By the Committees on Communications, Energy, and Public Utilities; and Environmental Preservation and Conservation; and Senators Richter and Smith

579-04330-13

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to underground natural gas storage;
3	providing a short title; amending s. 211.02, F.S.;
4	narrowing the use of the term "oil"; amending s.
5	211.025, F.S.; narrowing the scope of the gas
6	production tax to apply only to native gas; amending
7	s. 376.301, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference;
8	amending s. 377.06, F.S.; making grammatical changes;
9	declaring underground natural gas storage to be in the
10	public interest; amending s. 377.18, F.S.; clarifying
11	common sources of oil and gas; amending s. 377.19,
12	F.S.; modifying and providing definitions; amending s.
13	377.21, F.S.; extending the jurisdiction of the
14	Division of Resource Management of the Department of
15	Environmental Protection; amending s. 377.22, F.S.;
16	expanding the scope of the department's rules and
17	orders; amending s. 377.24, F.S.; providing for the
18	notice and permitting of storage in and recovery from
19	natural gas storage reservoirs; creating s. 377.2407,
20	F.S.; establishing a natural gas storage facility
21	permit application process; specifying requirements
22	for an application, including fees; amending s.
23	377.241, F.S.; providing criteria that the division
24	must consider in issuing permits; amending s. 377.242,
25	F.S.; granting authority to the department to issue
26	permits to establish natural gas storage facilities;
27	creating s. 377.2431, F.S.; establishing conditions
28	and procedures for granting natural gas storage
29	facility permits; prohibiting a permit for certain

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579-04330-13 2013958c2 30 natural gas storage facilities; creating s. 377.2432, F.S.; providing for the protection of water supplies 31 32 at natural gas storage facilities; providing that a 33 natural gas storage facility operator is presumed 34 responsible for pollution of an underground water 35 supply under certain circumstances; creating s. 36 377.2433, F.S.; providing for the protection of 37 natural gas storage facilities through a requirement 38 of notice, compliance with certain standards, and a right of entry to monitor activities; creating s. 39 40 377.2434, F.S.; providing that property rights to 41 injected natural gas are with the injector or the injector's heirs, successors, or assigns; providing 42 43 for compensation to the owner of the stratum and the 44 owner of the surface for use of or damage to the 45 surface or substratum; amending s. 377.25, F.S.; limiting the scope of certain drilling unit 46 47 requirements; amending s. 377.28, F.S.; modifying 48 situations in which the department is required to issue an order requiring unit operation; amending s. 49 50 377.30, F.S.; providing that limitations on the amount 51 of oil or gas taken do not apply to nonnative gas 52 recovered from a permitted natural gas storage facility; amending s. 377.34, F.S.; providing for 53 54 legal action against a person who appears to be 55 violating a rule that relates to the storage or 56 recovery of natural gas; amending s. 377.37, F.S.; 57 expanding penalties to reach persons who violate the 58 terms of a permit relating to storage of gas in a

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59	natural gas storage facility; amending s. 377.371,
60	F.S.; providing that a person storing gas in a natural
61	gas storage facility may not pollute or otherwise
62	damage certain areas and that a person who pollutes
63	water by storing natural gas is liable for cleanup or
64	other costs incurred by the state; amending s.
65	403.973, F.S.; allowing expedited permitting for
66	natural gas storage facilities permitted under ch.
67	377, F.S., and for certain projects to construct
68	interstate natural gas pipelines; providing that
69	natural gas storage facilities are subject to certain
70	requirements; requiring the Department of
71	Environmental Protection to adopt rules; providing an
72	effective date.
73	
74	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
75	
76	Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Florida
77	Underground Natural Gas Storage Act."
78	Section 2. Subsection (7) is added to section 211.02,
79	Florida Statutes, to read:
80	211.02 Oil production tax; basis and rate of tax; tertiary
81	oil and mature field recovery oil.—An excise tax is hereby
82	levied upon every person who severs oil in the state for sale,
83	transport, storage, profit, or commercial use. Except as
84	otherwise provided in this part, the tax is levied on the basis
85	of the entire production of oil in this state, including any
86	royalty interest. Such tax shall accrue at the time the oil is
87	severed and shall be a lien on production regardless of the

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by whom used, and regardless of
.1 may be made outside the state.
, the term "oil" does not
hat are transported into the
phase into a natural gas storage
of chapter 377, and later
on.
s added to section 211.025,
basis and rate of tax.—An
n every person who severs gas in
profit, or commercial use. Except
ert, the tax shall be levied on
on of gas in this state,
Such tax shall accrue at the
l be a lien on production
to whom sold, or by whom used
delivery of the gas may be made
ly to native gas as defined in
of section 376.301, Florida
ns used in ss. 376.30-376.317,
n ss. 376.30-376.317, 376.70, and
ly requires otherwise, the term:
any "product" as defined in s.
chlorine, and derivatives
croleum gas.
ns used in ss. 376.30-376.317, n ss. 376.30-376.317, 376.70, an any requires otherwise, the term any "product" as defined in s. chlorine, and derivatives

