By the Committees on Commerce and Tourism; and Appropriations

A bill to be entitled

577-02740A-14

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20141654c1

2 An act relating to tax administration; amending s. 3 196.1995, F.S.; requiring certain real property 4 improvements and tangible personal property additions 5 to occur within a specified period in order to qualify 6 for a specified ad valorem tax exemption; providing 7 that certain local ordinances conveying ad valorem tax 8 exemptions may not be invalidated if the local 9 governing body acted in accordance with this act; 10 amending s. 212.03, F.S.; providing that charges for 11 the storage of towed vehicles that are impounded by a 12 local, state, or federal law enforcement agency are 13 not taxable; amending s. 212.07, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference to changes made by the act; providing 14 15 monetary and criminal penalties for a dealer's willful failure to collect certain taxes or fees after 16 17 receiving notice of such duty to collect from the 18 Department of Revenue; amending s. 212.12, F.S.; 19 deleting provisions relating to the imposition of 20 criminal penalties after Department of Revenue notice 21 of requirements to register as a dealer or to collect 22 taxes; making technical and grammatical changes to 23 provisions specifying penalties for making a false or 24 fraudulent return with the intent to evade payment of 25 a tax or fee; amending s. 212.14, F.S.; modifying the definition of the term "person"; authorizing the 2.6 27 department to adopt rules relating to requirements for 28 a person to deposit cash, a bond, or other security 29 with the department in order to ensure compliance with

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30sales tax laws; making technical and grammatical31changes; amending s. 212.18, F.S.; providing criminal32penalties for a person who willfully fails to register33as a dealer after receiving notice of such duty by the34department; making technical and grammatical changes;35reenacting s. 212.20, F.S., relating to the36disposition of funds collected, to incorporate changes37made by the act; amending s. 213.0535, F.S.;38clarifying that confidential tax data may be published39as statistics under certain circumstances; amending s.31213.13, F.S.; revising the date for transmitting funds41collected by the clerks of court to the department;42amending s. 213.21, F.S.; increasing the compromise43authority for closing agreements with taxpayers which44can be delegated to and approved by the executive45director; creating s. 213.295, F.S., relating to46automated sales suppression devices; defining terms;47subjecting a person to criminal penalties and monetary48penalties for knowingly selling or engaging in certain49other actions involving a sales suppression devices51and phantom-ware are contraband articles under the52Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act; amending s.53443.131, F.S.; imposing a requirement on employers to54produce records for the Department of Economic55Opportunity or its tax collection service provider as56a prerequisite for		577-02740A-14 20141654c1
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	56	a prerequisite for a reduction in the rate of
58 a method to calculate the interest rate for past due	57	reemployment tax; amending s. 443.141, F.S.; providing
	58	a method to calculate the interest rate for past due

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59	employer contributions and reimbursements, and
60	delinquent, erroneous, incomplete, or insufficient
61	reports; increasing the number of days for an employer
62	to protest an assessment; providing effective dates.
63	
64	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
65	
66	Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 196.1995, Florida
67	Statutes, is amended to read:
68	196.1995 Economic development ad valorem tax exemption
69	(5) Upon a majority vote in favor of such authority, the
70	board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the
71	municipality, at its discretion, <u>may,</u> by ordinance <u>,</u> may exempt
72	from ad valorem taxation up to 100 percent of the assessed value
73	of all improvements to real property made by or for the use of a
74	new business and of all tangible personal property of such new
75	business, or up to 100 percent of the assessed value of all
76	added improvements to real property made to facilitate the
77	expansion of an existing business and of the net increase in all
78	tangible personal property acquired to facilitate such expansion
79	of an existing business <u>. To qualify for the exemption</u> , provided
80	that the improvements to real property <u>must be</u> are made or the
81	tangible personal property <u>must be</u> is added or increased <u>after</u>
82	approval by motion or resolution of the local governing body,
83	subject to the adoption of the ordinance, or on or after the day
84	the ordinance is adopted. However, if the authority to grant
85	exemptions is approved in a referendum in which the ballot
86	question contained in subsection (3) appears on the ballot, the
87	authority of the board of county commissioners or the governing

