By the Committee on Judiciary; and Senator Thrasher

590-02624-13

20131494c1

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Florida False Claims Act;
3	amending s. 68.081, F.S.; revising a cross-reference;
4	deleting a statement of purpose; amending s. 68.082,
5	F.S.; deleting, revising, and providing definitions;
6	revising conditions under which a person is liable for
7	a specified civil penalty; amending s. 68.083, F.S.;
8	revising terminology; revising language concerning who
9	may intervene or bring a related action after a person
10	files an action under the act; creating s. 68.0831,
11	F.S.; authorizing the Department of Legal Affairs to
12	issue subpoenas for specified purposes before the
13	institution of civil proceedings; providing
14	requirements for the content and service of subpoenas;
15	providing that such subpoenas may not require
16	specified protected documents or testimony; specifying
17	that the department's power to require the appearance
18	of witnesses or production of documents or other
19	tangible evidence located outside the state is
20	unaffected; providing for petitions to modify or set
21	aside subpoenas; providing for orders to comply with
22	subpoenas; providing for the examination of witnesses;
23	providing for review of transcripts of testimony;
24	authorizing the department to stipulate to protective
25	orders of submitted documents and information;
26	providing for natural persons who decline to testify
27	or produce documents after asserting a privilege
28	against self-incrimination to be ordered to testify or
29	produce documents; providing for contempt to comply

Page 1 of 21

590-02624-13 20131494c1 30 with such orders; providing for examination of testimony, answers, or materials by the person who 31 32 produced such materials or answers; providing for construction; prohibiting specified actions by a 33 34 person knowing or having reason to believe that a 35 subpoena is pending; providing civil penalties; 36 amending s. 68.084, F.S.; clarifying that the 37 department may dismiss actions at any point; revising 38 language concerning the costs to the department for continuing to receive pleadings and transcripts of an 39 40 action after it has elected to withdraw; providing 41 that the state may elect to pursue available 42 alternative remedies, including administrative 43 proceedings; specifying what constitutes a final 44 finding or conclusion in an alternative proceeding 45 that is binding on all parties to an action under the act; amending s. 68.085, F.S.; providing for 46 47 successful plaintiffs to receive, in addition to a portion of the amount recovered, awards of expenses 48 and attorney fees and costs; amending s. 68.086, F.S.; 49 50 deleting references to awards of attorney fees to 51 successful plaintiffs; revising provisions relating to 52 awards of attorney fees to the department; amending s. 53 68.087, F.S.; revising provisions relating to dismissal of an action if substantially the same 54 55 allegations or transactions as alleged in the action 56 were publicly disclosed; amending s. 68.089, F.S.; 57 providing for the treatment for statutes of 58 limitations purposes of pleadings filed in

Page 2 of 21

```
590-02624-13
                                                             20131494c1
59
         interventions by the department; amending s. 68.09,
60
         F.S.; providing for estoppel as to certain matters
         following a final judgment or decree rendered in favor
61
62
         of the state or the Federal Government in certain
         criminal proceedings; providing an effective date.
63
64
65
    Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
66
         Section 1. Section 68.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to
67
68
    read:
69
         68.081 Florida False Claims Act; short title; purpose.-
70
         (1) Sections 68.081-68.092 68.081 68.09 may be cited as the
    "Florida False Claims Act."
71
72
         (2) The purpose of the Florida False Claims Act is to deter
73
    persons from knowingly causing or assisting in causing state
74
    government to pay claims that are false or fraudulent, and to
75
    provide remedies for obtaining treble damages and civil
76
    penalties for state government when money is obtained from state
77
    government by reason of a false or fraudulent claim.
78
         Section 2. Section 68.082, Florida Statutes, is amended to
79
    read:
80
         68.082 False claims against the state; definitions;
81
    liability.-
          (1) As used in this section, the term:
82
         (a) "Agency" means any official, officer, commission,
83
84
    board, authority, council, committee, or department of the
85
    executive branch of state government.
         (a) (b) "Claim" means includes any written or electronically
86
87
    submitted request or demand, whether under a contract or
```

