By Senator Garcia

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to testing for the human immunodeficiency virus; amending s. 381.004, F.S.; providing definitions; providing that informed consent to perform an HIV test to identify the human immunodeficiency virus, or its antigen or antibody, must be obtained from a legal guardian or other person authorized by law for certain persons; revising the situations in which test results may be released; amending ss. 381.0041, 456.032, 627.429, 641.3007, 775.0877, and 960.003, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 381.004, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended, and subsection (2) and paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of that section are amended to read:

381.004 HIV testing.-

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:
- (a) "HIV test" means a test ordered after July 6, 1988, to determine the presence of the antibody or antigen to human immunodeficiency virus or the presence of human immunodeficiency virus infection.
- (b) "HIV test result" means a laboratory report of a human immunodeficiency virus test result entered into a medical record on or after July 6, 1988, or any report or notation in a medical record of a laboratory report of a human immunodeficiency virus

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test. As used in this section, the term "HIV test result" does not include test results reported to a health care provider by a patient.

- (c) "Medical emergency" means an emergency medical situation outside a hospital or health care facility that provides medical care.
- (d) "Medical personnel" means a licensed or certified health care professional, an employee of a health care professional or health care facility, an employee of a laboratory licensed under chapter 483, an employee of a blood bank or plasma center, a medical student or other student who is receiving training as a health care professional at a health care facility, and a paramedic or emergency medical technician certified by the department to perform basic life support services as defined in s. 401.23.
  - (f) (c) "Significant exposure" means:
- 1. Exposure to blood or body fluids through needlestick, instruments, or sharps;
- 2. Exposure of mucous membranes to visible blood or body fluids, to which universal precautions apply according to the National Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, including, without limitations, the following body fluids:
  - a. Blood.
  - b. Semen.
  - c. Vaginal secretions.
  - d. Cerebro-spinal fluid (CSF).
  - e. Synovial fluid.
    - f. Pleural fluid.
    - g. Peritoneal fluid.

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- h. Pericardial fluid.
- i. Amniotic fluid.
- j. Laboratory specimens that contain HIV (e.g., suspensions of concentrated virus); or
- 3. Exposure of skin to visible blood or body fluids, especially when the exposed skin is chapped, abraded, or afflicted with dermatitis or the contact is prolonged or involving an extensive area.
- $\underline{\text{(e)}}$  "Preliminary HIV test" means an antibody screening test, such as the enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays (ELISAs) or the Single-Use Diagnostic System (SUDS).
- (g) (e) "Test subject" or "subject of the test" means the person upon whom an HIV test is performed, or the person who has legal authority to make health care decisions for the test subject.
- (2) HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS TESTING; INFORMED CONSENT; RESULTS; COUNSELING; CONFIDENTIALITY.—
- (a) Informed consent to an HIV test No person in this state shall order a test designed to identify the human immunodeficiency virus, or its antigen or antibody, must be obtained from the legal guardian of the individual upon whom the test is performed or from a person authorized by law if the individual:
- 1. Is not competent, is incapacitated, or is otherwise unable to make an informed judgment; or
- 2. Has not reached the age of majority, except as provided in s. 384.30, without first obtaining the informed consent of the person upon whom the test is being performed, except as specified in paragraph (h).

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Informed consent <u>must shall</u> be preceded by an explanation of the right to confidential treatment of information identifying the subject of the test and the results of the test to the extent provided by law. Information <u>must shall</u> also be provided on the fact that a positive HIV test result will be reported to the county health department with sufficient information to identify the test subject and on the availability and location of sites at which anonymous testing is performed. As required in paragraph (3)(c), each county health department shall maintain a list of sites at which anonymous testing is performed, including the locations, phone numbers, and hours of operation of the sites. Consent need not be in writing <u>if provided</u> there is documentation in the medical record that the test has been explained and the consent has been obtained.

- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (h), Informed consent must be obtained from a legal guardian or other person authorized by law when the person:
- 1. Is not competent, is incapacitated, or is otherwise unable to make an informed judgment; or
- 2. Has not reached the age of majority, except as provided in s. 384.30.
- (b) (c) The person ordering the HIV test or that person's designee shall ensure that all reasonable efforts are made to notify the test subject of his or her test result. Notification of a person who has with a positive test result must shall include information on the availability of appropriate medical and support services, on the importance of notifying partners who may have been exposed, and on preventing transmission of

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HIV. Notification of a person who has with a negative test result must shall include, as appropriate, information on preventing the transmission of HIV. If When testing occurs in a hospital emergency department, detention facility, or other facility and the test subject has been released before being notified of positive test results, informing the county health department for that department to notify the test subject fulfills this responsibility.

- (c) (d) A positive preliminary test result may not be revealed to any person except in the following situations:
- 1. Preliminary test results may be released to licensed physicians or the medical or nonmedical personnel subject to the significant exposure for the following purposes: of subparagraphs (h)10., 11., and 12.
- a. For the performance of an HIV test upon an individual who comes into contact with medical personnel in such a way that a significant exposure has occurred during the course of employment or within the scope of practice and where a blood sample is available that was taken from that individual voluntarily by medical personnel for other purposes.
- obtained blood sample, the individual from whom the blood was obtained shall be requested to consent to the performance of the test and to the release of the results. If consent cannot be obtained within the time necessary to perform the HIV test and begin prophylactic treatment of the exposed medical personnel, all information concerning the performance of an HIV test and any HIV test result shall be documented only in the medical personnel's record unless the individual gives written consent

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to entering this information on the individual's medical record.

(II) Reasonable attempts to locate the individual and to obtain consent shall be made, and all attempts must be documented. If the individual cannot be found or is incapable of providing consent, an HIV test may be conducted on the available blood sample. If the individual does not voluntarily consent to the performance of an HIV test, the individual shall be informed that an HIV test will be performed, and counseling shall be furnished as provided in this section. However, HIV testing shall be conducted only after appropriate medical personnel, under the supervision of a licensed physician, documents, in the medical record of the medical personnel, that there has been a significant exposure and that, in accordance with the written protocols based on the National Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines on HIV postexposure prophylaxis and in the physician's medical judgment, the information is medically necessary to determine the course of treatment for the medical personnel.

with or without the consent of the individual, as provided in this subparagraph, shall be borne by the medical personnel or the employer of the medical personnel. However, costs of testing or treatment not directly related to the initial HIV tests or costs of subsequent testing or treatment may not be borne by the medical personnel or the employer of the medical personnel.

(IV) In order to use the provisions of this subsubparagraph, the medical personnel must either be tested for
HIV pursuant to this section or provide the results of an HIV
test taken within 6 months prior to the significant exposure if

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175 such test results are negative.

(V) A person who receives the results of an HIV test pursuant to this subparagraph shall maintain the confidentiality of the information received and of the person tested. Such confidential information is exempt from s. 119.07(1).

(VI) If the source of the exposure will not voluntarily submit to HIV testing and a blood sample is not available, the medical personnel or the employer of such person acting on behalf of the employee may seek a court order directing the source of the exposure to submit to HIV testing. A sworn statement by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 that a significant exposure has occurred and that, in the physician's medical judgment, testing is medically necessary to determine the course of treatment constitutes probable cause for the issuance of an order by the court. The results of the test shall be released to the source of the exposure and to the person who experienced the exposure.

b. For the performance of an HIV test upon an individual who comes into contact with medical personnel in such a way that a significant exposure has occurred during the course of employment or within the scope of practice of the medical personnel while the medical personnel provides emergency medical treatment to the individual; or notwithstanding s. 384.287, an individual who comes into contact with nonmedical personnel in such a way that a significant exposure has occurred while the nonmedical personnel provides emergency medical assistance during a medical emergency. For the purposes of this subparagraph, a medical emergency means an emergency medical condition outside of a hospital or health care facility that

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provides physician care. The test may be performed only during the course of treatment for the medical emergency.

