By Senator Braynon

	36-01038A-14 20141544
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to involuntary examinations under the
3	Baker Act; reordering and amending s. 394.455, F.S.;
4	providing definitions; updating references to the
5	Department of Children and Families; amending s.
6	394.463, F.S.; authorizing physician assistants and
7	advanced registered nurse practitioners to initiate
8	involuntary examinations under the Baker Act of
9	persons believed to have mental illness; amending ss.
10	39.407, 394.495, 394.496, 394.9085, 409.972, and
11	744.704, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing
12	an effective date.
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14	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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16	Section 1. Section 394.455, Florida Statutes, is reordered
17	and amended to read:
18	394.455 Definitions.—As used in this part, unless the
19	context clearly requires otherwise, the term:
20	(1) "Administrator" means the chief administrative officer
21	of a receiving or treatment facility or his or her designee.
22	(2) "Advanced registered nurse practitioner" means a
23	practitioner licensed under part I of chapter 464 who is
24	authorized to perform the functions listed in s. 464.012(4)(c).
25	<u>(3)</u> "Clinical psychologist" means a psychologist as
26	defined in s. 490.003(7) with 3 years of postdoctoral experience
27	in the practice of clinical psychology, inclusive of the
28	experience required for licensure, or a psychologist employed by
29	a facility operated by the United States Department of Veterans

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36-01038A-14 20141544 30 Affairs that qualifies as a receiving or treatment facility 31 under this part. (4) (3) "Clinical record" means all parts of the record 32 required to be maintained and includes all medical records, 33 34 progress notes, charts, and admission and discharge data, and all other information recorded by a facility which pertains to 35 36 the patient's hospitalization or treatment. 37 (5) (4) "Clinical social worker" means a person licensed as a clinical social worker under chapter 491. 38 (6) (5) "Community facility" means any community service 39 40 provider contracting with the department to furnish substance abuse or mental health services under part IV of this chapter. 41 42 (7) (6) "Community mental health center or clinic" means a publicly funded, not-for-profit center which contracts with the 43 44 department for the provision of inpatient, outpatient, day treatment, or emergency services. 45 46 (8) (7) "Court," unless otherwise specified, means the 47 circuit court. (9) (8) "Department" means the Department of Children and 48 49 Families Family Services. (11) (9) "Express and informed consent" means consent 50 voluntarily given in writing, by a competent person, after 51 52 sufficient explanation and disclosure of the subject matter 53 involved to enable the person to make a knowing and willful 54 decision without any element of force, fraud, deceit, duress, or 55 other form of constraint or coercion. 56 (12) (10) "Facility" means any hospital, community facility, 57 public or private facility, or receiving or treatment facility providing for the evaluation, diagnosis, care, treatment, 58 Page 2 of 13

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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36-01038A-14 20141544 88 admissions and a range of supplemental onsite services to 89 persons with a mental illness in a residential setting such as a 90 nursing home, assisted living facility, adult family-care home, 91 or nonresidential setting such as an adult day care center. 92 Independent examinations provided pursuant to this part through 93 a mental health overlay program must only be provided under 94 contract with the department for this service or be attached to 95 a public receiving facility that is also a community mental 96 health center. 97 (24) (18) "Mental illness" means an impairment of the mental

98 or emotional processes that exercise conscious control of one's 99 actions or of the ability to perceive or understand reality, 100 which impairment substantially interferes with the person's ability to meet the ordinary demands of living. For the purposes 101 102 of this part, the term does not include a developmental 103 disability as defined in chapter 393, intoxication, or 104 conditions manifested only by antisocial behavior or substance 105 abuse impairment.

106 <u>(25) (19)</u> "Mobile crisis response service" means a 107 nonresidential crisis service attached to a public receiving 108 facility and available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, through 109 which immediate intensive assessments and interventions, 110 including screening for admission into a receiving facility, 111 take place for the purpose of identifying appropriate treatment 112 services.