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117	Section 5. Section 377.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to
118	read:
119	377.06 Public policy of state concerning natural resources
120	of oil and gas.—It is hereby declared to be the public policy of
121	this the state to conserve and control the natural resources of
122	oil and gas in <u>this</u> said state, and the products made <u>from oil</u>
123	and gas in this state therefrom; to prevent waste of said
124	natural resources; to provide for the protection and adjustment
125	of the correlative rights of the owners of the land in which the
126	wherein said natural resources lie, of and the owners and
127	producers of oil and gas resources and the products made \underline{from}
128	oil and gas therefrom, and of others interested in these
129	resources and products therein; to safeguard the health,
130	property, and public welfare of the residents $ frac{citizens}{citizens}$ of this
131	said state and other interested persons and for all purposes
132	indicated by the provisions <u>in this section</u> herein . Further, it
133	is declared that underground storage of natural gas is in the
134	public interest because underground storage promotes
135	conservation of natural gas; makes gas more readily available to
136	the domestic, commercial, and industrial consumers of this
137	state; and allows the accumulation of large quantities of gas in
138	reserve for orderly withdrawal during emergencies or periods of
139	peak demand. It is not the intention of this section to limit,
140	or restrict <u>,</u> or modify in any way the provisions of this law.
141	Section 6. Section 377.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to
142	read:
143	377.18 Common sources of oil and gas.—All common sources of
144	supply of oil <u>or native</u> and gas or either of them shall have the
145	production therefrom controlled or regulated in accordance with

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146	the provisions of this law.
147	Section 7. Section 377.19, Florida Statutes, is reordered
148	and amended to read:
149	377.19 Definitions <u>As used</u> Unless the context otherwise
150	requires, the words defined in this section shall have the
151	following meanings when found in ss. 377.06, 377.07, and 377.10-
152	377.40, the term:
153	(3) (1) "Division" means the Division of Resource Management
154	of the Department of Environmental Protection.
155	(28) (2) "State" means the State of Florida.
156	(20) (3) "Person" means <u>a</u> any natural person, corporation,
157	association, partnership, receiver, trustee, guardian, executor,
158	administrator, fiduciary, or representative of any kind.
159	(15) (4) "Oil" means crude petroleum oil and other
160	hydrocarbons, regardless of gravity, which are produced at the
161	well in liquid form by ordinary production methods, and which
162	are not the result of condensation of gas after it leaves the
163	reservoir.
164	(5) "Gas" means all natural gas, including casinghead gas,
165	and all other hydrocarbons not defined as oil in subsection (4).
166	<u>(21)</u> "Pool" means an underground reservoir containing or
167	appearing to contain a common accumulation of oil or gas or
168	both. Each zone of a general structure which is completely
169	separated from any other zone on the structure is considered a
170	separate pool as used herein.
171	<u>(4)</u> "Field" means the general area <u>that</u> which is
172	underlaid, or appears to be underlaid, by at least one pool <u>. The</u>
173	term; and "field" includes the underground reservoir, or
174	reservoirs, containing oil or gas, or both. The <u>terms</u> words

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579-04330-13 2013958c2 175 "field" and "pool" mean the same thing if when only one 176 underground reservoir is involved; however, the term "field," 177 unlike the term "pool," may relate to two or more pools. 178 (19) (8) "Owner" means the person who has the right to drill 179 into and to produce from any pool and to appropriate the 180 production either for the person or for the person and another, 181 or others. 182 (22) (9) "Producer" means the owner or operator of a well or wells capable of producing oil or gas, or both. 183 184 (31) (10) "Waste," in addition to its ordinary meaning, 185 means "physical waste" as that term is generally understood in 186 the oil and gas industry. The term "waste" includes: 187 (a) The inefficient, excessive, or improper use or 188 dissipation of reservoir energy; and the locating, spacing, 189 drilling, equipping, operating, or producing of any oil or gas 190 well or wells in a manner that which results, or tends to 191 result, in reducing the quantity of oil or gas ultimately to be 192 stored or recovered from any pool in this state. (b) The inefficient storing of oil; and the locating, 193 194 spacing, drilling, equipping, operating, or producing of any oil 195 or gas well or wells in a manner that causes, or tends causing, 196 or tending to cause, unnecessary or excessive surface loss or 197 destruction of oil or gas. 198 (c) The producing of oil or gas in such a manner that causes as to cause unnecessary water channeling or coning. 199 200 (d) The operation of any oil well or wells with an 201 inefficient gas-oil ratio.

(e) The drowning with water of any stratum or part thereofcapable of producing oil or gas.

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579-04330-13 2013958c2 204 (f) The underground waste, however caused and whether or 205 not defined. 206 (q) The creation of unnecessary fire hazards. 207 (h) The escape into the open air, from a well producing 208 both oil and gas, of gas in excess of the amount that which is 209 necessary in the efficient drilling or operation of the well. 210 (i) The use of gas for the manufacture of carbon black. 211 (j) Permitting gas produced from a gas well to escape into the air. 212 213 (k) The abuse of the correlative rights and opportunities 214 of each owner of oil and gas in a common reservoir due to 215 nonuniform, disproportionate, and unratable withdrawals, causing 216 undue drainage between tracts of land. 217 (23) (11) "Product" means a any commodity made from oil or 218 gas and includes refined crude oil, crude tops, topped crude, 219 processed crude petroleum, residue from crude petroleum, 220 cracking stock, uncracked fuel oil, fuel oil, treated crude oil, 221 residuum, gas oil, casinghead gasoline, natural gas gasoline, naphtha, distillate, condensate, gasoline, waste oil, kerosene, 222 223 benzine, wash oil, blended gasoline, lubricating oil, blends or 224 mixtures of oil with one or more liquid products or byproducts 225 derived from oil or gas, and blends or mixtures of two or more 226 liquid products or byproducts derived from oil or gas, whether 227 hereinabove enumerated or not.

(8) (12) "Illegal oil" means oil that which has been produced within the state from any well or wells in excess of the amount allowed by rule, regulation, or order of the division, as distinguished from oil produced within the state from a well not producing in excess of the amount so allowed,

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233 which is "legal oil."

