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By the Committees on Appropriations; and Education; and Senator Galvano

576-03098-13 20131720c2 A bill to be entitled

An act relating to education; amending s. 11.45, F.S.; revising actions to be taken by the Legislative Auditing Committee relating to audits of state universities and Florida College System institutions; amending s. 1001.02, F.S.; requiring the State Board of Education to specify the college credit courses that may be taken by Florida College System institution students who are concurrently participating in developmental education; requiring the State Board of Education to establish the tuition and out-of-state fees for certain credit instruction, rather than college-preparatory instruction; revising the minimum standards, definitions, and guidelines that the State Board of Education must prescribe by rule for Florida College System institutions; amending s. 1001.64, F.S.; authorizing a board of trustees at a Florida College System institution to contract with the board of trustees of a state university for the Florida College System institution to provide developmental education; creating s. 1001.7065, F.S.; establishing a collaborative partnership between the Board of Governors and the Legislature to elevate the academic and research preeminence of this state's highest performing state research universities; establishing academic and research excellence standards for a university to be designated a preeminent state research university; providing for a preeminent state research university to establish an

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institute for online learning; providing duties and responsibilities of an advisory board, the university, and the Board of Governors to provide high-quality, fully online baccalaureate degree programs, including establishment of a tuition structure for the institute; providing for the award of funding to preeminent state research universities based upon performance and subject to appropriation; authorizing a preeminent state research university to establish special course requirements; providing for preeminent state research university flexibility; encouraging the Board of Governors to promote additional programs of excellence; amending s. 1004.02, F.S.; defining the term "developmental education" as it relates to public postsecondary education; amending s. 1004.43, F.S.; transferring oversight of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute to the Board of Trustees of the University of South Florida; requiring the Board of Trustees to enter into a lease agreement for use of certain land and facilities; providing for the terms of the lease; requiring the University of South Florida and the Florida not-for-profit corporation that governs and operates the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute to enter into an agreement to review construction plans and specifications for consistency of certain criteria; revising the membership of the board of directors for the not-for-profit corporation; deleting the requirement that the Board of Governors provide for

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certain approvals of the articles of incorporation of the not-for-profit corporation and use of land and facilities for certain purposes; requiring the notfor-profit corporation to cause to be prepared annual financial audits; requiring the not-for-profit corporation to provide equal employment opportunities; providing for the governance and operation of the facilities if the agreement between the not-for-profit corporation and the Board of Trustees of the University of South Florida, rather than the Board of Governors, is terminated; requiring the chief executive officer to report annually to the Board of Governors on the educational activities of the notfor-profit corporation; providing for the creation and duties of an external advisory board; repealing s. 1004.58, F.S., relating to the Leadership Board for Applied Research and Public Service; amending s. 1004.93, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to the levels and courses of instruction to be funded through the college-preparatory program; amending s. 1006.735, F.S.; establishing the Complete Florida Degree Program to recruit, recover, and retain adult learners and assist them in completing degrees aligned to highwage, high-skill workforce needs; specifying program components and the tuition and fee structure; requiring submission of a project plan to the Legislature; amending s. 1007.23, F.S.; revising the number of semester hours in which a student who is seeking an associate in arts degree is required to

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indicate a baccalaureate degree program; amending s. 1007.25, F.S.; revising general education courses, common prerequisites, and degree requirements; conforming terminology to changes made by the act; amending s. 1007.263, F.S.; revising the rules that the board of trustees of a Florida College System institution may adopt with regard to admissions counseling; requiring each board of trustees to establish policies that notify students about options they may use to attain the communication and computation skills that are essential to perform college-level work; deleting a prohibition against a student's enrollment in credit courses under certain circumstances; amending s. 1007.271, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; creating s. 1008.02, F.S.; providing definitions for the purpose of ch. 1008, F.S., relating to assessment and accountability for the K-20 education system; amending s. 1008.30, F.S.; providing that alternative assessments that may be accepted in lieu of the common placement test must be identified in rule; requiring the State Board of Education, in conjunction with the Board of Governors, to approve a series of metamajors, academic pathways, and degree maps that identify the gateway courses required for success in each meta-major; providing requirements for the common placement testing program; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt rules that require high schools to evaluate certain students for college readiness;

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requiring the State Board of Education to establish by rule the test scores a student must achieve to demonstrate readiness to perform college-level work; deleting provisions to conform to changes made by the act; conforming terminology; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt rules by a specified date to implement developmental education; requiring local policies and practices set by each Florida College System institution board of trustees to outline the student achievements considered by the institution for placement determinations, identify instructional options available to students, and describe student costs and financial aid opportunities associated with each instructional option; creating s. 1008.322, F.S.; requiring the Board of Governors of the State University System to oversee the performance of state university boards of trustees in the enforcement of laws, rules, and regulations; providing that state university presidents are responsible for the accuracy of the information and data reported to the Board of Governors; authorizing the Chancellor of the State University System to investigate allegations of noncompliance with law or Board of Governors' rule or regulation and determine probable cause; requiring the chancellor to report determinations of probable cause to the Board of Governors; authorizing the Board of Governors to initiate specified actions if the board determines that the state university board of trustees is unwilling or unable to comply with the law, certain

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rules or regulations, or audit recommendations; amending s. 1008.34, F.S.; revising the grading of middle schools and high schools to include added weight for students who participate and are enrolled in certain classes; amending ss. 1008.37, 1009.22, and 1009.23, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 1009.26, F.S.; authorizing certain Florida College System institutions to waive certain fees; repealing s. 1009.28, F.S., relating to fees for repeated enrollment in college-preparatory classes; amending s. 1009.285, F.S.; requiring a student enrolled in the same undergraduate collegecredit course more than once, except for students enrolled in a gateway course for an extended period of time, to pay tuition at 100 percent of the full cost of instruction; reducing the number of times certain coursework, which is excluded for the reduction of fees, is repeated for certain purposes; amending s. 1009.286, F.S.; excluding remedial courses from those courses that are counted when calculating credit hours earned toward a baccalaureate degree; amending s. 1009.40, F.S.; providing that undergraduate students participating in developmental education are eligible to receive financial aid for a specified number of semesters or quarters; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 1009.53, F.S.; conforming terminology to changes made by the act; repealing s. 1009.531(7), F.S., relating to the eligibility of a student for an initial reward or

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renewal reward under the Florida Bright Futures

Scholarship Program; amending s. 1011.84, F.S.;

conforming provisions to changes made by the act;

providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

- Section 1. Paragraph (j) of subsection (7) of section 11.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 11.45 Definitions; duties; authorities; reports; rules.-
 - (7) AUDITOR GENERAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.-
 - (j) The Auditor General shall notify the Legislative Auditing Committee of any financial or operational audit report prepared pursuant to this section which indicates that a state university or Florida College System institution has failed to take full corrective action in response to a recommendation that was included in the two preceding financial or operational audit reports.
 - 1. The committee may direct the governing body of the state university or Florida College System institution to provide a written statement to the committee explaining why full corrective action has not been taken or, if the governing body intends to take full corrective action, describing the corrective action to be taken and when it will occur.
 - 2. If the committee determines that the written statement is not sufficient, the committee may require the chair of the governing body of the state university or Florida College System institution, or the chair's designee, to appear before the committee.

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3. If the committee determines that the state university or Florida College System institution has failed to take full corrective action for which there is no justifiable reason or has failed to comply with committee requests made pursuant to this section, the committee shall refer the matter to the State Board of Education or the Board of Governors, as appropriate, to proceed in accordance with ss. 1008.32 and 1008.322, respectively may proceed in accordance with s. 11.40(2).

Section 2. Paragraph (g) of subsection (4), subsection (5), and paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (6) of section 1001.02, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1001.02 General powers of State Board of Education.-

- (4) The State Board of Education shall:
- (g) Specify, by rule, the college credit courses that may be taken by Florida College System institution students who are concurrently participating in developmental education enrolled in college-preparatory instruction.
- (5) The State Board of Education is responsible for reviewing and administering the state program of support for the Florida College System institutions and, subject to existing law, shall establish the tuition and out-of-state fees for college-preparatory instruction and for credit instruction that may be counted toward an associate in arts degree, an associate in applied science degree, or an associate in science degree.
- (6) The State Board of Education shall prescribe minimum standards, definitions, and guidelines for Florida College System institutions that will ensure the quality of education, coordination among the Florida College System institutions and state universities, and efficient progress toward accomplishing

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the Florida College System institution mission. At a minimum, these rules must address:

- (c) Program offerings and classification, including college-level communication and computation skills associated with successful performance in college and with tests and other assessment procedures that measure student achievement of those skills. The performance measures must provide that students moving from one level of education to the next acquire the necessary competencies for that level.
- (d) Provisions for curriculum development, graduation requirements, college calendars, and program service areas. These provisions must include rules that:
- 1. Provide for the award of an associate in arts degree to a student who successfully completes 60 semester credit hours at the Florida College System institution.
- 2. Require all of the credits accepted for the associate in arts degree to be in the statewide course numbering system as credits toward a baccalaureate degree offered by a state university or a Florida College System institution.
- 3. Beginning with students initially entering a Florida College System institution in 2014-2015 and thereafter, Require no more than $\underline{36}$ 30 semester credit hours in general education courses in the subject areas of communication, mathematics, social sciences, humanities, and natural sciences.

