better estimate their coverage from the fund. 845 846 (b) The board shall adopt the reimbursement contract for a 847 particular contract year by February 1 of the immediately 848 preceding contract year. However, the reimbursement contract 849 shall be adopted as soon as possible in advance of the 2010-2011 850 contract year. 851 (c) Insurers writing covered policies shall execute the 852 reimbursement contract by March 1 of the immediately preceding 853 contract year, and the contract shall have an effective date as 854 of the beginning of the contract year defined in paragraph 855 $\frac{(2)}{(0)}$. 856 (d) The board shall publish in the Florida Administrative 857 Register Weekly the maximum statutory adjusted capacity for the 858 mandatory coverage for a particular contract year, the maximum 859 statutory coverage for any optional coverage for the particular 860 contract year, and the aggregate fund retention used to 861 calculate individual insurer's retention multiples for the 862 particular contract year by no later than January 1 of the immediately preceding contract year. 863 864 Section 2. Subsection (5) of section 627.062, Florida

865 Statutes, is amended to read:

866

627.062 Rate standards.-

(5) With respect to a rate filing involving coverage of the
type for which the insurer is required to pay a reimbursement
premium to the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, the insurer
may fully recoup in its property insurance premiums any

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1	11-01142A-13 20131262	
871	reimbursement premiums paid to the fund, together with	
872	reasonable costs of other reinsurance ; however, except as	
873	otherwise provided in this section, the insurer may not recoup	
874	reinsurance costs that duplicate coverage provided by the fund.	
875	An insurer may not recoup more than 1 year of reimbursement	
876	premium at a time. Any under-recoupment from the prior year may	
877	be added to the following year's reimbursement premium, and any	
878	over-recoupment must be subtracted from the following year's	
879	reimbursement premium.	
880	Section 3. Subsection (10) of section 624.424, Florida	
881	Statutes, is amended to read:	
882	624.424 Annual statement and other information	
883	(10) Each insurer or insurer group doing business in this	
884	state shall file, on a quarterly basis, in conjunction with	
885	financial reports required by paragraph (1)(a), a supplemental	
886	report on an individual and group basis on a form prescribed by	
887	the commission with information on personal lines and commercial	
888	lines residential property insurance policies in this state. The	
889	supplemental report <u>must</u> shall include separate information for	
890	personal lines property policies and for commercial lines	
891	property policies and totals for each item specified, including	
892	premiums written for each of the property lines of business as	
893	described in ss. <u>215.555(2)(g)</u> 215.555(2)(c) and 627.351(6)(a).	
894	The report <u>must</u> shall include the following information for each	
895	county on a monthly basis:	
896	(a) Total number of policies in force at the end of each	

897 month.

- 898 (b) Total number of policies canceled.
- (c) Total number of policies nonrenewed.

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900	(d) Number of policies canceled due to hurricane risk.			
901	(e) Number of policies nonrenewed due to hurricane risk.			
902	(f) Number of new policies written.			
903	(g) Total dollar value of structure exposure under policies			
904	that include wind coverage.			
905	(h) Number of policies that exclude wind coverage.			
906	Section 4. Subsection (5) of section 627.0629, Florida			
907	Statutes, is amended to read:			
908	627.0629 Residential property insurance; rate filings			
909	(5) In order to provide an appropriate transition period,			
910	an insurer may implement an approved rate filing for residential			
911	property insurance over a period of years. Such insurer must			
912	provide an informational notice to the office setting out its			
913	schedule for implementation of the phased-in rate filing. The			
914	insurer may include in its rate the actual cost of private			
915	market reinsurance that corresponds to available coverage of the			
916	Temporary Increase in Coverage Limits, TICL, from the Florida			
917	Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. The insurer may also include the			
918	cost of reinsurance to replace the TICL reduction implemented			
919	pursuant to s. 215.555(17)(d)9. However, this cost for			
920	reinsurance may not include any expense or profit load or result			
921	in a total annual base rate increase in excess of 10 percent.			
922	Section 5. Paragraph (v) of subsection (6) of section			
923	627.351, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:			
924	627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.—			
925	(6) CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION			
926	(v)1. Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the Residential			
927	Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association become			
928	policies of the corporation. All obligations, rights, assets and			