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88	authority of the municipality to grant exemptions is limited
89	solely to new businesses and expansions of existing businesses
90	that are located in an enterprise zone or brownfield area.
91	Property acquired to replace existing property <u>is</u> shall not be
92	considered to facilitate a business expansion. The exemption
93	applies only to taxes levied by the respective unit of
94	government granting the exemption. The exemption does not apply,
95	however, to taxes levied for the payment of bonds or to taxes
96	authorized by a vote of the electors pursuant to s. 9(b) or s.
97	12, Art. VII of the State Constitution. Any such exemption shall
98	remain in effect for up to 10 years with respect to any
99	particular facility, regardless of any change in the authority
100	of the county or municipality to grant such exemptions. The
101	exemption <u>may</u> shall not be prolonged or extended by granting
102	exemptions from additional taxes or by virtue of <u>a</u> any
103	reorganization or sale of the business receiving the exemption.
104	Section 2. A local ordinance enacted pursuant to s.
105	196.1995, Florida Statutes, before the effective date of this
106	act may not be invalidated on the ground that improvements to
107	real property were made or that tangible personal property was
108	added or increased before the date that such ordinance was
109	adopted if the local governing body acted substantially in
110	accordance with s. 196.1995(5), Florida Statutes, as amended by
111	this act.
112	Section 3. Subsection (6) of section 212.03, Florida
113	Statutes, is amended to read:
114	212.03 Transient rentals tax; rate, procedure, enforcement,
115	exemptions
116	(6) It is the legislative intent that <u>a</u> every person is

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117	engaging in a taxable privilege who leases or rents parking or
118	storage spaces for motor vehicles in parking lots or garages,
119	including storage facilities for towed vehicles, who leases or
120	rents docking or storage spaces for boats in boat docks or
121	marinas, or who leases or rents tie-down or storage space for
122	aircraft at airports.
123	(a) For the exercise of this privilege, a tax is hereby
124	levied at the rate of 6 percent on the total rental charged.
125	(b) Charges for parking, docking, tie-down, or storage
126	arising from a lawful impoundment are not taxable. As used in
127	this paragraph, the term "lawful impoundment" means the storing
128	of or having custody over an aircraft, boat, or motor vehicle
129	by, or at the direction of, a local, state, or federal law
130	enforcement agency which the owner or the owner's representative
131	is not authorized to enter upon, have access to, or remove
132	without the consent of the law enforcement agency.
133	Section 4. Effective July 1, 2014, paragraph (b) of
134	subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 212.07, Florida
135	Statutes, are amended to read:
136	212.07 Sales, storage, use tax; tax added to purchase
137	price; dealer not to absorb; liability of purchasers who cannot
138	prove payment of the tax; penalties; general exemptions
139	(1)
140	(b) A resale must be in strict compliance with s. 212.18
141	and the rules and regulations, and any dealer who makes a sale
142	for resale which is not in strict compliance <u>is</u> with s. 212.18
143	and the rules and regulations shall himself or herself be liable
144	for and <u>must</u> pay the tax. Any dealer who makes a sale for resale
145	shall document the exempt nature of the transaction, as

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146	established by rules <u>adopted</u> promulgated by the department, by
147	retaining a copy of the purchaser's resale certificate. In lieu
148	of maintaining a copy of the certificate, a dealer may document,
149	before prior to the time of sale, an authorization number
150	provided telephonically or electronically by the department, or
151	by such other means established by rule of the department. The
152	dealer may rely on a resale certificate issued pursuant to $\underline{s.}$
153	<u>212.18(3)(d)</u> s. 212.18(3)(c) , valid at the time of receipt from
154	the purchaser, without seeking annual verification of the resale
155	certificate if the dealer makes recurring sales to a purchaser
156	in the normal course of business on a continual basis. For
157	purposes of this paragraph, "recurring sales to a purchaser in
158	the normal course of business" refers to a sale in which the
159	dealer extends credit to the purchaser and records the debt as
160	an account receivable, or in which the dealer sells to a
161	purchaser who has an established cash or C.O.D. account, similar
162	to an open credit account. For purposes of this paragraph,
163	purchases are made from a selling dealer on a continual basis if
164	the selling dealer makes, in the normal course of business,
165	sales to the purchaser <u>at least</u> no less frequently than once in
166	every 12-month period. A dealer may, through the informal
167	protest provided for in s. 213.21 and the rules of the
168	department of Revenue , provide the department with evidence of
169	the exempt status of a sale. Consumer certificates of exemption
170	executed by those exempt entities that were registered with the
171	department at the time of sale, resale certificates provided by
172	purchasers who were active dealers at the time of sale, and
173	verification by the department of a purchaser's active dealer
174	status at the time of sale in lieu of a resale certificate shall