113 (26)(20) "Patient" means any person who is held or accepted 114 for mental health treatment.

115 (27)(21) "Physician" means a medical practitioner licensed 116 under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who has experience in the

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36-01038A-14 20141544 117 diagnosis and treatment of mental and nervous disorders or a 118 physician employed by a facility operated by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs which qualifies as a receiving or 119 120 treatment facility under this part. 121 (28) "Physician assistant" means a physician assistant 122 licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who has experience 123 regarding the diagnosis and treatment of mental and nervous 124 disorders and such tasks as are within the supervising 125 physician's scope of practice. (29) (22) "Private facility" means any hospital or facility 126 127 operated by a for-profit or not-for-profit corporation or 128 association that provides mental health services and is not a 129 public facility. 130 (30) (23) "Psychiatric nurse" means a registered nurse 131 licensed under part I of chapter 464 who has a master's degree 132 or a doctorate in psychiatric nursing and 2 years of post-133 master's clinical experience under the supervision of a 134 physician. 135 (31) (24) "Psychiatrist" means a medical practitioner 136 licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who has primarily 137 diagnosed and treated mental and nervous disorders for a period 138 of not less than 3 years, inclusive of psychiatric residency. 139 (32) (25) "Public facility" means any facility that has 140 contracted with the department to provide mental health services to all persons, regardless of their ability to pay, and is 141 142 receiving state funds for such purpose. 143 (33) (26) "Receiving facility" means any public or private

143 (33)(20) "Receiving facility" means any public or private 144 facility designated by the department to receive and hold 145 involuntary patients under emergency conditions or for

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     psychiatric evaluation and to provide short-term treatment. The
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     term does not include a county jail.
          (34) (27) "Representative" means a person selected to
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     receive notice of proceedings during the time a patient is held
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     in or admitted to a receiving or treatment facility.
          (35) (28) (a) "Restraint" means a physical device, method, or
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     drug used to control behavior. A physical restraint is any
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     manual method or physical or mechanical device, material, or
     equipment attached or adjacent to the individual's body so that
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     he or she cannot easily remove the restraint and which restricts
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(b) A drug used as a restraint is a medication used to control the person's behavior or to restrict his or her freedom of movement and is not part of the standard treatment regimen of a person with a diagnosed mental illness who is a client of the department. Physically holding a person during a procedure to forcibly administer psychotropic medication is a physical restraint.

freedom of movement or normal access to one's body.

164 (c) Restraint does not include physical devices, such as 165 orthopedically prescribed appliances, surgical dressings and bandages, supportive body bands, or other physical holding when 166 167 necessary for routine physical examinations and tests; or for purposes of orthopedic, surgical, or other similar medical 168 169 treatment; when used to provide support for the achievement of 170 functional body position or proper balance; or when used to 171 protect a person from falling out of bed.

172 <u>(36) (29)</u> "Seclusion" means the physical segregation of a 173 person in any fashion or involuntary isolation of a person in a 174 room or area from which the person is prevented from leaving.

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175	The prevention may be by physical barrier or by a staff member
176	who is acting in a manner, or who is physically situated, so as
177	to prevent the person from leaving the room or area. For
178	purposes of this chapter, the term does not mean isolation due
179	to a person's medical condition or symptoms.
180	(37) (30) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Children and
181	Families Family Services.
182	(39) (31) "Transfer evaluation" means the process, as
183	approved by the appropriate district office of the department,
184	whereby a person who is being considered for placement in a
185	state treatment facility is first evaluated for appropriateness
186	of admission to the facility by a community-based public
187	receiving facility or by a community mental health center or
188	clinic if the public receiving facility is not a community
189	mental health center or clinic.
190	(40) (32) "Treatment facility" means any state-owned, state-
191	operated, or state-supported hospital, center, or clinic
192	designated by the department for extended treatment and
193	hospitalization, beyond that provided for by a receiving
194	facility, of persons who have a mental illness, including
195	facilities of the United States Government, and any private
196	facility designated by the department when rendering such
197	services to a person pursuant to the provisions of this part.
198	Patients treated in facilities of the United States Government
199	shall be solely those whose care is the responsibility of the
200	United States Department of Veterans Affairs.