The rules should encourage Florida College System institutions to enter into agreements with state universities that allow Florida College System institution students to complete upper-division-level courses at a Florida College System institution.

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An agreement may provide for concurrent enrollment at the Florida College System institution and the state university and may authorize the Florida College System institution to offer an upper-division-level course or distance learning.

Section 3. Subsection (9) of section 1001.64, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.64 Florida College System institution boards of trustees; powers and duties.—

(9) A board of trustees may contract with the board of trustees of a state university for the Florida College System institution to provide <u>developmental education</u> college—

preparatory instruction on the state university campus.

Section 4. Section 1001.7065, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1001.7065 Preeminent state research universities program.-

COLLABORATION.—A collaborative partnership is established between the Board of Governors and the Legislature to elevate the academic and research preeminence of Florida's highest-performing state research universities in accordance with this section. The partnership stems from the State University System Governance Agreement executed on March 24, 2010, wherein the Board of Governors and leaders of the Legislature agreed to a framework for the collaborative exercise of their joint authority and shared responsibility for the State University System. The governance agreement confirmed the commitment of the Board of Governors and the Legislature to continue collaboration on accountability measures, the use of data, and recommendations derived from such data.

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(2) ACADEMIC AND RESEARCH EXCELLENCE STANDARDS.—Effective

July 1, 2013, the following academic and research excellence

standards are established for the Preeminent State Research

Universities Program:

- (a) An average weighted grade point average of 4.0 or higher on a 4.0 scale and an average SAT score of 1800 or higher for fall-semester incoming freshmen, as reported annually.
- (b) A top-50 ranking on at least two well-known and highly respected national public university rankings, reflecting national preeminence, using most recent rankings.
- (c) A freshman retention rate of 90 percent or higher for full-time, first-time-in-college students, as reported annually to the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS).
- (d) A 6-year graduation rate of 70 percent or higher for full-time, first-time-in-college students, as reported annually to the IPEDS.
- (e) Six or more faculty members at the state university who are members of a national academy, as reported by the Center for Measuring University Performance in the Top American Research Universities (TARU) annual report.
- (f) Total annual research expenditures, including federal research expenditures, of \$200 million or more, as reported annually by the National Science Foundation (NSF).
- (g) Total annual research expenditures in diversified nonmedical sciences of \$150 million or more, based on data reported annually by the NSF.
- (h) A top-100 university national ranking for research expenditures in five or more science, technology, engineering, or mathematics fields of study, as reported annually by the NSF.

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(i) One hundred or more total patents awarded by the United States Patent and Trademark Office for the most recent 3-year period.

- (j) Four hundred or more doctoral degrees awarded annually, as reported in the Board of Governors Annual Accountability

 Report.
- (k) Two hundred or more postdoctoral appointees annually, as reported in the TARU annual report.
- (1) An endowment of \$500 million or more, as reported in the Board of Governors Annual Accountability Report.
- (3) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY DESIGNATION.—The Board of Governors shall designate each state research university that meets at least 11 of the 12 academic and research excellence standards identified in subsection (2) a preeminent state research university.
- (4) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE FOR ONLINE LEARNING.—The state research university that has attained the highest level on the academic and research excellence standards identified in subsection (2), as verified by the Board of Governors, shall establish an institute for online learning. The institute shall establish a robust offering of high-quality, fully online baccalaureate degree programs at an affordable cost in accordance with this subsection.
- (a) By August 1, 2013, the Board of Governors shall convene an advisory board to support the development of high-quality, fully online baccalaureate degree programs at the preeminent university.
 - (b) The advisory board shall:
 - 1. Offer expert advice, as requested by the preeminent

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university, in the development and implementation of a business

plan to expand the offering of high-quality, fully online

baccalaureate degree programs.

- 2. Authorize the release of funding to the preeminent university subject to appropriation in the General Appropriations Act and upon approval by the Board of Governors of the plan developed by the preeminent university.
- 3. Monitor, evaluate, and report on the implementation of the plan to the Board of Governors, the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- (c) The advisory board shall be composed of the following five members:
- 1. The chair of the Board of Governors or the chair's permanent designee.
- 2. A member with expertise in online learning, appointed by the Board of Governors.
- $3.\ \text{A}$ member with expertise in global marketing, appointed by the Governor.
- 4. A member with expertise in cloud virtualization, appointed by the President of the Senate.
- 5. A member with expertise in disruptive innovation, appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- (d) The president of the preeminent university shall be consulted on the advisory board member appointments.
- (e) A majority of the advisory board constitutes a quorum, elect the chair, and appoint an executive director.
- (f) By September 1, 2013, the university shall submit to the advisory board a comprehensive plan to expand high-quality, fully online baccalaureate degree program offerings. The plan

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- 1. Existing on-campus general education courses and baccalaureate degree programs that will be offered online.
 - 2. New courses that will be developed and offered online.
- 3. Support services that will be offered to students enrolled in online baccalaureate degree programs.
- 4. A tuition and fee structure that meets the requirements in paragraph (k) for online courses, baccalaureate degree programs, and student support services.
- 5. A timeline for offering, marketing, and enrolling students in the online baccalaureate degree programs.
- <u>6. A budget for developing and marketing the online</u> baccalaureate degree programs.
- 7. Detailed strategies for ensuring the success of students and the sustainability of the online baccalaureate degree programs.

Upon recommendation of the plan by the advisory board and approval by the Board of Governors, the Board of Governors shall award the university funds for implementation of the online baccalaureate degree program, as provided in the General Appropriations Act.

- (g) Beginning in January 2014, the university shall offer high-quality, fully online baccalaureate degree programs that:
 - 1. Accept full-time, first-time-in-college students.
- 2. Have the same rigorous admissions criteria as equivalent on-campus degree programs.
- 3. Offer curriculum of equivalent rigor to on-campus degree programs.

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4. Offer rolling enrollment or multiple opportunities for enrollment throughout the year.

- 5. Do not require any on-campus courses. However, for courses or programs that require clinical training or laboratories that cannot be delivered online, the university shall offer convenient locational options to the student, which may include, but are not limited to, the option to complete such requirements at a summer-in-residence on the university campus. The university may provide a network of sites at convenient locations and contract with commercial testing centers or identify other secure testing services for the purpose of proctoring assessments or testing.
- 6. Apply the university's existing policy for accepting credits for both freshman applicants and transfer applicants.
- (h) The university may offer a fully online Masters in Business Administration degree program and other masters degree programs.
- (i) The university may develop and offer degree programs and courses that are competency based as appropriate for the quality and success of the program.
- (j) The university shall periodically expand its offering of online baccalaureate degree programs to meet student and market demands.
- (k) The university shall establish a tuition structure for its online institute in accordance with this paragraph, notwithstanding any other provision of law.
- 1. For students classified as residents for tuition purposes, tuition for an online baccalaureate degree program shall be set at no more than 75 percent of the tuition rate as

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436 specified in the General Appropriations Act pursuant to s. 437 1009.24(4) and 75 percent of the tuition differential pursuant 438 to s. 1009.24(16). No distance learning fee, fee for campus 439 facilities, or fee for on-campus services may be assessed, 440 except that online students shall pay the university's 441 technology fee, financial aid fee, and Capital Improvement Trust 442 Fund fee. The revenues generated from the Capital Improvement 443 Trust Fund fee shall be dedicated to the university's institute 444 for online learning.

- 2. For students classified as nonresidents for tuition purposes, tuition may be set at market rates in accordance with the business plan.
- 3. Tuition for an online degree program must include all costs associated with instruction, materials, and enrollment, excluding costs associated with the provision of textbooks pursuant to s. 1004.085 and physical laboratory supplies.
- 4. Subject to the limitations in subparagraph 1., tuition may be differentiated by degree program as appropriate to the instructional and other costs of the program in accordance with the business plan. Pricing must incorporate innovative approaches that incentivize persistence and completion, including, but not limited to, a fee for assessment, a bundled or all-inclusive rate, and sliding scale features.
- 5. The university shall accept advance payment contracts and student financial aid.
- 6. Fifty percent of the net revenues generated from the online institute of the university shall be used to enhance and enrich the online institute offerings, and 50 percent of the net revenues generated from the online institute shall be used to

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enhance and enrich the university's campus state-of-the-art research programs and facilities.