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175	be accepted by the department when submitted during the protest
176	period, but may not be accepted in any proceeding under chapter
177	120 or any circuit court action instituted under chapter 72.
178	(3) <u>(a)</u> <u>A</u> Any dealer who fails, neglects, or refuses to
179	collect the tax <u>or fees imposed under this chapter</u> herein
180	provided, either by himself or herself or through the dealer's
181	agents or employees, $rac{\mathrm{is}_{m{ au}}}{\mathbf{is}_{m{ au}}}$ in addition to the penalty of being
182	liable for and paying the tax <u>or fee</u> himself or herself , <u>commits</u>
183	guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
184	provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
185	(b) A dealer who willfully fails to collect a tax or fee
186	after the department provides notice of the duty to collect the
187	tax or fee is liable for a specific penalty of 100 percent of
188	the uncollected tax or fee. This penalty is in addition to any
189	other penalty that may be imposed by law. A dealer who willfully
190	fails to collect taxes or fees totaling:
191	1. Less than \$300:
192	a. For a first offense, commits a misdemeanor of the second
193	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
194	b. For a second offense, commits a misdemeanor of the first
195	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
196	c. For a third or subsequent offense, commits a felony of
197	the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
198	775.083, or s. 775.084.
199	2. An amount equal to \$300 or more, but less than \$20,000,
200	commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
201	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
202	3. An amount equal to \$20,000 or more, but less than
203	\$100,000, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as

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204	provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
205	4. An amount equal to \$100,000 or more, commits a felony of
206	the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
207	775.083, or s. 775.084.
208	(c) The department shall give written notice of the duty to
209	collect taxes or fees to the dealer by personal service, by
210	sending notice to the dealer's last known address by registered
211	mail, or both.
212	Section 5. Effective July 1, 2014, paragraph (d) of
213	subsection (2) of section 212.12, Florida Statutes, is amended
214	to read:
215	212.12 Dealer's credit for collecting tax; penalties for
216	noncompliance; powers of Department of Revenue in dealing with
217	delinquents; brackets applicable to taxable transactions;
218	records required
219	(2)
220	(d) <u>A</u> Any person who makes a false or fraudulent return <u>and</u>
221	who has with a willful intent to evade payment of any tax or fee
222	imposed under this chapter <u>is; any person who, after the</u>
223	department's delivery of a written notice to the person's last
224	known address specifically alerting the person of the
225	requirement to register the person's business as a dealer,
226	intentionally fails to register the business; and any person
227	who, after the department's delivery of a written notice to the
228	person's last known address specifically alerting the person of
229	the requirement to collect tax on specific transactions,
230	intentionally fails to collect such tax, shall, in addition to
231	the other penalties provided by law, be liable for a specific
232	penalty of 100 percent of any unreported or any uncollected tax

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or fee. This penalty is in addition to any other penalty
provided by law. A person who makes a false or fraudulent return
with a willful intent to evade payment of taxes or fees
totaling:
1. Less than \$300:
a. For a first offense, commits a misdemeanor of the second
degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
b. For a second offense, commits a misdemeanor of the first
degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
c. For a third or subsequent offense, commits a felony of
the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
<u>775.083, or s. 775.084.</u>
2. An amount equal to \$300 or more, but less than \$20,000,
commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
<u>s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.</u>
3. An amount equal to \$20,000 or more, but less than
\$100,000, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as
provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
4. An amount equal to \$100,000 or more, commits a felony of
the first degree, punishable and, upon conviction, for fine and
punishment as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
Delivery of written notice may be made by certified mail, or by
the use of such other method as is documented as being necessary
and reasonable under the circumstances. The civil and criminal
penalties imposed herein for failure to comply with a written
notice alerting the person of the requirement to register the
person's business as a dealer or to collect tax on specific
transactions shall not apply if the person timely files a
written challenge to such notice in accordance with procedures