201 <u>(38)(33)</u> "Service provider" means any public or private 202 receiving facility, an entity under contract with the Department 203 of Children and <u>Families</u> Family Services to provide mental

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204	health services, a clinical psychologist, a clinical social
205	worker, a marriage and family therapist, a mental health
206	counselor, a physician, a psychiatric nurse as defined in
207	subsection (30) (23) , or a community mental health center or
208	clinic as defined in this part.
209	(18) (34) "Involuntary examination" means an examination
210	performed under s. 394.463 to determine if an individual
211	qualifies for involuntary inpatient treatment under s.
212	394.467(1) or involuntary outpatient treatment under s.
213	394.4655(1).
214	(19) (35) "Involuntary placement" means either involuntary
215	outpatient treatment pursuant to s. 394.4655 or involuntary
216	inpatient treatment pursuant to s. 394.467.
217	(21) (36) "Marriage and family therapist" means a person
218	licensed as a marriage and family therapist under chapter 491.
219	(22) (37) "Mental health counselor" means a person licensed
220	as a mental health counselor under chapter 491.
221	(10) (38) "Electronic means" means a form of
222	telecommunication that requires all parties to maintain visual
223	as well as audio communication.
224	Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
225	394.463, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
226	394.463 Involuntary examination
227	(2) INVOLUNTARY EXAMINATION.—
228	(a) An involuntary examination may be initiated by any one
229	of the following means:
230	1. A court may enter an ex parte order stating that a
231	person appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination,
232	giving the findings on which that conclusion is based. The ex
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36-01038A-14 20141544 233 parte order for involuntary examination must be based on sworn 234 testimony, written or oral. If other less restrictive means are 235 not available, such as voluntary appearance for outpatient 236 evaluation, a law enforcement officer, or other designated agent 237 of the court, shall take the person into custody and deliver him 238 or her to the nearest receiving facility for involuntary 239 examination. The order of the court shall be made a part of the 240 patient's clinical record. No fee shall be charged for the filing of an order under this subsection. Any receiving facility 241 242 accepting the patient based on this order must send a copy of 243 the order to the Agency for Health Care Administration on the 244 next working day. The order shall be valid only until executed 245 or, if not executed, for the period specified in the order 246 itself. If no time limit is specified in the order, the order 247 shall be valid for 7 days after the date that the order was 248 signed.

249 2. A law enforcement officer shall take a person who 250 appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination into 251 custody and deliver the person or have him or her delivered to 252 the nearest receiving facility for examination. The officer 253 shall execute a written report detailing the circumstances under 254 which the person was taken into custody, and the report shall be 255 made a part of the patient's clinical record. Any receiving 256 facility accepting the patient based on this report must send a 257 copy of the report to the Agency for Health Care Administration 258 on the next working day.

3. A physician, <u>physician assistant</u>, clinical psychologist,
psychiatric nurse, mental health counselor, marriage and family
therapist, or clinical social worker, <u>or advanced registered</u>

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36-01038A-14 20141544 262 nurse practitioner may execute a certificate stating that he or 263 she has examined a person within the preceding 48 hours and 264 finds that the person appears to meet the criteria for 265 involuntary examination and stating the observations upon which 266 that conclusion is based. If other less restrictive means are 267 not available, such as voluntary appearance for outpatient 268 evaluation, a law enforcement officer shall take the person 269 named in the certificate into custody and deliver him or her to 270 the nearest receiving facility for involuntary examination. The 271 law enforcement officer shall execute a written report detailing 272 the circumstances under which the person was taken into custody. 273 The report and certificate shall be made a part of the patient's 274 clinical record. Any receiving facility accepting the patient 275 based on this certificate must send a copy of the certificate to 276 the Agency for Health Care Administration on the next working 277 day. 278 Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 279 39.407, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