- 7. The institute may charge additional local user fees pursuant to s. 1009.24(14) upon the approval of the Board of Governors.
- 8. The institute shall submit a proposal to the president of the university authorizing additional user fees for the provision of voluntary student participation in activities and additional student services.
- research university that has attained the highest level on the academic and research excellence standards identified in subsection (2), as verified by the Board of Governors, shall submit to the Board of Governors a 5-year benchmark plan with target rankings on key performance metrics for national excellence. Upon approval by the Board of Governors, and upon the university's meeting the benchmark plan goals annually, the Board of Governors shall award the university funding for this purpose, as provided in the General Appropriations Act.
- (6) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY ENHANCEMENT
 INITIATIVE.—The state research university that has attained the
 second highest level on the academic and research excellence
 standards identified in subsection (2), as verified by the Board
 of Governors, shall submit to the Board of Governors a 5-year
 benchmark plan with target rankings on key performance metrics
 for national excellence. Upon the university's meeting the
 benchmark plan goals annually, the Board of Governors shall
 award the university funding as provided in the General
 Appropriations Act for the purpose of recruiting National

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Academy Members, expediting the provision of a masters degree in cloud virtualization, and instituting an entrepreneurs-in-residence program throughout its campus.

- (7) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY SPECIAL COURSE REQUIREMENT AUTHORITY.—In order to provide a jointly shared educational experience, a university that is designated a preeminent state research university may require its incoming first-time-in-college students to take a 9-to-12-credit set of unique courses specifically determined by the university and published on the university's website. The university may stipulate that credit for such courses may not be earned through any acceleration mechanism pursuant to s. 1007.27 or s. 1007.271 or any other transfer credit. All accelerated credits earned up to the limits specified in ss. 1007.27 and 1007.271 shall be applied toward graduation at the student's request.
- (8) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY FLEXIBILITY
 AUTHORITY.—The Board of Governors is encouraged to identify and
 grant all reasonable, feasible authority and flexibility to
 ensure that a designated preeminent state research university is
 free from unnecessary restrictions.
- (9) PROGRAMS OF EXCELLENCE THROUGHOUT THE STATE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM.—The Board of Governors is encouraged to establish standards and measures whereby individual programs in state universities which objectively reflect national excellence can be identified and make recommendations to the Legislature as to how any such programs could be enhanced and promoted.

Section 5. Subsection (11) of section 1004.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.02 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:

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(11) "Developmental education" "College-preparatory instruction" means instruction courses through which a high school graduate who applies for and enrolls in any college credit program may attain the communication and computation skills necessary to perform college-level work while also enrolled enroll in college credit instruction.

Section 6. Section 1004.43, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.43 H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute.—There is established the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, a statewide resource for basic and clinical research and multidisciplinary approaches to patient care.

(1) The Board of Trustees of the University of South Florida Governors shall enter into a lease an agreement for the use utilization of the lands and facilities on the campus of the University of South Florida to be known as the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, including all furnishings, equipment, and other chattels used in the operation of such facilities, with a Florida not-for-profit corporation organized solely for the purpose of governing and operating the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute. The lease agreement with the not-for-profit corporation must be rent free so long as the not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries use the lands and facilities primarily for research, education, treatment, prevention, and the early detection of cancer or for teaching and research programs conducted by the state universities or other accredited medical schools or research institutes. The lease agreement must provide for review of

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construction plans and specifications by the university for consistency with the university's campus master plan, impact on the university's utilities infrastructure, and compliance with applicable building code and general design characteristics and compatibility with university architecture, as appropriate. The not-for-profit corporation may, with the prior approval of the Board of Governors, create either for-profit or not-for-profit corporate subsidiaries, or both, to fulfill its mission. The not-for-profit corporation and any approved not-for-profit subsidiary are shall be conclusively deemed corporations primarily acting as instrumentalities of the state, pursuant to s. 768.28(2), for purposes of sovereign immunity. For-profit subsidiaries of the not-for-profit corporation may not compete with for-profit health care providers in the delivery of radiation therapy services to patients. The not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries may are authorized to receive, hold, invest, and administer property and any moneys received from private, local, state, and federal sources, as well as technical and professional income generated or derived from practice activities of the institute, for the benefit of the institute and the fulfillment of its mission. The affairs of the corporation shall be managed by a board of directors who shall serve without compensation. The President of the University of South Florida and the chair of the Board of Governors, or his or her designee, shall be directors of the not-for-profit corporation, together with 5 representatives of the state universities and no more than 14 nor fewer than 10 directors who are not medical doctors or state employees. Each director has shall have only one vote, serves shall serve a term of 3 years,

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and may be reelected to the board. Other than the President of the University of South Florida and the chair of the Board of Governors, directors shall be elected by a majority vote of the board. The chair of the board of directors shall be selected by majority vote of the directors.

- (2) The Board of Governors shall provide in the agreement with the not-for-profit corporation for the following:
- (a) Approval of the articles of incorporation of the notfor-profit corporation by the Board of Governors.
- (b) Approval of the articles of incorporation of any notfor-profit corporate subsidiary created by the not-for-profit corporation.
- (c) Utilization of lands, facilities, and personnel by the not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries for research, education, treatment, prevention, and the early detection of cancer and for mutually approved teaching and research programs conducted by the state universities or other accredited medical schools or research institutes.
- Preparation of an annual financial <u>audits</u> audit of the not-for-profit corporation's accounts and records to be prepared and the accounts and records of any subsidiaries to be conducted by an independent certified public accountant. <u>Each</u> The annual <u>financial</u> audit report <u>must shall</u> include a management letter, as defined in s. 11.45, and <u>must shall</u> be submitted to the Auditor General and the Board of Governors. The Board of Governors, the Auditor General, and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability <u>may shall have the authority to</u> require and receive from the not-for-profit

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corporation and any subsidiaries or from their independent auditor any detail or supplemental data relative to the operation of the not-for-profit corporation or subsidiary.

- (e) Provision by The not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries shall provide of equal employment opportunities to all persons regardless of race, color, religion, sex, age, or national origin.
- (3) The Board of Governors <u>may</u> is authorized to secure comprehensive general liability protection, including professional liability protection, for the not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries pursuant to s. 1004.24. The not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries <u>are shall be</u> exempt from <u>any</u> participation in any property insurance trust fund established by law, including any property insurance trust fund established pursuant to chapter 284, so long as the not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries maintain property insurance protection with comparable or greater coverage limits.
- (4) If In the event that the agreement between the not-for-profit corporation and the Board of Trustees of the University of South Florida Governors is terminated for any reason, the Board of Governors shall resume governance and operation of such facilities.
- (5) The institute shall be administered by a chief executive officer who <u>serves</u> shall serve at the pleasure of the board of directors of the not-for-profit corporation and who <u>has shall have</u> the following powers and duties subject to the approval of the board of directors:
- (a) The chief executive officer shall establish programs that which fulfill the mission of the institute in research,

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education, treatment, prevention, and the early detection of cancer; however, the chief executive officer <u>may shall</u> not establish academic programs for which academic credit is awarded and which terminate in the conference of a degree without prior approval of the Board of Governors.

- (b) The chief executive officer has shall have control over the budget and the dollars appropriated or donated to the institute from private, local, state, and federal sources, as well as technical and professional income generated or derived from practice activities of the not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries. Technical and professional income generated from practice activities may be shared between the not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries as determined by the chief executive officer. However, professional income generated by state university employees from practice activities at the not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries must shall be shared between the university and the not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries only as determined by the chief executive officer and the appropriate university dean or vice president.
- (c) The chief executive officer shall appoint members to carry out the research, patient care, and educational activities of the institute and determine compensation, benefits, and terms of service. Members of the institute <u>are shall be</u> eligible to hold concurrent appointments at affiliated academic institutions. State university faculty <u>are shall be</u> eligible to hold concurrent appointments at the institute.
- (d) The chief executive officer $\underline{\text{has}}$ shall have control over the use and assignment of space and equipment within the facilities.

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(e) The chief executive officer $\underline{\text{has}}$ shall have the power to create the administrative structure necessary to carry out the mission of the institute.