- (I) An individual who is capable of providing consent shall be requested to consent to an HIV test prior to the testing. If consent cannot be obtained within the time necessary to perform the HIV test and begin prophylactic treatment of the exposed medical personnel and nonmedical personnel, all information concerning the performance of an HIV test and its result shall be documented only in the medical personnel's or nonmedical personnel's record unless the individual gives written consent to entering this information on the individual's medical record.
- Medical personnel, under the supervision of a licensed physician, documents, in the medical record of the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel, that there has been a significant exposure and that, in accordance with the written protocols based on the National Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines on HIV postexposure prophylaxis and in the physician's medical judgment, the information is medically necessary to determine the course of treatment for the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel.
- (III) Costs of any HIV test performed with or without the consent of the individual, as provided in this subparagraph, shall be borne by the medical personnel or the employer of the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel. However, costs of testing or treatment not directly related to the initial HIV tests or costs of subsequent testing or treatment may not be borne by the medical personnel or the employer of the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel.

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(IV) In order to use the provisions of this subparagraph, the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel shall be tested for HIV pursuant to this section or shall provide the results of an HIV test taken within 6 months prior to the significant exposure if such test results are negative.

- (V) A person who receives the results of an HIV test pursuant to this sub-subparagraph shall maintain the confidentiality of the information received and of the person tested. Such confidential information is exempt from s. 119.07(1).
- (VI) If the source of the exposure will not voluntarily submit to HIV testing and a blood sample was not obtained during treatment for the medical emergency, the medical personnel, the employer of the medical personnel acting on behalf of the employee, or the nonmedical personnel may seek a court order directing the source of the exposure to submit to HIV testing. A sworn statement by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 that a significant exposure has occurred and that, in the physician's medical judgment, testing is medically necessary to determine the course of treatment constitutes probable cause for the issuance of an order by the court. The results of the test shall be released to the source of the exposure and to the person who experienced the exposure.
- c. For the performance of an HIV test by the medical examiner or attending physician upon an individual who expired or could not be resuscitated while receiving emergency medical assistance or care and who was the source of a significant exposure to medical or nonmedical personnel providing such assistance or care.

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(I) HIV testing may be conducted only after appropriate medical personnel under the supervision of a licensed physician documents in the medical record of the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel that there has been a significant exposure and that, in accordance with the written protocols based on the National Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines on HIV postexposure prophylaxis and in the physician's medical judgment, the information is medically necessary to determine the course of treatment for the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel.

- (II) Costs of any HIV test performed under this subsubparagraph may not be charged to the deceased or to the family of the deceased person.
- (III) For this sub-subparagraph to be applicable, the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel must be tested for HIV under this section or must provide the results of an HIV test taken within 6 months before the significant exposure if such test results are negative.
- (IV) A person who receives the results of an HIV test pursuant to this sub-subparagraph shall comply with paragraph (d).
- 2. Preliminary test results may be released to health care providers and to the person tested when decisions about medical care or treatment of, or recommendation to, the person tested and, in the case of an intrapartum or postpartum woman, when care, treatment, or recommendations regarding her newborn, cannot await the results of confirmatory testing. Positive preliminary HIV test results may not be characterized to the patient as a diagnosis of HIV infection. Justification for the

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use of preliminary test results must be documented in the medical record by the health care provider who ordered the test.

- 3. The results of rapid testing technologies shall be considered preliminary and may be released in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions as approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration.
- 4. Corroborating or confirmatory testing must be conducted as followup to a positive preliminary test. Results shall be communicated to the patient according to statute regardless of the outcome. Except as provided in this section, test results are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1).
- $\underline{\text{(d)}}$  (e) Except as provided in this section, the identity of any person upon whom a test has been performed and test results are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1).  $\underline{A}$  No person who has obtained or has knowledge of a test result pursuant to this section may not disclose or be compelled to disclose the identity of any person upon whom a test is performed, or the results of such a test in a manner which permits identification of the subject of the test, except to the following persons:
- 1. The subject of the test or the subject's legally authorized representative.
- 2. Any person, including third-party payors, designated in a legally effective release of the test results executed <u>before prior to</u> or after the test by the subject of the test or the subject's legally authorized representative. The test subject may in writing authorize the disclosure of the test subject's HIV test results to third party payors, who need not be specifically identified, and to other persons to whom the test

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subject subsequently issues a general release of medical information. A general release without such prior written authorization is not sufficient to release HIV test results.