Page 3 of 21

	590-02624-13 20131494c1
88	otherwise, for money $\underline{\mathrm{or}}_{{m au}}$ property, $\underline{\mathrm{regardless}}$ of whether the
89	state has title to the money or property, that: or services,
90	which
91	<u>1.</u> Is presented made to any employee, officer, or agent of
92	the state; an agency, or
93	2. Is made to a any contractor, grantee, or other recipient
94	if the <u>state</u> agency provides <u>or has provided</u> any portion of the
95	money or property requested or demanded, or if the <u>state</u> agency
96	will reimburse the contractor, grantee, or other recipient for
97	any portion of the money or property that is requested or
98	demanded.
99	(c) "Knowing" or "knowingly" means, with respect to
100	information, that a person:
101	1. Has actual knowledge of the information;
102	2. Acts in deliberate ignorance of the truth or falsity of
103	the information; or
104	3. Acts in reckless disregard of the truth or falsity of
105	the information.
106	
107	No proof of specific intent to defraud is required. Innocent
108	mistake shall be a defense to an action under this act.
109	(d) "Material" means having a natural tendency to
110	influence, or be capable of influencing, the payment or receipt
111	of money or property.
112	(e) "Obligation" means an established duty, fixed or
113	otherwise, arising from an express or implied contractual,
114	grantor-grantee, or licensor-licensee relationship, from a fee-
115	based or similar relationship, from statute or regulation, or
116	from the retention of any overpayment.

Page 4 of 21

590-02624-13 20131494c1 117 (f) (d) "State government" means the government of the state or any department, division, bureau, commission, regional 118 planning agency, board, district, authority, agency, or other 119 120 instrumentality of the state. (b) (c) "Department" means the Department of Legal Affairs, 121 except as specifically provided in ss. 68.083 and 68.084. 122 123 (2) Any person who: 124 (a) Knowingly presents or causes to be presented to an 125 officer or employee of an agency a false or fraudulent claim for 126 payment or approval; 127 (b) Knowingly makes, uses, or causes to be made or used a 128 false record or statement material to get a false or fraudulent 129 claim paid or approved by an agency; (c) Conspires to commit a violation of this subsection 130 131 submit a false or fraudulent claim to an agency or to deceive an 132 agency for the purpose of getting a false or fraudulent claim 133 allowed or paid; 134 (d) Has possession, custody, or control of property or money used or to be used by the state an agency and, intending 135 136 to deceive the agency or knowingly conceal the property, 137 delivers or causes to be delivered less property than all of 138 that money or property the amount for which the person receives 139 a certificate or receipt; 140 (e) Is authorized to make or deliver a document certifying receipt of property used or to be used by the state an agency 141 142 and, intending to defraud deceive the state agency, makes or 143 delivers the receipt without knowing that the information on the 144 receipt is true;

145

(f) Knowingly buys or receives, as a pledge of an

Page 5 of 21

	590-02624-13 20131494c1
146	obligation or a debt, public property from an officer or
147	employee of <u>the state</u> an agency who may not sell or pledge the
148	property lawfully; or
149	(g) Knowingly makes, uses, or causes to be made or used a
150	false record or statement material to an obligation to pay or
151	transmit money or property to the state, or knowingly conceals
152	or knowingly and improperly avoids or decreases to conceal,
153	avoid, or decrease an obligation to pay or transmit money or
154	property to the state an agency,
155	
156	is liable to the state for a civil penalty of not less than
157	\$5,500 and not more than \$11,000 and for treble the amount of
158	damages the <u>state</u> agency sustains because of the act or omission
159	of that person.
160	(3) The court may reduce the treble damages authorized
161	under subsection (2) if the court finds one or more of the
162	following specific extenuating circumstances:
163	(a) The person committing the violation furnished <u>the</u>
164	department officials of the agency responsible for investigating
165	false claims violations with all information known to the person
166	about the violation within 30 days after the date on which the
167	person first obtained the information;
168	(b) The person fully cooperated with any official
169	investigation of the violation; <u>or</u>
170	(c) At the time the person furnished the <u>department</u> agency
171	with the information about the violation, no criminal
172	prosecution, civil action, or administrative action had
173	commenced under this section with respect to the violation, and
174	the person did not have actual knowledge of the existence of an

