${\bf By}$ Senator Brandes

	22-00189-13 2013392
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the joint use of public school
3	facilities; creating s. 1013.105, F.S.; providing
4	legislative findings; encouraging each district school
5	board to adopt written policies to promote public
6	access to outdoor recreation and sports facilities on
7	school property, to increase the number of joint-use
8	agreements, and to develop and adopt policies and
9	procedures for an appeal process if negotiations for a
10	joint-use agreement fail; providing duties of district
11	school boards and the Department of Education;
12	creating s. 768.072, F.S.; providing immunity from
13	liability for a district school board that adopts
14	public access policies or enters into a joint-use
15	agreement except in instances of gross negligence or
16	intentional misconduct; providing application;
17	providing an effective date.
18	
19	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
20	
21	Section 1. Section 1013.105, Florida Statutes is created to
22	read:
23	1013.105 Joint use of public school facilities
24	(1) The Legislature finds that greater access to recreation
25	and sports facilities is needed to reduce the impact of obesity
26	on personal health and health care expenditures. The Legislature
27	further finds that public schools are equipped with taxpayer-
28	funded playgrounds, fields, tracks, courts, and other outdoor
29	recreation and sports facilities that offer easily accessible

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30	opportunities for physical activity for residents of the
31	community.
32	(2) Each district school board is encouraged to:
33	(a) Adopt written policies to promote public access to the
34	outdoor recreation and sports facilities on public school
35	property during nonschool hours when a school-sponsored or
36	school-related activity is not occurring. A public access policy
37	should outline the outdoor recreation and sports facilities that
38	are open to the public and the hours the facilities are open.
39	(b) Increase the number of joint-use agreements entered
40	into with a local government or a private organization. A joint-
41	use agreement should specify the terms and conditions for the
42	shared use of outdoor recreation and sports facilities on public
43	school property.
44	(c) Develop and adopt policies and procedures providing for
45	an appeal process in which a party seeking to enter into a
46	joint-use agreement with a school district pursuant to this
47	section may file an appeal with the district school
48	superintendent if the negotiations for such joint-use agreement
49	fail.
50	
51	Within 30 days after adopting a public access policy or entering
52	into a joint-use agreement, a district school board shall submit
53	a copy of the policy or agreement to the Department of
54	Education.
55	(3) The Department of Education shall:
56	(a) Develop a model joint-use agreement and post the model
57	agreement on its website.
58	(b) Post on its website links to or copies of all public

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59	access policies and joint-use agreements submitted to the
60	department by a district school board.
61	(c) Develop criteria for the acceptance of grants for
62	implementing joint-use agreements and post the criteria on its
63	website.
64	Section 2. Section 768.072, Florida Statutes, is created to
65	read:
66	768.072 Limitation on public school premises liability
67	(1) A district school board is not liable for civil damages
68	for personal injury, property damage, or death that occurs on a
69	public school property that the district school board has opened
70	up to the public, through public access policies or joint-use
71	agreements under s. 1013.105, unless gross negligence or
72	intentional misconduct on the part of the district school board
73	is a proximate cause of the injury, damage, or death.
74	(2) This section does not change liability for injury,
75	damage, or death that occurs during school hours or during a
76	school-related or school-sponsored activity.
77	(3) This section does not waive sovereign immunity beyond
78	the limited waiver in s. 768.28.
79	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.

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