234 <u>(7) (13)</u> "Illegal gas" means gas <u>that</u> which has been 235 produced within the state from any well or wells in excess of 236 the amount allowed by any rule, regulation, or order of the 237 division, as distinguished from gas produced within the State of 238 Florida from a well not producing in excess of the amount so 239 allowed, which is "legal gas."

240 <u>(9) (14)</u> "Illegal product" means <u>a</u> any product of oil or 241 gas, any part of which was processed or derived, in whole or in 242 part, from illegal gas or illegal oil or from any product 243 thereof, as distinguished from "legal product," which is a 244 product processed or derived to no extent from illegal oil or 245 illegal gas.

246 <u>(24)(15)</u> "Reasonable market demand" means the amount of oil 247 reasonably needed for current consumption, together with a 248 reasonable amount of oil for storage and working stocks.

249 <u>(30)(16)</u> "Tender" means a permit or certificate of 250 clearance for the transportation or the delivery of oil, gas, or 251 products, approved and issued or registered under the authority 252 of the division.

253 (17) The use of the word "and" includes the word "or" and 254 the use of "or" includes "and," unless the context clearly 255 requires a different meaning, especially with respect to such 256 expressions as "oil and gas" or "oil or gas."

257 (32) (18) "Well site" means the general area around a well, 258 which area has been disturbed from its natural or existing 259 condition, as well as the drilling or production pad, mud and 260 water circulation pits, and other operation areas necessary to 261 drill for or produce oil or gas, or to inject gas into and

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579-04330-13 2013958c2 262 recover gas from a natural gas storage facility. 263 (17) (19) "Oil and gas administrator" means the State 264 Geologist. 265 (18) (20) "Operator" means the entity who: 266 (a) Has the right to drill and to produce a well; or 267 (b) As part of a natural gas storage facility, injects, or 268 is engaged in the work of preparing to inject, gas into a 269 natural gas storage reservoir; or stores gas in, or removes gas 270 from, a natural gas storage reservoir. (1) (21) "Completion date" means the day, month, and year 271 272 that a new productive well, a previously shut-in well, or a 273 temporarily abandoned well is completed, repaired, or 274 recompleted and the operator begins producing oil or gas in 275 commercial guantities. 276 (26) (22) "Shut-in well" means an oil or gas well that has 277 been taken out of service for economic reasons or mechanical 278 repairs. 279 (29) (23) "Temporarily abandoned well" means a permitted well or wellbore that has been abandoned by plugging in a manner 280 281 that allows reentry and redevelopment in accordance with oil or 282 gas rules of the Department of Environmental Protection. 283 (14) (24) "New field well" means an oil or gas well completed after July 1, 1997, in a new field as designated by 284 285 the Department of Environmental Protection. 286 (6) (25) "Horizontal well" means a well completed with the 287 wellbore in a horizontal or nearly horizontal orientation within 288 10 degrees of horizontal within the producing formation. 289 (2) "Department" means the Department of Environmental 290 Protection.

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291	(10) "Lateral storage reservoir boundary" means the
292	projection up to the land surface of the maximum horizontal
293	extent of the gas volume contained in a natural gas storage
294	reservoir.
295	(11) "Native gas" means gas that occurs naturally within
296	this state and does not include gas produced outside the state,
297	transported to this state, and injected into a permitted natural
298	gas storage facility.
299	(12) "Natural gas storage facility" means an underground
300	reservoir from which oil or gas has previously been produced and
301	which is used or intended to be used for the underground storage
302	of natural gas, and any surface or subsurface structure, or
303	infrastructure, except wells. The term also includes a right or
304	appurtenance necessary or useful in the operation of the
305	facility for the underground storage of natural gas, including
306	any necessary or reasonable reservoir protective area as
307	designated for the purpose of ensuring the safe operation of the
308	storage of natural gas or protecting the natural gas storage
309	facility from pollution, invasion, escape, or migration of gas,
310	or any subsequent extension thereof. The term does not mean a
311	transmission, distribution, or gathering pipeline or system that
312	is not used primarily as integral piping for a natural gas
313	storage facility.
314	(13) "Natural gas storage reservoir" means a pool or field
315	from which oil or gas has previously been produced and which is
316	suitable for or capable of being made suitable for the
317	injection, storage, and recovery of gas, as identified in a
318	permit application submitted to the department under s.
319	377.2407.

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320	(16) "Oil and gas" has the same meaning as the term "oil or
321	gas."
322	(25) "Reservoir protective area" means the area extending
323	up to and including 2,000 feet surrounding a natural gas storage
324	reservoir.
325	(27) "Shut-in bottom hole pressure" means the pressure at
326	the bottom of a well when all valves are closed and no oil or
327	gas has been allowed to escape for at least 24 hours.
328	Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 377.21, Florida
329	Statutes, is amended to read:
330	377.21 Jurisdiction of division
331	(1) The division shall have jurisdiction and authority over
332	all persons and property necessary to administer and enforce
333	effectively the provisions of this law and all other laws
334	relating to the conservation of oil and gas <u>or to the storage of</u>
335	gas in and recovery of gas from natural gas storage reservoirs.
336	Section 9. Subsection (2) of section 377.22, Florida
337	Statutes, is amended to read:
338	377.22 Rules and orders
339	(2) The department shall issue orders and adopt rules
340	pursuant to ss. $120.536 \cdot (1)$ and 120.54 to implement and enforce
341	the provisions of this chapter. Such rules and orders shall
342	ensure that all precautions are taken to prevent the spillage of
343	oil or any other pollutant in all phases of the drilling for,
344	and extracting of, oil, gas, or other petroleum products <u>, or</u>
345	during the injection of gas into and recovery of gas from a
346	natural gas storage reservoir. The department shall revise such
347	rules from time to time as necessary for the proper
348	administration and enforcement of this chapter. Rules adopted