Page 6 of 21

	590-02624-13 20131494c1
175	investigation into the violation;
176	
177	in which case the court shall award no less than 2 times the
178	amount of damages sustained by the state agency because of the
179	act of the person. The court shall set forth in a written order
180	its findings and basis for reducing the treble damages award.
181	Section 3. Subsection (7) of section 68.083, Florida
182	Statutes, is amended to read:
183	68.083 Civil actions for false claims
184	(7) When a person files an action under this section, no
185	person other than the department on behalf of the state may
186	intervene or bring <u>a related</u> an action under this act based on
187	the facts underlying the pending action.
188	Section 4. Section 68.0831, Florida Statutes, is created to
189	read:
190	<u>68.0831</u> Subpoena.—
191	(1) Whenever the department has reason to believe that any
192	person may be in possession, custody, or control of any
193	documentary material or may have any information, which
194	documentary material or information is relevant to a civil
195	investigation authorized by s. 68.083, the department may,
196	before the institution of a civil proceeding thereon, issue in
197	writing and cause to be served upon the person a subpoena
198	requiring the person to:
199	(a) Produce such documentary material for inspection and
200	copying or reproduction;
201	(b) Answer, under oath and in writing, written
202	interrogatories;
203	(c) Give sworn oral testimony concerning the documentary

Page 7 of 21

590-02624-13 20131494c1 204 material or information; or 205 (d) Furnish any combination of such material, answers, or 206 testimony. 207 (2) The subpoena shall: 208 (a) Be served upon the person in the manner required for 209 service of process in this state or by certified mail showing 210 receipt by the addressee or by the authorized agent of the 211 addressee. 212 (b) State the nature of the conduct that constitutes the 213 violation of this act and that is alleged to have occurred or to 214 be imminent. 215 (c) Describe the class or classes of documentary material to be produced thereunder with such definiteness and certainty 216 217 as to permit such materials to be reasonably identified. 218 (d) Prescribe a date and time at which the person must 219 appear to testify, under oath or affirmation, or by which the 220 person must answer written interrogatories or produce the 221 documentary material for inspection or copying; however, such 2.2.2 date shall not be earlier than 30 days after the date of service 223 of the subpoena. 224 (e) Specify a place for the taking of testimony or for the 225 submission of answers to interrogatories and identify the person 226 who is to take custody of any documentary material. Inspection 227 and copying of documentary material shall be carried out at the place where the documentary material is located or at such other 228 229 place as may be thereafter agreed to by the person and such 230 designated custodian. Upon written agreement between the person and the designated custodian, copies may be substituted for 231 232 original documents.

Page 8 of 21

	590-02624-13 20131494c1
233	(3) Such subpoena may not require the production of any
234	documentary material, the submission of any answers to written
235	interrogatories, or the giving of any oral testimony if such
236	material, answers, or testimony would be protected from
237	disclosure under:
238	(a) The standards applicable to subpoenas or subpoenas
239	duces tecum issued by a court of this state in aid of a grand
240	jury investigation; or
241	(b) The standards applicable to a discovery request under
242	the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, to the extent that the
243	application of such standards to any such subpoena is
244	appropriate and consistent with the provisions and purposes of
245	this act.
246	(4) This section does not limit the power of the department
247	to require the appearance of witnesses or production of
248	documents or other tangible evidence located outside the state.
249	(5) Within 30 days after the service of a subpoena upon any
250	person or at any time before the return date specified therein,
251	whichever period is longer, the person served may file, and
252	serve on the department, a petition for an order of the court
253	modifying or setting aside the subpoena. Any such petition shall
254	be filed in the circuit court of the Second Judicial Circuit in
255	and for Leon County. The time allowed for compliance in whole or
256	in part with the subpoena as deemed proper and ordered by the
257	court shall not run while the petition is pending before the
258	court. The petition shall specify each ground upon which the
259	petitioner relies in seeking relief and may be based upon the
260	failure of the subpoena to comply with this section or upon any
261	constitutional or other legal right or privilege of such person.

