CS for SB 774

By the Committee on Commerce and Tourism; and Senators Thompson, Clemens, Soto, Sobel, Joyner, Abruzzo, Margolis, Ring, Gibson, and Braynon

577-02583-13

2013774c1

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to the Florida Civil Rights Act of 3 1992; providing a short title; amending s. 760.02, F.S.; expanding the meaning of "sex" as the term 4 5 relates to the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992; 6 specifying that a woman who is pregnant or who is 7 affected by a medical condition related to pregnancy 8 or childbirth must be treated the same for all 9 employment-related purposes, including receipt of benefits, as an individual who has a medical condition 10 11 unrelated to pregnancy or childbirth; amending s. 12 760.11, F.S.; extending the time for the Florida 13 Commission on Human Relations to investigate 14 complaints and determine reasonable cause; specifying 15 powers of the commission and administrative law judges 16 to enter proposed orders to prohibit practices that violate the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992; 17 18 providing that attorney fees be calculated consistent with federal case law; extending the time before a 19 20 complainant may proceed with civil or administrative action when the commission fails to conciliate or 21 22 determine whether there is reasonable cause; providing 23 an effective date. 24 25 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 26 27 Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Protect Our Women Act." 28 29 Section 2. Present subsections (1), (5), (6), (7), (8),

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30	(9), and (10) of section 760.02, Florida Statutes, are reordered
31	and redesignated as subsections (7), (9), (10), (5), (6), (8),
32	and (1), respectively, and a new subsection (12) is added to
33	that section, to read:
34	760.02 DefinitionsFor the purposes of ss. 760.01-760.11
35	and 509.092, the term:
36	(12) "Sex" means the biological state of being a male, a
37	female, or a female who is pregnant or affected by any medical
38	condition related to pregnancy or childbirth. A female who is
39	pregnant or who is affected by a medical condition related to
40	pregnancy or childbirth shall be treated the same for all
41	employment-related purposes as an individual not so affected who
42	has a similar ability or inability to work.
43	Section 3. Subsections (3), (6), (7), and (8) of section
44	760.11, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
45	760.11 Administrative and civil remedies; construction
46	(3) Except as provided in subsection (2), the commission
47	shall investigate the allegations in the complaint. Within $\underline{240}$
48	$rac{180}{180}$ days after of the filing of the complaint, the commission
49	shall determine if there is reasonable cause to believe that
50	discriminatory practice has occurred in violation of the Florida
51	Civil Rights Act of 1992. When the commission determines whether
52	<del>or not</del> there is reasonable cause, the commission <u>shall promptly</u>
53	notify by registered mail shall promptly notify the aggrieved
54	person and the respondent of the reasonable cause determination,
55	the date of such determination, and the options available under
56	this section.
57	(6) Any administrative hearing brought pursuant to

58 paragraph (4)(b) shall be conducted under ss. 120.569 and

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577-02583-13 2013774c1 59 120.57. The commission may hear the case provided that the final 60 order is issued by members of the commission who did not conduct 61 the hearing or the commission may request that it be heard by an administrative law judge pursuant to s. 120.569(2)(a). If the 62 63 commission elects to hear the case, it may be heard by a 64 commissioner. If the commissioner, after the hearing, finds that 65 a violation of the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992 has occurred, the commissioner shall issue an appropriate proposed 66 67 order in accordance with chapter 120 prohibiting the discriminatory practice and providing affirmative relief from 68 69 the effects of the practice, including back pay. If the 70 administrative law judge, after the hearing, finds that a 71 violation of the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992 has occurred, 72 the administrative law judge shall issue an appropriate 73 recommended order in accordance with chapter 120 prohibiting the 74 discriminatory practice and providing affirmative relief from 75 the effects of the practice, including back pay. Within 90 days 76 after of the date the recommended or proposed order is rendered, 77 the commission shall issue a final order by adopting, rejecting, 78 or modifying the recommended order as provided under ss. 120.569 79 and 120.57. The 90-day period may be extended with the consent 80 of all the parties. An administrative hearing pursuant to 81 paragraph (4)(b) may must be requested no later than 35 days after the date of determination of reasonable cause by the 82 commission. In any action or proceeding under this subsection, 83 84 the commission, in its discretion, may allow the prevailing 85 party a reasonable attorney attorney's fee as part of the costs. 86 Attorney It is the intent of the Legislature that this provision for attorney's fees must be calculated interpreted in a manner 87

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577-02583-13 2013774c1 88 consistent with federal case law involving a Title VII action. 89 (7) If the commission determines that there is not reasonable cause to believe that a violation of the Florida 90 91 Civil Rights Act of 1992 has occurred, the commission shall 92 dismiss the complaint. The aggrieved person may request an administrative hearing under ss. 120.569 and 120.57, but any 93 94 such request must be made within 35 days after of the date of 95 determination of reasonable cause and any such hearing shall be heard by an administrative law judge and not by the commission 96 97 or a commissioner. If the aggrieved person does not request an 98 administrative hearing within the 35 days, the claim will be 99 barred. If the administrative law judge finds that a violation of the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992 has occurred, he or she 100 101 shall issue an appropriate recommended order to the commission 102 prohibiting the discriminatory practice and recommending affirmative relief from the effects of the practice, including 103 104 back pay. Within 90 days after of the date the recommended order 105 is rendered, the commission shall issue a final order by 106 adopting, rejecting, or modifying the recommended order as 107 provided under ss. 120.569 and 120.57. The 90-day period may be 108 extended with the consent of all the parties. In any action or 109 proceeding under this subsection, the commission, in its 110 discretion, may allow the prevailing party a reasonable attorney 111 attorney's fee as part of the costs. Attorney It is the intent 112 of the Legislature that this provision for attorney's fees must 113 be calculated interpreted in a manner consistent with federal 114 case law involving a Title VII action. In the event the final 115 order issued by the commission determines that a violation of 116 the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992 has occurred, the aggrieved

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117	person may bring, within 1 year <u>after</u> <del>of</del> the date of the final
118	order, a civil action under subsection (5) as if there has been
119	a reasonable cause determination or accept the affirmative
120	relief offered by the commission, but not both.
121	(8) If In the event that the commission fails to conciliate
122	or determine whether there is reasonable cause on any complaint
123	under this section within $240$ $180$ days <u>after</u> of the filing of
124	the complaint, an aggrieved person may proceed under subsection
125	(4), as if the commission determined that there was reasonable
126	cause.
127	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.