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11-01142A-13 20131262 929 liabilities of the association, including bonds, note and debt 930 obligations, and the financing documents pertaining to them 931 become those of the corporation as of July 1, 2002. The 932 corporation is not required to issue endorsements or 933 certificates of assumption to insureds during the remaining term 934 of in-force transferred policies. 935 2. Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the Florida 936 Windstorm Underwriting Association are transferred to the 937 corporation and become policies of the corporation. All 938 obligations, rights, assets, and liabilities of the association, 939 including bonds, note and debt obligations, and the financing 940 documents pertaining to them are transferred to and assumed by 941 the corporation on July 1, 2002. The corporation is not required 942 to issue endorsements or certificates of assumption to insureds 943 during the remaining term of in-force transferred policies. 944 3. The Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and the 945 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association

946 shall take all actions necessary to further evidence the 947 transfers and provide the documents and instruments of further 948 assurance as may reasonably be requested by the corporation for 949 that purpose. The corporation shall execute assumptions and 950 instruments as the trustees or other parties to the financing documents of the associations Florida Windstorm Underwriting 951 952 Association or the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 953 Underwriting Association may reasonably request to further 954 evidence the transfers and assumptions, which transfers and assumptions, however, are effective on the date provided under 955 956 this paragraph whether or not, and regardless of the date on 957 which, the assumptions or instruments are executed by the

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11-01142A-13 20131262 958 corporation. Subject to the relevant financing documents 959 pertaining to their outstanding bonds, notes, indebtedness, or 960 other financing obligations, the moneys, investments, 961 receivables, choses in action, and other intangibles of the 962 Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association shall be credited to 963 the coastal account of the corporation, and those of the 964 personal lines residential coverage account and the commercial 965 lines residential coverage account of the Residential Property 966 and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association shall be credited to 967 the personal lines account and the commercial lines account, 968 respectively, of the corporation.

969 4. Effective July 1, 2002, a new applicant for property 970 insurance coverage who would otherwise have been eligible for 971 coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association is 972 eligible for coverage from the corporation as provided in this 973 subsection.

974 5. The transfer of all policies, obligations, rights, 975 assets, and liabilities from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 976 Association to the corporation and the renaming of the 977 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association 978 as the corporation does not affect the coverage with respect to 979 a covered policy policies as defined in s. 215.555(2)(c) 980 provided to these entities by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 981 Fund. The coverage provided by the fund to the Florida Windstorm 982 Underwriting Association based on its exposures as of June 30, 983 2002, and each June 30 thereafter shall be redesignated as 984 coverage for the coastal account of the corporation. 985 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the coverage 986 provided by the fund to the Residential Property and Casualty

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11-01142A-13 20131262 987 Joint Underwriting Association based on its exposures as of June 988 30, 2002, and each June 30 thereafter shall be transferred to 989 the personal lines account and the commercial lines account of 990 the corporation. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 991 coastal account shall be treated, for all Florida Hurricane 992 Catastrophe Fund purposes, as if it were a separate 993 participating insurer with its own exposures, reimbursement 994 premium, and loss reimbursement. Likewise, the personal lines 995 and commercial lines accounts shall be viewed together, for all 996 fund purposes, be viewed together as if the two accounts were 997 one and represent a single, separate participating insurer with 998 its own exposures, reimbursement premium, and loss 999 reimbursement. The coverage provided by the fund to the 1000 corporation shall constitute and operate as a full transfer of 1001 coverage from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and 1002 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association 1003 to the corporation. 1004 Section 6. Transitional provisions.-In order to implement 1005 the revisions to section 215.555, Florida Statutes, as provided 1006 in section 1 of this act, the State Board of Administration 1007 shall adopt such revised or amended rules and forms, or addenda 1008 thereto, as necessary to ensure that these statutory changes 1009 apply to each participating insurer's Florida Hurricane 1010 Catastrophe Fund reimbursement contract for the contract year 1011 commencing on June 1, 2013. The board may use the emergency 1012 rulemaking process as needed to assure timely adoption of these 1013 rules, forms, and addenda. Such rules, forms, and addenda adopted under the authority of this section supersede previously 1014 1015 adopted rules, forms, and addenda applicable to the 2013-2014

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1016	contract year to the extent of any conflict therewith.	
1017	Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013	

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