- (f) The chief executive officer shall report annually have a reporting relationship to the Board of Governors or its designee on the educational activities of the not-for-profit corporation.
- (g) The chief executive officer shall provide a copy of the institute's annual report to the Governor and Cabinet, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the chair of the Board of Governors.
- (6) The board of directors of the not-for-profit corporation shall create an external advisory board a council of scientific advisers to the chief executive officer comprised of leading researchers, physicians, and scientists. This board council shall review programs and recommend research priorities and initiatives so as to maximize the state's investment in the institute. The board council shall be appointed by the board of directors of the not-for-profit corporation. Each member of the board council shall be appointed to serve a 2-year term and may be reappointed to the council.
- (7) In carrying out the provisions of this section, the not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries are not "agencies" within the meaning of s. 20.03(11).
- (8) (a) Records of the not-for-profit corporation and of its subsidiaries are public records unless made confidential or exempt by law.
- (b) Proprietary confidential business information is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and

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s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. However, the Auditor General, the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, and the Board of Governors, pursuant to their oversight and auditing functions, must be given access to all proprietary confidential business information upon request and without subpoena and must maintain the confidentiality of information so received. As used in this paragraph, the term "proprietary confidential business information" means information, regardless of its form or characteristics, which is owned or controlled by the not-for-profit corporation or its subsidiaries; is intended to be and is treated by the not-forprofit corporation or its subsidiaries as private and the disclosure of which would harm the business operations of the not-for-profit corporation or its subsidiaries; has not been intentionally disclosed by the corporation or its subsidiaries unless pursuant to law, an order of a court or administrative body, a legislative proceeding pursuant to s. 5, Art. III of the State Constitution, or a private agreement that provides that the information may be released to the public; and which is information concerning:

- 1. Internal auditing controls and reports of internal auditors;
- 2. Matters reasonably encompassed in privileged attorneyclient communications;
- 3. Contracts for managed-care arrangements, including preferred provider organization contracts, health maintenance organization contracts, and exclusive provider organization contracts, and any documents directly relating to the negotiation, performance, and implementation of any such

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contracts for managed-care arrangements;

- 4. Bids or other contractual data, banking records, and credit agreements the disclosure of which would impair the efforts of the not-for-profit corporation or its subsidiaries to contract for goods or services on favorable terms;
- 5. Information relating to private contractual data, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive interest of the provider of the information;
 - 6. Corporate officer and employee personnel information;
- 7. Information relating to the proceedings and records of credentialing panels and committees and of the governing board of the not-for-profit corporation or its subsidiaries relating to credentialing;
- 8. Minutes of meetings of the governing board of the not-for-profit corporation and its subsidiaries, except minutes of meetings open to the public pursuant to subsection (9);
- 9. Information that reveals plans for marketing services that the corporation or its subsidiaries reasonably expect to be provided by competitors;
 - 10. Trade secrets as defined in s. 688.002, including:
- a. Information relating to methods of manufacture or production, potential trade secrets, potentially patentable materials, or proprietary information received, generated, ascertained, or discovered during the course of research conducted by the not-for-profit corporation or its subsidiaries; and
 - b. Reimbursement methodologies or rates;
- 11. The identity of donors or prospective donors of property who wish to remain anonymous or any information

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identifying such donors or prospective donors. The anonymity of these donors or prospective donors must be maintained in the auditor's report; or

12. Any information received by the not-for-profit corporation or its subsidiaries from an agency in this or another state or nation or the Federal Government which is otherwise exempt or confidential pursuant to the laws of this or another state or nation or pursuant to federal law.

As used in this paragraph, the term "managed care" means systems or techniques generally used by third-party payors or their agents to affect access to and control payment for health care services. Managed-care techniques most often include one or more of the following: prior, concurrent, and retrospective review of the medical necessity and appropriateness of services or site of services; contracts with selected health care providers; financial incentives or disincentives related to the use of specific providers, services, or service sites; controlled access to and coordination of services by a case manager; and payor efforts to identify treatment alternatives and modify benefit restrictions for high-cost patient care.

(9) Meetings of the governing board of the not-for-profit corporation and meetings of the subsidiaries of the not-for-profit corporation at which the expenditure of dollars appropriated to the not-for-profit corporation by the state are discussed or reported must remain open to the public in accordance with s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State Constitution, unless made confidential or exempt by law. Other meetings of the governing board of the not-for-profit

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corporation and of the subsidiaries of the not-for-profit corporation are exempt from s. 286.011 and s. $24\,(b)$, Art. I of the State Constitution.

- (10) In addition to the continuing appropriation to the institute provided in s. 210.20(2), any appropriation to the institute provided in a general appropriations act shall be paid directly to the board of directors of the not-for-profit corporation by warrant drawn by the Chief Financial Officer from the State Treasury.
- Section 7. Section 1004.58, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

 Section 8. Subsection (4) of section 1004.93, Florida

 Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 1004.93 Adult general education.-
- (4) (a) Adult general education shall be evaluated and funded as provided in s. 1011.80.
- (b) Fees for adult basic instruction are to be charged in accordance with chapter 1009.
- (c) The State Board of Education shall define, by rule, the levels and courses of instruction to be funded through the college-preparatory program. The state board shall coordinate the establishment of costs for college-preparatory courses, the establishment of statewide standards that define required levels of competence, acceptable rates of student progress, and the maximum amount of time to be allowed for completion of college-preparatory instruction. College-preparatory instruction is part of an associate in arts degree program and may not be funded as an adult career education program.
- (d) Expenditures for college-preparatory and lifelong learning students shall be reported separately. Allocations for

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college-preparatory courses shall be based on proportional fulltime equivalent enrollment. Program review results shall be included in the determination of subsequent allocations. A student shall be funded to enroll in the same collegepreparatory class within a skill area only twice, after which time the student shall pay 100 percent of the full cost of instruction to support the continuous enrollment of that student in the same class; however, students who withdraw or fail a class due to extenuating circumstances may be granted an exception only once for each class, provided approval is granted according to policy established by the board of trustees. Each Florida College System institution shall have the authority to review and reduce payment for increased fees due to continued enrollment in a college-preparatory class on an individual basis contingent upon the student's financial hardship, pursuant to definitions and fee levels established by the State Board of Education. College-preparatory and lifelong learning courses do not generate credit toward an associate or baccalaureate degree.

(c) (e) A district school board or a Florida College System institution board of trustees may negotiate a contract with the regional workforce board for specialized services for participants in the welfare transition program, beyond what is routinely provided for the general public, to be funded by the regional workforce board.

Section 9. Section 1006.735, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.735 <u>Complete Florida</u> Degree <u>Program</u> Completion Pilot Project.-

(1) The Complete Florida Degree Program Completion Pilot

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Project is established for the purpose of recruiting, recovering, and retaining the state's adult learners and assisting them in completing an associate degree or a baccalaureate degree that is aligned to high-wage, high-skill workforce needs. As used in this section, the term "adult learner" means a student who has successfully completed college-level coursework in multiple semesters but has left an institution in good standing before completing his or her degree. The program pilot project shall give priority to adult learners who are veterans or active duty members of the United States Armed Forces.

- (2) The Complete Florida Degree Program pilot project shall be implemented by the University of West Florida, acting as the lead institution, in coordination with; the University of South Florida; Florida State College System institutions, state universities, and private postsecondary institutions, as appropriate. The program must at Jacksonville; and St.

 Petersburg College and shall include the associate, applied baccalaureate, and baccalaureate degree programs that these institutions have selected. Other partnering public postsecondary education institutions shall provide areas of specialization or concentration.
- (3) For purposes of selecting the degree programs that will be given priority in the <u>Complete Florida Degree Program pilot project</u>, the institutions identified in subsection (2) shall partner with public and private job recruitment and placement agencies and use labor market data and projections to identify the specific workforce needs and targeted occupations of the state.

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(4) The <u>Complete Florida Degree Program</u> pilot project shall provide adult learners with a single point of access to information and links to innovative online and accelerated distance learning courses, student and library support services, and electronic resources that will guide the adult learner toward the successful completion of a postsecondary degree.

- (5) Beginning with the $\underline{2013-2014}$ $\underline{2012-2013}$ academic year, the Complete Florida Degree Program pilot project shall be implemented and must:
- (a) Use the distance learning course catalog established pursuant to s. 1006.73 to communicate course availability to the adult learner.
- (b) Develop and implement an advising and student support system that includes the use of degree completion specialists, is based upon best practices and processes, and includes academic and career support services designed specifically for the adult learner. The program must identify proposed changes to the statewide computer-assisted student advising system established pursuant to s. 1006.73 to assist the adult learner in using the system.
- (c) Use the streamlined, automated, online admissions application process for transient students established pursuant to s. 1006.73. The Complete Florida Degree Program pilot project shall identify any additional admissions and registration policies and practices that could be further streamlined and automated for purposes of assisting the adult learner.
- (d) Use existing and, if necessary, develop new competency-based instructional and evaluation tools to assess prior performance, experience, and education for the award of college

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credit in order to reduce the time required for adult learners to complete their degrees. The tools may include the use of the American Council on Education's collaborative link between the United States Department of Defense and higher education through the review of military training and experiences for the award of equivalent college credit for members of the United States Armed Forces.

