

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
03/18/2013		
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The Committee on Criminal Justice (Bradley) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 985.622, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.622 Multiagency plan for career vocational education.-

8 (1) The Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department 9 of Education shall, in consultation with the statewide Workforce 10 Development Youth Council, school districts, providers, and 11 others, jointly develop a multiagency plan for <u>career</u> <del>vocational</del> 12 education that establishes the curriculum, goals, and outcome

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13	measures for career <del>vocational</del> programs in juvenile justice
14	education programs <del>commitment facilities</del> . The plan must include:
15	(a) Provisions for maximizing appropriate state and federal
16	funding sources, including funds under the Workforce Investment
17	Act and the Perkins Act.+
18	(b) Provisions for eliminating barriers to increasing
19	occupation-specific job training and high school equivalency
20	examination preparation opportunities.
21	(c) (b) The responsibilities of both departments and all
22	other appropriate entities <u>.; and</u>
23	(d) (c) A detailed implementation schedule.
24	(2) The plan must define <u>career</u> <del>vocational</del> programming that
25	is appropriate based upon:
26	(a) The age and assessed educational abilities and goals of
27	the <u>student</u> <del>youth</del> to be served; and
28	(b) The typical length of stay and custody characteristics
29	at the juvenile justice education <del>commitment</del> program to which
30	each <u>student</u> <del>youth</del> is assigned.
31	(3) The plan must include a definition of <u>career</u> <del>vocational</del>
32	programming that includes the following classifications of
33	juvenile justice education programs commitment facilities that
34	will offer <u>career</u> <del>vocational</del> programming by one of the following
35	types:
36	(a) Type APrograms that teach personal accountability
37	skills and behaviors that are appropriate for <u>students</u> <del>youth</del> in
38	all age groups and ability levels and that lead to work habits
39	that help maintain employment and living standards.
40	(b) Type BPrograms that include Type A program content
41	and an orientation to the broad scope of career choices, based
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42 upon personal abilities, aptitudes, and interests. Exploring and 43 gaining knowledge of occupation options and the level of effort 44 required to achieve them are essential prerequisites to skill 45 training.

46 (c) Type C.-Programs that include Type A program content
47 and the <u>career</u> vocational competencies or the prerequisites
48 needed for entry into a specific occupation.

49 (4) The plan must also address strategies to facilitate 50 involvement of business and industry in the design, delivery, 51 and evaluation of career vocational programming in juvenile justice education commitment facilities and conditional release 52 53 programs, including apprenticeship and work experience programs, mentoring and job shadowing, and other strategies that lead to 54 55 postrelease employment. Incentives for business involvement, such as tax breaks, bonding, and liability limits should be 56 investigated, implemented where appropriate, or recommended to 57 58 the Legislature for consideration.

59 (5) The plan must also evaluate the effect of students' 60 mobility between juvenile justice education programs and school 61 districts on the students' educational outcomes and whether the 62 continuity of the students' education can be better addressed 63 through virtual education.

64 (6) (5) The Department of Juvenile Justice and the 65 Department of Education shall each align its respective agency 66 policies, practices, technical manuals, contracts, quality-67 assurance standards, performance-based-budgeting measures, and 68 outcome measures with the plan in juvenile justice education 69 programs commitment facilities by July 31, 2014 2001. Each 67 agency shall provide a report on the implementation of this



71	section to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the
72	Speaker of the House of Representatives by August 31, $2014$ $2001$ .
73	(7) (6) All provider contracts executed by the Department of
74	Juvenile Justice or the school districts after January 1, $2015$
75	<del>2002</del> , must be aligned with the plan.
76	(8)(7) The planning and execution of quality assurance
77	reviews conducted by the Department of Education or the
78	Department of Juvenile Justice after August 1, <u>2014</u> <del>2002</del> , must
79	be aligned with the plan.
80	(9) (8) Outcome measures reported by the Department of
81	Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education for <u>students</u>
82	<del>youth</del> released on or after January 1, <u>2015</u> <del>2002</del> , should include
83	outcome measures that conform to the plan.
84	Section 2. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 985.632,
85	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
86	985.632 Quality assurance and cost-effectiveness
87	(1) The department shall:
88	(a) Provide cost and effectiveness information on programs
89	and program activities in order to compare, improve, or
90	eliminate a program or program activity if necessary.
91	(b) Provide program and program activity cost and
92	effectiveness data to the Legislature in order for resources to
93	be allocated for achieving desired performance outcomes.
94	(c) Provide information to the public concerning program
95	and program activity cost and effectiveness.
96	(d) Implement a system of accountability in order to
97	provide the best and most appropriate programs and activities to
98	meet client needs.
99	(e) Continue to improve service delivery. It is the intent

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100	of the Legislature that the department:
101	(a) Ensure that information be provided to decisionmakers
102	in a timely manner so that resources are allocated to programs
103	of the department which achieve desired performance levels.
104	(b) Provide information about the cost of such programs and
105	their differential effectiveness so that the quality of such
106	programs can be compared and improvements made continually.
107	(c) Provide information to aid in developing related policy
108	issues and concerns.
109	(d) Provide information to the public about the
110	effectiveness of such programs in meeting established goals and
111	objectives.
112	(e) Provide a basis for a system of accountability so that
113	each client is afforded the best programs to meet his or her
114	needs.
115	(f) Improve service delivery to clients.
116	(g) Modify or eliminate activities that are not effective.
117	(3) By March 1st of each year, the department, in
118	consultation with the Department of Education, shall publish a
119	report on program costs and effectiveness. The report shall
120	include uniform cost data for each program operated by the
121	department or by providers under contract with the department.
122	The Department of Education shall provide the cost data on each
123	education program operated by a school district or a provider
124	under contract with a school district. Cost data shall be
125	formatted and presented in a manner approved by the Legislature.
126	The report shall also include data on student learning gains, as
127	provided by the Department of Education, for all juvenile
128	justice education programs as required under s. 1003.52(3)(b),