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579-04330-13 2013958c2 349 and orders issued in accordance with this section are shall be 350 for, but shall not be limited to, the following purposes: 351 (a) To require the drilling, casing, and plugging of wells 352 to be done in such a manner as to prevent the pollution of the 353 fresh, salt, or brackish waters or the lands of the state and to 354 protect the integrity of natural gas storage reservoirs. 355 (b) To prevent the alteration of the sheet flow of water in 356 any area. 357 (c) To require that appropriate safety equipment be 358 installed to minimize the possibility of an escape of oil or 359 other petroleum products in the event of accident, human error, 360 or a natural disaster during drilling, casing, or plugging of 361 any well and during extraction operations. 362 (d) To require the drilling, casing, and plugging of wells 363 to be done in such a manner as to prevent the escape of oil or other petroleum products from one stratum to another. 364 365 (e) To prevent the intrusion of water into an oil or gas 366 stratum from a separate stratum, except as provided by rules of 367 the division relating to the injection of water for proper 368 reservoir conservation and brine disposal. (f) To require a reasonable bond, or other form of security 369 370 acceptable to the department, conditioned upon the performance 371 of the duty to plug properly each dry and abandoned well and the full and complete restoration by the applicant of the area over 372 373 which geophysical exploration, drilling, or production is 374 conducted to the similar contour and general condition in 375 existence prior to such operation. 376 (g) To require and carry out a reasonable program of

377 monitoring or inspection of all drilling operations, or

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579-04330-13 2013958c2 378 producing wells, or injecting wells, including regular 379 inspections by division personnel. 380 (h) To require the making of reports showing the location 381 of all oil and gas wells; the making and filing of logs; the 382 taking and filing of directional surveys; the filing of electrical, sonic, radioactive, and mechanical logs of oil and 383 384 gas wells; if taken, the saving of cutting and cores, the cuts 385 of which shall be given to the Bureau of Geology; and the making 386 of reports with respect to drilling and production records. 387 However, such information, or any part thereof, at the request 388 of the operator, shall be exempt from the provisions of s. 389 119.07(1) and held confidential by the division for a period of 390 1 year after the completion of a well. 391 (i) To prevent wells from being drilled, operated, or 392 produced in such a manner as to cause injury to neighboring 393 leases, or property, or natural gas storage reservoirs. 394 (j) To prevent the drowning by water of any stratum, or 395 part thereof, capable of producing oil or gas in paying 396 quantities and to prevent the premature and irregular 397 encroachment of water which reduces, or tends to reduce, the 398 total ultimate recovery of oil or gas from any pool. 399 (k) To require the operation of wells with efficient gas-400 oil ratio, and to fix such ratios. (1) To prevent "blowouts," "caving," and "seepage," in the 401 402 sense that conditions indicated by such terms are generally 403 understood in the oil and gas business. 404 (m) To prevent fires. 405 (n) To identify the ownership of all oil or gas wells, 406 producing leases, refineries, tanks, plants, structures, and

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579-04330-13 2013958c2 407 storage and transportation equipment and facilities. 408 (o) To regulate the "shooting," perforating and chemical 409 treatment of wells. 410 (p) To regulate secondary recovery methods, including the 411 introduction of gas, air, water, or other substance into 412 producing formations. 413 (q) To regulate gas cycling operations. 414 (r) To regulate the storage and recovery of gas injected 415 into natural gas storage facilities. 416 (s) (r) If necessary for the prevention of waste, as herein 417 defined, to determine, limit, and prorate the production of oil 418 or gas, or both, from any pool or field in the state. (t) (s) To require, either generally or in or from 419 420 particular areas, certificates of clearance or tenders in 421 connection with the transportation or delivery of oil or gas, or 422 any product. 423 (u) (t) To regulate the spacing of wells and to establish 424 drilling units. 425 (v) (u) To prevent, so far as is practicable, reasonably 426 avoidable drainage from each developed unit which is not 427 equalized by counterdrainage. 428 $(w) \rightarrow (v)$ To require that geophysical operations requiring a 429 permit be conducted in a manner which will minimize the impact 430 on hydrology and biota of the area, especially environmentally 431 sensitive lands and coastal areas. 432 $(x) \xrightarrow{(w)}$ To regulate aboveground crude oil storage tanks in a 433 manner which will protect the water resources of the state. 434 (y) - (x) To act in a receivership capacity for fractional mineral interests for which the owners are unknown or unlocated 435

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436	and to administratively designate the operator as the lessee.
437	Section 10. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 377.24,
438	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
439	377.24 Notice of intention to drill well; permits;
440	abandoned wells and dry holes
441	(1) Before <u>drilling a</u> any well in search of oil or gas <u>, or</u>
442	before storing gas in or recovering gas from a natural gas
443	storage reservoir shall be drilled, the person who desires
444	desiring to drill <u>for, store, or recover gas, or drill for oil,</u>
445	the same shall notify the division upon such form as it may
446	prescribe and shall pay a reasonable fee set by rule of the
447	department not to exceed the actual cost of processing and
448	inspecting for each well <u>or reservoir</u> . The drilling of any well
449	and the storing and recovering of gas are is hereby prohibited
450	until such notice is given <u>, the</u> and such fee <u>is</u> has been paid <u>,</u>
451	and the permit is granted.
452	(2) An Each application for the drilling of a well in
453	search of oil or gas, or for the storing of gas in and
454	recovering of gas from a natural gas storage reservoir, in this
455	state <u>must</u> shall include the address of the residence of the
456	applicant, or <u>applicants</u> each applicant , which <u>must</u> address
457	shall be the address of each person involved in accordance with
458	the records of the Division of Resource Management until such
459	address is changed on the records of the division after written
460	request.
461	Section 11. Section 377.2407, Florida Statutes, is created
462	to read:
463	377.2407 Natural gas storage facility permit application to
464	inject gas into and recover gas from a natural gas storage

