2014218e1

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to transportation; amending s. 125.42,
3	F.S.; requiring utility and television lines to be
4	removed from county roads and highways at no cost to
5	the county if the county finds the lines to be
6	unreasonably interfering with the widening, repair, or
7	reconstruction of any such road; providing certain
8	exceptions; amending s. 316.2397, F.S.; expanding the
9	types of vehicles that may show or display an amber
10	light; amending s. 335.06, F.S.; authorizing the
11	Department of Transportation to improve and maintain
12	roads that provide access to property within the state
13	park system if they are part of a county road system
14	or city street system; requiring that the appropriate
15	county or municipality maintain such a road if the
16	department does not maintain it; amending s. 335.065,
17	F.S.; authorizing the department to use appropriated
18	funds for the establishment of a statewide system of
19	interconnected multiuse trails; prioritizing projects
20	for funding; requiring funded projects to be included
21	in the department's work program; providing that the
22	department is not responsible for or obligated to
23	provide funds for the operation and maintenance of any
24	such project; amending s. 337.403, F.S.; providing an
25	exception for payment of certain utility work
26	necessitated by a project on the State Highway System
27	for municipally owned utilities or county-owned
28	utilities located in rural areas of critical economic
29	concern; authorizing the Department of Transportation

Page 1 of 18

2014218e1

i	
30	to pay for such costs under certain circumstances;
31	revising certain exceptions; providing an exception
32	for certain rail service projects; creating s.
33	339.041, F.S.; providing legislative intent;
34	describing the types of department property eligible
35	for factoring future revenues received by the
36	department from leases for communication facilities on
37	department property; authorizing the department to
38	enter into agreements with investors to purchase the
39	revenue streams from department leases of wireless
40	communication facilities on such property pursuant to
41	an invitation to negotiate; prohibiting the department
42	from pledging state credit; allowing the department to
43	make certain covenants; providing for the
44	appropriation and payment of moneys received from such
45	agreements to investors; requiring the proceeds from
46	such leases to be used for capital expenditures;
47	amending s. 339.2818, F.S.; subject to the
48	appropriation of specified additional funding,
49	authorizing a municipality within a rural area of
50	critical economic concern or a rural area of critical
51	economic concern community to compete for certain
52	funding; providing criteria; amending s. 479.16, F.S.;
53	exempting certain signs from the provisions of ch.
54	479, F.S.; exempting from permitting certain signs
55	placed by tourist-oriented businesses, certain farm
56	signs placed during harvest seasons, certain
57	acknowledgment signs on publicly funded school
58	premises, and certain displays on specific sports
I	

Page 2 of 18

1	
59	facilities; providing that certain provisions relating
60	to the regulation of signs may not be implemented or
61	continued if such actions will adversely impact the
62	allocation of federal funds to the Department of
63	Transportation; directing the department to notify a
64	sign owner that the sign must be removed within a
65	certain timeframe if federal funds are adversely
66	impacted; authorizing the department to remove the
67	sign and assess costs against the sign owner under
68	certain circumstances; amending s. 479.262, F.S.;
69	clarifying provisions relating to the tourist-oriented
70	directional sign program; limiting the placement of
71	such signs to intersections on certain rural roads;
72	prohibiting such signs in urban areas or at
73	interchanges on freeways or expressways; providing an
74	effective date.
75	
76	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
77	
78	Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 125.42, Florida
79	Statutes, is amended to read:
80	125.42 Water, sewage, gas, power, telephone, other utility,
81	and television lines along county roads and highways
82	(5) In the event of widening, repair, or reconstruction of
83	any such road, the licensee shall move or remove such water,
84	sewage, gas, power, telephone, and other utility lines and
85	television lines at no cost to the county <u>should they be found</u>
86	by the county to be unreasonably interfering, except as provided
87	in <u>s. 337.403(1)(d)-(i)</u> s. 337.403(1)(e) .
I	