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129 information required under s. 1003.52(17) and (21), the costeffectiveness of each program offered, and recommendations for 130 modification or elimination of programs or program activities 131 132 The department shall annually collect and report cost data for 133 every program operated or contracted by the department. The cost 134 data shall conform to a format approved by the department and 135 the Legislature. Uniform cost data shall be reported and 136 collected for state-operated and contracted programs so that 137 comparisons can be made among programs. The department shall 138 ensure that there is accurate cost accounting for state-operated 139 services including market-equivalent rent and other shared cost. 140 The cost of the educational program provided to a residential 141 facility shall be reported and included in the cost of a 142 program. The department shall submit an annual cost report to 143 the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of 144 Representatives, the Minority Leader of each house of the 145 Legislature, the appropriate substantive and fiscal committees of each house of the Legislature, and the Governor, no later 146 than December 1 of each year. Cost-benefit analysis for 147 148 educational programs will be developed and implemented in collaboration with and in cooperation with the Department of 149 Education, local providers, and local school districts. Cost 150 151 data for the report shall include data collected by the 152Department of Education for the purposes of preparing the annual 153 report required by s. 1003.52(19). 154 Section 3. Section 1001.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to

155 read:

156 1001.31 Scope of district system.—A district school system 157 shall include all public schools, classes, and courses of

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158 instruction and all services and activities directly related to 159 education in that district which are under the direction of the district school officials. A district school system may also 160 161 include alternative site schools for disruptive or violent 162 students youth. Such schools for disruptive or violent students youth may be funded by each district or provided through 163 164 cooperative programs administered by a consortium of school 165 districts, private providers, state and local law enforcement 166 agencies, and the Department of Juvenile Justice. Pursuant to 167 cooperative agreement, a district school system shall provide 168 instructional personnel at juvenile justice facilities of 50 or 169 more beds or slots with access to the district school system 170 database for the purpose of accessing student academic, 171 immunization, and registration records for students assigned to 172the programs. Such access shall be in the same manner as 173 provided to other schools in the district.

174 Section 4. Section 1003.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to 175 read:

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1003.51 Other public educational services.-

177 (1) The general control of other public educational 178 services shall be vested in the State Board of Education except as provided in this section herein. The State Board of Education 179 180 shall, at the request of the Department of Children and Families 181 Family Services and the Department of Juvenile Justice, advise 182 as to standards and requirements relating to education to be met 183 in all state schools or institutions under their control which 184 provide educational programs. The Department of Education shall provide supervisory services for the educational programs of all 185 such schools or institutions. The direct control of any of these 186



187 services provided as part of the district program of education shall rest with the district school board. These services shall 188 189 be supported out of state, district, federal, or other lawful 190 funds, depending on the requirements of the services being 191 supported.

192 (2) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules and 193 maintain an administrative rule articulating expectations for 194 effective education programs for students youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, including, but not limited to, 195 196 education programs in juvenile justice prevention, day 197 treatment, residential, commitment and detention facilities. The 198 rules rule shall establish articulate policies and standards for education programs for students youth in Department of Juvenile 199 200 Justice programs and shall include the following:

201 (a) The interagency collaborative process needed to ensure 202 effective programs with measurable results.

203 (b) The responsibilities of the Department of Education, 204 the Department of Juvenile Justice, Workforce Florida, Inc., 205 district school boards, and providers of education services to 206 students youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs.

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(c) Academic expectations.

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(d) Career and technical expectations.

(e) Education transition planning and services.

210 (f) (d) Service delivery options available to district 211 school boards, including direct service and contracting.

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(g) (e) Assessment procedures, which:

213 1. Include appropriate academic and career assessments administered at program entry and exit that are selected by the 214 215 Department of Education in partnership with representatives from

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216 the Department of Juvenile Justice, district school boards, and 217 education providers. 218 2. Require district school boards to be responsible for 219 ensuring the completion of the assessment process. 220 3. Require assessments for students in detention who will 221 move on to commitment facilities, to be designed to create the 222 foundation for developing the student's education program in the 223 assigned commitment facility. 224 2.4. Require assessments of students in programs sent 225 directly to commitment facilities to be completed within the 226 first 10 school days after of the student's entry into the 227 program commitment. 228 229 The results of these assessments, together with a portfolio 230 depicting the student's academic and career accomplishments, 231 shall be included in the discharge packet package assembled for 232 each student youth. 233 (h) (f) Recommended instructional programs, including, but 234 not limited to, secondary education, high school equivalency 235 examination preparation, postsecondary education, career 236 training, and job preparation. 237 (i) (g) Funding requirements, which shall include the 238 requirement that at least 90 percent of the FEFP funds generated 239 by students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs or in an 240 education program for juveniles under s. 985.19 be spent on 241 instructional costs for those students. One hundred percent of 242 the formula-based categorical funds generated by students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs must be spent on 243 244 appropriate categoricals such as instructional materials and

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245 public school technology for those students.

246 (j) (h) Qualifications of instructional staff, procedures 247 for the selection of instructional staff, and procedures for to 248 ensure consistent instruction and qualified staff year round. 249 Qualifications shall include those for career education 250 instructors, standardized across the state, and shall be based 251 on state certification, local school district approval, and 252 industry-recognized credentials or industry training. Procedures 253 for the use of noncertified instructional personnel who possess 254 expert knowledge or experience in their fields of instruction 255 shall be established.