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465	reservoir
466	(1) Before drilling a well to inject gas into and recover
467	gas from a natural gas storage reservoir, the person who desires
468	to conduct such operation shall apply to the department in the
469	manner described in this section using such form as the
470	department may prescribe to obtain a natural gas storage
471	facility permit. The Department of Environmental Protection
472	shall also require any applicant seeking to obtain such permit
473	to pay a reasonable permit application fee. Such fee must be in
474	an amount necessary to cover the costs associated with
475	permitting, processing, issuing, and recertifying the permit
476	application, and inspecting for compliance with the permit.
477	(2) Each application must contain:
478	(a) A detailed, three-dimensional description of the
479	natural gas storage reservoir, including geologic-based
480	descriptions of the reservoir boundaries, and the horizontal and
481	vertical dimensions.
482	(b) A geographic description of the lateral reservoir
483	boundary.
484	(c) A general description and location of all injection,
485	recovery, withdrawal-only, and observation wells.
486	(d) A description of the reservoir protective area.
487	(e) Information demonstrating that the proposed natural gas
488	storage reservoir is suitable for the storage and recovery of
489	gas.
490	(f) Information identifying all known abandoned or active
491	wells within the natural gas storage facility.
492	(g) A field-monitoring plan that requires, at a minimum,
493	monthly field inspections of all wells that are part of the

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494	natural gas storage facility.
495	(h) A monitoring and testing plan for the well integrity.
496	(i) A well inspection plan that requires, at a minimum, the
497	inspection of all wells that are part of the natural gas storage
498	facility and plugged wells within the natural gas storage
499	facility boundary.
500	(j) A spill prevention and response plan.
501	(k) A well spacing plan.
502	(1) An operating plan for the natural gas storage
503	reservoir, which must include gas capacities, anticipated
504	operating conditions, and maximum storage pressure.
505	(m) A gas migration response plan.
506	(n) A location plat and general facility map surveyed and
507	prepared by a registered land surveyor licensed under chapter
508	472.
509	(3) The department may require additional information that
510	is deemed necessary to permit the development of the natural gas
511	storage facility. Each well related to the natural gas storage
512	facility shall be authorized and permitted individually upon the
513	applicant satisfying applicable well construction and operation
514	criteria under this part; however, notwithstanding any other
515	provision under this chapter, well spacing requirements do not
516	apply.
517	Section 12. Subsection (4) is added to section 377.241,
518	Florida Statutes, to read:
519	377.241 Criteria for issuance of permits.—The division, in
520	the exercise of its authority to issue permits as hereinafter
521	provided, shall give consideration to and be guided by the
522	following criteria:

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523	(4) For activities and operations concerning a natural gas
524	storage facility, the nature, structure, and proposed use of the
525	natural gas storage reservoir is suitable for the storage and
526	recovery of gas without adverse effect to public health or
527	safety or the environment.
528	Section 13. Subsection (3) of section 377.242, Florida
529	Statutes, is amended to read:
530	377.242 Permits for drilling or exploring and extracting
531	through well holes or by other meansThe department is vested
532	with the power and authority:
533	(3) To issue permits to establish natural gas storage
534	facilities or construct wells for the injection and recovery of
535	any natural gas for temporary storage in <u>natural gas storage</u>
536	subsurface reservoirs.
537	
538	Each permit shall contain an agreement by the permitholder that
539	the permitholder will not prevent inspection by division
540	personnel at any time. The provisions of this section
541	prohibiting permits for drilling or exploring for oil in coastal
542	waters do not apply to any leases entered into before June 7,
543	1991.
544	Section 14. Section 377.2431, Florida Statutes, is created
545	to read:
546	377.2431 Conditions for granting permits for natural gas
547	storage facilities
548	(1) A natural gas storage facility permit shall authorize
549	the construction and operation of a natural gas storage facility
550	and must be issued for the life of the facility, subject to
551	recertification every 10 years.

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552	(2) Before issuing or recertifying a permit, the department
553	shall require satisfactory evidence of the following:
554	(a) The applicant has implemented, or is in the process of
555	implementing, programs for the control and mitigation of
556	pollution related to oil, petroleum products or their
557	byproducts, and other pollutants.
558	(b) The applicant or operator has acquired a lawful right
559	to drill, explore, or develop a natural gas storage reservoir
560	from owners of at least 75 percent of the storage rights within
561	the natural gas storage reservoir, or the applicant or operator
562	has obtained a certificate of public convenience and necessity
563	for the natural gas storage reservoir from the Federal Energy
564	Regulatory Commission pursuant to the Natural Gas Act, 15 U.S.C.
565	<u>ss. 717 et seq.</u>
566	(c) The applicant has used all reasonable means to identify
567	known wells that have been drilled into or through the natural
568	gas storage reservoir or reservoir protective area to determine
569	the status of the wells and whether inactive or abandoned wells
570	have been properly plugged. For any well that has not been
571	properly plugged, before conducting injection operations and
572	after issuance of the permit, the applicant must plug or
573	recondition the well to ensure the integrity of the storage
574	reservoir or reservoir protective area.
575	(d) The applicant has tested the quality of water produced
576	by all water supply wells within the lateral boundary of the
577	natural gas storage facility and complied with all requirements
578	under s. 377.2432. The applicant shall provide to the department
579	and the owner of the water supply well a written copy of the
580	water quality data collected under this paragraph.