- 3. An authorized agent or employee of a health facility or health care provider if the health facility or health care provider itself is authorized to obtain the test results, the agent or employee participates in the administration or provision of patient care or handles or processes specimens of body fluids or tissues, and the agent or employee has a need to know such information. The department shall adopt a rule defining which persons have a need to know pursuant to this subparagraph.
- 4. Health care providers consulting between themselves or with health care facilities to determine diagnosis and treatment. For purposes of this subparagraph, health care providers shall include licensed health care professionals employed by or associated with state, county, or municipal detention facilities when such health care professionals are acting exclusively for the purpose of providing diagnoses or treatment of persons in the custody of such facilities.
- 5. The department, in accordance with rules for reporting and controlling the spread of disease, as otherwise provided by state law.
- 6. A health facility or health care provider which procures, processes, distributes, or uses:
- a. A human body part from a deceased person, with respect to medical information regarding that person; or
- b. Semen provided <u>before</u> prior to July 6, 1988, for the purpose of artificial insemination.

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7. Health facility staff committees, for the purposes of conducting program monitoring, program evaluation, or service reviews pursuant to chapters 395 and 766.

- 8. Authorized medical or epidemiological researchers who may not further disclose any identifying characteristics or information.
- 9. A person allowed access by a court order which is issued in compliance with the following provisions:
- a. A No court of this state  $\underline{\text{may not}}$  shall issue such order unless the court finds that the person seeking the test results has demonstrated a compelling need for the test results which cannot be accommodated by other means. In assessing compelling need, the court shall weigh the need for disclosure against the privacy interest of the test subject and the public interest which may be disserved by disclosure which deters blood, organ, and semen donation and future human immunodeficiency virus-related testing or which may lead to discrimination. This paragraph does  $\underline{\text{shall}}$  not apply to blood bank donor records.
- b. Pleadings pertaining to disclosure of test results shall substitute a pseudonym for the true name of the subject of the test. The disclosure to the parties of the subject's true name shall be communicated confidentially in documents not filed with the court.
- c. Before granting any such order, the court shall provide the individual whose test result is in question with notice and a reasonable opportunity to participate in the proceedings if he or she is not already a party.
- d. Court proceedings as to disclosure of test results shall be conducted in camera, unless the subject of the test agrees to

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a hearing in open court or unless the court determines that a public hearing is necessary to the public interest and the proper administration of justice.

- e. Upon the issuance of an order to disclose test results, the court shall impose appropriate safeguards against unauthorized disclosure which shall specify the persons who may have access to the information, the purposes for which the information shall be used, and appropriate prohibitions on future disclosure.
- 10. A person allowed access by order of a judge of compensation claims of the Division of Administrative Hearings. A judge of compensation claims <u>may shall</u> not issue such order unless he or she finds that the person seeking the test results has demonstrated a compelling need for the test results which cannot be accommodated by other means.
- 11. Those employees of the department or of child-placing or child-caring agencies or of family foster homes, licensed pursuant to s. 409.175, who are directly involved in the placement, care, control, or custody of such test subject and who have a need to know such information; adoptive parents of such test subject; or any adult custodian, any adult relative, or any person responsible for the child's welfare, if the test subject was not tested under subparagraph (b)2. and if a reasonable attempt has been made to locate and inform the legal guardian of a test result. The department shall adopt a rule to implement this subparagraph.
- 12. Those employees of residential facilities or of community-based care programs that care for developmentally disabled persons, pursuant to chapter 393, who are directly

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involved in the care, control, or custody of such test subject and who have a need to know such information.

- 13. A health care provider involved in the delivery of a child can note the mother's HIV test results in the child's medical record.
- 14. Medical personnel or nonmedical personnel who have been subject to a significant exposure during the course of medical practice or in the performance of professional duties, or individuals who are the subject of the significant exposure as provided in sub-subparagraphs (c)1.a.-c subparagraphs (h)10.-12.
- 15. The medical examiner shall disclose positive HIV test results to the department in accordance with rules for reporting and controlling the spread of disease.
- (e) (f) Except as provided in this section, the identity of a person upon whom a test has been performed is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). A No person to whom the results of a test have been disclosed may not disclose the test results to another person except as authorized by this subsection and by ss. 951.27 and 960.003. Whenever disclosure is made pursuant to this subsection, it must shall be accompanied by a statement in writing which includes the following or substantially similar language: "This information has been disclosed to you from records whose confidentiality is protected by state law. State law prohibits you from making any further disclosure of such information without the specific written consent of the person to whom such information pertains, or as otherwise permitted by state law. A general authorization for the release of medical or other information is NOT sufficient for this purpose." An oral disclosure shall be accompanied by

