A bill to be entitled

An act relating to money services businesses; amending s. 560.103, F.S.; providing a definition; amending s. 560.309, F.S.; authorizing the Financial Services Commission to use a portion of the fees that licensees may charge for the direct costs of verification of payment instruments cashed for certain purposes; amending s. 560.310, F.S.; requiring licensees engaged in check cashing to submit certain transaction information to the Office of Financial Regulation related to the payment instruments cashed; requiring the office to maintain the transaction information in a centralized database; providing rulemaking authority; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsections (12) through (35) of section 560.103, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (13) through (36), respectively, and a new subsection (12) is added to that section, to read:

560.103 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

(12) "Database" means the common database implemented pursuant to s. 560.404(23).

Section 2. Subsection (8) of section 560.309, Florida Statutes, is amended, subsections (9) and (10) of that section are renumbered as subsections (10) and (11), respectively, and a new subsection (9) is added to that section, to read:

Page 1 of 5

560.309 Conduct of business.—

- (8) Exclusive of the direct costs of verification and database submission, which shall be established by rule not to exceed \$5, a check casher may not:
- (a) Charge fees, except as otherwise provided by this part, in excess of 5 percent of the face amount of the payment instrument, or \$5, whichever is greater;
- (b) Charge fees in excess of 3 percent of the face amount of the payment instrument, or \$5, whichever is greater, if such payment instrument is the payment of any kind of state public assistance or federal social security benefit payable to the bearer of the payment instrument; or
- (c) Charge fees for personal checks or money orders in excess of 10 percent of the face amount of those payment instruments, or \$5, whichever is greater.
- (9) The commission may, by rule, use up to \$0.25 of an existing fee authorized under s. 560.404(23) for data that must be submitted by a licensee for purposes of the operation and maintenance of the database.
- Section 3. Section 560.310, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 560.310 Records of check cashers and foreign currency exchangers.—
- (1) A licensee engaged in check cashing must maintain for the period specified in s. 560.1105 a copy of each payment instrument cashed.
- (2) If the payment instrument exceeds \$1,000, the following additional information must be maintained:

Page 2 of 5

(a) Customer files, as prescribed by rule, on all customers who cash corporate payment instruments that exceed \$1,000.

- (b) A copy of the personal identification that bears a photograph of the customer used as identification and presented by the customer. Acceptable personal identification is limited to a valid driver license; a state identification card issued by any state of the United States or its territories or the District of Columbia, and showing a photograph and signature; a United States Government Resident Alien Identification Card; a passport; or a United States Military identification card.
- (c) A thumbprint of the customer taken by the licensee when the payment instrument is presented for negotiation or payment.
- (d) The office shall require licensees to submit the following information to the database, before entering into each check cashing transaction for each A payment instrument being cashed, in such format as required log that must be maintained electronically as prescribed by rule:
 - 1. Transaction date.

- 2. Payor name as displayed on the payment instrument.
- 3. Payee name as displayed on the payment instrument.
- 4. Conductor name, if different from the payee name.
- 5. Amount of the payment instrument.
- 6. Amount of currency provided.
- 7. Type of payment instrument, which may include personal, payroll, government, corporate, third-party, or another type of instrument.

Page 3 of 5

8. Amount of the fee charged for cashing of the payment instrument.

- 9. Branch or location where the payment instrument was accepted.
- 10. The type of identification and identification number presented by the payee or conductor.
- 11. Payee's workers' compensation insurance policy number or exemption certificate number, if the payee is a business.
 - 12. Such additional information as required by rule.

For purposes of this <u>subsection</u> paragraph, multiple payment instruments accepted from any one person on any given day which total \$1,000 or more must be aggregated and reported <u>in</u> on the database $\frac{\log n}{\log n}$.

- (3) A licensee under this part may engage the services of a third party that is not a depository institution for the maintenance and storage of records required by this section if all the requirements of this section are met.
 - (4) The office shall ensure that the database:
- (a) Provides an interface with the Secretary of State's database for purposes of verifying corporate registration and articles of incorporation pursuant to this section.
- (b) Provides an interface with the Department of Financial Services' database for purposes of determining proof of coverage for workers' compensation.
- (c) Maintains an electronic log of the cashing of payment instruments pursuant to this section.
 - (5) The commission may adopt rules to administer this

Page 4 of 5

113	section, require that additional information be submitted to the
114	database, and ensure that the database is used by the licensee
115	in accordance with this section.

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.

116

Page 5 of 5