256 <u>(k) (i)</u> Transition services, including the roles and 257 responsibilities of appropriate personnel in <u>the juvenile</u> 258 <u>justice education program, the</u> school <u>district where the student</u> 259 <u>will reenter</u> <del>districts</del>, provider organizations, and the 260 Department of Juvenile Justice.

261 <u>(1) (j)</u> Procedures and timeframe for transfer of education 262 records when a <u>student</u> <del>youth</del> enters and leaves a <u>Department of</u> 263 Juvenile Justice education program <del>facility</del>.

264 (m) (k) The requirement that each district school board 265 maintain an academic transcript for each student enrolled in a 266 juvenile justice <u>education program</u> facility that delineates each 267 course completed by the student as provided by the State Course 268 Code Directory.

269 <u>(n) (1)</u> The requirement that each district school board make 270 available and transmit a copy of a student's transcript in the 271 discharge packet when the student exits a <u>juvenile justice</u> 272 <u>education program</u> facility.

(o) (m) Contract requirements.

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274 <u>(p)-(n)</u> Performance expectations for providers and district 275 school boards, including <u>student performance measures by type of</u> 276 <u>program, education program performance ratings, school</u> 277 <u>improvement, and corrective action plans for low-performing</u> 278 <u>programs the provision of a progress monitoring plan as required</u> 279 <u>in s. 1008.25</u>.

280 <u>(q) (o)</u> The role and responsibility of the district school 281 board in securing workforce development funds.

2.82 (r) (p) A series of graduated sanctions for district school 283 boards whose educational programs in Department of Juvenile Justice programs facilities are considered to be unsatisfactory 284 285 and for instances in which district school boards fail to meet 286 standards prescribed by law, rule, or State Board of Education 287 policy. These sanctions shall include the option of requiring a 288 district school board to contract with a provider or another 289 district school board if the educational program at the 290 Department of Juvenile Justice program is performing below 291 minimum standards facility has failed a quality assurance review and, after 6 months, is still performing below minimum 292 293 standards.

294 <u>(s) Curriculum, guidance counseling, transition, and</u> 295 <u>education services expectations, including curriculum</u> 296 <u>flexibility for detention centers operated by the Department of</u> 297 <u>Juvenile Justice.</u>

298 <u>(t) (q)</u> Other aspects of program operations.
299 (3) The Department of Education in partnership with the
300 Department of Juvenile Justice, the district school boards, and
301 providers shall:

(a) Develop and implement requirements for contracts and

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303 cooperative agreements regarding Maintain model contracts for 304 the delivery of appropriate education services to students youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs to be used for the 305 306 development of future contracts. The minimum contract requirements shall include, but are not limited to, payment 307 308 structure and amounts; access to district services; contract 309 management provisions; data reporting requirements, including 310 reporting of full-time equivalent student membership; 311 administration of federal programs such as Title I, exceptional 312 student education, and the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical 313 Education Act of 2006; and model contracts shall reflect the 314 policy and standards included in subsection (2). The Department 315 of Education shall ensure that appropriate district school board 316 personnel are trained and held accountable for the management 317 and monitoring of contracts for education programs for youth in juvenile justice residential and nonresidential facilities. 318

(b) <u>Develop and implement</u> <u>Maintain model</u> procedures for transitioning <u>students</u> <u>youth</u> into and out of Department of Juvenile Justice <u>education</u> programs. These procedures shall reflect the policy and standards adopted pursuant to subsection (2).

(c) Maintain standardized required content of education records to be included as part of a <u>student's</u> <u>youth's</u> commitment record <u>and procedures for securing the student's records</u>. <u>The</u> <u>education records</u> <del>These requirements shall reflect the policy</del> and standards adopted pursuant to subsection (2) and shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- 330 331
- 2. A copy of the student's individualized progress

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1. A copy of the student's individual educational plan.



332 monitoring plan.

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3. A copy of the student's individualized transition plan.

334 <u>4.2.</u> Assessment data, including grade level proficiency in 335 reading, writing, and mathematics, and performance on tests 336 taken according to s. 1008.22.

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5.3. A copy of the student's permanent cumulative record.

<u>6.4.</u> A copy of the student's academic transcript.

339 <u>7.5.</u> A portfolio reflecting the <u>student's</u> youth's academic 340 <u>and career and technical</u> accomplishments, when age appropriate, 341 while in the Department of Juvenile Justice program.

342 (d) Establish Maintain model procedures for securing the 343 education record and the roles and responsibilities of the juvenile probation officer and others involved in the withdrawal 344 345 of the student from school and assignment to a juvenile justice education program commitment or detention facility. District 346 347 school boards shall respond to requests for student education records received from another district school board or a 348 juvenile justice facility within 5 working days after receiving 349 350 the request.

351 (4) Each The Department of Education shall ensure that
 352 district school board shall: boards

353 (a) Notify students in juvenile justice education programs 354 residential or nonresidential facilities who attain the age of 16 years of the provisions of law regarding compulsory school 355 356 attendance and make available the option of enrolling in a 357 program to attain a Florida high school diploma by taking the 358 high school equivalency examination before General Educational 359 Development test prior to release from the program facility. District school boards or Florida College System institutions, 360

