By Senator Thompson

	12-00648A-13 2013774
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Florida Civil Rights Act of
3	1992; providing a short title; amending s. 760.02,
4	F.S.; expanding the meaning of "sex" as the term
5	relates to the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992;
6	specifying that a woman who is pregnant or who is
7	affected by a medical condition related to pregnancy
8	or childbirth must be treated the same for all
9	employment-related purposes, including receipt of
10	benefits, as an individual who has a medical condition
11	unrelated to pregnancy or childbirth; amending s.
12	760.11, F.S.; extending the time for the Florida
13	Commission on Human Relations to investigate
14	complaints and determine reasonable cause; specifying
15	powers of the commission and administrative law judges
16	to enter proposed orders to prohibit practices that
17	violate the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992;
18	authorizing the commission and administrative law
19	judges to award compensatory and punitive damages;
20	providing a monetary limit on the award of punitive
21	damages; providing that attorney fees be calculated
22	consistent with federal case law; extending the time
23	before a complainant may proceed with civil or
24	administrative action when the commission fails to
25	conciliate or determine whether there is reasonable
26	cause; providing an effective date.
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28	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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30	Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Protect Our Women
31	Act."
32	Section 2. Present subsections (1), (5), (6), (7), (8),
33	(9), and (10) of section 760.02, Florida Statutes, are reordered
34	and redesignated as subsections (7), (9), (10), (5), (6), (8),
35	and (1), respectively, and a new subsection (12) is added to
36	that section, to read:
37	760.02 DefinitionsFor the purposes of ss. 760.01-760.11
38	and 509.092, the term:
39	(12) "Sex" means the biological state of being a male, a
40	female, or a female who is pregnant or affected by any medical
41	condition related to pregnancy or childbirth. A female who is
42	pregnant or who is affected by a medical condition related to
43	pregnancy or childbirth shall be treated the same for all
44	employment-related purposes as an individual not so affected who
45	has a similar ability or inability to work.
46	Section 3. Subsections (3), (6), (7), and (8) of section
47	760.11, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
48	760.11 Administrative and civil remedies; construction
49	(3) Except as provided in subsection (2), the commission
50	shall investigate the allegations in the complaint. Within $\underline{240}$
51	$rac{180}{2}$ days after of the filing of the complaint, the commission
52	shall determine if there is reasonable cause to believe that
53	discriminatory practice has occurred in violation of the Florida
54	Civil Rights Act of 1992. When the commission determines whether
55	or not there is reasonable cause, the commission <u>shall promptly</u>
56	notify by registered mail shall promptly notify the aggrieved
57	person and the respondent of the reasonable cause determination,
58	the date of such determination, and the options available under

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12-00648A-13 2013774 59 this section. 60 (6) Any administrative hearing brought pursuant to paragraph (4) (b) shall be conducted under ss. 120.569 and 61 62 120.57. The commission may hear the case provided that the final 63 order is issued by members of the commission who did not conduct 64 the hearing or the commission may request that it be heard by an 65 administrative law judge pursuant to s. 120.569(2)(a). If the commission elects to hear the case, it may be heard by a 66 commissioner. If the commissioner, after the hearing, finds that 67 68 a violation of the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992 has occurred, the commissioner shall issue an appropriate proposed 69 70 order in accordance with chapter 120 prohibiting the 71 discriminatory practice and providing affirmative relief from 72 the effects of the practice, including back pay. The 73 commissioner may also award punitive and compensatory damages, 74 including, but not limited to, damages for mental anguish, loss 75 of dignity, and any other intangible injuries. Punitive damages 76 awarded under this section may not exceed \$100,000. If the 77 administrative law judge, after the hearing, finds that a 78 violation of the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992 has occurred, 79 the administrative law judge shall issue an appropriate 80 recommended order in accordance with chapter 120 prohibiting the 81 discriminatory practice and providing affirmative relief from the effects of the practice, including back pay. The 82 83 administrative law judge may also award punitive and 84 compensatory damages, including, but not limited to, damages for 85 mental anguish, loss of dignity, and any other intangible 86 injuries. Punitive damages awarded under this section may not 87 exceed \$100,000. Within 90 days after of the date the

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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(7) If the commission determines that there is not 101 102 reasonable cause to believe that a violation of the Florida 103 Civil Rights Act of 1992 has occurred, the commission shall 104 dismiss the complaint. The aggrieved person may request an 105 administrative hearing under ss. 120.569 and 120.57, but any such request must be made within 35 days after of the date of 106 107 determination of reasonable cause and any such hearing shall be 108 heard by an administrative law judge and not by the commission 109 or a commissioner. If the aggrieved person does not request an 110 administrative hearing within the 35 days, the claim will be barred. If the administrative law judge finds that a violation 111 112 of the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992 has occurred, he or she 113 shall issue an appropriate recommended order to the commission 114 prohibiting the discriminatory practice and recommending 115 affirmative relief from the effects of the practice, including 116 back pay. The administrative law judge may also award punitive

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12-00648A-13 2013774 117 and compensatory damages, including, but not limited to, damages 118 for mental anguish, loss of dignity, and any other intangible injuries. Punitive damages awarded under this section may not 119 120 exceed \$100,000. Within 90 days after of the date the 121 recommended order is rendered, the commission shall issue a 122 final order by adopting, rejecting, or modifying the recommended order as provided under ss. 120.569 and 120.57. The 90-day 123 124 period may be extended with the consent of all the parties. In any action or proceeding under this subsection, the commission, 125 126 in its discretion, may allow the prevailing party a reasonable attorney attorney's fee as part of the costs. Attorney It is the 127 intent of the Legislature that this provision for attorney's 128 129 fees must be calculated interpreted in a manner consistent with 130 federal case law involving a Title VII action. In the event the 131 final order issued by the commission determines that a violation 132 of the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992 has occurred, the 133 aggrieved person may bring, within 1 year after of the date of 134 the final order, a civil action under subsection (5) as if there has been a reasonable cause determination or accept the 135 136 affirmative relief offered by the commission, but not both. 137 (8) If In the event that the commission fails to conciliate

or determine whether there is reasonable cause on any complaint under this section within <u>240</u> 180 days <u>after</u> of the filing of the complaint, an aggrieved person may proceed under subsection (4), as if the commission determined that there was reasonable cause.

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.

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