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262	established by the department by rule or the notice fails to
263	clearly advise that failure to comply with or timely challenge
264	the notice will result in the imposition of the civil and
265	criminal penalties imposed herein.
266	1. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
267	or fees is less than \$300, the first offense resulting in
268	conviction is a misdemeanor of the second degree, the second
269	offense resulting in conviction is a misdemeanor of the first
270	degree, and the third and all subsequent offenses resulting in
271	conviction is a misdemeanor of the first degree, and the third
272	and all subsequent offenses resulting in conviction are felonies
273	of the third degree.
274	2. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
275	or fees is \$300 or more but less than \$20,000, the offense is a
276	felony of the third degree.
277	3. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
278	or fees is \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,000, the offense
279	is a felony of the second degree.
280	4. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
281	or fees is \$100,000 or more, the offense is a felony of the
282	first degree.
283	Section 6. Effective July 1, 2014, subsection (4) of
284	section 212.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
285	212.14 Departmental powers; hearings; distress warrants;
286	bonds; subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum
287	(4) In all cases where it is necessary to ensure compliance
288	with the provisions of this chapter, the department shall
289	require a cash deposit, bond, or other security as a condition
290	to a person obtaining or retaining a dealer's certificate of

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291	registration under this chapter. Such bond <u>must</u> shall be in the
292	form and such amount as the department deems appropriate under
293	the particular circumstances. A Every person failing to produce
294	such cash deposit, bond <u>,</u> or other security <u>is</u> as provided for
295	herein shall not be entitled to obtain or retain a dealer's
296	certificate of registration under this chapter, and the
297	Department of Legal Affairs is hereby authorized to proceed by
298	injunction, if when so requested by the Department of Revenue,
299	to prevent such person from doing business subject to the
300	provisions of this chapter until such cash deposit, bond <u>,</u> or
301	other security is posted with the department, and any temporary
302	injunction for this purpose may be granted by any judge or
303	chancellor authorized by law to grant injunctions. Any security
304	required to be deposited may be sold by the department at public
305	sale if it becomes necessary so to do in order to recover any
306	tax, interest <u>,</u> or penalty due. Notice of such sale may be served
307	personally or by mail upon the person who deposited <u>the</u> such
308	security. If by mail, notice sent to the last known address as
309	${ m it}$ the same appears on the records of the department ${ m is}$ shall be
310	sufficient for the purpose of this requirement. Upon such sale,
311	the surplus, if any, above the amount due under this chapter
312	shall be returned to the person who deposited the security. <u>The</u>
313	department may adopt rules necessary to administer this
314	subsection. For the purpose of the cash deposit, bond, or other
315	security required by this subsection, the term "person" includes
316	those entities defined in s. 212.02(12), as well as:
317	(a) An individual or entity owning a controlling interest
318	in a business;
319	(b) An individual or entity that acquired an ownership
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577-02740A-14 20141654c1 320 interest or a controlling interest in a business that would 321 otherwise be liable for posting a cash deposit, bond, or other 322 security, unless the department has determined that the 323 individual or entity is not liable for the taxes, interest, or 324 penalties described in s. 213.758; or 325 (c) An individual or entity seeking to obtain a dealer's 326 certificate of registration for a business that will be operated 327 at the same location as a previous business that would otherwise 328 have been liable for posting a cash deposit, bond, or other 329 security, if the individual or entity fails to provide evidence 330 that the business was acquired for consideration in an arms-331 length transaction. Section 7. Effective July 1, 2014, subsection (3) of 332 section 212.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 333 334 212.18 Administration of law; registration of dealers; 335 rules.-336 (3) (a) A Every person desiring to engage in or conduct business in this state as a dealer, as defined in this chapter, 337 338 or to lease, rent, or let or grant licenses in living quarters 339 or sleeping or housekeeping accommodations in hotels, apartment 340 houses, roominghouses, or tourist or trailer camps that are 341 subject to tax under s. 212.03, or to lease, rent, or let or 342 grant licenses in real property, as defined in this chapter, and a every person who sells or receives anything of value by way of 343 344 admissions, must file with the department an application for a 345 certificate of registration for each place of business. The 346 application must include, showing the names of the persons who 347 have interests in such business and their residences, the address of the business, and such other data reasonably required 348