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436 oral notice and followed by a written notice within 10 days, 437 except that this notice may shall not be required for 438 disclosures made pursuant to subparagraphs (d)3. subparagraphs 439  $\frac{(e)3}{}$  and 4. (f) (g) Human immunodeficiency virus test results contained 440 441 in the medical records of a hospital licensed under chapter 395 442 may be released in accordance with s. 395.3025 without being 443 subject to the requirements of subparagraph (d)2., subparagraph 444 (d) 9., or paragraph (e) subparagraph (e) 2., subparagraph (e) 9., 445 or paragraph (f); provided the hospital has obtained written 446 informed consent for the HIV test in accordance with provisions 447 of this section. (h) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a), 448 449 informed consent is not required: 450 1. When testing for sexually transmissible diseases is 451 required by state or federal law, or by rule including the 452 following situations: 453 a. HIV testing pursuant to s. 796.08 of persons convicted 454 of prostitution or of procuring another to commit prostitution. 455 b. HIV testing of inmates pursuant to s. 945.355 prior to 456 their release from prison by reason of parole, accumulation of 457 gain-time credits, or expiration of sentence. c. Testing for HIV by a medical examiner in accordance with 458 459 s. 406.11. 460 d. HIV testing of pregnant women pursuant to s. 384.31. 2. Those exceptions provided for blood, plasma, organs, 461 462 skin, semen, or other human tissue pursuant to s. 381.0041. 463 3. For the performance of an HIV-related test by licensed 464 medical personnel in bona fide medical emergencies when the test

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results are necessary for medical diagnostic purposes to provide appropriate emergency care or treatment to the person being tested and the patient is unable to consent, as supported by documentation in the medical record. Notification of test results in accordance with paragraph (c) is required.

4. For the performance of an HIV-related test by licensed medical personnel for medical diagnosis of acute illness where, in the opinion of the attending physician, obtaining informed consent would be detrimental to the patient, as supported by documentation in the medical record, and the test results are necessary for medical diagnostic purposes to provide appropriate care or treatment to the person being tested. Notification of test results in accordance with paragraph (c) is required if it would not be detrimental to the patient. This subparagraph does not authorize the routine testing of patients for HIV infection without informed consent.

5. When HIV testing is performed as part of an autopsy for which consent was obtained pursuant to s. 872.04.

6. For the performance of an HIV test upon a defendant pursuant to the victim's request in a prosecution for any type of sexual battery where a blood sample is taken from the defendant voluntarily, pursuant to court order for any purpose, or pursuant to the provisions of s. 775.0877, s. 951.27, or s. 960.003; however, the results of any HIV test performed shall be disclosed solely to the victim and the defendant, except as provided in ss. 775.0877, 951.27, and 960.003.

7. When an HIV test is mandated by court order.

8. For epidemiological research pursuant to s. 381.0032, for research consistent with institutional review boards created

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by 45 C.F.R. part 46, or for the performance of an HIV-related test for the purpose of research, if the testing is performed in a manner by which the identity of the test subject is not known and may not be retrieved by the researcher.

9. When human tissue is collected lawfully without the consent of the donor for corneal removal as authorized by s. 765.5185 or enucleation of the eyes as authorized by s. 765.519.

10. For the performance of an HIV test upon an individual who comes into contact with medical personnel in such a way that a significant exposure has occurred during the course of employment or within the scope of practice and where a blood sample is available that was taken from that individual voluntarily by medical personnel for other purposes. The term "medical personnel" includes a licensed or certified health care professional; an employee of a health care professional or health care facility; employees of a laboratory licensed under chapter 483; personnel of a blood bank or plasma center; a medical student or other student who is receiving training as a health care professional at a health care facility; and a paramedic or emergency medical technician certified by the department to perform life-support procedures under s. 401.23.