Page 3 of 18

88 Section 2. Subsection (4) of section 316.2397, Florida89 Statutes, is amended to read:

90

316.2397 Certain lights prohibited; exceptions.-

91 (4) Road or street maintenance equipment, road or street 92 maintenance vehicles, road service vehicles, refuse collection 93 vehicles, petroleum tankers, and mail carrier vehicles may show 94 or display amber lights when in operation or a hazard exists. <u>A</u> 95 <u>commercial motor vehicle or trailer designed to transport</u> 96 <u>unprocessed logs or pulpwood may show or display an amber light</u> 97 <u>affixed to the rearmost point of the vehicle or trailer.</u>

98 Section 3. Section 335.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to 99 read:

100 335.06 Access roads to the state park system.-Any road that 101 which provides access to property within the state park system 102 shall be maintained by the department if the road is a part of 103 the State Highway System; however, if such road is part of a 104 county road system or city street system, the department may 105 improve and maintain it. If the department does not maintain a 106 county or city road that provides access to the state park 107 system, the road or shall be maintained by the appropriate 108 county or municipality if the road is a part of the county road 109 system or the city street system.

Section 4. Subsections (4) and (5) are added to section 335.065, Florida Statutes, to read:

112 335.065 Bicycle and pedestrian ways along state roads and 113 transportation facilities.-

114 (4) The department may use appropriated funds to support 115 the establishment of a statewide system of interconnected 116 multiuse trails and to pay the cost of planning, land

Page 4 of 18

2014218e1

117	acquisition, design, and construction of such trails and related
118	facilities. The department shall give funding priority to
119	projects that:
120	(a) Are identified by the Florida Greenways and Trails
121	Council as a priority within the Florida Greenways and Trails
122	System under chapter 260.
123	(b) Support the transportation needs of bicyclists and
124	pedestrians.
125	(c) Have national, statewide, or regional importance.
126	(d) Facilitate an interconnected system of trails by
127	completing gaps between existing trails.
128	(5) A project funded under subsection (4) shall:
129	(a) Be included in the department's work program developed
130	in accordance with s. 339.135.
131	(b) Be operated and maintained by an entity other than the
132	department upon completion of construction. The department is
133	not obligated to provide funds for the operation and maintenance
134	of the project.
135	Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 337.403, Florida
136	Statutes, is amended to read:
137	337.403 Interference caused by relocation of utility;
138	expenses
139	(1) If a utility that is placed upon, under, over, or along
140	any public road or publicly owned rail corridor is found by the
141	authority to be unreasonably interfering in any way with the
142	convenient, safe, or continuous use, or the maintenance,
143	improvement, extension, or expansion, of such public road or
144	publicly owned rail corridor, the utility owner shall, upon 30
145	days' written notice to the utility or its agent by the
I	

Page 5 of 18

146authority, initiate the work necessary to alleviate the147interference at its own expense except as provided in paragraphs148(a) - (i)(a) - (g). The work must be completed within such149reasonable time as stated in the notice or such time as agreed150to by the authority and the utility owner.

(a) If the relocation of utility facilities, as referred to 151 152 in s. 111 of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1956, Pub. L. No. 153 84-627 627 of the 84th Congress, is necessitated by the 154 construction of a project on the federal-aid interstate system, including extensions thereof within urban areas, and the cost of 155 156 the project is eligible and approved for reimbursement by the 157 Federal Government to the extent of 90 percent or more under the 158 Federal Aid Highway Act, or any amendment thereof, then in that 159 event the utility owning or operating such facilities shall 160 perform any necessary work upon notice from the department, and 161 the state shall pay the entire expense properly attributable to 162 such work after deducting therefrom any increase in the value of 163 a new facility and any salvage value derived from an old 164 facility.

165 (b) When a joint agreement between the department and the 166 utility is executed for utility work to be accomplished as part 167 of a contract for construction of a transportation facility, the 168 department may participate in those utility work costs that 169 exceed the department's official estimate of the cost of the 170 work by more than 10 percent. The amount of such participation 171 is shall be limited to the difference between the official 172 estimate of all the work in the joint agreement plus 10 percent and the amount awarded for this work in the construction 173 174 contract for such work. The department may not participate in

Page 6 of 18

175 any utility work costs that occur as a result of changes or 176 additions during the course of the contract.