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577-02740A-14 20141654c1 349 by as the department may reasonably require. However, owners and 350 operators of vending machines or newspaper rack machines are 351 required to obtain only one certificate of registration for each 352 county in which such machines are located. The department, by 353 rule, may authorize a dealer that uses independent sellers to 354 sell its merchandise to remit tax on the retail sales price 355 charged to the ultimate consumer in lieu of having the 356 independent seller register as a dealer and remit the tax. The 357 department may appoint the county tax collector as the 358 department's agent to accept applications for registrations. The application must be submitted made to the department before the 359 360 person, firm, copartnership, or corporation may engage in such 361 business, and it must be accompanied by a registration fee of 362 \$5. However, a registration fee is not required to accompany an application to engage in or conduct business to make mail order 363 364 sales. The department may waive the registration fee for 365 applications submitted through the department's Internet 366 registration process. (b) The department, upon receipt of such application, shall 367

368 will grant to the applicant a separate certificate of 369 registration for each place of business, which certificate may 370 be canceled by the department or its designated assistants for 371 any failure by the certificateholder to comply with any of the 372 provisions of this chapter. The certificate is not assignable 373 and is valid only for the person, firm, copartnership, or 374 corporation to which issued. The certificate must be placed in a 375 conspicuous place in the business or businesses for which it is 376 issued and must be displayed at all times. Except as provided in this subsection, a no person may not shall engage in business as 377

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378	a dealer or in leasing, renting, or letting of or granting
379	licenses in living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping
380	accommodations in hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses,
381	tourist or trailer camps, or real property <u>, or</u> as hereinbefore
382	defined, nor shall any person sell or receive anything of value
383	by way of admissions, without <u>a valid</u> first having obtained such
384	a certificate. A or after such certificate has been canceled; no
385	person <u>may not</u> shall receive <u>a</u> any license from any authority
386	within the state to engage in any such business without <u>a valid</u>
387	<u>certificate</u> first having obtained such a certificate or after
388	such certificate has been canceled . <u>A person may not engage</u> The
389	engaging in the business of selling or leasing tangible personal
390	property or services or as a dealer <u>; engage</u> , as defined in this
391	chapter, or the engaging in leasing, renting, or letting of or
392	granting licenses in living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping
393	accommodations in hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, or
394	tourist or trailer camps that are taxable under this chapter, or
395	real property; $_{ au}$ or <u>engage</u> the engaging in the business of
396	selling or receiving anything of value by way of admissions $_{m au}$
397	without <u>a</u> valid such certificate first being obtained or after
398	such certificate has been canceled by the department, is
399	prohibited.
400	(c)1. A The failure or refusal of any person who engages in

400 <u>(c)1. A</u> The failure of refusal of any person who engages in 401 <u>acts requiring a certificate of registration under this</u> 402 <u>subsection and who fails or refuses to register commits</u>, firm, 403 copartnership, or corporation to so qualify when required 404 hereunder is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 405 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083<u>. Such acts are</u>, or subject 406 to injunctive proceedings as provided by law. <u>A person who</u>

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577-02740A-14 20141654c1 407 engages in acts requiring a certificate of registration and who 408 fails or refuses to register is also subject Such failure or 409 refusal also subjects the offender to a \$100 initial 410 registration fee in lieu of the \$5 registration fee required by 411 authorized in paragraph (a). However, the department may waive 412 the increase in the registration fee if it finds is determined 413 by the department that the failure to register was due to 414 reasonable cause and not to willful negligence, willful neglect, 415 or fraud. 416 2.a. A person who willfully fails to register after the 417 department provides notice of the duty to register as a dealer 418 commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 419 420 b. The department shall provide written notice of the duty 421 to register to the person by personal service, by sending notice 422 by registered mail to the person's last known address, or both. 423 (d) (e) In addition to the certificate of registration, the 424 department shall provide to each newly registered dealer an 425 initial resale certificate that will be valid for the remainder 426 of the period of issuance. The department shall provide each 427 active dealer with an annual resale certificate. For purposes of 428 this section, the term "active dealer" means a person who is 429 currently registered with the department and who is required to 430 file at least once during each applicable reporting period. 431 (e) (d) The department may revoke a any dealer's certificate 432 of registration if when the dealer fails to comply with this 433 chapter. Before Prior to revocation of a dealer's certificate of 434 registration, the department must schedule an informal

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conference at which the dealer may present evidence regarding

577-02740A-14 20141654c1 436 the department's intended revocation or enter into a compliance 437 agreement with the department. The department must notify the 438 dealer of its intended action and the time, place, and date of 439 the scheduled informal conference by written notification sent 440 by United States mail to the dealer's last known address of 441 record furnished by the dealer on a form prescribed by the 442 department. The dealer is required to attend the informal 443 conference and present evidence refuting the department's 444 intended revocation or enter into a compliance agreement with 445 the department which resolves the dealer's failure to comply 446 with this chapter. The department shall issue an administrative 447 complaint under s. 120.60 if the dealer fails to attend the 448 department's informal conference, fails to enter into a 449 compliance agreement with the department resolving the dealer's 450 noncompliance with this chapter, or fails to comply with the 451 executed compliance agreement.