- (e) Develop and implement an evaluation process that collects, analyzes, and provides to the participating postsecondary education institutions, the chairs of the legislative appropriations committees, and the Executive Office of the Governor information on the effectiveness of the program pilot project and the attainment of its goals. Such a process must shall include a management information system that collects the appropriate student, programmatic, and fiscal data necessary to complete the evaluation of the program pilot project. Institutions involved in the program pilot project shall also collect job placement and employment data on the adult learners who have completed their degrees as a result of the program pilot project.
- (f) Develop and implement a statewide marketing campaign targeted toward recruiting adult learners, particularly veterans and active duty members of the United States Armed Forces, for enrollment in the degree programs offered through the project.
- (6) For purposes of the <u>Complete Florida Degree Program</u> pilot project, each institution's current tuition and fee structure shall be used. However, all participating institutions shall collaboratively identify the applicable cost components

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involved in the development and delivery of distance learning courses, collect information on these cost components, and submit the information to the Florida Virtual Campus. The chancellors of the Florida College System. The chancellors and the State University System shall submit a report to the chairs of the legislative appropriations committees no later than December 31, 2014 2013, on the need for a differentiated tuition and fee structure for the development and delivery of distance learning courses.

- (7) The University of West Florida, in collaboration with its partners the University of South Florida, Florida State College at Jacksonville, and St. Petersburg College, shall submit to the chairs of the legislative appropriations committees no later than September 1, 2013 June 1, 2012, a detailed project plan that defines the major work activities, student eligibility criteria, timeline, and cost for implementing the Complete Florida Degree Program pilot project.
- (8) The University of West Florida, in collaboration with the University of South Florida, Florida State College at Jacksonville, and St. Petersburg College, shall develop and implement a transition plan that transfers the administration of the pilot project to the Florida Virtual Campus no later than June 30, 2013.

Section 10. Subsection (3) of section 1007.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1007.23 Statewide articulation agreement.

(3) To improve articulation and reduce excess credit hours, beginning with students initially entering a Florida College System institution in 2013-2014 and thereafter, the articulation

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agreement must require each student who is seeking an associate in arts degree to indicate a baccalaureate degree program offered by an institution of interest by the time the student earns $\underline{36}$ 30 semester hours. The institution in which the student is enrolled shall inform the student of the prerequisites for the baccalaureate degree program offered by an institution of interest.

Section 11. Subsections (3), (6), (7), (8), and (10) of section 1007.25, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1007.25 General education courses; common prerequisites; other degree requirements.—

(3) The chair of the State Board of Education and the chair of the Board of Governors, or their designees, shall jointly appoint faculty committees to identify statewide general education core course options. General education core course options must shall consist of a maximum of five courses within each of the subject areas of communication, mathematics, social sciences, humanities, and natural sciences. The core courses may be revised or the five-course cap within each subject area may be exceeded if approved by the State Board of Education and the Board of Governors, as recommended by the subject area faculty committee and approved by the Articulation Coordinating Committee, as necessary for a subject area. Each general education core course option must contain high-level academic and critical thinking skills and common competencies that students must demonstrate to successfully complete the course. Beginning with students initially entering a Florida College System institution or state university in 2015-2016 2014-2015 and thereafter, each student must complete at least one

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identified core course in each subject area as part of the general education course requirements. All public postsecondary educational institutions shall offer and accept these courses as meeting general education core course requirements. The remaining general education course requirements shall be identified by each institution and reported to the department by their statewide course number. The general education core course options shall be adopted in rule by the State Board of Education and in regulation by the Board of Governors.

- institutions shall work with their <u>respective</u> school districts to ensure that high school curricula coordinate with the general education curricula and to prepare students for college-level work. General education curricula for associate in arts programs shall be identified by each institution and, beginning with students initially entering a Florida College System institution or state university in 2014-2015 and thereafter, shall include 36 30 semester hours in the subject areas of communication, mathematics, social sciences, humanities, and natural sciences.
- more than 60 semester hours of college credit and must, beginning with students initially entering a Florida College System institution or state university in 2014-2015 and thereafter, include 36 30 semester hours of general education coursework. Beginning with students initially entering a Florida College System institution or state university in 2014-2015 and thereafter, coursework for an associate in arts degree must include and demonstration of competency in a foreign language pursuant to s. 1007.262. Except for developmental education

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provided college-preparatory coursework required pursuant to s. 1008.30, all required coursework counts shall count toward the associate in arts degree or the baccalaureate degree.

- (8) A baccalaureate degree program shall require no more than 120 semester hours of college credit and, beginning with students initially entering a Florida College System institution or state university in 2014-2015 and thereafter, include 36 30 semester hours of general education coursework, unless prior approval has been granted by the Board of Governors for baccalaureate degree programs offered by state universities and by the State Board of Education for baccalaureate degree programs offered by Florida College System institutions.
- (10) Students at state universities may request associate in arts certificates if they have successfully completed the minimum requirements for the degree of associate in arts (A.A.). The university must grant the student an associate in arts degree if the student has successfully completed minimum requirements for college-level communication and computation skills adopted by the State Board of Education and 60 academic semester hours or the equivalent within a degree program area and including 36, beginning with students initially entering a Florida College System institution or state university in 2014—2015 and thereafter, include 30 semester hours in general education courses in the subject areas of communication, mathematics, social sciences, humanities, and natural sciences, consistent with the general education requirements specified in the articulation agreement pursuant to s. 1007.23.

Section 12. Section 1007.263, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1007.263 Florida College System institutions; admissions of students.—Each Florida College System institution board of trustees <u>may</u> is authorized to adopt rules governing admissions of students subject to this section and rules of the State Board of Education. These rules must shall include the following:

- (1) Admissions counseling <u>must</u> <u>shall</u> be provided to all students entering college or career credit programs. Counseling <u>must use</u> <u>shall utilize</u> tests to measure achievement of college-level communication and computation competencies by all students entering college credit programs or tests to measure achievement of basic skills for career <u>education</u> programs as prescribed in s. 1004.91. <u>Counseling includes providing developmental</u> <u>education options for students whose assessment results</u>, <u>determined under s. 1008.30</u>, <u>indicate that they need to improve communication or computation skills that are essential to perform college-level work</u>.
- (2) Admission to associate degree programs is subject to minimum standards adopted by the State Board of Education and requires shall require:
- (a) A standard high school diploma, a high school equivalency diploma as prescribed in s. 1003.435, previously demonstrated competency in college credit postsecondary coursework, or, in the case of a student who is home educated, a signed affidavit submitted by the student's parent or legal guardian attesting that the student has completed a home education program pursuant to the requirements of s. 1002.41. Students who are enrolled in a dual enrollment or early admission program pursuant to s. 1007.271 are exempt from this requirement.

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(b) A demonstrated level of achievement of college-level communication and computation skills.

- (c) Any other requirements established by the board of trustees.
- (3) Admission to other programs within the Florida College System institution $\underline{\text{must}}$ shall include education requirements as established by the board of trustees.
- (4) A student who has been awarded a special diploma as defined in s. 1003.438 or a certificate of completion as defined in s. 1003.43(10) is eligible to enroll in certificate career education programs.
- (5) A student who has with a documented disability may be eligible for reasonable substitutions, as prescribed in ss. 1007.264 and 1007.265.

Each board of trustees shall establish policies that notify students about developmental education options for improving their communication or computation skills that are essential to performing college-level work, including tutoring, extended time in gateway courses, free online courses and place students into, adult basic education, adult secondary education, or other instructional programs that provide students with alternatives to traditional college-preparatory instruction, including private provider instruction. A student is prohibited from enrolling in additional college-level courses until the student scores above the cut-score on all sections of the common placement test.

Section 13. Subsections (2) and (14) of section 1007.271, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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1007.271 Dual enrollment programs.

