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Proposed Committee Substitute by the Committee on Appropriations (Appropriations Subcommittee on Finance and Tax)

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to agriculture; amending s. 193.461, 3 F.S.; authorizing a property appraiser to grant an 4 agricultural classification after the application 5 deadline upon a showing of extenuating circumstances; 6 providing that participation in certain dispersed 7 water storage programs does not change a land's 8 agricultural classification for assessment purposes; 9 amending s. 212.02, F.S.; redefining the terms 10 "livestock" and "agricultural production"; amending s. 11 212.08, F.S.; expanding the exemption for certain farm 12 equipment from the sales and use tax imposed under ch. 212, F.S., to include irrigation equipment, repairs of 13 14 farm equipment and irrigation equipment, and certain 15 trailers; expanding the exemption for items in agricultural use from the sale and use tax imposed 16 under ch. 212, F.S., to include stakes used to support 17 18 plants during agricultural production; amending s. 19 373.4591, F.S.; authorizing agricultural landowners to establish baseline wetland and surface water 20 21 conditions before implementing certain best management 2.2 practice implementation agreements; providing an 23 effective date. 24

25 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) and subsection

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(7) of section 193.461, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 193.461 Agricultural lands; classification and assessment;
 mandated eradication or quarantine program.-

(3) (a) No Lands may not shall be classified as agricultural 31 lands unless a return is filed on or before March 1 of each 32 33 year. The property appraiser, before so classifying such lands, 34 may require the taxpayer or the taxpayer's representative to furnish the property appraiser such information as may 35 36 reasonably be required to establish that such lands were 37 actually used for a bona fide agricultural purpose. Failure to 38 make timely application by March 1 shall constitute a waiver for 39 1 year of the privilege herein granted for agricultural assessment. However, an applicant who is qualified to receive an 40 agricultural classification who fails to file an application by 41 March 1 must may file an application for the classification with 42 43 the property appraiser within 25 days after the property appraiser mails the notices required under s. 194.011(1). Upon 44 receipt of sufficient evidence, as determined by the property 45 46 appraiser, demonstrating that the applicant was unable to apply 47 for the classification in a timely manner or otherwise 48 demonstrating extenuating circumstances judged by the property 49 appraiser to warrant granting the classification, the property appraiser may grant the classification. If the applicant fails 50 51 to produce sufficient evidence demonstrating that the applicant 52 was unable to apply for the classification in a timely manner or 53 otherwise demonstrating extenuating circumstances as judged by 54 the property appraiser, the applicant and may file, pursuant to s. 194.011(3), a petition with the value adjustment board 55 56 requesting that the classification be granted. The petition may

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57 be filed at any time during the taxable year on or before the 58 25th day following the mailing of the notice by the property 59 appraiser as provided in s. 194.011(1). Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 194.013, the applicant must pay a nonrefundable 60 fee of \$15 upon filing the petition. Upon reviewing the 61 petition, if the person is qualified to receive the 62 63 classification and demonstrates particular extenuating 64 circumstances judged by the property appraiser or the value 65 adjustment board to warrant granting the classification, the 66 property appraiser or the value adjustment board may grant the 67 classification for the current year. The owner of land that was 68 classified agricultural in the previous year and whose ownership 69 or use has not changed may reapply on a short form as provided 70 by the department. The lessee of property may make original 71 application or reapply using the short form if the lease, or an affidavit executed by the owner, provides that the lessee is 72 73 empowered to make application for the agricultural 74 classification on behalf of the owner and a copy of the lease or 75 affidavit accompanies the application. A county may, at the 76 request of the property appraiser and by a majority vote of its 77 governing body, waive the requirement that an annual application 78 or statement be made for classification of property within the 79 county after an initial application is made and the 80 classification granted by the property appraiser. Such waiver 81 may be revoked by a majority vote of the governing body of the 82 county.