452 <u>(f)(e)</u> As used in this paragraph, the term "exhibitor" 453 means a person who enters into an agreement authorizing the 454 display of tangible personal property or services at a 455 convention or a trade show. The following provisions apply to 456 the registration of exhibitors as dealers under this chapter:

457 1. An exhibitor whose agreement prohibits the sale of
458 tangible personal property or services subject to the tax
459 imposed in this chapter is not required to register as a dealer.

460 2. An exhibitor whose agreement provides for the sale at 461 wholesale only of tangible personal property or services subject 462 to the tax imposed <u>under in</u> this chapter must obtain a resale 463 certificate from the purchasing dealer but is not required to 464 register as a dealer.

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577-02740A-14 20141654c1 465 3. An exhibitor whose agreement authorizes the retail sale 466 of tangible personal property or services subject to the tax 467 imposed under in this chapter must register as a dealer and 468 collect the tax imposed under this chapter on such sales. 469 4. An Any exhibitor who makes a mail order sale pursuant to 470 s. 212.0596 must register as a dealer. 471 472 A Any person who conducts a convention or a trade show must make 473 his or her their exhibitor's agreements available to the 474 department for inspection and copying. 475 Section 8. Effective July 1, 2014, for the purpose of 476 incorporating the amendment made by this act to subsection (3) 477 of section 212.18, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, 478 paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 212.20, Florida 479 Statutes, is reenacted to read: 480 212.20 Funds collected, disposition; additional powers of 481 department; operational expense; refund of taxes adjudicated 482 unconstitutionally collected.-483 (6) Distribution of all proceeds under this chapter and s. 484 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be as follows: 485 (c) Proceeds from the fees imposed under ss. 212.05(1)(h)3. 486 and 212.18(3) shall remain with the General Revenue Fund. 487 Section 9. Subsection (5) of section 213.0535, Florida 488 Statutes, is amended to read: 489 213.0535 Registration Information Sharing and Exchange 490 Program.-491 (5) Any provision of law imposing confidentiality upon data 492 shared under this section, including, but not limited to, a any provision imposing penalties for disclosure, applies to 493

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collected.

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494	recipients of this data and their employees. Data exchanged
495	under this section may not be provided to any person or entity
496	other than a person or entity administering the tax or licensing
497	provisions of those provisions of law enumerated in paragraph
498	(4)(a), and such data may not be used for any purpose other than
499	for enforcing those tax or licensing provisions. This section
500	does not prevent a level-two participant from publishing
501	statistics classified so as to prevent the identification of
502	particular accounts, reports, declarations, or returns. However,
503	statistics may not be published if the statistics contain data
504	pertaining to fewer than three taxpayers or if the statistics
505	are prepared for geographic areas below the county level and
506	contain data pertaining to fewer than ten taxpayers. Statistics
507	published under this subsection must relate only to tourist
508	development taxes imposed under s. 125.0104, the tourist impact
509	tax imposed under s. 125.0108, convention development taxes
510	imposed under s. 212.0305, or the municipal resort tax
511	authorized under chapter 67-930, Laws of Florida.
512	Section 10. Subsection (5) of section 213.13, Florida
513	Statutes, is amended to read:
514	213.13 Electronic remittance and distribution of funds
515	collected by clerks of the court
516	(5) All court-related collections, including fees, fines,
517	reimbursements, court costs, and other court-related funds that
518	the clerks must remit to the state pursuant to law, must be
519	transmitted electronically by the <u>10th</u> $\frac{20 ext{th}}{20 ext{th}}$ day of the month
520	immediately following the month in which the funds are

Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section

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523	213.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
524	213.21 Informal conferences; compromises
525	(2)(a) The executive director of the department or his or
526	her designee is authorized to enter into closing agreements with
527	any taxpayer settling or compromising the taxpayer's liability
528	for any tax, interest, or penalty assessed under any of the
529	chapters specified in s. 72.011(1). Such agreements <u>must</u> shall
530	be in writing <u>if</u> when the amount of tax, penalty, or interest
531	compromised exceeds \$30,000, or for lesser amounts, if when the
532	department deems it appropriate or <u>if</u> when requested by the
533	taxpayer. When a written closing agreement has been approved by
534	the department and signed by the executive director or his or
535	her designee and the taxpayer, it shall be final and conclusive;
536	and, except upon a showing of fraud or misrepresentation of
537	material fact or except as to adjustments pursuant to ss. 198.16
538	and 220.23, no additional assessment may be made by the
539	department against the taxpayer for the tax, interest, or
540	penalty specified in the closing agreement for the time period
541	specified in the closing agreement, and the taxpayer $\mathrm{\underline{is}}$ shall
542	not be entitled to institute any judicial or administrative
543	proceeding to recover any tax, interest, or penalty paid
544	pursuant to the closing agreement. The department is authorized
545	to delegate to the executive director the authority to approve
546	any such closing agreement resulting in a tax reduction of
547	<u>\$500,000</u> \$250,000 or less.
548	Section 12. Effective July 1, 2014, section 213.295,
549	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
550	213.295 Automated sales suppression devices
551	(1) As used in this section, the term:

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577-02740A-14 20141654c1 552 (a) "Automated sales suppression device" or "zapper" means 553 a software program that falsifies the electronic records of 554 electronic cash registers or other point-of-sale systems, 555 including, but not limited to, transaction data and transaction 556 reports. The term includes the software program, any device that 557 carries the software program, or an Internet link to the 558 software program. 559 (b) "Electronic cash register" means a device that keeps a 560 register or supporting documents through the use of an 561 electronic device or computer system designed to record 562 transaction data for the purpose of computing, compiling, or 563 processing retail sales transaction data in whatever manner. 564 (c) "Phantom-ware" means a hidden programming option 565 embedded in the operating system of an electronic cash register 566 or hardwired into the electronic cash register which may be used to create a second set of records or eliminate or manipulate 567 568 transaction records, which may or may not be preserved in 569 digital formats, to represent the true or manipulated record of 570 transactions in the electronic cash register. 571 (d) "Transaction data" includes the identification of items 572 purchased by a customer; the price for each item; a taxability 573 determination for each item; a segregated tax amount for each of 574 the taxed items; the amount of cash or credit tendered; the net 575 amount returned to the customer in change; the date and time of 576 the purchase; the name, address, and identification number of 577 the vendor; and the receipt or invoice number of the 578 transaction. 579 (e) "Transaction report" means a report that documents, but is not limited to documenting, the sales, taxes, or fees 580

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577-02740A-14 20141654c1 collected, media totals, and discount voids at an electronic cash register and is printed on a cash register tape at the end of a day or a shift, or a report that documents every action at an electronic cash register and is stored electronically. (2) A person may not knowingly sell, purchase, install, transfer, possess, use, or access an automated sales suppression device, a zapper, or phantom-ware. (3) A person who violates this section: (a) Commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. (b) Is liable for all taxes, fees, penalties, and interest due the state which result from the use of an automated sales suppression device, a zapper, or phantom-ware and shall forfeit to the state as an additional penalty all profits associated with the sale or use of an automated sales suppression device, a zapper, or phantom-ware. (4) An automated sales suppression device, a zapper, phantom-ware, or any device containing such device or software is a contraband article under ss. 932.701-932.706, the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act. Section 13. Paragraph (h) of subsection (3) of section 443.131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 443.131 Contributions.-(3) VARIATION OF CONTRIBUTION RATES BASED ON BENEFIT EXPERIENCE.-(h) Additional conditions for variation from the standard rate.-An employer's contribution rate may not be reduced below

608 the standard rate under this section unless:

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1. All contributions, reimbursements, interest, and

