By Senator Joyner

19-00175-14 2014112

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to possession or discharge of a firearm or destructive device during the commission of specified offenses; amending s. 775.087, F.S.; providing that a sentencing court may elect not to impose the minimum term of imprisonment for a person convicted of certain offenses during which the person actually possessed or discharged a firearm or destructive device if the court finds that certain specified criteria are met; requiring a sentencing court that elects not to impose the mandatory minimum sentence for the relevant offense to make specific findings to support its decision to impose a lesser term; making grammatical and technical changes; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 775.087, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

775.087 Possession or use of weapon; aggravated battery; felony reclassification; minimum sentence.—

(1) Unless otherwise provided by law, whenever a person is charged with a felony, except a felony in which the use of a weapon or firearm is an essential element, and during the commission of such felony the defendant carries, displays, uses, threatens to use, or attempts to use <u>a any</u> weapon or firearm, or during the commission of such felony the defendant commits an aggravated battery, the felony for which the person is charged

3233

34

35

36

3738

39

40

4142

43

44

4546

47

48 49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

58

19-00175-14 2014112

30 shall be reclassified as follows:

- (a) In the case of a felony of the first degree, to a life felony.
- (b) In the case of a felony of the second degree, to a felony of the first degree.
- (c) In the case of a felony of the third degree, to a felony of the second degree.

For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility under chapter 944, a felony offense that which is reclassified under this section is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the felony offense committed.

- (2) (a) 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4), a any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for:
  - a. Murder;
  - b. Sexual battery;
  - c. Robbery;
  - d. Burglary;
  - e. Arson;
  - f. Aggravated assault;
  - g. Aggravated battery;
  - h. Kidnapping;
  - i. Escape;
  - j. Aircraft piracy;
- k. Aggravated child abuse;
  - 1. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult;

m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
destructive device or bomb;

- n. Carjacking;
- o. Home-invasion robbery;
- p. Aggravated stalking;
- q. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine, capital importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs, capital importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking in methaqualone, capital importation of methaqualone, trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation of amphetamine, trafficking in flunitrazepam, trafficking in gamma-hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, trafficking in Phenethylamines, or other violation of s. 893.135(1); or
  - r. Possession of a firearm by a felon

and during the commission of the offense, such person actually possessed a "firearm" or "destructive device" as those terms are defined in s. 790.001, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 years, except that a person who is convicted for aggravated assault, possession of a firearm by a felon, or burglary of a conveyance shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years if such person possessed a "firearm" or "destructive device" during the commission of the offense. However, if a person an offender who is convicted of the offense of possession of a firearm by a felon has a previous conviction of committing or attempting to commit a felony listed in s. 775.084(1)(b)1. and actually possessed a firearm or destructive device during the commission of the prior felony, the person

offender shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 years.

- 2. A Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in sub-subparagraphs (a)1.a.-q., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a "firearm" or "destructive device" as defined in s. 790.001 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 20 years.
- 3. A Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in sub-subparagraphs (a)1.a.-q., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a "firearm" or "destructive device" as defined in s. 790.001 and, as the result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon a any person, the convicted person shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years and not more than a term of imprisonment of life in prison.
- (b) Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. does not prevent a court from imposing a longer sentence of incarceration as authorized by law in addition to the minimum mandatory sentence, or from imposing a sentence of death pursuant to other applicable law. Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. does not authorize a court to impose a lesser sentence than otherwise required by law.

Notwithstanding s. 948.01, adjudication of guilt or imposition

19-00175-14 2014112

of sentence <u>may shall</u> not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, and the defendant is not eligible for statutory gain-time under s. 944.275 or any form of discretionary early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release under s. 947.149, <u>before</u> prior to serving the minimum sentence.