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581	(e) A determination has been made regarding whether native
582	gas or oil will be severed from below the soil or water of this
583	state in the recovery of injected gas. If native gas or oil will
584	be severed, the applicant or operator must acquire a lawful
585	right to develop the native gas or oil before injecting gas into
586	the natural gas storage reservoir.
587	(3) The applicant shall maintain records of well pressures
588	recorded monthly, and monthly volumes of gas injected into and
589	withdrawn from the reservoir. These records shall be maintained
590	at the natural gas storage facility and shall be made available
591	for inspection by the department at any reasonable time.
592	(4)(a) The maximum storage pressure for a natural gas
593	storage reservoir shall be the highest shut-in bottom hole
594	pressure found to exist during the production history of the
595	reservoir, unless a higher pressure is established by the
596	department based on testing of caprock and pool containment. The
597	methods used for determining the higher pressure must be
598	approved by the department.
599	(b) If the shut-in bottom hole pressure of the original
600	discovery or of the highest production is not known, or a higher
601	pressure has not been established through a method approved by
602	the department pursuant to paragraph (a), the maximum storage
603	reservoir pressure must be limited to a freshwater hydrostatic
604	gradient.
605	(5) A permit may not be issued for a natural gas storage
606	facility that includes a natural gas storage reservoir located
607	beneath an underground source of drinking water unless the
608	applicant demonstrates that the injection or recovery of natural
609	gas will not cause or allow natural gas to migrate into the

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610	underground source of drinking water; or in any offshore
611	location in the Gulf of Mexico, the Straits of Florida, or the
612	Atlantic Ocean; or in any solution-mined cavern within a salt
613	formation.
614	Section 15. Section 377.2432, Florida Statutes, is created
615	to read:
616	377.2432 Natural gas storage facilities; protection of
617	water supplies
618	(1) An operator of a natural gas storage facility who
619	affects a public or private underground water supply by
620	pollution or diminution shall restore or replace the affected
621	supply with an alternate source of water adequate in quantity
622	and quality for the purposes served by the supply. The
623	department shall ensure that the quality of restored or replaced
624	water is comparable to the quality of the water before it was
625	affected by the operator.
626	(2) Unless rebutted by a defense established in subsection
627	(4), a natural gas storage facility operator is presumed
628	responsible for pollution of an underground water supply if:
629	(a) The water supply is within the lateral boundary of the
630	natural gas storage facility; and
631	(b) The pollution occurred within 6 months after completion
632	of drilling or alteration of any well under or associated with
633	the natural gas storage facility permit or after the initial
634	injection of gas into the natural gas storage reservoir,
635	whichever is later.
636	(3) If the affected underground water supply is within the
637	rebuttable presumption area as provided in subsection (2) and
638	the rebuttable presumption applies, the natural gas storage

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639	facility operator shall provide a temporary water supply if the
640	water user is without a readily available alternative source of
641	water at no cost to the owner of the affected water supply. The
642	temporary water supply provided under this subsection must be
643	adequate in quantity and quality for the purposes served by the
644	affected supply.
645	(4) A natural gas storage facility operator rebuts the
646	presumption in subsection (2) by affirmatively proving any of
647	the following:
648	(a) The pollution existed before the drilling or alteration
649	activity as determined by a predrilling or prealteration survey.
650	(b) The landowner or water purveyor refused to allow the
651	operator access to conduct a predrilling or prealteration
652	survey.
653	(c) The water supply well is not within the lateral
654	boundary of the natural gas storage facility.
655	(d) The pollution occurred more than 6 months after
656	completion of drilling or alteration of any well under or
657	associated with the natural gas storage facility permit.
658	(e) The pollution occurred as the result of a cause other
659	than activities authorized under the natural gas storage
660	facility permit.
661	(5) A natural gas storage facility operator electing to
662	preserve a defense under subsection (4) must retain an
663	independent certified laboratory to conduct a predrilling or
664	prealteration survey of the water supply. A copy of survey
665	results must be submitted to the department and the landowner or
666	water purveyor in the manner prescribed by the department.
667	(6) A natural gas storage facility operator must provide

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668	written notice to the landowner or water purveyor indicating
669	that the presumption established under subsection (2) may be
670	void if the landowner or water purveyor refused to allow the
671	operator access to conduct a predrilling or prealteration
672	survey. Proof of written notice to the landowner or water
673	purveyor must be provided to the department in order for the
674	operator to retain the protections under subsection (4).
675	(7) This section does not prevent a landowner or water
676	purveyor who claims pollution or diminution of a water supply
677	from seeking any other remedy at law or in equity.
678	Section 16. Section 377.2433, Florida Statutes, is created
679	to read:
680	377.2433 Protection of natural gas storage facilities
681	(1) The department may not authorize the drilling of any
682	well into or through a permitted natural gas storage reservoir
683	or reservoir protective area, except upon conditions deemed by
684	the department to be sufficient to prevent the loss, migration,
685	or escape of gas from the natural gas storage reservoir. The
686	department shall provide written notice to the natural gas
687	storage facility operator of any application filed with the
688	department and any agency action taken related to drilling a
689	well into or through a permitted natural gas storage facility
690	boundary or reservoir protective area.
691	(2) As a condition for the issuance of a permit by the
692	department, an applicant seeking to drill a well into or through
693	<u>a permitted natural gas storage facility boundary or reservoir</u>
694	protective area must provide the affected natural gas storage
695	facility operator a reasonable right of entry to observe and
696	monitor all drilling activities.