Page 9 of 21

	590-02624-13 20131494c1
262	(6) In case of the failure of any person to comply in whole
263	or in part with a subpoena and when such person has not filed a
264	petition under subsection (5), the circuit court of the Second
265	Judicial Circuit in and for Leon County, upon application of the
266	department, may issue an order requiring compliance. The failure
267	to obey the order of the court shall be punishable as a contempt
268	of court.
269	(7) The examination of all witnesses under this section
270	shall be conducted by the department before an officer
271	authorized to administer oaths in this state. The testimony
272	shall be taken stenographically or by a sound-recording device.
273	Any person compelled to appear under a subpoena for oral
274	testimony pursuant to this section may be accompanied,
275	represented, and advised by counsel. Counsel may advise such
276	person, in confidence, either upon the request of such person or
277	upon counsel's own initiative, with respect to any question
278	asked of such person. Such person or counsel may object on the
279	record to any question, in whole or in part, and shall briefly
280	state for the record the reason for any such objection. If such
281	person refuses to answer any question, the person conducting the
282	examination may petition the circuit court as provided by
283	subsection (10).
284	(8) When the testimony is fully transcribed, the person
285	conducting the deposition shall afford the witness, and counsel,
286	if any, a reasonable opportunity to examine the transcript, and
287	the transcript shall be read to or by the witness, unless such
288	examination and reading is waived by the witness. Any changes in
289	form or substance that the witness desires to make shall be
290	entered and identified upon the transcript by the officer or the

Page 10 of 21

590-02624-13 20131494c1 291 department, with a statement of the reasons given by the witness 292 for making such changes. The transcript shall then be signed by 293 the witness unless the witness waives the signing in writing, is 294 ill, cannot be found, or refuses to sign. If the transcript is 295 not signed by the witness within 30 days after his or her being 296 afforded a reasonable opportunity to examine it, the person 297 conducting the examination shall sign it and state on the record 298 the fact of the waiver, illness, absence, or refusal to sign, together with the reason, if any, given therefor. Any person 299 300 required to testify or to submit documentary evidence is 301 entitled, on payment of reasonable costs, to procure a copy of 302 any document produced by such person and of his or her own 303 testimony as stenographically reported or, in the case of a 304 deposition, as reduced to writing by or under the direction of 305 the person taking the deposition. 306 (9) The department shall have the authority to stipulate to 307 protective orders with respect to documents and information 308 submitted in response to a subpoena under this section. 309 (10) The department may request that any natural person who 310 refuses to comply with this section on the ground that the 311 testimony or documents may incriminate him or her be ordered by 312 the circuit court to provide the testimony or the documents. Except in a prosecution for perjury, a natural person who 313 complies with a court order to provide testimony or documents 314 315 after asserting a privilege against self-incrimination to which 316 he or she is entitled by law may not be subject to a criminal 317 proceeding with respect to the transaction to which he or she is 318 required to testify or produce documents. Any natural person who 319 fails to comply with such a court order to testify or produce

Page 11 of 21

	590-02624-13 20131494c1
320	documents may be adjudged in contempt and imprisoned until the
321	time the person purges himself or herself of the contempt.
322	(11) While in the possession of the custodian, documentary
323	material, answers to interrogatories, and transcripts of oral
324	testimony shall be available, under such reasonable terms and
325	conditions as the department shall prescribe, for examination by
326	the person who produced such materials or answers or that
327	person's duly authorized representative.
328	(12) This section does not impair the authority of the
329	department to:
330	(a) Institute a civil proceeding under s. 68.083; or
331	(b) Invoke the power of a court to compel the production of
332	evidence before a grand jury.
333	(13)(a) A person who knows or has reason to believe that a
334	subpoena pursuant to this section is pending shall not:
335	1. Alter, destroy, conceal, or remove any record, document,
336	or thing with the purpose of impairing its verity or
337	availability in such proceeding or investigation; or
338	2. Make, present, or use any record, document, or thing
339	knowing it to be false.
340	(b) Any natural person who violates this subsection is
341	subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$100,000, reasonable
342	attorney fees, and costs. Any other person who violates this
343	subsection is subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$1
344	million, reasonable attorney fees, and costs.
345	Section 5. Subsections (2) through (5) of section 68.084,
346	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
347	68.084 Rights of the parties in civil actions
348	(2)(a) The department may <u>at any point</u> voluntarily dismiss

