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A bill to be entitled

2 An act relating to the purchase of firearms by 3 mentally ill persons; amending s. 790.065, F.S.; 4 providing conditions under which a person who has been 5 voluntarily admitted to a mental institution for 6 treatment and has undergone an involuntary examination 7 under the Baker Act may be prohibited from purchasing 8 a firearm; providing requirements for the examining 9 physician; providing for judicial review of certain findings; providing specified notice requirements; 10 providing form and contents of notice; providing 11 12 requirements with respect to the filing of specified 13 records with the court and presentation of such records to a judge or magistrate; providing lawful 14 15 authority of a judge or magistrate to review specified records and submit such records to the Department of 16 17 Law Enforcement; providing a timeframe for submission 18 of records to the department upon approval of a record by a judge or magistrate; providing an effective date. 19 20 21 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 22 23 Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section Section 1. 24 790.065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 25 790.065 Sale and delivery of firearms.-26 (2)Upon receipt of a request for a criminal history 27 record check, the Department of Law Enforcement shall, during 28 the licensee's call or by return call, forthwith:

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(a) Review any records available to determine if thepotential buyer or transferee:

Has been convicted of a felony and is prohibited from
 receipt or possession of a firearm pursuant to s. 790.23;

33 2. Has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic
34 violence, and therefore is prohibited from purchasing a firearm;

35 3. Has had adjudication of guilt withheld or imposition of 36 sentence suspended on any felony or misdemeanor crime of 37 domestic violence unless 3 years have elapsed since probation or 38 any other conditions set by the court have been fulfilled or 39 expunction has occurred; or

40 4. Has been adjudicated mentally defective or has been
41 committed to a mental institution by a court and as a result is
42 prohibited by federal law from purchasing a firearm.

43 As used in this subparagraph, "adjudicated mentally a. 44 defective" means a determination by a court that a person, as a result of marked subnormal intelligence, or mental illness, 45 incompetency, condition, or disease, is a danger to himself or 46 47 herself or to others or lacks the mental capacity to contract or 48 manage his or her own affairs. The phrase includes a judicial 49 finding of incapacity under s. 744.331(6)(a), an acquittal by 50 reason of insanity of a person charged with a criminal offense, 51 and a judicial finding that a criminal defendant is not 52 competent to stand trial.

53 b. As used in this subparagraph, "committed to a mental 54 institution" means:

55 <u>(I)</u> Involuntary commitment, commitment for mental 56 defectiveness or mental illness, and commitment for substance

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57 abuse. The phrase includes involuntary inpatient placement as 58 defined in s. 394.467, involuntary outpatient placement as 59 defined in s. 394.4655, involuntary assessment and stabilization 60 under s. 397.6818, and involuntary substance abuse treatment 61 under s. 397.6957, but does not include a person in a mental 62 institution for observation or discharged from a mental 63 institution based upon the initial review by the physician or a 64 voluntary admission to a mental institution; or. 65 (II) Notwithstanding sub-sub-subparagraph (I), voluntary admission to a mental institution for outpatient or inpatient 66 67 treatment of a person who had an involuntary examination under 68 s. 394.463, where each of the following conditions have been 69 met: 70 The examining physician found that the person is an (A) 71 imminent danger to himself or herself or others. 72 The examining physician certified that if the person (B) 73 did not agree to voluntary treatment, a petition for involuntary 74 outpatient or inpatient treatment would have been filed under s. 75 394.463(2)(i)4. 76 Before agreeing to voluntary treatment, the person (C) 77 received written notice of that finding and certification, and 78 written notice that as a result of such finding, he or she may 79 be prohibited from purchasing a firearm, and may not be eligible 80 to apply for or retain a concealed weapon or firearms license 81 under s. 790.06 and the person acknowledged such notice in 82 writing, in substantially the following form: 83 "I understand that the doctor who examined me believes 84 Page 3 of 7

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85	I am a danger to myself or to others. I understand
86	that if I do not agree to voluntary treatment, the
87	doctor will file a petition in court to require me to
88	receive involuntary treatment. I understand that if
89	that petition is filed, I have the right to contest
90	it. I understand that by agreeing to voluntary
91	treatment in this situation, I may be prohibited from
92	buying firearms and from applying for or retaining a
93	concealed weapons or firearms license until I apply
94	for and receive relief from that restriction under
95	Florida law."
96	
97	(D) A judge or a magistrate has, pursuant to sub-sub-
98	subparagraph c.(II), reviewed the record of the finding,
99	certification, notice, and written acknowledgement classifying
100	the person as an imminent danger to himself or herself or
101	others, and approved such record for submittal to the
102	department.
103	c. In order to check for these conditions, the department
104	shall compile and maintain an automated database of persons who
105	are prohibited from purchasing a firearm based on court records
106	of adjudications of mental defectiveness or commitments to
107	mental institutions.
108	(I) Except as provided in sub-sub-subparagraph (II),
109	clerks of court shall submit these records to the department
110	within 1 month after the rendition of the adjudication or
111	commitment. Reports shall be submitted in an automated format.
112	The reports must, at a minimum, include the name, along with any
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113 known alias or former name, the sex, and the date of birth of 114 the subject.