a. Prior to performance of an HIV test on a voluntarily obtained blood sample, the individual from whom the blood was obtained shall be requested to consent to the performance of the test and to the release of the results. If consent cannot be obtained within the time necessary to perform the HIV test and begin prophylactic treatment of the exposed medical personnel, all information concerning the performance of an HIV test and any HIV test result shall be documented only in the medical

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personnel's record unless the individual gives written consent to entering this information on the individual's medical record.

b. Reasonable attempts to locate the individual and to obtain consent shall be made, and all attempts must be documented. If the individual cannot be found or is incapable of providing consent, an HIV test may be conducted on the available blood sample. If the individual does not voluntarily consent to the performance of an HIV test, the individual shall be informed that an HIV test will be performed, and counseling shall be furnished as provided in this section. However, HIV testing shall be conducted only after appropriate medical personnel under the supervision of a licensed physician documents, in the medical record of the medical personnel, that there has been a significant exposure and that, in accordance with the written protocols based on the National Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines on HIV postexposure prophylaxis and in the physician's medical judgment, the information is medically necessary to determine the course of treatment for the medical personnel.

c. Costs of any HIV test of a blood sample performed with or without the consent of the individual, as provided in this subparagraph, shall be borne by the medical personnel or the employer of the medical personnel. However, costs of testing or treatment not directly related to the initial HIV tests or costs of subsequent testing or treatment may not be borne by the medical personnel or the employer of the medical personnel.

d. In order to utilize the provisions of this subparagraph, the medical personnel must either be tested for HIV pursuant to this section or provide the results of an HIV test taken within

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6 months prior to the significant exposure if such test results are negative.

e. A person who receives the results of an HIV test pursuant to this subparagraph shall maintain the confidentiality of the information received and of the persons tested. Such confidential information is exempt from s. 119.07(1).

f. If the source of the exposure will not voluntarily submit to HIV testing and a blood sample is not available, the medical personnel or the employer of such person acting on behalf of the employee may seek a court order directing the source of the exposure to submit to HIV testing. A sworn statement by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 that a significant exposure has occurred and that, in the physician's medical judgment, testing is medically necessary to determine the course of treatment constitutes probable cause for the issuance of an order by the court. The results of the test shall be released to the source of the exposure and to the person who experienced the exposure.

11. For the performance of an HIV test upon an individual who comes into contact with medical personnel in such a way that a significant exposure has occurred during the course of employment or within the scope of practice of the medical personnel while the medical personnel provides emergency medical treatment to the individual; or notwithstanding s. 384.287, an individual who comes into contact with nonmedical personnel in such a way that a significant exposure has occurred while the nonmedical personnel provides emergency medical assistance during a medical emergency. For the purposes of this subparagraph, a medical emergency means an emergency medical

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condition outside of a hospital or health care facility that provides physician care. The test may be performed only during the course of treatment for the medical emergency.

a. An individual who is capable of providing consent shall be requested to consent to an HIV test prior to the testing. If consent cannot be obtained within the time necessary to perform the HIV test and begin prophylactic treatment of the exposed medical personnel and nonmedical personnel, all information concerning the performance of an HIV test and its result, shall be documented only in the medical personnel's or nonmedical personnel's record unless the individual gives written consent to entering this information on the individual's medical record.

b. HIV testing shall be conducted only after appropriate medical personnel under the supervision of a licensed physician documents, in the medical record of the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel, that there has been a significant exposure and that, in accordance with the written protocols based on the National Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines on HIV postexposure prophylaxis and in the physician's medical judgment, the information is medically necessary to determine the course of treatment for the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel.

c. Costs of any HIV test performed with or without the consent of the individual, as provided in this subparagraph, shall be borne by the medical personnel or the employer of the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel. However, costs of testing or treatment not directly related to the initial HIV tests or costs of subsequent testing or treatment may not be borne by the medical personnel or the employer of the medical

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personnel or nonmedical personnel.

d. In order to utilize the provisions of this subparagraph, the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel shall be tested for HIV pursuant to this section or shall provide the results of an HIV test taken within 6 months prior to the significant exposure if such test results are negative.

e. A person who receives the results of an HIV test pursuant to this subparagraph shall maintain the confidentiality of the information received and of the persons tested. Such confidential information is exempt from s. 119.07(1).

f. If the source of the exposure will not voluntarily submit to HIV testing and a blood sample was not obtained during treatment for the medical emergency, the medical personnel, the employer of the medical personnel acting on behalf of the employee, or the nonmedical personnel may seek a court order directing the source of the exposure to submit to HIV testing. A sworn statement by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 that a significant exposure has occurred and that, in the physician's medical judgment, testing is medically necessary to determine the course of treatment constitutes probable cause for the issuance of an order by the court. The results of the test shall be released to the source of the exposure and to the person who experienced the exposure.