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361	or both, shall waive GED testing fees for youth in Department of
362	Juvenile Justice residential programs and shall, upon request,
363	designate schools operating for the purpose of providing
364	educational services to <u>students</u> <del>youth</del> in Department of Juvenile
365	Justice programs. The Department of Education shall assist
366	juvenile justice education programs with becoming high school
367	equivalency examination centers as GED testing centers, subject
368	to GED testing center requirements. The administrative fees for
369	the General Educational Development test required by the
370	Department of Education are the responsibility of district
371	school boards and may be required of providers by contractual
372	agreement.
373	(b) Respond to requests for student education records
374	received from another district school board or a juvenile
375	justice education program within 5 working days after receiving
376	the request.
377	(c) Provide access to courses offered pursuant to ss.
378	1002.37, 1002.45, and 1003.498. School districts and providers
379	may enter into cooperative agreements for the provision of
380	curriculum associated with courses offered pursuant to s.
381	1003.498 to enable providers to offer such courses.
382	(d) Complete the assessment process required by subsection
383	<u>(2).</u>
384	(e) Monitor compliance with contracts for education
385	programs for students in juvenile justice prevention, day
386	treatment, residential, and detention programs.
387	(5) The Department of Education shall establish and
388	operate, either directly or indirectly through a contract, a
389	mechanism to provide accountability measures that annually
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390 assesses and evaluates all juvenile justice education programs 391 using student performance data and program performance ratings 392 by type of program quality assurance reviews of all juvenile 393 justice education programs and shall provide technical assistance and related research to district school boards and 394 395 juvenile justice education providers on how to establish, 396 develop, and operate educational programs that exceed the 397 minimum quality assurance standards. The Department of 398 Education, with input from the Department of Juvenile Justice, 399 school districts, and education providers, shall develop annual 400 recommendations for system and school improvement. 401 Section 5. Section 1003.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to 402 read: 403 1003.52 Educational services in Department of Juvenile 404 Justice programs.-405 (1) The Legislature finds that education is the single most

406 important factor in the rehabilitation of adjudicated delinquent 407 youth in the custody of Department of Juvenile Justice programs. 408 It is the goal of the Legislature that youth in the juvenile 409 justice system continue to be allowed the opportunity to obtain 410 a high quality education. The Department of Education shall 411 serve as the lead agency for juvenile justice education 412 programs, curriculum, support services, and resources. To this 413 end, the Department of Education and the Department of Juvenile 414 Justice shall each designate a Coordinator for Juvenile Justice 415 Education Programs to serve as the point of contact for 416 resolving issues not addressed by district school boards and to 417 provide each department's participation in the following 418 activities:

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(a) Training, collaborating, and coordinating with the Department of Juvenile Justice, district school boards, <u>local</u> workforce boards and youth councils, educational contract providers, and juvenile justice providers, whether state operated or contracted.

(b) Collecting information on the academic, career
education, and transition performance of students in juvenile
justice programs and reporting on the results.

(c) Developing academic and career <u>education</u> protocols that
 provide guidance to district school boards and <u>juvenile justice</u>
 <u>education</u> providers in all aspects of education programming,
 including records transfer and transition.

(d) <u>Implementing a joint accountability, program</u>
performance, and program improvement process Prescribing the
roles of program personnel and interdepartmental district school
board or provider collaboration strategies.

436 Annually, a cooperative agreement and plan for juvenile justice 437 education service enhancement shall be developed between the 438 Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education 439 and submitted to the Secretary of Juvenile Justice and the 440 Commissioner of Education by June 30. The plan shall include, at 441 a minimum, each agency's role regarding educational program accountability, technical assistance, training, and coordination 442 443 of services.

444 (2) Students participating in Department of Juvenile
445 Justice programs pursuant to chapter 985 which are sponsored by
446 a community-based agency or are operated or contracted for by
447 the Department of Juvenile Justice shall receive <u>education</u>

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educational programs according to rules of the State Board of
Education. These students shall be eligible for services
afforded to students enrolled in programs pursuant to s. 1003.53
and all corresponding State Board of Education rules.

(3) The district school board of the county in which the
juvenile justice education prevention, day treatment,
residential, or detention program residential or nonresidential
care facility or juvenile assessment facility is located shall
provide or contract for appropriate educational assessments and
an appropriate program of instruction and special education
services.

459 (a) The district school board shall make provisions for 460 each student to participate in basic, career education, and 461 exceptional student programs as appropriate. Students served in 462 Department of Juvenile Justice programs shall have access to the 463 appropriate courses and instruction to prepare them for the high 464 school equivalency examination GED test. Students participating 465 in high school equivalency examination GED preparation programs 466 shall be funded at the basic program cost factor for Department 467 of Juvenile Justice programs in the Florida Education Finance 468 Program. Each program shall be conducted according to applicable 469 law providing for the operation of public schools and rules of 470 the State Board of Education. School districts shall provide the high school equivalency examination GED exit option for all 471 472 juvenile justice programs.

(b) By October 1, 2004, The Department of Education, with
the assistance of the school districts and juvenile justice
education providers, shall select a common student assessment
instrument and protocol for measuring student learning gains and

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477 student progression while a student is in a juvenile justice 478 education program. The assessment instrument and protocol must 479 be implemented in all juvenile justice education programs in 480 this state by January 1, 2005.

481 (4) Educational services shall be provided at times of the 482 day most appropriate for the juvenile justice program. School programming in juvenile justice detention, prevention, day 483 484 treatment, and residential commitment, and rehabilitation 485 programs shall be made available by the local school district 486 during the juvenile justice school year, as provided defined in 487 s. 1003.01(11). In addition, students in juvenile justice 488 education programs shall have access to courses offered pursuant 489 to ss. 1002.37, 1002.45, and 1003.498 Florida Virtual School 490 courses. The Department of Education and the school districts 491 shall adopt policies necessary to provide ensure such access.