- (c) If the minimum mandatory terms of imprisonment imposed pursuant to this section exceed the maximum sentences authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the mandatory minimum sentence must be imposed. If the mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment pursuant to this section are less than the sentences that could be imposed as authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the sentence imposed by the court must include the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment as required in this section.
- offenders who actually possess, carry, display, use, threaten to use, or attempt to use firearms or destructive devices be punished to the fullest extent of the law, and the minimum terms of imprisonment imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be imposed for each qualifying felony count for which the person is convicted. The court shall impose a any term of imprisonment provided for in this subsection consecutively to any other term of imprisonment imposed for another any other felony offense.
- (3) (a) 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4), a any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a firearm is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for:

19-00175-14

2014112

146 a. Murder; 147 b. Sexual battery; 148 c. Robbery; d. Burglary; 149 150 e. Arson; 151 f. Aggravated assault; 152 g. Aggravated battery; 153 h. Kidnapping; 154 i. Escape; j. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, 155 156 manufacture, or deliver a any controlled substance; 157 k. Aircraft piracy; 158 1. Aggravated child abuse; m. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult; 159 160 n. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 161 destructive device or bomb; 162 o. Carjacking; 163 p. Home-invasion robbery; 164 q. Aggravated stalking; or 165 r. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine, capital 166 importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs, capital 167 importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking in 168 169 methaqualone, capital importation of methaqualone, trafficking 170 in amphetamine, capital importation of amphetamine, trafficking 171 in flunitrazepam, trafficking in gamma-hydroxybutyric acid 172 (GHB), trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, trafficking in 173 Phenethylamines, or other violation of s. 893.135(1); 174

19-00175-14 2014112

and during the commission of the offense, such person possessed a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box magazine or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 15 years.

- 2. A Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 20 years.
- 3. A Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 and, as the result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon a any person, the convicted person shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years and not more than a term of imprisonment of life in prison.
- (b) Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. does not prevent a court from imposing a longer sentence of incarceration as authorized by law in addition to the minimum mandatory sentence, or from imposing a sentence of death pursuant to other applicable law. Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. does not authorize a court to impose a lesser sentence than otherwise required by

law.

Notwithstanding s. 948.01, adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence <u>may shall</u> not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, and the defendant is not eligible for statutory gain-time under s. 944.275 or any form of discretionary early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release under s. 947.149, <u>before</u> prior to serving the minimum sentence.

- (c) If the minimum mandatory terms of imprisonment imposed pursuant to this section exceed the maximum sentences authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the mandatory minimum sentence must be imposed. If the mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment pursuant to this section are less than the sentences that could be imposed as authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the sentence imposed by the court must include the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment as required in this section.
- offenders who possess, carry, display, use, threaten to use, or attempt to use a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box magazine or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001 be punished to the fullest extent of the law, and the minimum terms of imprisonment imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be imposed for each qualifying felony count for which the person is convicted. The court shall impose a any term of imprisonment provided for in this subsection consecutively to any other term of imprisonment imposed for another any other

233 felony offense.

- (e) As used in this subsection, the term:
- 1. "High-capacity detachable box magazine" means  $\underline{a}$  any detachable box magazine, for use in a semiautomatic firearm, which is capable of being loaded with more than 20 centerfire cartridges.
- 2. "Semiautomatic firearm" means a firearm that which is capable of firing a series of rounds by separate successive depressions of the trigger and which uses the energy of discharge to perform a portion of the operating cycle.
- (4) The sentencing court may elect not to impose the mandatory term specified in subsection (2) or subsection (3), if applicable, if the court finds that the totality of the circumstances involved in the offense do not reasonably justify the imposition of a mandatory minimum term. Circumstances that may reasonably justify not imposing the mandatory minimum term include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (a) The person's actions did not result in injury to another person.
- (b) The person's actions were a response to exigent circumstances.
- (c) The person does not have a prior felony conviction involving violence.
- (d) The victim was an initiator, willing participant, aggressor, or provoker of the incident.
- $\underline{(5)}$  (4) For purposes of imposition of minimum mandatory sentencing provisions of this section, with respect to a firearm, the term "possession" is defined as carrying it on the person. Possession may also be proven by demonstrating that the

263

264

265

266

267

268

269

270

19-00175-14 2014112

defendant had the firearm within immediate physical reach with ready access with the intent to use the firearm during the commission of the offense, if proven beyond a reasonable doubt.

(6)(5) This section does not apply to law enforcement officers or to United States military personnel who are performing their lawful duties or who are traveling to or from their places of employment or assignment to perform their lawful duties.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.