(c) When an agreement between the department and utility is executed for utility work to be accomplished in advance of a contract for construction of a transportation facility, the department may participate in the cost of clearing and grubbing necessary to perform such work.

182 (d) If the utility facility was initially installed to exclusively serve the authority or its tenants, or both, the 183 184 authority shall bear the costs of the utility work. However, the 185 authority is not responsible for the cost of utility work 186 related to any subsequent additions to that facility for the 187 purpose of serving others. For a county or municipality, if such 188 utility facility was installed in the right-of-way as a means to serve a county or municipal facility on a parcel of property 189 190 adjacent to the right-of-way and if the intended use of the county or municipal facility is for a use other than 191 192 transportation purposes, the obligation of the county or 193 municipality to bear the costs of the utility work shall extend 194 only to utility work on the parcel of property on which the 195 facility of the county or municipality originally served by the 196 utility facility is located.

(e) If, under an agreement between a utility and the authority entered into after July 1, 2009, the utility conveys, subordinates, or relinquishes a compensable property right to the authority for the purpose of accommodating the acquisition or use of the right-of-way by the authority, without the agreement expressly addressing future responsibility for the cost of necessary utility work, the authority shall bear the

Page 7 of 18

2014218e1

204 cost of removal or relocation. This paragraph does not impair or 205 restrict, and may not be used to interpret, the terms of any 206 such agreement entered into before July 1, 2009.

(f) If the utility is an electric facility being relocated underground in order to enhance vehicular, bicycle, and pedestrian safety and in which ownership of the electric facility to be placed underground has been transferred from a private to a public utility within the past 5 years, the department shall incur all costs of the necessary utility work.

(g) An authority may bear the costs of utility work required to eliminate an unreasonable interference when the utility is not able to establish that it has a compensable property right in the particular property where the utility is located if:

The utility was physically located on the particular
 property before the authority acquired rights in the property;

220 2. The utility demonstrates that it has a compensable 221 property right in all adjacent properties along the alignment of 222 the utility <u>or, after due diligence, certifies that the utility</u> 223 <u>does not have evidence to prove or disprove that it has a</u> 224 <u>compensable property right in the particular property where the</u> 225 <u>utility is located; and</u>

3. The information available to the authority does not establish the relative priorities of the authority's and the utility's interests in the particular property.

(h) If a municipally owned utility or county-owned utility
is located in a rural area of critical economic concern, as
defined in s. 288.0656(2), and the department determines that
the utility is unable, and will not be able within the next 10

Page 8 of 18

233	years, to pay for the cost of utility work necessitated by a
234	department project on the State Highway System, the department
235	may pay, in whole or in part, the cost of such utility work
236	performed by the department or its contractor.
237	(i) If the relocation of utility facilities is necessitated
238	by the construction of a commuter rail service project or an
239	intercity passenger rail service project and the cost of the
240	project is eligible and approved for reimbursement by the
241	Federal Government, then in that event the utility owning or
242	operating such facilities located by permit on a department-
243	owned rail corridor shall perform any necessary utility
244	relocation work upon notice from the department, and the
245	department shall pay the expense properly attributable to such
246	utility relocation work in the same proportion as federal funds
247	are expended on the commuter rail service project or an
248	intercity passenger rail service project after deducting
249	therefrom any increase in the value of a new facility and any
250	salvage value derived from an old facility. In no event shall
251	the state be required to use state dollars for such utility
252	relocation work. This paragraph does not apply to any phase of
253	the Central Florida Commuter Rail project, known as SunRail.
254	Section 6. Section 339.041, Florida Statutes, is created to
255	read:
256	339.041 Factoring of revenues from leases for wireless
257	communication facilities
258	(1) The Legislature finds that efforts to increase funding
259	for capital expenditures for the transportation system are
260	necessary for the protection of the public safety and general
261	welfare and for the preservation of transportation facilities in
201	werrare and for the preservation of transportation factif

