## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS

# BILL #:CS/HB 49Retail Sale of Smoking DevicesSPONSOR(S):Criminal Justice Subcommittee; Rouson and othersTIED BILLS:IDEN./SIM. BILLS:SB 1140

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR or BUDGET/POLICY CHIEF
1) Criminal Justice Subcommittee	13 Y, 0 N, As CS	Jones	Cunningham
2) Business & Professional Regulation Subcommittee	11 Y, 0 N	Livingston	Luczynski
3) Justice Appropriations Subcommittee			
4) Judiciary Committee			

## SUMMARY ANALYSIS

Currently, it is a first degree misdemeanor, with an exception, for any person to offer for sale at retail, the following smoking pipes and smoking devices:

- Metal wooden acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic smoking pipes, with or without screens, permanent screens or punctured metal bowls;
- Water pipes;
- Carburetion tubes and devices;
- Chamber pipes;
- Carburetor pipes;
- Electric pipes;
- Air-driven pipes;
- Chillums; Bongs; and
- Ice pipes or chillers.

An exception currently allows retail tobacco product dealers to sell the listed smoking pipes and devices if they:

- Derive at least 75 percent of its annual gross revenues from the retail sale of cigarettes, cigars, and other tobacco products; or
- Derive no more than 25 percent of its annual gross revenues from the retail sale of the smoking pipes and smoking devices listed above.

The smoking pipes and smoking devices listed above are included in the definition of "drug paraphernalia" in s. 893.145, F.S.

The bill removes the exception that allows retail tobacco products dealers to sell the smoking devices listed above so long as their gross revenues meet the above-described criteria. As a result, all persons, including all retail tobacco products dealers, will be prohibited from selling such devices at retail. The bill makes a second or subsequent violation of the statute a third degree felony.

The bill may have a negative fiscal impact on state and local governments.

The bill is effective October 1, 2013.

## **FULL ANALYSIS**

# I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

# A. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

## Present situation

Section 569.0073, F.S., makes it a first degree misdemeanor<sup>1</sup> for any person to offer for sale at retail the following smoking pipes and smoking devices:

- Metal wooden acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic smoking pipes, with or without screens, permanent screens or punctured metal bowls;
- Water pipes; •
- Carburetion tubes and devices; •
- Chamber pipes; •
- Carburetor pipes; •
- Electric pipes: •
- Air-driven pipes: •
- Chillums: •
- Bongs; and •
- Ice pipes or chillers.

The statute provides an exception that allows retail tobacco products dealers<sup>2</sup> to sell the above listed items if they:

- Derive at least 75 percent of their annual gross revenues from the retail sale of cigarettes, • cigars, and other tobacco products; or
- Derive no more than 25 percent of their annual gross revenues from the retail sale of the • smoking pipes and smoking devices listed above.<sup>3</sup>

Section 893.145, F.S., includes the above listed items in the definition of drug paraphernalia subject to civil forfeiture.

Retail tobacco product dealers are governed by the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation (Division).<sup>4</sup> The Division is currently able to suspend or revoke the permit of a dealer if they violate any of the provisions in ch. 569, F.S.<sup>5</sup>

## Effect of proposed changes

The bill amends s. 569.0073, F.S., to remove the exception that allows retail tobacco products dealers to sell the smoking devices listed above so long as their gross revenues meet the above-described criteria. As a result, all persons, including all retail tobacco products dealers, will be prohibited from selling such devices at retail. The bill makes a second or subsequent violation of the statute a third degree felony.<sup>6</sup>

The bill also amends s. 569.006, F.S., to specify that a violation of the drug paraphernalia<sup>7</sup> statute (s. 893.147, F.S.),<sup>8</sup> is cause for a retail tobacco product dealers' permit to be suspended or revoked.

A first degree misdemeanor is punishable by up to one year in county jail and a \$1,000 fine. Sections 775.082 and 775.083, F.S.

Section 569.002, F.S., defines "retail tobacco products dealer" as the holder of a retail tobacco products dealer permit.

Sections 569.0073(1)(b)1. and 2. and 893.145, F.S.

Section 569.003, F.S.

Section 569.006, F.S.

<sup>6</sup> A third degree felony is punishable by up to five years imprisonment and a \$5,000 fine. Sections 775.082 and 775.083, F.S. <sup>7</sup> Section 893.145, F.S., defines the term "drug paraphernalia" as all equipment, products, and materials of any kind which are used, intended for use, or designed for use in the planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, transporting, STORAGE NAME: h0049c.BPRS PAGE: 2

## **B. SECTION DIRECTORY:**

Section 1. Amends s. 569.0073, F.S., relating to retails sale of smoking pipes and smoking devices.

Section 2. Amends s. 569.006, F.S., relating to retail tobacco dealers; administrative penalties.

Section 3. Provides an effective date of October 1, 2013.

# **II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT**

## A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

1. Revenues:

The bill does not appear to have any impact on state revenues.

2. Expenditures:

The Criminal Justice Impact Conference has not met to determine the prison bed impact of the bill as amended by the Criminal Justice Subcommittee. However, the bill expands the application of s. 569.0073, F.S., second or subsequent violations of which are a third degree felony. As such, it may have a negative prison bed impact on the Department of Corrections.

- B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:
  - 1. Revenues:

The bill does not appear to have any impact on local government revenues.

2. Expenditures:

The bill expands the application of s. 569.0073, F.S., violations of which are a first degree misdemeanor. As such, it may have a negative jail bed impact on local governments.

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

Private retailors who were legally selling the items under s. 569.0073, F.S., may see a loss of income since the bill makes retail sale of any of the items listed in 569.0073, F.S., a first degree misdemeanor.

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

None.

## **III. COMMENTS**

- A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:
  - 1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:

This bill appears to be exempt from the requirements of Article VII, Section 18 of the Florida Constitution because it is a criminal law.

2. Other:

None.

<sup>8</sup> Section 893.147, F.S. establishes the following five drug paraphernalia crimes: use or possession of drug paraphernalia; manufacture or delivery of drug paraphernalia; delivery of drug paraphernalia to a minor; transportation of drug paraphernalia; and advertisement of drug paraphernalia.

injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the human body a controlled substance in violation of ch. 893 or s. 877.111, F.S. The statute further lists items that are included in the definition.

B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

The bill does not appear to create a need for rulemaking or rulemaking authority.

C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

None.

## **IV. AMENDMENTS/ COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES**

On March 19, 2013, the Criminal Justice Subcommittee adopted one strike all amendment and reported the bill favorable as a committee substitute. The strike all amendment:

- Removes the section of the bill relating to drug paraphernalia; and
- Removes the exception in s. 569.0073, F.S., that allows retail tobacco products dealers to sell the specified smoking devices.

This analysis is drafted to the committee substitute as passed by the Criminal Justice Subcommittee.