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610	penalties incurred by the employer for wages paid by him or her
611	in all previous calendar quarters, except the 4 calendar
612	quarters immediately preceding the calendar quarter or calendar
613	year for which the benefit ratio is computed, are paid; and
614	2. The employer has produced for inspection and copying all
615	work records in his or her possession, custody, or control which
616	were requested by the Department of Economic Opportunity or its
617	tax collection service provider pursuant to s. 443.171(5). An
618	employer shall have at least 60 days to provide the requested
619	work records before the employer is assigned the standard rate;
620	and
621	3.2. The employer entitled to a rate reduction must have at
622	least one annual payroll as defined in subparagraph (b)1. unless
623	the employer is eligible for additional credit under the Federal
624	Unemployment Tax Act. If the Federal Unemployment Tax Act is
625	amended or repealed in a manner affecting credit under the
626	federal act, this section applies only to the extent that
627	additional credit is allowed against the payment of the tax
628	imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax act.
629	
630	The tax collection service provider shall assign an earned
631	contribution rate to an employer <u>for</u> under subparagraph 1. the
632	quarter immediately after the quarter in which all
633	contributions, reimbursements, interest, and penalties are paid
634	in full and all work records requested pursuant to s. 443.171(5)
635	have been produced for inspection and copying by the Department
636	of Economic Opportunity or the tax collection service provider.
637	Section 14. Effective January 1, 2015, paragraph (a) of
638	subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
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577-02740A-14 20141654c1 639 443.141, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 640 443.141 Collection of contributions and reimbursements.-641 (1) PAST DUE CONTRIBUTIONS AND REIMBURSEMENTS; DELINQUENT, 642 ERRONEOUS, INCOMPLETE, OR INSUFFICIENT REPORTS.-643 (a) Interest.-Contributions or reimbursements unpaid on the 644 date due bear interest at the rate of 1 percent per month 645 through December 31, 2014. Beginning January 1, 2015, the interest rate shall be calculated in accordance with s. 213.235, 646 647 except that the rate of interest may not exceed 1 percent per 648 month from and after the that date due until payment plus 649 accrued interest is received by the tax collection service 650 provider, unless the service provider finds that the employing 651 unit has good reason for failing to pay the contributions or reimbursements when due. Interest collected under this 652 653 subsection must be paid into the Special Employment Security 654 Administration Trust Fund.

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(2) REPORTS, CONTRIBUTIONS, APPEALS.-

656 (b) Hearings.-The determination and assessment are final 20 657 15 days after the date the assessment is mailed unless the 658 employer files with the tax collection service provider within 659 the 20 15 days a written protest and petition for hearing 660 specifying the objections thereto. The tax collection service 661 provider shall promptly review each petition and may reconsider its determination and assessment in order to resolve the 662 663 petitioner's objections. The tax collection service provider 664 shall forward each unresolved petition remaining unresolved to 665 the department for a hearing on the objections. Upon receipt of 666 a petition, the department shall schedule a hearing and notify the petitioner of the time and place of the hearing. The 667

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668	department may appoint special deputies to conduct hearings <u>who</u>
669	<u>shall</u> and to submit their findings together with a transcript of
670	the proceedings before them and their recommendations to the
671	department for its final order. Special deputies are subject to
672	the prohibition against ex parte communications in s. 120.66. At
673	any hearing conducted by the department or its special deputy,
674	evidence may be offered to support the determination and
675	assessment or to prove it is incorrect. In order to prevail,
676	however, the petitioner must either prove that the determination
677	and assessment are incorrect or file full and complete corrected
678	reports. Evidence may also be submitted at the hearing to rebut
679	the determination by the tax collection service provider that
680	the petitioner is an employer under this chapter. Upon evidence
681	taken before it or upon the transcript submitted to it with the
682	findings and recommendation of its special deputy, the
683	department shall either set aside the tax collection service
684	provider's determination that the petitioner is an employer
685	under this chapter or reaffirm the determination. The amounts
686	assessed under the final order, together with interest and
687	penalties, must be paid within 15 days after notice of the final
688	order is mailed to the employer, unless judicial review is
689	instituted in a case of status determination. Amounts due when
690	the status of the employer is in dispute are payable within 15
691	days after the entry of an order by the court affirming the
692	determination. However, <u>a</u> any determination that an employing
693	unit is not an employer under this chapter does not affect the
694	benefit rights of <u>an</u> any individual as determined by an appeals
695	referee or the commission unless:
696	1. The individual is made a party to the proceedings before

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1	577-02740A-14 20141654c1
697	the special deputy; or
698	2. The decision of the appeals referee or the commission
699	has not become final or the employing unit and the department
700	were not made parties to the proceedings before the appeals
701	referee or the commission.
702	Section 15. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
703	act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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