492 (5) The educational program shall provide instruction based 493 on each student's individualized transition plan, assessed 494 educational needs, and the education programs available in the 495 school district to which the student will return. Depending on 496 the student's needs, educational programming may consist of 497 remedial courses, consist of appropriate basic academic courses 498 required for grade advancement, career education courses, high 499 school equivalency examination preparation, or exceptional 500 student education curricula and related services which support 501 the transition treatment goals and reentry and which may lead to 502 completion of the requirements for receipt of a high school 503 diploma or its equivalent. Prevention and day treatment juvenile 504 justice education programs, at a minimum, shall provide career readiness and exploration opportunities as well as truancy and 505

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506 dropout prevention intervention services. Residential juvenile 507 justice education programs with a contracted minimum length of 508 stay of 9 months shall provide career education courses that 509 lead to preapprentice certifications, industry certifications, 510 occupational completion points, or work-related certifications. 511 Residential programs with contracted lengths of stay of less 512 than 9 months may provide career education courses that lead to 513 preapprentice certifications, industry certifications, 514 occupational completion points, or work-related certifications. 515 If the duration of a program is less than 40 days, the 516 educational component may be limited to tutorial remediation 517 activities, and career employability skills instruction, 518 education counseling, and transition services that prepare 519 students for a return to school, the community, and their home 520 settings based on the students' needs.

521 (6) Participation in the program by students of compulsory 522 school-attendance age as provided for in s. 1003.21 shall be 523 mandatory. All students of noncompulsory school-attendance age 524 who have not received a high school diploma or its equivalent 525 shall participate in the educational program, unless the student 526 files a formal declaration of his or her intent to terminate 527 school enrollment as described in s. 1003.21 and is afforded the 528 opportunity to take the general educational development test and 529 attain a Florida high school diploma before <del>prior to</del> release 530 from a juvenile justice education program facility. A student 531 youth who has received a high school diploma or its equivalent 532 and is not employed shall participate in workforce development 533 or other career or technical education or Florida College System 534 institution or university courses while in the program, subject



535 to available funding.

536 (7) An individualized A progress monitoring plan shall be 537 developed for all students not classified as exceptional 538 education students upon entry into a juvenile justice education 539 program and upon reentry into the school district who score 540 below the level specified in district school board policy in 541 reading, writing, and mathematics or below the level specified 542 by the Commissioner of Education on statewide assessments as required by s. 1008.25. These plans shall address academic, 543 544 literacy, and career and technical life skills and shall include 545 provisions for intensive remedial instruction in the areas of 546 weakness.

547 (8) Each district school board shall maintain an academic 548 record for each student enrolled in a juvenile justice program 549 facility as prescribed by s. 1003.51. Such record shall 550 delineate each course completed by the student according to 551 procedures in the State Course Code Directory. The district 552 school board shall include a copy of a student's academic record 553 in the discharge packet when the student exits the program 554 facility.

(9) <u>Each</u> The Department of Education shall ensure that all district school <u>board shall</u> boards make provisions for high school level <u>students</u> <del>youth</del> to earn credits toward high school graduation while in residential and nonresidential juvenile justice <u>programs</u> <del>facilities</del>. Provisions must be made for the transfer of credits and partial credits earned.

561 (10) School districts and juvenile justice education 562 providers shall develop individualized transition plans during 563 the course of a student's stay in a juvenile justice education

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564	program to coordinate academic, career and technical, and
565	secondary and postsecondary services that assist the student in
566	successful community reintegration upon release. Development of
567	the transition plan shall be a collaboration of the personnel in
568	the juvenile justice education program, reentry personnel,
569	personnel from the school district to which the student will
570	return, the student, the student's family, and the Department of
571	Juvenile Justice personnel for committed students.
572	(a) Transition planning must begin upon a student's
573	placement in the program. The transition plan must include, at a
574	minimum:
575	1. Services and interventions that address the student's
576	assessed educational needs and postrelease education plans.
577	2. Services to be provided during the program stay and
578	services to be implemented upon release, including, but not
579	limited to, continuing education in secondary school, career and
580	technical programs, postsecondary education, or employment,
581	based on the student's needs.
582	3. Specific monitoring responsibilities of individuals who
583	are responsible for reintegration to determine whether the
584	individualized transition plan is being implemented and if the
585	student is being provided access to support services that will
586	sustain the student's success. Individuals who are responsible
587	for reintegration shall coordinate such activities.
588	(b) For the purpose of transition planning and reentry
589	services, representatives from the school district and the one
590	stop center where the student will return shall participate as
591	members of the local Department of Juvenile Justice reentry
592	teams. The school district, upon return of a student from a
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593 juvenile justice education program, must consider the individual 594 needs and circumstances of the student and the transition plan 595 recommendations when reenrolling a student in a public school. A 596 local school district may not maintain a standardized policy for 597 all students returning from a juvenile justice program but shall 598 place students based on their needs and their performance in the 599 program.

600 (c) The Department of Education and the Department of 601 Juvenile Justice shall provide oversight and guidance to school 602 districts, education providers, and reentry personnel on how to 603 implement effective educational transition planning and 604 services.

605 (11) (10) The district school board shall recruit and train 606 teachers who are interested, qualified, or experienced in 607 educating students in juvenile justice programs. Students in 608 juvenile justice programs shall be provided a wide range of 609 education educational programs and opportunities, including 610 textbooks, access to technology, instructional support, and 611 other resources commensurate with resources provided available 612 to students in public schools If the district school board 613 operates a juvenile justice education program at a juvenile 614 justice facility, the district school board, in consultation 615 with the director of the juvenile justice facility, shall select 616 the instructional personnel assigned to that program. The 617 Secretary of Juvenile Justice or the director of a juvenile 618 justice program may request that the performance of a teacher 619 assigned by the district to a juvenile justice education program 620 be reviewed by the district and that the teacher be reassigned based upon an evaluation conducted pursuant to s. 1012.34 or for 621

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622 inappropriate behavior Teachers assigned to educational programs 623 in juvenile justice settings in which the district school board 624 operates the educational program shall be selected by the 625 district school board in consultation with the director of the 626 juvenile justice facility. Educational programs in Juvenile justice education programs facilities shall have access to the 627 628 substitute teacher pool used utilized by the district school 629 board.