Page 9 of 18

262	this state. It is, therefore, the intent of the Legislature:
263	(a) To create a mechanism for factoring future revenues
264	received by the department from leases for wireless
265	communication facilities on department property on a nonrecourse
266	basis;
267	(b) To fund fixed capital expenditures for the statewide
268	transportation system from proceeds generated through this
269	mechanism; and
270	(c) To maximize revenues from factoring by ensuring that
271	such revenues are exempt from income taxation under federal law
272	in order to increase funds available for capital expenditures.
273	(2) For the purposes of factoring revenues under this
274	section, department property includes real property located
275	within the department's limited access rights-of-way, property
276	located outside the current operating right-of-way limits which
277	is not needed to support current transportation facilities,
278	other property owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal
279	Improvement Trust Fund and leased by the department, space on
280	department telecommunications facilities, and space on
281	department structures.
282	(3) The department may solicit investors willing to enter
283	into agreements to purchase the revenue stream from one or more
284	existing department leases for wireless communication facilities
285	on property owned or controlled by the department through the
286	issuance of an invitation to negotiate. Such agreements shall be
287	structured as tax-exempt financings for federal income tax
288	purposes in order to result in the largest possible payout.
289	(4) The department may not pledge the credit, the general
290	revenues, or the taxing power of the state or of any political

Page 10 of 18

291	subdivision of the state. The obligations of the department and
292	investors under the agreement do not constitute a general
293	obligation of the state or a pledge of the full faith and credit
294	or taxing power of the state. The agreement is payable from and
295	secured solely by payments received from department leases for
296	wireless communication facilities on property owned or
297	controlled by the department, and neither the state nor any of
298	its agencies has any liability beyond such payments.
299	(5) The department may make any covenant or representation
300	necessary or desirable in connection with the agreement,
301	including a commitment by the department to take whatever
302	actions are necessary on behalf of investors to enforce the
303	department's rights to payments on property leased for wireless
304	communications facilities. However, the department may not
305	guarantee that revenues actually received in a future year will
306	be those anticipated in its leases for wireless communication
307	facilities. The department may agree to use its best efforts to
308	ensure that anticipated future-year revenues are protected. Any
309	risk that actual revenues received from department leases for
310	wireless communications facilities will be lower than
311	anticipated shall be borne exclusively by investors.
312	(6) Subject to annual appropriation, the investors shall
313	collect the lease payments on a schedule and in a manner
314	established in the agreements entered into pursuant to this
315	section between the department and the investors. The agreements
316	may provide for lease payments to be made directly to investors
317	by lessees if the lease agreements entered into by the
318	department and the lessees pursuant to s. 365.172(12)(f) allow
319	direct payment.

Page 11 of 18

320	(7) Proceeds received by the department from leases for
321	wireless communication facilities shall be deposited in the
322	State Transportation Trust Fund created under s. 206.46 and used
323	for fixed capital expenditures for the statewide transportation
324	system.
325	Section 7. Subsection (7) is added to section 339.2818,
326	Florida Statutes, to read:
327	339.2818 Small County Outreach Program
328	(7) Subject to a specific appropriation in addition to
329	funds annually appropriated for projects under this section, a
330	municipality within a rural area of critical economic concern or
331	a rural area of critical economic concern community designated
332	under s. 288.0656(7)(a) may compete for the additional project
333	funding using the criteria listed in subsection (4) at up to 100
334	percent of project costs, excluding capacity improvement
335	projects.
336	Section 8. Section 479.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to
337	read:
338	479.16 Signs for which permits are not required <u>Signs</u>
339	placed on benches, transit shelters, modular news racks, street
340	light poles, public pay telephones, and waste disposal
341	receptacles within the right-of-way, as provided under s.
342	337.408, are exempt from this chapter. The following signs are
343	exempt from the requirement that a permit for a sign be obtained
344	under the provisions of this chapter but <u>must</u> are required to
345	comply with the provisions of s. 479.11(4)-(8):
346	(1) Signs erected on the premises of an establishment $_{ au}$
347	which signs consist primarily of the name of the establishment
348	or which identify the principal or accessory merchandise,