Page 12 of 21

```
590-02624-13
                                                             20131494c1
349
     the action notwithstanding the objections of the person
350
     initiating the action.
351
           (b) Subject to s. 17.04, nothing in this act shall be
352
     construed to limit the authority of the department or the qui
353
     tam plaintiff to compromise a claim brought in a complaint filed
354
     under this act if the court determines, after a hearing, that
355
     the proposed settlement is fair, adequate, and reasonable under
356
     all the circumstances.
357
           (c) Upon a showing by the department that unrestricted
358
     participation during the course of the litigation by the person
359
     initiating the action would interfere with or unduly delay the
360
     department's prosecution of the case, or would be repetitious,
361
     irrelevant, or for purposes of harassment, the court may, in its
362
     discretion, impose limitations on the person's participation,
```

363 including, but not limited to:

364

1. Limiting the number of witnesses the person may call;

365 2. Limiting the length of the testimony of the person's 366 witnesses;

367

3. Limiting the person's cross-examination of witnesses; or

368 4. Otherwise limiting the participation by the person in369 the litigation.

(d) Upon a showing by the defendant that unrestricted participation during the course of the litigation by the person initiating the action would be for purposes of harassment or would cause the defendant undue burden or unnecessary expense, the court may limit the participation by the person in the litigation.

376 (3) If the department elects not to proceed with the377 action, the person who initiated the action has the right to

Page 13 of 21

590-02624-13 20131494c1 378 conduct the action. If the Attorney General, as head of the 379 department, or the Chief Financial Officer, as head of the 380 Department of Financial Services, so requests, it shall be served, at the requesting department's expense, with copies of 381 all pleadings and motions filed in the action along with and 382 383 copies of all deposition transcripts at the requesting 384 department's expense. When a person proceeds with the action, 385 the court, without limiting the rights of the person initiating 386 the action, may nevertheless permit the department to intervene 387 and take over the action on behalf of the state at a later date 388 upon showing of good cause.

389 (4) Regardless of whether or not the department proceeds with the action, upon a showing by the department that certain 390 391 actions of discovery by the person initiating the action would 392 interfere with an investigation by the state government or the 393 prosecution of a criminal or civil matter arising out of the 394 same facts, the court may stay such discovery for a period of 395 not more than 60 days. Such a showing shall be conducted in 396 camera. The court may extend the 60-day period upon a further 397 showing in camera by the department that the criminal or civil 398 investigation or proceeding has been pursued with reasonable 399 diligence and any proposed discovery in the civil action will 400 interfere with an ongoing criminal or civil investigation or 401 proceeding.

402 (5) <u>Notwithstanding paragraph (2)(b), the state may elect</u>
403 <u>to pursue its claim through any available alternate remedy,</u>
404 <u>including any administrative proceeding to determine a civil</u>
405 <u>money penalty. If any such alternate remedy is pursued in</u>
406 <u>another proceeding, the person initiating the action shall have</u>

Page 14 of 21

1	590-02624-13 20131494c1
407	the same rights in such proceeding as the person would have had
408	if the action had continued under this section The application
409	of one civil remedy under this act does not preclude the
410	application of any other remedy, civil or criminal, under this
411	act or any other provision of law. Civil remedies under this act
412	are supplemental, not mutually exclusive. Any finding of fact or
413	conclusion of law made in such other proceeding that has become
414	final shall be conclusive on all parties to an action under this
415	section. <u>For purposes of</u> As used in this subsection, <u>a finding</u>
416	or conclusion is final if it has been finally determined on
417	appeal to the appropriate court, if all time for filing such an
418	appeal with respect to the finding or conclusion has expired, or
419	if the finding or conclusion is the term "final" means not
420	subject to judicial review.
421	Section 6. Section 68.085, Florida Statutes, is amended to
422	read:
423	68.085 Awards to plaintiffs bringing action
424	(1) <u>(a)</u> If the department proceeds with and prevails in an
425	action brought by a person under this act, subject to the
426	requirements of paragraph (b), the person shall receive except
427	as provided in subsection (2), the court shall order the
428	distribution to the person of at least 15 percent but not more
429	than 25 percent of the proceeds <u>of the</u> recovered under any
430	judgment obtained by the department in an action under s. 68.082
431	or of the proceeds of any settlement of the claim, depending
432	upon the extent to which the person substantially contributed to
433	the prosecution of the action.
434	(b) (2) If the department proceeds with an action which the
435	court finds the action to be based primarily on disclosures of