630 (12) (11) District school boards may contract with a private 631 provider for the provision of education educational programs to students youths placed with the Department of Juvenile Justice 632 633 and shall generate local, state, and federal funding, including 634 funding through the Florida Education Finance Program for such 635 students. The district school board's planning and budgeting 636 process shall include the needs of Department of Juvenile 637 Justice programs in the district school board's plan for 638 expenditures for state categorical and federal funds.

639 (13) (12) (a) Funding for eligible students enrolled in
640 juvenile justice education programs shall be provided through
641 the Florida Education Finance Program as provided in s. 1011.62
642 and the General Appropriations Act. Funding shall include, at a
643 minimum:

644 1. Weighted program funding or the basic amount for current 645 operation multiplied by the district cost differential as 646 provided in s. <u>1011.62(1)(s)</u> <del>1011.62(1)(r)</del> and (2);

647 2. The supplemental allocation for juvenile justice648 education as provided in s. 1011.62(10);

649 3. A proportionate share of the district's exceptional650 student education guaranteed allocation, the supplemental



651 academic instruction allocation, and the instructional materials 652 allocation;

4. An amount equivalent to the proportionate share of the
state average potential discretionary local effort for
operations, which shall be determined as follows:

656 a. If the district levies the maximum discretionary local 657 effort and the district's discretionary local effort per FTE is 658 less than the state average potential discretionary local effort 659 per FTE, the proportionate share shall include both the 660 discretionary local effort and the compression supplement per FTE. If the district's discretionary local effort per FTE is 661 662 greater than the state average per FTE, the proportionate share 663 shall be equal to the state average; or

664 b. If the district does not levy the maximum discretionary 665 local effort and the district's actual discretionary local 666 effort per FTE is less than the state average potential 667 discretionary local effort per FTE, the proportionate share 668 shall be equal to the district's actual discretionary local 669 effort per FTE. If the district's actual discretionary local 670 effort per FTE is greater than the state average per FTE, the 671 proportionate share shall be equal to the state average 672 potential local effort per FTE; and

673 5. A proportionate share of the district's proration to674 funds available, if necessary.

(b) Juvenile justice <u>education</u> educational programs to
receive the appropriate FEFP funding for Department of Juvenile
Justice programs shall include those operated through a contract
with the Department of Juvenile Justice and which are under
<del>purview of the Department of Juvenile Justice quality assurance</del>

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680 standards for education.

(c) Consistent with the rules of the State Board of
Education, district school boards are required to request an
alternative FTE survey for Department of Juvenile Justice
programs experiencing fluctuations in student enrollment.

685 (d) FTE count periods shall be prescribed in rules of the 686 State Board of Education and shall be the same for programs of 687 the Department of Juvenile Justice as for other public school 688 programs. The summer school period for students in Department of 689 Juvenile Justice programs shall begin on the day immediately 690 following the end of the regular school year and end on the day 691 immediately preceding the subsequent regular school year. 692 Students shall be funded for no more than 25 hours per week of 693 direct instruction.

(e) Each juvenile justice education program must receiveall federal funds for which the program is eligible.

696 <u>(14)(13)</u> Each district school board shall negotiate a 697 cooperative agreement with the Department of Juvenile Justice on 698 the delivery of educational services to <u>students</u> youths under 699 the jurisdiction of the Department of Juvenile Justice. Such 690 agreement must include, but is not limited to:

(a) Roles and responsibilities of each agency, includingthe roles and responsibilities of contract providers.

703 (b) Administrative issues including procedures for sharing704 information.

705 (c) Allocation of resources including maximization of 706 local, state, and federal funding.

707 (d) Procedures for educational evaluation for educational708 exceptionalities and special needs.

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709 (e) Curriculum and delivery of instruction. 710 (f) Classroom management procedures and attendance 711 policies. 712 (q) Procedures for provision of qualified instructional 713 personnel, whether supplied by the district school board or 714 provided under contract by the provider, and for performance of 715 duties while in a juvenile justice setting. 716 (h) Provisions for improving skills in teaching and working 717 with students referred to juvenile justice programs delinquents. (i) Transition plans for students moving into and out of 718 719 juvenile programs facilities. 720 (j) Procedures and timelines for the timely documentation 721 of credits earned and transfer of student records. 722 (k) Methods and procedures for dispute resolution. 723 (1) Provisions for ensuring the safety of education 724 personnel and support for the agreed-upon education program. 725 (m) Strategies for correcting any deficiencies found 726 through the accountability and evaluation system and student 727 performance measures quality assurance process. 728 (15) (14) Nothing in this section or in a cooperative 729 agreement requires shall be construed to require the district 730 school board to provide more services than can be supported by 731 the funds generated by students in the juvenile justice 732 programs. 733 (16) (15) (a) The Department of Education, in consultation 734 with the Department of Juvenile Justice, district school boards, 735 and providers, shall adopt rules establishing: establish 736 (a) Objective and measurable student performance measures 737 to evaluate a student's educational progress while participating

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738 in a prevention, day treatment, or residential program. The 739 student performance measures must be based on appropriate outcomes for all students in juvenile justice education 740 741 programs, taking into consideration the student's length of stay 742 in the program. Performance measures shall include outcomes that 743 relate to student achievement of career education goals, 744 acquisition of employability skills, receipt of a high school 745 diploma, and grade advancement.