115 (II) For persons committed to a mental institution 116 pursuant to sub-sub-subparagraph b.(II), within 24 hours after 117 the person's agreement to voluntary admission, a record of the 118 finding, certification, notice, and written acknowledgement must be filed with the clerk of the court for the county in which the 119 involuntary examination under s. 394.463 occurred. The clerk 120 must present the records to a judge or magistrate within 24 121 122 hours after receipt of the records. A judge or magistrate is 123 required and has the lawful authority to review the records and, 124 if the judge or magistrate determines that the record supports 125 the classifying of the person as an imminent danger to himself 126 or herself or others, to approve the record for submittal to the 127 department. If a judge or magistrate approves the submittal of the record to the department, the record must be submitted to 128 129 the department within 24 hours.

130 A person who has been adjudicated mentally defective or d. 131 committed to a mental institution, as those terms are defined in 132 this paragraph, may petition the circuit court that made the 133 adjudication or commitment, or the court that approved the 134 record for submittal to the department pursuant to sub-sub-135 subparagraph c.(II), for relief from the firearm disabilities 136 imposed by such adjudication or commitment. A copy of the 137 petition shall be served on the state attorney for the county in 138 which the person was adjudicated or committed. The state 139 attorney may object to and present evidence relevant to the relief sought by the petition. The hearing on the petition may 140

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141 be open or closed as the petitioner may choose. The petitioner 142 may present evidence and subpoena witnesses to appear at the 143 hearing on the petition. The petitioner may confront and cross-144 examine witnesses called by the state attorney. A record of the 145 hearing shall be made by a certified court reporter or by court-146 approved electronic means. The court shall make written findings of fact and conclusions of law on the issues before it and issue 147 148 a final order. The court shall grant the relief requested in the 149 petition if the court finds, based on the evidence presented 150 with respect to the petitioner's reputation, the petitioner's 151 mental health record and, if applicable, criminal history 152 record, the circumstances surrounding the firearm disability, 153 and any other evidence in the record, that the petitioner will 154 not be likely to act in a manner that is dangerous to public 155 safety and that granting the relief would not be contrary to the 156 public interest. If the final order denies relief, the petitioner may not petition again for relief from firearm 157 disabilities until 1 year after the date of the final order. The 158 159 petitioner may seek judicial review of a final order denying 160 relief in the district court of appeal having jurisdiction over 161 the court that issued the order. The review shall be conducted 162 de novo. Relief from a firearm disability granted under this 163 sub-subparagraph has no effect on the loss of civil rights, 164 including firearm rights, for any reason other than the particular adjudication of mental defectiveness or commitment to 165 166 a mental institution from which relief is granted.

167 e. Upon receipt of proper notice of relief from firearm168 disabilities granted under sub-subparagraph d., the department

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169 shall delete any mental health record of the person granted 170 relief from the automated database of persons who are prohibited 171 from purchasing a firearm based on court records of 172 adjudications of mental defectiveness or commitments to mental 173 institutions.

174 f. The department is authorized to disclose data the 175 collected pursuant to this subparagraph data to agencies of the 176 Federal Government and other states for use exclusively in 177 determining the lawfulness of a firearm sale or transfer. The 178 department is also authorized to disclose this any collected 179 data to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for 180 purposes of determining eligibility for issuance of a concealed 181 weapons or concealed firearms license and for determining 182 whether a basis exists for revoking or suspending a previously 183 issued license pursuant to s. 790.06(10). When a potential buyer 184 or transferee appeals a nonapproval based on these records, the 185 clerks of court and mental institutions shall, upon request by the department, provide information to help determine whether 186 187 the potential buyer or transferee is the same person as the 188 subject of the record. Photographs and any other data that could 189 confirm or negate identity must be made available to the 190 department for such purposes, notwithstanding any other 191 provision of state law to the contrary. Any such information 192 that is made confidential or exempt from disclosure by law shall 193 retain such confidential or exempt status when transferred to 194 the department.

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Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.

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