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LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate	•	House
Comm: RCS		
03/21/2013	•	
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The Committee on Community Affairs (Hukill) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete lines 26 - 211

and insert:

(5)

Section 1. Paragraph (h) of subsection (5) of section 163.3180, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (i) is added to that subsection, to read:

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163.3180 Concurrency.-
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10 (h)<u>1.</u> Local governments that <u>continue to</u> implement <u>a</u> 11 transportation concurrency <u>system</u>, whether in the form adopted 12 <u>into the comprehensive plan before July 1, 2011, or as</u>

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13 subsequently modified, must:

14 <u>a.l.</u> Consult with the Department of Transportation when 15 proposed plan amendments affect facilities on the strategic 16 intermodal system.

b.2. Exempt public transit facilities from concurrency. For 17 the purposes of this sub-subparagraph subparagraph, public 18 transit facilities include transit stations and terminals; 19 transit station parking; park-and-ride lots; intermodal public 20 21 transit connection or transfer facilities; fixed bus, guideway, 22 and rail stations; and airport passenger terminals and 23 concourses, air cargo facilities, and hangars for the assembly, 24 manufacture, maintenance, or storage of aircraft. As used in 25 this sub-subparagraph subparagraph, the terms "terminals" and 26 "transit facilities" do not include seaports or commercial or 27 residential development constructed in conjunction with a public 28 transit facility.

29 <u>c.3.</u> Allow an applicant for a development-of-regional-30 impact development order, <u>development agreement</u>, a rezoning, or 31 other land use development permit to satisfy the transportation 32 concurrency requirements of the local comprehensive plan, the 33 local government's concurrency management system, and s. 380.06, 34 when applicable, if:

35 <u>(I)</u>a. The applicant <u>in good faith offers to enter</u> enters 36 into a binding agreement to pay for or construct its 37 proportionate share of required improvements <u>in a manner</u> 38 <u>consistent with this subsection</u>.

39 <u>(II)</u>b. The proportionate-share contribution or construction 40 is sufficient to accomplish one or more mobility improvements 41 that will benefit a regionally significant transportation

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42 facility. A local government may accept contributions from 43 multiple applicants for a planned improvement if it maintains 44 contributions in a separate account designated for that purpose. 45 d.c.(I) Provide the basis upon which The local government 46 has provided a means by which the landowners landowner will be assessed a proportionate share of the cost of addressing the 47 48 transportation impacts resulting from a providing the 49 transportation facilities necessary to serve the proposed

- 50 development.
- 51 <u>2.</u> An applicant <u>may shall</u> not be held responsible for the 52 additional cost of reducing or eliminating deficiencies.

53 (II) When an applicant contributes or constructs its 54 proportionate share pursuant to this <u>paragraph</u> subparagraph, a 55 local government may not require payment or construction of 56 transportation facilities whose costs would be greater than a 57 development's proportionate share of the improvements necessary 58 to mitigate the development's impacts.

a. (A) The proportionate-share contribution shall be 59 60 calculated based upon the number of trips from the proposed 61 development expected to reach roadways during the peak hour from 62 the stage or phase being approved, divided by the change in the 63 peak hour maximum service volume of roadways resulting from construction of an improvement necessary to maintain or achieve 64 65 the adopted level of service, multiplied by the construction 66 cost, at the time of development payment, of the improvement necessary to maintain or achieve the adopted level of service. 67

b.(B) In using the proportionate-share formula provided in
this subparagraph, the applicant, in its traffic analysis, shall
identify those roads or facilities that have a transportation



71 deficiency in accordance with the transportation deficiency as 72 defined in subparagraph 4 sub-subparagraph e. The proportionate-73 share formula provided in this subparagraph shall be applied 74 only to those facilities that are determined to be significantly 75 impacted by the project traffic under review. If any road is 76 determined to be transportation deficient without the project 77 traffic under review, the costs of correcting that deficiency 78 shall be removed from the project's proportionate-share 79 calculation and the necessary transportation improvements to 80 correct that deficiency shall be considered to be in place for 81 purposes of the proportionate-share calculation. The improvement 82 necessary to correct the transportation deficiency is the funding responsibility of the entity that has maintenance 83 84 responsibility for the facility. The development's proportionate share shall be calculated only for the needed transportation 85 improvements that are greater than the identified deficiency. 86

87 c.(C) When the provisions of subparagraph 1. and this subparagraph have been satisfied for a particular stage or phase 88 89 of development, all transportation impacts from that stage or phase for which mitigation was required and provided shall be 90 91 deemed fully mitigated in any transportation analysis for a 92 subsequent stage or phase of development. Trips from a previous 93 stage or phase that did not result in impacts for which 94 mitigation was required or provided may be cumulatively analyzed 95 with trips from a subsequent stage or phase to determine whether 96 an impact requires mitigation for the subsequent stage or phase.

97 <u>d.(D)</u> In projecting the number of trips to be generated by 98 the development under review, any trips assigned to a toll-99 financed facility shall be eliminated from the analysis.



100 e. (E) The applicant shall receive a credit on a dollar-fordollar basis for impact fees, mobility fees, and other 101 transportation concurrency mitigation requirements paid or 102 103 payable in the future for the project. The credit shall be 104 reduced up to 20 percent by the percentage share that the 105 project's traffic represents of the added capacity of the selected improvement, or by the amount specified by local 106 107 ordinance, whichever yields the greater credit.

108 <u>3.d.</u> This subsection does not require a local government to 109 approve a development that is not otherwise qualified for 110 approval pursuant to the applicable local comprehensive plan and 111 land development regulations <u>for reasons other than</u> 112 transportation impacts.

113 4.e. As used in this subsection, the term "transportation deficiency" means a facility or facilities on which the adopted 114 level-of-service standard is exceeded by the existing, 115 116 committed, and vested trips, plus additional projected 117 background trips from any source other than the development 118 project under review, and trips that are forecast by established traffic standards, including traffic modeling, consistent with 119 120 the University of Florida's Bureau of Economic and Business 121 Research medium population projections. Additional projected 122 background trips are to be coincident with the particular stage 123 or phase of development under review.

(i) If a local government elects to repeal transportation
concurrency, it is encouraged to adopt an alternative mobility
funding system that uses one or more of the tools and techniques
identified in paragraph (f). An alternative mobility funding
system may not be used to deny, time, or phase an application

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129	for site plan, plat approval, final subdivision approval,
130	building permit, or the functional equivalent of such approvals
131	if the developer agrees to pay for the development's identified
132	transportation impacts using the funding mechanism implemented
133	by the local government. The revenue from the funding mechanism
134	adopted in the alternative system must be used to implement the
135	needs of the local government's plan which serve as the basis
136	for the fee imposed. A mobility-fee-based funding system must
137	comply with the dual rational nexus test applicable to impact
138	fees. An alternative system that is not mobility-fee-based may
139	not be applied in a manner that imposes upon new development any
140	responsibility for funding existing transportation deficiencies
141	as that term is defined in paragraph (h).
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144	And the title is amended as follows:
145	Delete lines 7 - 17
146	and insert:
147	certain criteria are met, and must provide the basis
148	upon which landowners will be assessed a proportionate
149	share of the cost of addressing certain transportation
150	impacts; encouraging a local government that repeals
151	transportation concurrency to adopt an alternative
152	mobility funding system that is subject to certain
153	requirements; amending s. 163.3182, F.S.;