280 39.407 Medical, psychiatric, and psychological examination 281 and treatment of child; physical, mental, or substance abuse 282 examination of person with or requesting child custody.-

283 (3) (a)1. Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (b)1. 284 or paragraph (e), before the department provides psychotropic 285 medications to a child in its custody, the prescribing physician shall attempt to obtain express and informed consent, as defined 286 287 in s. 394.455 394.455(9) and as described in s. 394.459(3)(a), 288 from the child's parent or legal guardian. The department must 289 take steps necessary to facilitate the inclusion of the parent 290 in the child's consultation with the physician. However, if the

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291	parental rights of the parent have been terminated, the parent's
292	location or identity is unknown or cannot reasonably be
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	ascertained, or the parent declines to give express and informed
294	consent, the department may, after consultation with the
295	prescribing physician, seek court authorization to provide the
296	psychotropic medications to the child. Unless parental rights
297	have been terminated and if it is possible to do so, the
298	department shall continue to involve the parent in the
299	decisionmaking process regarding the provision of psychotropic
300	medications. If, at any time, a parent whose parental rights
301	have not been terminated provides express and informed consent
302	to the provision of a psychotropic medication, the requirements
303	of this section that the department seek court authorization do
304	not apply to that medication until such time as the parent no
305	longer consents.
306	2. Any time the department seeks a medical evaluation to
307	determine the need to initiate or continue a psychotropic
308	medication for a child, the department must provide to the
309	evaluating physician all pertinent medical information known to
310	the department concerning that child.
311	Section 4. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (3) of
312	section 394.495, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
313	394.495 Child and adolescent mental health system of care;
314	programs and services
315	(3) Assessments must be performed by:
316	(a) A professional as defined in s. <u>394.455(3), (5), (27),</u>
317	(30), or (31) 394.455(2), (4), (21), (23), or (24) ;
318	(c) A person who is under the direct supervision of a

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320	<u>(31)</u>
321	licensed under chapter 491.
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323	The department shall adopt by rule statewide standards for
324	mental health assessments, which must be based on current
325	relevant professional and accreditation standards.
326	Section 5. Subsection (6) of section 394.496, Florida
327	Statutes, is amended to read:
328	394.496 Service planning
329	(6) A professional as defined in s. <u>394.455(3), (5), (27),</u>
330	<u>(30), or (31)</u> 394.455(2), (4), (21), (23), or (24) or a
331	professional licensed under chapter 491 must be included among
332	those persons developing the services plan.
333	Section 6. Subsection (6) of section 394.9085, Florida
334	Statutes, is amended to read:
335	394.9085 Behavioral provider liability
336	(6) For purposes of this section, the terms <u>"receiving</u>
337	facility," "addictions receiving facility," and "detoxification
338	services," "addictions receiving facility," and "receiving
339	facility" have the same meanings as those provided in ss.
340	<u>394.455(33), 397.311(18)(a)1., and</u> 397.311(18)(a)4.,
341	397.311(18)(a)1., and 394.455(26), respectively.
342	Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
343	409.972, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
344	409.972 Mandatory and voluntary enrollment
345	(2) The following Medicaid-eligible persons are exempt from
346	mandatory managed care enrollment required by s. 409.965, and
347	may voluntarily choose to participate in the managed medical
348	assistance program:

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349	(b) Medicaid recipients residing in residential commitment
350	facilities operated through the Department of Juvenile Justice
351	or mental health treatment facilities as defined by s.
352	<u>394.455(40)</u> 394.455(32) .
353	Section 8. Subsection (7) of section 744.704, Florida
354	Statutes, is amended to read:
355	744.704 Powers and duties
356	(7) A public guardian shall not commit a ward to a mental
357	health treatment facility, as defined in s. <u>394.455(40)</u>
358	394.455(32), without an involuntary placement proceeding as
359	provided by law.
360	Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.
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