(2) For the purpose of this section, an eliqible secondary student is a student who is enrolled in a Florida public secondary school or in a Florida private secondary school which is in compliance with s. 1002.42(2) and provides a secondary curriculum pursuant to s. 1003.428, s. 1003.429, or s. 1003.43. Students who are eligible for dual enrollment pursuant to this section may enroll in dual enrollment courses conducted during school hours, after school hours, and during the summer term. However, if the student is projected to graduate from high school before the scheduled completion date of a postsecondary course, the student may not register for that course through dual enrollment. The student may apply to the postsecondary institution and pay the required registration, tuition, and fees if the student meets the postsecondary institution's admissions requirements under s. 1007.263. Instructional time for dual enrollment may vary from 900 hours; however, the school district may only report the student for a maximum of 1.0 FTE, as provided in s. 1011.61(4). Any student enrolled as a dual enrollment student is exempt from the payment of registration, tuition, and laboratory fees. Vocational-preparatory instruction, developmental education college-preparatory instruction, and other forms of precollegiate instruction, as well as physical education courses that focus on the physical execution of a skill rather than the intellectual attributes of the activity, are ineligible for inclusion in the dual enrollment program. Recreation and leisure studies courses shall be evaluated individually in the same manner as physical education courses for potential inclusion in the program.

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(14) The Department of Education shall approve any course for inclusion in the dual enrollment program that is contained within the statewide course numbering system. However, developmental education college-preparatory and other forms of precollegiate instruction, and physical education and other courses that focus on the physical execution of a skill rather than the intellectual attributes of the activity, may not be so approved but must be evaluated individually for potential inclusion in the dual enrollment program. This subsection may not be construed to mean that an independent postsecondary institution eligible for inclusion in a dual enrollment or early admission program pursuant to s. 1011.62 must participate in the statewide course numbering system developed pursuant to s. 1007.24 to participate in a dual enrollment program.

Section 14. Section 1008.02, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1008.02 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

- (1) "Accelerated course structure" means a course or strand of study that accelerates the progress of students in developmental education through self-paced attainment of specific skills.
- (2) "Corequisite education" means developmental education that is deployed through a variety of classroom, online, or blended instructional strategies and offered concurrently with college credit instruction. The term includes, but is not limited to:
- (a) Compressed or modularized instruction or coaching that supplements credit instruction.
 - (b) Embedded content in a modified or extended credit-

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bearing course intended to contextualize or accelerate credit attainment.

- (3) "Developmental education" means instruction through which a high school graduate who applies for any college credit program may attain the communication and computation skills necessary to successfully complete college credit instruction.

 Developmental education may not be offered as a noncredit course for which a student pays tuition but must be offered corequisite to a gateway course.
- (4) "Gateway course" means the first course that provides transferable, college-level credit allowing students to progress in their program of study.
- (5) "Mastery-based education" means customized, targeted instruction that addresses specific skills gaps.
- (6) "Meta-major" means a collection of programs of study or academic discipline groupings that share common foundational skills.

Section 15. Section 1008.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.30 Common placement testing for public postsecondary education.—

(1) The State Board of Education, in conjunction with the Board of Governors, shall develop and implement a common placement test for the purpose of assessing the basic computation and communication skills of students who intend to enter a degree program at any public postsecondary educational institution. Alternative assessments that may be accepted in lieu of the common placement test shall also be identified in rule. Public postsecondary educational institutions shall

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provide appropriate modifications of the test instruments or test procedures for students with disabilities.

- (2) By October 1, 2013, the State Board of Education in conjunction with the Board of Governors shall approve a series of meta-majors, academic pathways, and degree maps that identify the gateway courses required for success in each meta-major.

 Results from the common placement test, the alternative assessments that may be used in lieu of the common placement test, and achievements that may be considered by institutional boards of trustees, as adopted by state board rule, shall be used to diagnose a student's readiness for his or her chosen meta-major and to provide academic counseling to the student concerning options for attaining the necessary skills through developmental education while enrolled in credit courses.
- (3) (2) The common placement testing program <u>must</u> shall include at a minimum the following: the capacity to diagnose basic competencies in the areas of English, reading, and mathematics which are essential <u>for success in meta-majors and to provide to perform college-level work; prerequisite skills that relate to progressively advanced instruction in mathematics, such as algebra and geometry; prerequisite skills that relate to progressively advanced instruction in language arts, such as English composition and literature; and provision of test information to students on the specific <u>skills the student needs to attain deficiencies</u>.</u>
- (4)(3) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules that require high schools to evaluate before the beginning of grade 12 the college readiness of each student who scores at Level 2 or Level 3 on the reading portion of the grade 10 FCAT Reading

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1219 or Level 2, Level 3, or Level 4 on the Algebra I mathematics 1220 assessments under s. $1008.22 ext{ s. } 1008.22(3)(c)$. High schools 1221 shall perform this evaluation using results from the corresponding component of the common placement test prescribed 1222 1223 in this section, or an alternative equivalent test identified by 1224 the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education shall 1225 identify in rule the assessments necessary to perform the evaluations required by this subsection and shall work with the 1226 1227 school districts to administer the assessments. The State Board 1228 of Education shall establish by rule the minimum test scores a 1229 student must achieve to demonstrate readiness. Students who 1230 demonstrate readiness by achieving the minimum test scores 1231 established by the state board and enroll in a Florida College 1232 System institution within 2 years of achieving such scores shall 1233 not be required to retest or enroll in remediation when admitted 1234 to any Florida College System institution. The high school shall 1235 use the results of the test to advise the students of any 1236 identified deficiencies and to provide 12th grade students, and 1237 require them to complete, appropriate postsecondary preparatory 1238 instruction prior to high school graduation. The curriculum 1239 provided under this subsection shall be identified in rule by 1240 the State Board of Education and encompass Florida's 1241 Postsecondary Readiness Competencies. Other elective courses may 1242 not be substituted for the selected postsecondary reading, 1243 mathematics, or writing preparatory course unless the elective 1244 course covers the same competencies included in the 1245 postsecondary reading, mathematics, or writing, or English 1246 language arts preparatory course.

(5) (4) (a) The State Board of Education shall establish by

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1248 rule the test scores a student must achieve to demonstrate 1249 readiness to perform college-level work. Students who 1250 demonstrate readiness by achieving or exceeding the test scores 1251 established by the state board and enroll in a Florida College 1252 System institution within 2 years after achieving such scores 1253 may not be required to retest or complete developmental 1254 education when admitted to any Florida College System 1255 institution. Students who have been identified as requiring 1256 additional preparation pursuant to subsection (1) shall enroll 1257 in college-preparatory or other adult education pursuant to s. 1004.93 in Florida College System institutions to develop needed 1258 1259 college-entry skills. The State Board of Education shall specify 1260 by rule provisions for alternative remediation opportunities and 1261 retesting policies. These students shall be permitted to take 1262 courses within their degree program concurrently in other 1263 curriculum areas for which they are qualified while enrolled in 1264 college-preparatory instruction courses. A student enrolled in a 1265 college-preparatory course may concurrently enroll only in 1266 college credit courses that do not require the skills addressed 1267 in the college-preparatory course. A degree-seeking student who 1268 is required to complete a college-preparatory course must 1269 successfully complete the required college-preparatory studies by the time the student has accumulated 12 hours of lower-1270 1271 division college credit degree coursework; however, a student 1272 may continue enrollment in degree-earning coursework provided 1273 the student maintains enrollment in college-preparatory 1274 coursework for each subsequent semester until college-1275 preparatory coursework requirements are completed, and provided 1276 the student demonstrates satisfactory performance in degree-

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earning coursework. A student who has accumulated 12 college credit hours and has not yet demonstrated proficiency in the basic competency areas of reading, writing, and mathematics must be advised in writing of the requirements for associate degree completion and state university admission, including information about future financial aid eligibility and the potential costs of accumulating excessive college credit as described in s. 1009.286. Before a student is considered to have met basic computation and communication skills requirements, the student must demonstrate successful mastery of the required developmental education competencies as defined in State Board of Education rule. Credit awarded for college-preparatory instruction may not be counted toward fulfilling the number of credits required for a degree.

(6) (b) A university board of trustees may contract with a Florida College System institution board of trustees for the Florida College System institution to provide developmental education such instruction on the state university campus. Any state university in which the percentage of incoming students requiring developmental education college-preparatory instruction equals or exceeds the average percentage of such students for the Florida College System may offer such developmental education college-preparatory instruction without contracting with a Florida College System institution; however, any state university offering college-preparatory instruction as of January 1, 1996, may continue to provide such services.

(7) (a) (5) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules by January 1, 2014, to implement developmental education. The rules must include:

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1. Student achievements that may be considered by institutional boards, such as performance on college placement tests, grade point averages, work history, military experience, career interests, degree major declaration, or any combination thereof.