(b) A performance rating system to be used by the
Department of Education to evaluate quality assurance standards
for the delivery of educational services within each of the
juvenile justice programs. The performance rating shall be
primarily based on data regarding student performance as
described in paragraph (a) component of residential and
nonresidential juvenile justice facilities.

753 (c) The timeframes, procedures, and resources to be used to 754 improve a low-rated educational program or to terminate or 755 reassign the program These standards shall rate the district 756 school board's performance both as a provider and contractor. 757 The quality assurance rating for the educational component shall 758 be disaggregated from the overall quality assurance score and 759 reported separately.

760 (d) (b) The Department of Education shall develop A
761 comprehensive accountability and program improvement quality
762 assurance review process in partnership with the Department of
763 Juvenile Justice. The accountability and program improvement
764 process shall be based on student performance measures by type
765 of program and shall rate education program performance. The
766 accountability system shall identify and recognize high-

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767 performing education programs. The Department of Education, in 768 partnership with the Department of Juvenile Justice, shall also 769 identify low-performing programs. Low-performing education 770 programs shall receive an onsite program evaluation from the Department of Juvenile <u>Justice. School improvement</u>, technical 771 772 assistance, or the reassignment of the program shall be based, 773 in part, on the results of the program evaluation. Through a 774 corrective action process, low-performing programs must 775 demonstrate improvement or reassign the program and schedule for 776 the evaluation of the educational component in juvenile justice 777 programs. The Department of Juvenile Justice quality assurance site visit and the education quality assurance site visit shall 778 779 be conducted during the same visit.

780 (c) The Department of Education, in consultation with 781 district school boards and providers, shall establish minimum 782 thresholds for the standards and key indicators for educational 783 programs in juvenile justice facilities. If a district school 784 board fails to meet the established minimum standards, it will 785 be given 6 months to achieve compliance with the standards. If 786 after 6 months, the district school board's performance is still 787 below minimum standards, the Department of Education shall 788 exercise sanctions as prescribed by rules adopted by the State 789 Board of Education. If a provider, under contract with the 790 district school board, fails to meet minimum standards, such 791 failure shall cause the district school board to cancel the 792 provider's contract unless the provider achieves compliance 793 within 6 months or unless there are documented extenuating 794 circumstances.

795

(d) The requirements in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) shall



796	be implemented to the extent that funds are available.
797	(17) The department, in collaboration with the Department
798	of Juvenile Justice, shall monitor and report on the educational
799	performance of students in commitment, day treatment,
800	prevention, and detention programs. The report by the Department
801	of Education must include, at a minimum, the number and
802	percentage of students who:
803	(a) Return to an alternative school, middle school, or high
804	school upon release and the attendance rate of such students
805	before and after participation in juvenile justice education
806	programs.
807	(b) Receive a standard high school diploma or a high school
808	equivalency diploma.
809	(c) Receive industry certification.
810	(d) Receive occupational completion points.
811	(e) Enroll in a postsecondary educational institution.
812	(f) Complete a juvenile justice education program without
813	reoffending.
814	(g) Reoffend within 1 year after completion of a day
815	treatment or residential commitment program.
816	(h) Remain employed 1 year after completion of a day
817	treatment or residential commitment program.
818	
819	The results of this report shall be included in the report
820	required by s. 985.632.
821	<u>(18)</u> The district school board <u>may</u> <del>shall</del> not be charged
822	any rent, maintenance, utilities, or overhead on such
823	facilities. Maintenance, repairs, and remodeling of existing
824	facilities shall be provided by the Department of Juvenile



825 Justice.

826 (19) (17) When additional facilities are required, the 827 district school board and the Department of Juvenile Justice 828 shall agree on the appropriate site based on the instructional 829 needs of the students. When the most appropriate site for 830 instruction is on district school board property, a special capital outlay request shall be made by the commissioner in 831 832 accordance with s. 1013.60. When the most appropriate site is on 833 state property, state capital outlay funds shall be requested by 834 the Department of Juvenile Justice provided by s. 216.043 and shall be submitted as specified by s. 216.023. Any instructional 835 836 facility to be built on state property shall have educational 837 specifications jointly developed by the district school board 838 and the Department of Juvenile Justice and approved by the 839 Department of Education. The size of space and occupant design 840 capacity criteria as provided by State Board of Education rules 841 shall be used for remodeling or new construction whether 842 facilities are provided on state property or district school 843 board property.

844 <u>(20)(18)</u> The parent of an exceptional student shall have 845 the due process rights provided for in this chapter.

846 (21) (19) The Department of Education and the Department of 847 Juvenile Justice, after consultation with and assistance from 848 local providers and district school boards, shall collect data 849 report annually to the Legislature by February 1 on the progress 850 toward developing effective education educational programs for 851 juvenile delinquents, including the amount of funding provided 852 by district school boards to juvenile justice programs;  $\tau$  the amount retained for administration, including documenting the 853

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854 purposes for such expenses;  $_{\mathcal{T}}$  the status of the development of 855 cooperative agreements; education program performance, the 856 results, including the identification of high- and low-857 performing programs and aggregate student performance results; 858 of the quality assurance reviews including recommendations for 859 system improvement;  $\tau$  and information on the identification of, and services provided to, exceptional students in juvenile 860 861 justice programs commitment facilities to determine whether 862 these students are properly reported for funding and are 863 appropriately served.

864 <u>(22) (20)</u> The <u>education</u> educational programs at the Arthur 865 Dozier School for Boys in Jackson County and the Florida School 866 for Boys in Okeechobee shall be operated by the Department of 867 Education, either directly or through grants or contractual 868 agreements with other public or duly accredited education 869 agencies approved by the Department of Education.