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697	(3) The department shall ensure that any well drilled into
698	or through a permitted natural gas storage reservoir or
699	reservoir protective area is cased and cemented in a manner
700	sufficient to protect the integrity of the natural gas storage
701	reservoir.
702	Section 17. Section 377.2434, Florida Statutes, is created
703	to read:
704	377.2434 Property rights to injected natural gas
705	(1) All natural gas that has previously been reduced to
706	possession and that is subsequently injected into a natural gas
707	storage facility is at all times the property of the injector or
708	the injector's heirs, successors, or assigns, whether owned by
709	the injector or stored under contract.
710	(2) Such gas may not be subject to the right of the owner
711	of the surface of the lands or of any mineral interest therein,
712	under which the natural gas storage facilities lie, or to the
713	right of any person, other than the injector or the injector's
714	heirs, successors, or assigns, to waste or otherwise interfere
715	with or exercise control over such gas, to produce, to take, or
716	to reduce to possession, by means of the law of capture or
717	otherwise. This subsection does not affect the ownership of
718	hydrocarbons occurring naturally within this state or the right
719	of the owner of the surface of the lands or of any mineral
720	interest therein to drill or bore through the natural gas
721	storage facilities in a manner that will protect the facilities
722	against pollution or the escape of stored natural gas.
723	(3) With regard to natural gas that has migrated to
724	adjoining property or to a stratum, or portion thereof, which
725	has not been condemned or otherwise purchased:

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726	(a) The injector or the injector's heirs, successors, or
727	assigns:
728	1. May not lose title to or possession of the gas if the
729	injector or the injector's heirs, successors, or assigns can
730	prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the gas was
731	originally injected into the underground storage; and
732	2. Have the right to conduct tests on any existing wells on
733	adjoining property as may be reasonable to determine ownership
734	of the gas, but the tests are solely at the injector's risk and
735	expense.
736	(b) The owner of the stratum and the owner of the surface
737	are entitled to compensation, including compensation for use of
738	or damage to the surface or substratum, as provided by law.
739	Section 18. Subsection (3) of section 377.25, Florida
740	Statutes, is amended to read:
741	377.25 Production pools; drilling units
742	(3) Each well permitted to be drilled upon any drilling
743	unit shall be drilled approximately in the center thereof, with
744	such exception as may be reasonably necessary where the division
745	finds that the unit is partly outside the pool or, for some
746	other reason, a well approximately in the center of the unit
747	would be nonproductive or where topographical conditions are
748	such as to make the drilling approximately in the center of the
749	unit unduly burdensome or where the operator proposes to
750	complete the well with a horizontal or nearly horizontal well in
751	the producing zone. Whenever an exception is granted, the
752	division shall take such action as will offset any advantage
753	which the person securing the exception may have over other
754	producers by reason of the drilling of the well as an exception,

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755	and so that drainage from developed units to the tract, with
756	respect to which the exception is granted, will be prevented or
757	minimized, and the producer of the well drilled, as an
758	exception, will be allowed to produce no more than his or her
759	just and equitable share of the oil and gas in the pool, as such
760	share is set forth in this section. This subsection does not
761	apply to wells associated with a natural gas storage facility.
762	Section 19. Subsection (2) of section 377.28, Florida
763	Statutes, is amended to read:
764	377.28 Cycling, pooling, and unitization of oil and gas
765	(2) The department shall issue an order requiring unit
766	operation if it finds that:
767	(a) Unit operation of the field, or of any pool or pools,
768	portion or portions, or combinations thereof within the field,
769	is reasonably necessary to prevent waste, to avoid the drilling
770	of unnecessary wells, or to increase the ultimate recovery of
771	oil or gas by additional recovery methods; and
772	(b) The estimated additional cost incident to the conduct
773	of such operation will not exceed the value of the estimated
774	additional recovery of oil or gas; and
775	(c) The additional recovery of oil or gas does not
776	adversely interfere with the storage or recovery of natural gas
777	within a natural gas storage reservoir.
778	
779	The phrase "additional recovery methods" as used herein
780	includes, but is not limited to, the maintenance or partial
781	maintenance of reservoir pressures; recycling; flooding a pool
782	or pools, or parts thereof, with air, gas, water, liquid
783	hydrocarbons, any other substance, or any combination thereof;

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784	or any other method of producing additional hydrocarbons
785	approved by the department.
786	Section 20. Subsection (4) is added to section 377.30,
787	Florida Statutes, to read:
788	377.30 Limitation on amount of oil or gas taken
789	(4) This section does not apply to nonnative gas recovered
790	from a permitted natural gas storage facility.
791	Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 377.34, Florida
792	Statutes, is amended to read:
793	377.34 Actions and injunctions by division
794	(1) Whenever it <u>appears</u> shall appear that <u>a</u> any person is
795	violating, or threatening to violate, any statute of this state
796	with respect to the conservation of oil or gas, or both, or any
797	provision of this law, or any rule, regulation or order made
798	thereunder by any act done in the operation of <u>a</u> any well
799	producing oil or gas, or storing or recovering natural gas, or
800	by omitting <u>an</u> any act required to be done thereunder , the
801	division, through its counsel, or the Department of Legal
802	Affairs on its own initiative, may bring suit against such
803	person in the Circuit Court in the County of Leon, state, or in
804	the circuit court in the county in which the well in question is
805	located, at the option of the division, or the Department of
806	Legal Affairs, to restrain such person or persons from
807	continuing such violation or from carrying out the threat of
808	violation. In such suit, the division, or the Department of
809	Legal Affairs, may obtain injunctions, prohibitory and
810	mandatory, including temporary restraining orders and temporary
811	injunctions, as the facts may warrant, including, when
812	appropriate, an injunction restraining any person from moving or