- 2. Recommended options for students performing at levels indicating adult education as an appropriate place for students to develop needed college-entry academic skills.
- 3. Sufficient flexibility for local professional judgment and determinations of appropriate student options for achieving necessary skills.
- <u>4. Limits on credit course enrollment for students</u>
 indicating the need for preparatory assistance in two or more content areas.
- (b) Local policies and practices set by each Florida
 College System institution board of trustees must outline the
 student achievements considered by the institution for placement
 determinations, identify instructional options available to
 students, and describe student costs and financial aid
 opportunities associated with each instructional option.

 Instructional options must, at a minimum, provide for enrollment
 of a student in a credit course either with or without
 institutionally required corequisite education, mastery-based
 instruction or accelerated pathways for developing skills, or
 enrolling in adult education to attain needed skills, as chosen
 by the student. Policies and practices must specify limits on
 credit course enrollment for students indicating the need for
 preparatory assistance, outline retesting requirements, and
 identify options for students who choose to attain skills in

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1335 adult education when such instruction is not provided by the 1336 Florida College System institution A student may not be enrolled 1337 in a college credit mathematics or English course on a dual 1338 enrollment basis unless the student has demonstrated adequate 1339 precollegiate preparation on the section of the basic computation and communication skills assessment required 1340 1341 pursuant to subsection (1) that is appropriate for successful 1342 student participation in the course.

Section 16. Section 1008.322, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

 $\underline{\text{1008.322 Board of Governors oversight enforcement}}$ authority.—

- (1) The Board of Governors of the State University System shall oversee the performance of state university boards of trustees in the enforcement of laws, rules, and regulations.

 State university boards of trustees shall be primarily responsible for compliance with laws and Board of Governors' rules and regulations.
- (2) The Board of Governors' constitutional authority to operate, regulate, control, and be fully responsible for the management of the State University System mandates that the state universities comply with all requests by the Board of Governors for information, data, and reports. State university presidents are responsible for the accuracy of the information and data reported to the Board of Governors.
- (3) The Chancellor of the State University System may investigate allegations of noncompliance with law or Board of Governors' rule or regulation and determine probable cause. The chancellor shall report determinations of probable cause to the

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Board of Governors, which may require the university board of trustees to document compliance with law or Board of Governors' rule or regulation.

- (4) If the university board of trustees cannot satisfactorily document compliance, the Board of Governors may order compliance within a specified timeframe.
- (5) If the Board of Governors determines that a state university board of trustees is unwilling or unable to comply with law or Board of Governors' rule or regulation or an audit recommendation within the specified time, the Board of Governors, in addition to actions constitutionally authorized, may initiate any of the following actions:
- (a) Withhold the transfer of state funds, discretionary grant funds, discretionary lottery funds, or any other funds appropriated to the Board of Governors by the Legislature for disbursement to the state university until the university complies with the law or Board of Governors' rule or regulation.
- (b) Declare the state university ineligible for competitive grants disbursed by the Board of Governors.
- (c) Require monthly or periodic reporting on the situation related to noncompliance until it is remedied.
- (d) Report to the Legislature that the state university is unwilling or unable to comply with law or Board of Governors' rule or regulation and recommend action to be taken by the Legislature.
- (6) This section does not create a private cause of action or create any rights for individuals or entities in addition to those provided elsewhere in law, rule, or regulation.
 - Section 17. Subsection (3) of section 1008.34, Florida

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1393 Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.34 School grading system; school report cards; district grade.—

- (3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL GRADES. -
- (a) Each school that has students who are tested and included in the school grading system shall receive a school grade, except as follows:
- 1. A school shall not receive a school grade if the number of its students tested and included in the school grading system is less than the minimum sample size necessary, based on accepted professional practice, for statistical reliability and prevention of the unlawful release of personally identifiable student data under s. 1002.22 or 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g.
- 2. An alternative school may choose to receive a school grade under this section or a school improvement rating under s. 1008.341. For charter schools that meet the definition of an alternative school pursuant to State Board of Education rule, the decision to receive a school grade is the decision of the charter school governing board.
- 3. A school that serves any combination of students in kindergarten through grade 3 which does not receive a school grade because its students are not tested and included in the school grading system shall receive the school grade designation of a K-3 feeder pattern school identified by the Department of Education and verified by the school district. A school feeder pattern exists if at least 60 percent of the students in the school serving a combination of students in kindergarten through grade 3 are scheduled to be assigned to the graded school.
 - (b) 1. A school's grade shall be based on a combination of:

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a. Student achievement scores, including achievement as measured by FCAT assessments under s. 1008.22(3)(c)1., statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments under s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a. and b., and achievement scores for students seeking a special diploma.

- b. Student learning gains in reading and mathematics as measured by FCAT and statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments, as described in s. 1008.22(3)(c)1. and 2.a., including learning gains for students seeking a special diploma, as measured by an alternate assessment.
- c. Improvement of the lowest 25th percentile of students in the school in reading and mathematics on the FCAT or end-of-course assessments described in s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a., unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory performance.
- 2. Beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, for schools comprised of middle school grades 6 through 8 or grades 7 and 8, the school's grade shall include the performance and participation of its students enrolled in high school level courses with end-of-course assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a. Performance and participation must be weighted equally, except that added weight must be given to students who participate as a component of a certified schoolwide college readiness system that includes enrollment in an elective class recognized in the Course Code Directory and designed to provide students who are taking college preparatory or advanced courses with academic instruction and other support. As valid data becomes available, the school grades shall include the students' attainment of national industry certification identified in the Industry Certification Funding List pursuant to rules adopted by

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- 3. Beginning with the 2009-2010 school year for schools comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12, at least 50 percent of the school grade shall be based on a combination of the factors listed in subsubparagraphs 1.a.-c. and the remaining percentage on the following factors:
 - a. The high school graduation rate of the school;
- b. As valid data becomes available, the performance and participation of the school's students in College Board Advanced Placement courses, International Baccalaureate courses, dual enrollment courses, and Advanced International Certificate of Education courses; and the students' achievement of national industry certification identified in the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the state board;
- c. Postsecondary readiness of all of the school's on-time graduates as measured by the SAT, the ACT, the Postsecondary Education Readiness Test, or the common placement test;
- d. The high school graduation rate of at-risk students, who are students scoring at Level 1 or Level 2 on grade 8 FCAT Reading and FCAT Mathematics;
- e. As valid data becomes available, the performance of the school's students on statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.c. and d.; and
- f. The growth or decline in the components listed in subsubparagraphs a.-e. from year to year.
- (c) Student assessment data used in determining school grades shall include:
 - 1. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled

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in the school who have been assessed on the FCAT and statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments in courses required for high school graduation, including, beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, the end-of-course assessment in Algebra I; and beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, the end-of-course assessments in geometry and Biology I; and beginning with the 2014-2015 school year, on the statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment in civics education at the middle school level.

- 2. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled in the school who have been assessed on the FCAT and statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments as described in s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a., and who have scored at or in the lowest 25th percentile of students in the school in reading and mathematics, unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory performance.
- 3. The achievement scores and learning gains of eligible students attending alternative schools that provide dropout prevention and academic intervention services pursuant to s. 1003.53. The term "eligible students" in this subparagraph does not include students attending an alternative school who are subject to district school board policies for expulsion for repeated or serious offenses, who are in dropout retrieval programs serving students who have officially been designated as dropouts, or who are in programs operated or contracted by the Department of Juvenile Justice. The student performance data for eligible students identified in this subparagraph shall be included in the calculation of the home school's grade. As used in this subparagraph and s. 1008.341, the term "home school" means the school to which the student would be assigned if the

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student were not assigned to an alternative school. If an alternative school chooses to be graded under this section, student performance data for eligible students identified in this subparagraph shall not be included in the home school's grade but shall be included only in the calculation of the alternative school's grade. A school district that fails to assign the FCAT and statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment as described in s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a. scores of each of its students to his or her home school or to the alternative school that receives a grade shall forfeit Florida School Recognition Program funds for 1 fiscal year. School districts must require collaboration between the home school and the alternative school in order to promote student success. This collaboration must include an annual discussion between the principal of the alternative school and the principal of each student's home school concerning the most appropriate school assignment of the student.