870 <u>(23)(21)</u> The State Board of Education <u>shall</u> may adopt any 871 rules necessary to implement the provisions of this section, 872 including uniform curriculum, funding, and second chance 873 schools. Such rules must require the minimum amount of paperwork 874 and reporting.

(24) (22) The Department of Juvenile Justice and the 875 876 Department of Education, in consultation with Workforce Florida, Inc., the statewide Workforce Development Youth Council, 877 878 district school boards, Florida College System institutions, 879 providers, and others, shall jointly develop a multiagency plan 880 for career education which describes the funding, curriculum, 881 transfer of credits, goals, and outcome measures for career 882 education programming in juvenile commitment facilities,

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883 pursuant to s. 985.622. The plan must be reviewed annually. 884 Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (18) of section 885 1001.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

886 1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.—The 887 district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all 888 powers and perform all duties listed below:

889 (18) IMPLEMENT SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY.-890 Maintain a state system of school improvement and education 891 accountability as provided by statute and State Board of 892 Education rule. This system of school improvement and education 893 accountability shall be consistent with, and implemented 894 through, the district's continuing system of planning and 895 budgeting required by this section and ss. 1008.385, 1010.01, 896 and 1011.01. This system of school improvement and education 897 accountability shall comply with the provisions of ss. 1008.33, 898 1008.34, 1008.345, and 1008.385 and include the following:

899 (b) Public disclosure.-The district school board shall 900 provide information regarding the performance of students and 901 educational programs as required pursuant to ss. 1008.22 and 902 1008.385 and implement a system of school reports as required by 903 statute and State Board of Education rule which shall include 904 schools operating for the purpose of providing educational 905 services to students youth in Department of Juvenile Justice 906 programs, and for those schools, report on the elements 907 specified in s. 1003.52(16) 1003.52(19). Annual public 908 disclosure reports shall be in an easy-to-read report card 909 format and shall include the school's grade, high school 910 graduation rate calculated without high school equivalency 911 examinations GED tests, disaggregated by student ethnicity, and

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912	performance data as specified in state board rule.
913	Section 7. The Division of Law Revision and Information is
914	requested to prepare a reviser's bill for introduction at the
915	next regular session of the Legislature to change the terms
916	"General Educational Development test" or "GED test" to "high
917	school equivalency examination" and the terms "general education
918	diploma," "graduate equivalency diploma," or "GED" to "high
919	school equivalency diploma" wherever those terms appear in the
920	Florida Statutes.
921	Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.
922	
923	======================================
924	And the title is amended as follows:
925	Delete everything before the enacting clause
926	and insert:
927	A bill to be entitled
928	An act relating to juvenile justice education
929	programs; amending s. 985.622, F.S.; revising
930	provisions to be included in the multiagency education
931	plan for students in juvenile justice education
932	programs, including virtual education as an option;
933	amending s. 985.632, F.S.; requiring the Department of
934	Juvenile Justice to provide cost and effectiveness
935	information for program and program activities to the
936	Legislature and the public; deleting legislative
937	intent language; requiring implementation of an
938	accountability system to ensure client needs are met;
939	requiring the department and the Department of
940	Education to submit an annual report that includes

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941 data on program costs and effectiveness and student 942 achievement and recommendations for elimination or 943 modification of programs; amending s. 1001.31, F.S.; 944 authorizing instructional personnel at all juvenile 945 justice facilities to access specific student records at the district; amending s. 1003.51, F.S.; revising 946 947 terminology; revising requirements for rules to be 948 maintained by the State Board of Education; providing 949 expectations for effective education programs for 950 students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs; 951 revising requirements for contract and cooperative 952 agreements for the delivery of appropriate education 953 services to students in Department of Juvenile Justice 954 programs; requiring the Department of Education to 955 ensure that juvenile justice students who are eligible 956 have access to high school equivalency testing; 957 requiring the Department of Education to assist 958 juvenile justice education programs with becoming high 959 school equivalency testing centers; revising 960 requirements for an accountability system that 961 assesses and evaluates all juvenile justice education 962 programs; revising requirements of district school 963 boards; amending s. 1003.52, F.S.; revising 964 requirements for activities to be coordinated by the 965 coordinators for juvenile justice education programs; 966 authorizing contracting for educational assessments; 967 revising requirements for assessments; authorizing 968 access to local virtual education courses; requiring 969 that an education program be based on each student's



970 transition plan and assessed educational needs; 971 providing requirements for prevention and day 972 treatment juvenile justice education programs; 973 requiring progress monitoring plans for all students 974 not classified as exceptional student education 975 students; revising requirements for such plans; 976 requiring that the Department of Education, in 977 partnership with the Department of Juvenile Justice, 978 ensure that school districts and juvenile justice 979 education providers develop individualized transition 980 plans; providing requirements for such plans; 981 providing that the Secretary of Juvenile Justice or 982 the director of a juvenile justice program may request 983 that a school district teacher's performance be 984 reviewed by the district and that the teacher be 985 reassigned in certain circumstances; correcting a 986 cross-reference; requiring the Department of Education 987 to establish by rule objective and measurable student 988 performance measures and program performance ratings; 989 providing requirements for such ratings; requiring a 990 comprehensive accountability and program improvement 991 process; providing requirements for such a process; 992 deleting provisions for minimum thresholds for the 993 standards and key indicators for education programs in 994 juvenile justice facilities; deleting a requirement 995 for an annual report; requiring data collection; 996 deleting provisions concerning the Arthur Dozier 997 School for Boys; requiring rulemaking; amending s. 998 1001.42, F.S.; revising terminology; revising a cross-

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999 reference; providing a directive to the Division of 1000 Law Revision and Information; providing an effective 1001 date.