Page 15 of 21

590-02624-13 20131494c1 436 specific information, other than information that provided by 437 the person bringing the action, relating to allegations or 438 transactions in a criminal, civil, or administrative hearing; a 439 legislative, administrative, inspector general, or auditor 440 general report, hearing, audit, or investigation; or from the 441 news media, the court may award such sums as it considers 442 appropriate, but in no case more than 10 percent of the proceeds 443 recovered under a judgment or received in settlement of a claim 444 under this act, taking into account the significance of the 445 information and the role of the person bringing the action in 446 advancing the case to litigation. 447 (c) Any payment to a person under paragraph (a) or 448 paragraph (b) shall be made from the proceeds. The person shall 449 also receive an amount for reasonable expenses that the court 450 finds to have been necessarily incurred, plus reasonable 451 attorney fees and costs. All such expenses, fees, and costs 452 shall be awarded against the defendant. 453 (2) (3) If the department does not proceed with an action 454 under this section, the person bringing the action or settling 455 the claim shall receive an amount that which the court decides 456 is reasonable for collecting the civil penalty and damages. The 457 amount shall be not less than 25 percent and not more than 30

457 amount shall be not less than 25 percent and not more than 30 458 percent of the proceeds <u>of the action or settlement and shall be</u> 459 <u>paid out of such proceeds</u> recovered under a judgment rendered in 460 an action under this act or in settlement of a claim under this 461 act. <u>The person shall also receive an amount for reasonable</u> 462 <u>expenses that the court finds to have been necessarily incurred,</u> 463 <u>plus reasonable attorney fees and costs. All such expenses,</u> 464 fees, and costs shall be awarded against the defendant.

Page 16 of 21

590-02624-13

20131494c1

465 (3) (4) Following any distributions under subsection (1) or τ 466 subsection (2), or subsection (3), the state entity agency 467 injured by the submission of a false or fraudulent claim shall 468 be awarded an amount not to exceed its compensatory damages. If the action was based on a claim of funds from the state Medicaid 469 470 program, 10 percent of any remaining proceeds shall be deposited 471 into the Operating Trust Fund to fund rewards for persons who 472 report and provide information relating to Medicaid fraud 473 pursuant to s. 409.9203. Any remaining proceeds, including civil penalties awarded under s. 68.082, shall be deposited in the 474 General Revenue Fund. 475

476 (5) Any payment under this section to the person bringing 477 the action shall be paid only out of the proceeds recovered from 478 the defendant.

479 (4) (6) Regardless of whether or not the department proceeds 480 with the action, if the court finds that the action was brought 481 by a person who planned and initiated the violation of s. 68.082 482 upon which the action was brought, the court may, to the extent 483 the court considers appropriate, reduce the share of the 484 proceeds of the action that which the person would otherwise 485 receive under this section, taking into account the role of the 486 person in advancing the case to litigation and any relevant 487 circumstances pertaining to the violation. If the person bringing the action is convicted of criminal conduct arising 488 489 from his or her role in the violation of s. 68.082, the person 490 shall be dismissed from the civil action and shall not receive 491 any share of the proceeds of the action. Such dismissal shall 492 not prejudice the right of the department to continue the 493 action.

Page 17 of 21

590-02624-13 20131494c1 Section 7. Section 68.086, Florida Statutes, is amended to 494 495 read: 496 68.086 Expenses; attorney attorney's fees and costs.-497 (1) If the department initiates an action under this act or 498 assumes control of an action brought by a person under this act, 499 the department shall be awarded its reasonable attorney 500 attorney's fees, expenses, and costs. 501 (2) If the court awards the person bringing the action 502 proceeds under this act, the person shall also be awarded an 503 amount for reasonable attorney's fees and costs. Payment for 504 reasonable attorney's fees and costs shall be made from the 505 recovered proceeds before the distribution of any award. 506 (2) (2) (3) If the department does not proceed with an action 507 under this act and the person bringing the action conducts the 508 action, the court may award to the defendant its reasonable 509 attorney attorney's fees and expenses costs if the defendant 510 prevails in the action and the court finds that the claim of the 511 person bringing the action was clearly frivolous, clearly 512 vexatious, or brought primarily for purposes of harassment. 513 (3) (4) No liability shall be incurred by the state 514 government, the affected agency, or the department for any 515 expenses, attorney attorney's fees, or other costs incurred by 516 any person in bringing or defending an action under this act. Section 8. Subsections (2), (3), and (6) of section 68.087, 517 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 518 519 68.087 Exemptions to civil actions.-520 (2) In no event may a person bring an action under s. 521 68.083(2) based upon allegations or transactions that are the 522 subject of a civil action or an administrative proceeding in