- 4. The achievement scores and learning gains of students designated as hospital- or homebound. Student assessment data for students designated as hospital- or homebound shall be assigned to their home school for the purposes of school grades. As used in this subparagraph, the term "home school" means the school to which a student would be assigned if the student were not assigned to a hospital- or homebound program.
- 5. For schools comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12, the data listed in subparagraphs 1.-3. and the following data as the Department of Education determines such data are valid and available:
 - a. The high school graduation rate of the school as

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1538 calculated by the department;

- b. The participation rate of all eligible students enrolled in the school and enrolled in College Board Advanced Placement courses; International Baccalaureate courses; dual enrollment courses; Advanced International Certificate of Education courses; and courses or sequences of courses leading to national industry certification identified in the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education;
- c. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled in the school in College Board Advanced Placement courses,
 International Baccalaureate courses, and Advanced International Certificate of Education courses;
- d. Earning of college credit by all eligible students enrolled in the school in dual enrollment programs under s. 1007.271;
- e. Earning of a national industry certification identified in the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education;
- f. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled in the school in reading, mathematics, and other subjects as measured by the SAT, the ACT, the Postsecondary Education Readiness Test, and the common placement test for postsecondary readiness;
- g. The high school graduation rate of all eligible at-risk students enrolled in the school who scored at Level 2 or lower on grade 8 FCAT Reading and FCAT Mathematics;
- h. The performance of the school's students on statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments administered under s.

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1567 | 1008.22(3)(c)2.c. and d.; and

i. The growth or decline in the data components listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-h. from year to year.

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The State Board of Education shall adopt appropriate criteria
for each school grade. The criteria must also give added weight
to student achievement in reading and for students who
participate in rigorous courses as described in sub-subparagraph
5.b. as a part of a schoolwide college readiness system that
includes enrollment in an elective class recognized in the

Course Code Directory and designed to provide students who are

taking college preparatory or advanced courses with academic instruction and other support. Schools earning a grade of "C," making satisfactory progress, shall be required to demonstrate that adequate progress has been made by students in the school who are in the lowest 25th percentile in reading and mathematics on the FCAT and end-of-course assessments as described in s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a., unless these students are exhibiting

grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12, the criteria for school grades must also give added weight to the graduation rate of all eligible at-risk students. In order for a high school to earn a grade of "A," the school must demonstrate that its at-risk students, as defined in this paragraph, are making

satisfactory performance. For schools comprised of high school

adequate progress.

Section 18. Subsection (2) of section 1008.37, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.37 Postsecondary feedback of information to high schools.—

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(2) No later than November 30 of each year, the Commissioner of Education shall report, by high school, to the State Board of Education, the Board of Governors, and the Legislature, no later than November 30 of each year, on the number of prior-year prior year Florida high school graduates who enrolled for the first time in public postsecondary education in this state during the previous summer, fall, or spring term. The report must include, indicating the number of students whose scores on the common placement test that is required under s. 1008.30, indicate indicated the need to attain communication and computation skills through developmental education options offered by a public postsecondary institution or through for remediation through college preparatory or vocational-preparatory instruction pursuant to s. 1004.91 or s. 1008.30.

Section 19. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 1009.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.22 Workforce education postsecondary student fees.-

(3) (a) Except as otherwise provided by law, fees for students who are nonresidents for tuition purposes must offset the full cost of instruction. Residency of students shall be determined as required in s. 1009.21. Fee-nonexempt students enrolled in vocational-preparatory instruction shall be charged fees equal to the fees charged for adult general education programs. Each Florida College System institution that conducts college-preparatory and vocational-preparatory instruction in the same class section may charge a single fee for both types of instruction.

Section 20. Subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection

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1625 (3), and subsection (10) of section 1009.23, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1009.23 Florida College System institution student fees.-

- (1) Unless otherwise provided, this section applies only to fees charged for college credit instruction leading to an associate in arts degree, an associate in applied science degree, an associate in science degree, or a baccalaureate degree authorized pursuant to s. 1007.33, for developmental education noncollege credit college-preparatory courses defined in s. 1004.02, and for educator preparation institute programs defined in s. 1004.85.
- (3) (a) Effective July 1, 2011, for advanced and professional, postsecondary vocational, college preparatory, and educator preparation institute programs, the standard tuition is shall be \$68.56 per credit hour for residents and nonresidents, and the out-of-state fee is shall be \$205.82 per credit hour.
- (10) Each Florida College System institution board of trustees is authorized to establish a separate fee for technology, which may not exceed 5 percent of tuition per credit hour or credit-hour equivalent for resident students and may not exceed 5 percent of tuition and the out-of-state fee per credit hour or credit-hour equivalent for nonresident students.

 Revenues generated from the technology fee shall be used to enhance instructional technology resources for students and faculty. The technology fee may apply to both college credit and college-preparatory instruction and shall not be included in any award under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program.

 Fifty percent of technology fee revenues may be pledged by a Florida College System institution board of trustees as a

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dedicated revenue source for the repayment of debt, including lease-purchase agreements, not to exceed the useful life of the asset being financed. Revenues generated from the technology fee may not be bonded.

Section 21. Subsection (11) is added to section 1009.26, Florida Statutes, to read:

1009.26 Fee waivers.-

daccalaureate degree for state residents for which the cost of tuition and specified fees does not exceed \$10,000 for the entire degree program may waive any portion or all of the following fees for that degree: tuition, the activity and service fee, the financial aid fee, the technology fee, the capital improvement fee, and the distance-learning fee. The Legislature encourages colleges to include at least one industry certification from the Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding List in a degree program for which such waivers are granted.

Section 22. Section 1009.28, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 23. Section 1009.285, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.285 Fees for repeated enrollment in college-credit courses.—A student enrolled in the same undergraduate college-credit course more than once, except for students enrolled in a gateway course for an extended period of time under s. 1008.30, must twice shall pay tuition at 100 percent of the full cost of instruction, and may not be and shall not be included in calculations of full-time equivalent enrollments for state funding purposes. However, students who withdraw or fail a class

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due to extenuating circumstances may be granted an exception only once for each class if, provided that approval is granted according to policy established by the Florida College System institution board of trustees or the university board of trustees. Each Florida College System institution and state university may review and reduce fees paid by students due to continued enrollment in a college-credit class on an individual basis contingent upon the student's financial hardship. For purposes of this section, first-time enrollment in a class means shall mean enrollment in a class beginning fall semester 1997, and calculations of the full cost of instruction is shall be based on the systemwide average of the prior year's cost of undergraduate programs for the Florida College System institutions and the state universities. Boards of trustees may make exceptions to this section for individualized study, elective coursework, courses that are repeated as a requirement of a major, and courses that are intended as continuing over multiple semesters, excluding the repeat of coursework more than once two times to increase grade point average or meet minimum course grade requirements.

Section 24. Paragraph (g) of subsection (4) of section 1009.286, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.286 Additional student payment for hours exceeding baccalaureate degree program completion requirements at state universities.—

- (4) For purposes of this section, credit hours earned under the following circumstances are not calculated as hours required to earn a baccalaureate degree:
 - (g) Remedial and English as a Second Language credit hours.

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Section 25. Subsection (3) of section 1009.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.40 General requirements for student eligibility for state financial aid awards and tuition assistance grants.—

- (3) Undergraduate students are eligible to receive financial aid for a maximum of 8 semesters or 12 quarters. However, undergraduate students participating in developmental education and college-preparatory instruction, students requiring additional time to complete the college-level communication and computation skills testing programs, or students enrolled in a 5-year undergraduate degree program are eligible to receive financial aid for a maximum of 10 semesters or 15 quarters.
- Section 26. Subsection (10) of section 1009.53, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 1009.53 Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program.-
- (10) Funds from any scholarship within the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program may not be used to pay for developmental education remedial or college-preparatory coursework.
- Section 27. <u>Subsection (7) of section 1009.531, Florida</u> Statutes, is repealed.
- Section 28. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsection (5) of section 1011.84, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 1011.84 Procedure for determining state financial support and annual apportionment of state funds to each Florida College System institution district.—The procedure for determining state financial support and the annual apportionment to each Florida College System institution district authorized to operate a

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1741 Florida College System institution under the provisions of s. 1742 1001.61 shall be as follows:

- (1) DETERMINING THE AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED IN THE FLORIDA COLLEGE SYSTEM PROGRAM FUND FOR THE CURRENT OPERATING PROGRAM.—
- (b) The allocation of funds for Florida College System institutions is shall be based on advanced and professional disciplines, developmental education college-preparatory programs, and other programs for adults funded pursuant to s. 1011.80.
- (5) REPORT OF <u>DEVELOPMENTAL</u> REMEDIAL EDUCATION.—Each Florida College System institution board of trustees shall report, as a separate item in its annual cost accounting system, the volume and cost of <u>developmental education options provided</u> to help students attain the communication and computation skills that are essential for college-level work pursuant to s. 1008.30 remedial education activities as a separate item in its annual cost accounting system.

Section 29. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.