12. For the performance of an HIV test by the medical examiner or attending physician upon an individual who expired or could not be resuscitated while receiving emergency medical assistance or care and who was the source of a significant exposure to medical or nonmedical personnel providing such assistance or care.

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a. HIV testing may be conducted only after appropriate medical personnel under the supervision of a licensed physician documents in the medical record of the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel that there has been a significant exposure and that, in accordance with the written protocols based on the National Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines on HIV postexposure prophylaxis and in the physician's medical judgment, the information is medically necessary to determine the course of treatment for the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel.

b. Costs of any HIV test performed under this subparagraph may not be charged to the deceased or to the family of the deceased person.

c. For the provisions of this subparagraph to be applicable, the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel must be tested for HIV under this section or must provide the results of an HIV test taken within 6 months before the significant exposure if such test results are negative.

d. A person who receives the results of an HIV test pursuant to this subparagraph shall comply with paragraph (e).

13. For the performance of an HIV-related test medically indicated by licensed medical personnel for medical diagnosis of a hospitalized infant as necessary to provide appropriate care and treatment of the infant when, after a reasonable attempt, a parent cannot be contacted to provide consent. The medical records of the infant shall reflect the reason consent of the parent was not initially obtained. Test results shall be provided to the parent when the parent is located.

14. For the performance of HIV testing conducted to monitor

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the clinical progress of a patient previously diagnosed to be HIV positive.

15. For the performance of repeated HIV testing conducted to monitor possible conversion from a significant exposure.

- (4) HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS TESTING REQUIREMENTS; REGISTRATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH; EXEMPTIONS FROM REGISTRATION.—No county health department and no other person in this state shall conduct or hold themselves out to the public as conducting a testing program for acquired immune deficiency syndrome or human immunodeficiency virus status without first registering with the Department of Health, reregistering each year, complying with all other applicable provisions of state law, and meeting the following requirements:
- (d) The program must meet all the informed consent criteria contained in paragraph (2)(a), if applicable subsection (2).

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 381.0041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 381.0041 Donation and transfer of human tissue; testing requirements.—
- (1) Every donation of blood, plasma, organs, skin, or other human tissue for transfusion or transplantation to another shall be tested before prior to transfusion or other use for human immunodeficiency virus infection and other communicable diseases specified by rule of the Department of Health. Tests for the human immunodeficiency virus infection shall be performed only after obtaining written, informed consent from the potential donor or the donor's legal representative. Such consent may be given by a minor pursuant to s. 743.06. Obtaining consent shall include a fair explanation of the procedures to be followed and

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the meaning and use of the test results. Such explanation shall include a description of the confidential nature of the test as described in s. 381.004(2). If consent for testing is not given, then the person shall not be accepted as a donor except as otherwise provided in subsection (3).

Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 456.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.032 Hepatitis B or HIV carriers.-

- (2) Any person licensed by the department and any other person employed by a health care facility who contracts a blood-borne infection shall have a rebuttable presumption that the illness was contracted in the course and scope of his or her employment, provided that the person, as soon as practicable, reports to the person's supervisor or the facility's risk manager any significant exposure, as that term is defined in s. 381.004 s. 381.004(1)(e), to blood or body fluids. The employer may test the blood or body fluid to determine if it is infected with the same disease contracted by the employee. The employer may rebut the presumption by the preponderance of the evidence. Except as expressly provided in this subsection, there shall be no presumption that a blood-borne infection is a job-related injury or illness.
- Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 627.429, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- $627.429~{\tt Medical}$  tests for HIV infection and AIDS for insurance purposes.—
  - (4) USE OF MEDICAL TESTS FOR UNDERWRITING.-
- (b) Before Prior to testing, the insurer  $\underline{\text{must}}$  shall disclose its intent to test the person for the HIV infection or

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for a specific sickness or medical condition derived therefrom and shall obtain the person's written informed consent to administer the test. The written informed consent required by this paragraph shall include a fair explanation of the test, including its purpose, potential uses, and limitations, and the meaning of its results and the right to confidential treatment of information. Use of a form approved by the office raises a conclusive presumption of informed consent.

Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 641.3007, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

641.3007 HIV infection and AIDS for contract purposes.-

- (4) UTILIZATION OF MEDICAL TESTS.-
- (b) <u>Before</u> <u>Prior to</u> testing, the health maintenance organization must disclose its intent to test the person for the HIV infection or for a specific sickness or medical condition derived therefrom and must obtain the person's written informed consent to administer the test. Written informed consent shall include a fair explanation of the test, including its purpose, potential uses, and limitations, and the meaning of its results and the right to confidential treatment of information. Use of a form approved by the office shall raise a conclusive presumption of informed consent.

Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 775.0877, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

775.0877 Criminal transmission of HIV; procedures; penalties.—

(1) In any case in which a person has been convicted of or has pled nolo contendere or guilty to, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld, any of the following offenses, or the

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attempt thereof, which offense or attempted offense involves the transmission of body fluids from one person to another:

- (a) Section 794.011, relating to sexual battery;
- (b) Section 826.04, relating to incest;
- (c) Section 800.04, relating to lewd or lascivious offenses committed upon or in the presence of persons less than 16 years of age;
- (d) Sections 784.011, 784.07(2)(a), and 784.08(2)(d), relating to assault;
- (e) Sections 784.021, 784.07(2)(c), and 784.08(2)(b), relating to aggravated assault;
- (f) Sections 784.03, 784.07(2)(b), and 784.08(2)(c), relating to battery;
- (g) Sections 784.045, 784.07(2)(d), and 784.08(2)(a), relating to aggravated battery;
  - (h) Section 827.03(2)(c), relating to child abuse;
- (i) Section 827.03(2)(a), relating to aggravated child abuse;
- (j) Section 825.102(1), relating to abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult;
- (k) Section 825.102(2), relating to aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult;
- (1) Section 827.071, relating to sexual performance by person less than 18 years of age;
- (m) Sections 796.03, 796.07, and 796.08, relating to prostitution; or
- (n) Section 381.0041(11)(b), relating to donation of blood, plasma, organs, skin, or other human tissue,

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the court shall order the offender to undergo HIV testing, to be performed under the direction of the Department of Health in accordance with s. 381.004, unless the offender has undergone HIV testing voluntarily or pursuant to procedures established in s. 381.004(2) (h) 6. or s.  $951.27_{\tau}$  or any other applicable law or rule providing for HIV testing of criminal offenders or inmates, subsequent to her or his arrest for an offense enumerated in paragraphs (a)-(n) for which she or he was convicted or to which she or he pled nolo contendere or guilty. The results of an HIV test performed on an offender pursuant to this subsection are not admissible in any criminal proceeding arising out of the alleged offense.

Section 7. Subsection (5) of section 960.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

960.003 Hepatitis and HIV testing for persons charged with or alleged by petition for delinquency to have committed certain offenses; disclosure of results to victims.—

- (5) EXCEPTIONS.—Subsections (2) and (4) do not apply if:
- (a) The person charged with or convicted of or alleged by petition for delinquency to have committed or been adjudicated delinquent for an offense described in subsection (2) has undergone hepatitis and HIV testing voluntarily or pursuant to procedures established in s. 381.004(3)(h)6. or s. 951.27, or any other applicable law or rule providing for hepatitis and HIV testing of criminal defendants, inmates, or juvenile offenders, subsequent to his or her arrest, conviction, or delinquency adjudication for the offense for which he or she was charged or alleged by petition for delinquency to have committed; and
  - (b) The results of such hepatitis and HIV testing have been

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| 813 | furnished to the victim or the victim's legal guardian, or the   |  |
| 814 | parent or legal guardian of the victim if the victim is a minor. |  |
| 815 | Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.              |  |
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