Page 18 of 21

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

CS for SB 1494

I	590-02624-13 20131494c1
523	which the <u>state</u> agency is already a party.
524	(3) <u>The</u> No court shall <u>dismiss</u> have jurisdiction over an
525	action brought under this act unless opposed by the department,
526	if substantially the same based upon the public disclosure of
527	allegations or transactions as alleged in the action were
528	publicly disclosed:
529	<u>(a)</u> In a criminal, civil, or administrative hearing <u>in</u>
530	which the state is a party;
531	(b) In a legislative, administrative, inspector general, or
532	other state Auditor General, Chief Financial Officer, or
533	Department of Financial Services report, hearing, audit, or
534	investigation; or
535	(c) From the news media,
536	
537	unless the action is brought by the department $_{ au}$ or unless the
538	person bringing the action is an original source of the
539	information. For purposes of this subsection, the term "original
540	source" means an individual who, before a public disclosure
541	under subsection (3), has voluntarily disclosed to the
542	department the information on which allegations or transactions
543	in a claim are based, or who has knowledge that is independent
544	of and materially adds to the publicly disclosed allegations or
545	transactions has direct and independent knowledge of the
546	information on which the allegations are based and has
547	voluntarily provided the information to the department before
548	filing an action under this <u>section</u> act based on the
549	information.
550	(6) No court shall have jurisdiction over an action brought
551	under this act against a local government. For the purposes of

Page 19 of 21

590-02624-13 20131494c1 552 this subsection, the term "local government" means any county or 553 municipality. 554 Section 9. Section 68.089, Florida Statutes, is amended to 555 read: 556 68.089 Limitation of actions; effect of interventions by 557 department.-A civil action under this act may not be brought: 558 (1) More than 6 years after the date on which the violation 559 of s. 68.082 is committed; or 560 (2) More than 3 years after the date when facts material to 561 the right of action are known or reasonably should have been 562 known by the department state official charged with 563 responsibility to act in the circumstances, but in no event more 564 than 10 years after the date on which the violation is 565 committed, whichever occurs last; or. 566 (3) If the department elects to intervene and proceed with 567 an action brought under s. 68.083(2), the department may file 568 its own complaint or amend the complaint of a person who has 569 brought an action under s. 68.083(2) to clarify or add detail to 570 the claims in which the department is intervening and to add any 571 additional claims with respect to which the department contends 572 it is entitled to relief. For statute of limitations purposes, 573 any such pleading shall relate back to the filing date of the 574 complaint of the person who originally brought the action, to 575 the extent that the claim of the state arises out of the 576 conduct, transactions, or occurrences set forth, or attempted to 577 be set forth, in the prior complaint of that person. This 578 subsection applies to any actions under s. 68.083(2) pending on 579 or filed after July 1, 2013. 580 Section 10. Section 68.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to

Page 20 of 21

	590-02624-13 20131494c1
581	read:
582	68.09 Burden of proof
583	(1) In any action brought under this act, the department
584	State of Florida or the qui tam plaintiff shall be required to
585	prove all essential elements of the cause of action, including
586	damages, by a preponderance of the evidence.
587	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a final
588	judgment or decree rendered in favor of the state or the Federal
589	Government in any criminal proceeding concerning the conduct of
590	the defendant that forms the basis for a civil cause of action
591	under this act, whether upon a verdict after trial or upon a
592	plea of guilty or nolo contendere, shall estop the defendant in
593	any action by the department pursuant to this act as to all
594	matters as to which such judgment or decree would be an estoppel
595	as if the department had been a party in the criminal
596	proceeding.
597	Section 11. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.

Page 21 of 21