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579-04330-13 2013958c2 813 disposing of illegal oil, illegal gas or illegal product, and 814 any or all such commodities may be ordered to be impounded or placed under the control of a receiver appointed by the court 815 816 if, in the judgment of the court, such action is advisable. 817 Section 22. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 818 377.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 819 377.37 Penalties.-820 (1) (a) Any person who violates any provision of this law or any rule, regulation, or order of the division made under this 821 822 chapter or who violates the terms of any permit to drill for or 823 produce oil, gas, or other petroleum products referred to in s. 824 $377.242(1)_{\tau}$ or to store gas in a natural gas storage facility, 825 or any lessee, permitholder, or operator of equipment or 826 facilities used in the exploration for, drilling for, or 827 production of oil, gas, or other petroleum products, or storage 828 of gas in a natural gas storage facility, who refuses inspection 829 by the division as provided in this chapter, is liable to the 830 state for any damage caused to the air, waters, or property, including animal, plant, or aquatic life, of the state and for 831 832 reasonable costs and expenses of the state in tracing the source 833 of the discharge, in controlling and abating the source and the 834 pollutants, and in restoring the air, waters, and property, including animal, plant, and aquatic life, of the state. 835 836 Furthermore, such person, lessee, permitholder, or operator is 837 subject to the judicial imposition of a civil penalty in an 838 amount of not more than \$10,000 for each offense. However, the 839 court may receive evidence in mitigation. Each day during any 840 portion of which such violation occurs constitutes a separate 841 offense. Nothing herein shall give the department the right to

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579-04330-13 2013958c2 842 bring an action on behalf of any private person. 843 Section 23. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 377.371, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 844 845 377.371 Pollution prohibited; reporting, liability.-846 (1) A No person drilling for or producing oil, gas, or 847 other petroleum products, or storing gas in a natural gas storage facility, may not shall pollute land or water; damage 848 849 aquatic or marine life, wildlife, birds, or public or private

849 aquatic or marine life, wildlife, birds, or public or private 850 property; or allow any extraneous matter to enter or damage any 851 mineral or freshwater-bearing formation.

852 (3) Because it is the intent of this chapter to provide the 853 means for rapid and effective cleanup and to minimize damages 854 resulting from pollution in violation of this chapter, if the 855 waters of the state are polluted by the drilling, storage of 856 natural gas, or production operations of any person or persons 857 and such pollution damages or threatens to damage human, animal, 858 or plant life, public or private property, or any mineral or 859 water-bearing formation, said person shall be liable to the 860 state for all costs of cleanup or other damage incurred by the 861 state. In any suit to enforce claims of the state under this 862 chapter, it is shall not be necessary for the state to plead or 863 prove negligence in any form or manner on the part of the person 864 or persons conducting the drilling or production operations; the 865 state need only plead and prove the fact of the prohibited 866 discharge or other polluting condition and that it occurred at 867 the facilities of the person or persons conducting the drilling 868 or production operation. A No person or persons conducting the drilling, storage, or production operation may not shall be held 869 870 liable if said person or persons prove that the prohibited

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871	discharge or other polluting condition was the result of any of
872	the following:
873	(a) An act of war.
874	(b) An act of government, either state, federal, or
875	municipal.
876	(c) An act of God, which means an unforeseeable act
877	exclusively occasioned by the violence of nature without the
878	interference of any human agency.
879	(d) An act or omission of a third party without regard to
880	whether any such act or omission was or was not negligent.
881	Section 24. Paragraph (b) of subsection (14) and paragraph
882	(b) of subsection (19) of section 403.973, Florida Statutes, are
883	amended, and paragraphs (g) and (h) are added to subsection (3)
884	of that section, to read:
885	403.973 Expedited permitting; amendments to comprehensive
886	plans
887	(3)
888	(g) Projects for natural gas storage facilities that are
889	permitted under chapter 377 are eligible for the expedited
890	permitting process.
891	(h) Projects to construct interstate natural gas pipelines
892	subject to certification by the Federal Energy Regulatory
893	Commission are eligible for the expedited permitting process.
894	(14)
895	(b) Projects identified in paragraph (3)(f), (3)(g), or
896	(3) (h) or challenges to state agency action in the expedited
897	permitting process for establishment of a state-of-the-art
898	biomedical research institution and campus in this state by the
899	grantee under s. 288.955 are subject to the same requirements as

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900	challenges brought under paragraph (a), except that,
901	notwithstanding s. 120.574, summary proceedings must be
902	conducted within 30 days after a party files the motion for
903	summary hearing, regardless of whether the parties agree to the
904	summary proceeding.
905	(19) The following projects are ineligible for review under
906	this part:
907	(b) A project, the primary purpose of which is to:
908	1. Effect the final disposal of solid waste, biomedical
909	waste, or hazardous waste in this state.
910	2. Produce electrical power, unless the production of
911	electricity is incidental and not the primary function of the
912	project or the electrical power is derived from a fuel source
913	for renewable energy as defined in s. 366.91(2)(d).
914	3. Extract natural resources.
915	4. Produce oil.
916	5. Construct, maintain, or operate an oil, petroleum,
917	natural gas, or sewage pipeline.
918	Section 25. The Department of Environmental Protection
919	shall adopt rules relating to natural gas storage before issuing
920	a natural gas storage facility permit.
921	Section 26. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.

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