Page 12 of 18

1	
349	services, activities, or entertainment sold, produced,
350	manufactured, or furnished on the premises of the establishment
351	and which comply with the lighting restrictions <i>imposed</i> under
352	department rule adopted pursuant to s. 479.11(5), or signs owned
353	by a municipality or a county located on the premises of such
354	municipality or such county which display information regarding
355	government services, activities, events, or entertainment. For
356	purposes of this section, the following types of messages shall
357	not be considered information regarding government services,
358	activities, events, or entertainment:
359	(a) Messages <u>that</u> which specifically reference any
360	commercial enterprise.
361	(b) Messages <u>that</u> which reference a commercial sponsor of
362	any event.
363	(c) Personal messages.
364	(d) Political campaign messages.
365	
366	If a sign located on the premises of an establishment consists
367	principally of brand name or trade name advertising and the
368	merchandise or service is only incidental to the principal
369	activity, or if the owner of the establishment receives rental
370	income from the sign, then the sign is not exempt under this
371	subsection.
372	(2) Signs erected, used, or maintained on a farm by the
373	owner or lessee of such farm and relating solely to farm
374	produce, merchandise, service, or entertainment sold, produced,
375	manufactured, or furnished on such farm.
376	(3) Signs posted or displayed on real property by the owner
377	or by the authority of the owner, stating that the real property
I	

Page 13 of 18

378 is for sale or rent. However, if the sign contains any message 379 not pertaining to the sale or rental of <u>the</u> that real property, 380 then it is not exempt under this section.

381 (4) Official notices or advertisements posted or displayed 382 on private property by or under the direction of any public or 383 court officer in the performance of her or his official or 384 directed duties τ or by trustees under deeds of trust or deeds of 385 assignment or other similar instruments.

(5) Danger or precautionary signs relating to the premises on which they are located; forest fire warning signs erected under the authority of the Florida Forest Service of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; and signs, notices, or symbols erected by the United States Government under the direction of the United States Forestry Service.

392 (6) Notices of any railroad, bridge, ferry, or other
393 transportation or transmission company necessary for the
394 direction or safety of the public.

(7) Signs, notices, or symbols for the information of aviators as to location, directions, and landings and conditions affecting safety in aviation erected or authorized by the department.

(8) Signs or notices <u>measuring up to 8 square feet in area</u>
which are erected or maintained upon property <u>and state</u> stating
only the name of the owner, lessee, or occupant of the premises
and not exceeding 8 square feet in area.

403 (9) Historical markers erected by duly constituted and
404 authorized public authorities.

(10) Official traffic control signs and markers erected,caused to be erected, or approved by the department.

Page 14 of 18

407

(11) Signs erected upon property warning the public against 408 hunting and fishing or trespassing thereon.

409 (12) Signs not in excess of up to 8 square feet which that 410 are owned by and relate to the facilities and activities of 411 churches, civic organizations, fraternal organizations, 412 charitable organizations, or units or agencies of government.

413 (13) Except that signs placed on benches, transit shelters, 414 and waste receptacles as provided for in s. 337.408 are exempt 415 from all provisions of this chapter.

416

(13) (14) Signs relating exclusively to political campaigns.

417 (14) (15) Signs measuring up to not in excess of 16 square 418 feet placed at a road junction with the State Highway System 419 denoting only the distance or direction of a residence or farm 420 operation, or, outside an incorporated in a rural area where a 421 hardship is created because a small business is not visible from 422 the road junction with the State Highway System, one sign 423 measuring up to not in excess of 16 square feet, denoting only 424 the name of the business and the distance and direction to the 425 business. The small-business-sign provision of this subsection 426 does not apply to charter counties and may not be implemented if 427 the Federal Government notifies the department that 428 implementation will adversely affect the allocation of federal 429 funds to the department. 430 (15) Signs placed by a local tourist-oriented business

431 located within a rural area of critical economic concern as 432 defined in s. 288.0656(2) which are:

433 (a) Not more than 8 square feet in size or not more than 4 434 feet in height; (b) Located only in rural areas on a facility that does not 435

Page 15 of 18

436 meet the definition of a limited access facility as defined by 437 department rule; 438 (c) Located within 2 miles of the business location and at 439 least 500 feet apart; 440 (d) Located only in two directions leading to the business; 441 and 442 (e) Not located within the road right-of-way. 443 444 A business placing such signs must be at least 4 miles from any 445 other business using this exemption and may not participate in 446 any other directional signage program by the department. 447 (16) Signs measuring up to 32 square feet denoting only the distance or direction of a farm operation which are erected at a 448 449 road junction with the State Highway System, but only during the 450 harvest season of the farm operation for a period not to exceed 451 4 months. 452 (17) Acknowledgment signs erected upon publicly funded 453 school premises which relate to a specific public school club, 454 team, or event which are placed at least 1,000 feet from any 455 other acknowledgment signs on the same side of the roadway. The 456 sponsor information on an acknowledgment sign may constitute no 457 more than 100 square feet of the sign. For purposes of this 458 subsection, the term "acknowledgment sign" means a sign that is 459 intended to inform the traveling public that a public school 460 club, team, or event has been sponsored by a person, firm, or 461 other entity. 462 (18) Displays erected upon a sports facility the content of 463 which is directly related to the facility's activities or where 464 products or services offered on the sports facility property are

Page 16 of 18

i	
465	present. Displays must be mounted flush to the surface of the
466	sports facility and must rely upon the building facade for
467	structural support. For purposes of this subsection, the term
468	"sports facility" means an athletic complex, athletic arena, or
469	athletic stadium, including physically connected parking
470	facilities, which is open to the public and has a permanently
471	installed seating capacity of 15,000 people or more.
472	
473	The exemptions in subsections (14)-(18) may not be implemented
474	or continued if the Federal Government notifies the department
475	that implementation or continuation will adversely impact the
476	allocation of federal funds to the department. If the exemptions
477	in subsections (14)-(18) are not implemented or continued due to
478	notification from the Federal Government that the allocation of
479	federal funds to the department will be adversely impacted, the
480	department shall provide notice to the sign owner that the sign
481	must be removed within 30 days. If the sign is not removed
482	within 30 days after receipt of the notice by the sign owner,
483	the department may remove the sign, and the costs incurred in
484	connection with the sign removal shall be assessed against and
485	collected from the sign owner.
486	Section 9. Section 479.262, Florida Statutes, is amended to
487	read:
488	479.262 Tourist-oriented directional sign program
489	(1) A tourist-oriented directional sign program to provide
490	directions to rural tourist-oriented businesses, services, and
491	activities may be established for intersections on rural and
492	<u>conventional state, county, or municipal roads only in rural</u>
493	counties identified by criteria and population in s. 288.0656

Page 17 of 18

494 when approved and permitted by county or local government 495 entities within their respective jurisdictional areas at 496 intersections on rural and conventional state, county, or 497 municipal roads. A county or local government that which issues 498 permits for a tourist-oriented directional sign program is shall 499 be responsible for sign construction, maintenance, and program 500 operation in compliance with subsection (3) for roads on the 501 state highway system and may establish permit fees sufficient to offset associated costs. A tourist-oriented directional sign may 502 not be used on roads in urban areas or at interchanges on 503 504 freeways or expressways.

505 (2) This section does not create a proprietary or 506 compensable interest in any tourist-oriented directional sign 507 site or location for any permittee on any rural and conventional 508 state, county, or municipal road roads. The department or the 509 permitting entity may terminate permits or change locations of 510 tourist-oriented directional sign sites as determined necessary 511 for construction or improvement of transportation facilities or 512 for improved traffic control or safety.

(3) Tourist-oriented directional signs installed on the state highway system <u>must</u> shall comply with the requirements of the federal Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices and rules established by the department. The department may adopt rules to establish requirements for participant qualification, construction standards, location of sign sites, and other criteria necessary to implement this program.

520

Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

Page 18 of 18