83 (7) (a) Lands classified for assessment purposes as
84 agricultural lands which are taken out of production by <u>a</u> any
85 state or federal eradication or quarantine program shall

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86 continue to be classified as agricultural lands for the duration 87 of such program or successor programs. Lands under these 88 programs which are converted to fallow, or otherwise nonincome-89 producing uses shall continue to be classified as agricultural 90 lands and shall be assessed at a de minimis value of up to no 91 more than \$50 per acre, on a single year assessment methodology; 92 however, lands converted to other income-producing agricultural 93 uses permissible under such programs shall be assessed pursuant 94 to this section. Land under a mandated eradication or quarantine 95 program which is diverted from an agricultural to a 96 nonagricultural use shall be assessed under s. 193.011.

97 (b) Lands classified for assessment purposes as 98 agricultural lands which participate in a dispersed water 99 storage program pursuant to a contract with the Department of 100 Environmental Protection or a water management district which 101 requires flooding of land shall continue to be classified as 102 agricultural lands for the duration of the inclusion of the 103 lands in such program or successor programs and shall be 104 assessed as nonproductive agricultural lands. Land under a 105 dispersed water storage program which is diverted to a 106 nonagricultural use shall be assessed under s. 193.011.

Section 2. Subsections (29) and (32) of section 212.02, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

109 212.02 Definitions.—The following terms and phrases when 110 used in this chapter have the meanings ascribed to them in this 111 section, except where the context clearly indicates a different 112 meaning:

(29) "Livestock" includes all animals of the equine, bovine, or swine class, including goats, sheep, mules, horses,

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115 hogs, cattle, ostriches, and other grazing animals raised for 116 commercial purposes. The term <u>"livestock" shall</u> also <u>includes</u> 117 <u>all aquaculture species that are certified under chapter 597 and</u> 118 <u>include fish</u> raised for commercial purposes.

119 (32) "Agricultural production" means the production of plants and animals useful to humans, including the preparation, 120 121 planting, cultivating, or harvesting of these products or any 122 other practices necessary to accomplish production through the harvest phase, including storage of raw products on the farm. 123 124 The term and includes aquaculture, horticulture, floriculture, 125 viticulture, forestry, dairy, livestock, poultry, bees, and any 126 and all forms of farm products and farm production.

127 Section 3. Subsection (3) and paragraph (a) of subsection 128 (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

129 212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and 130 storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the 131 rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the 132 storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following 133 are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this 134 chapter.

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(3) EXEMPTIONS; CERTAIN FARM EQUIPMENT.-

136 (a) A There shall be no tax may not be imposed on the sale, rental, lease, use, consumption, repair, or storage for use in 137 138 this state of power farm equipment or irrigation equipment, 139 including replacement parts and accessories for power farm 140 equipment or irrigation equipment, which are used exclusively on 141 a farm or in a forest in the agricultural production of crops or products as produced by those agricultural industries included 142 143 in s. 570.02(1), or for fire prevention and suppression work



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144 with respect to such crops or products. Harvesting may not be 145 construed to include processing activities. This exemption is 146 not forfeited by moving farm equipment between farms or forests.

147 (b) A tax may not be imposed on that portion of the sales 148 price below \$20,000 for a trailer weighing 12,000 pounds or less 149 and purchased by a farmer for exclusive use in agricultural 150 production or to transport farm products from his or her farm to 151 the place where the farmer transfers ownership of the farm 152 products to another. This exemption is not forfeited by using a 153 trailer to transport the farmer's farm equipment. The exemption 154 provided under this paragraph does not apply to the lease or 155 rental of a trailer.

156 (c) The exemptions provided in paragraphs (a) and (b) are 157 However, this exemption shall not be allowed unless the 158 purchaser, renter, or lessee signs a certificate stating that 159 the farm equipment is to be used exclusively on a farm or in a 160 forest for agricultural production or for fire prevention and suppression, as required under by this subsection. Possession by 161 162 a seller, lessor, or other dealer of a written certification by 163 the purchaser, renter, or lessee certifying the purchaser's, 164 renter's, or lessee's entitlement to an exemption permitted by 165 this subsection relieves the seller from the responsibility of collecting the tax on the nontaxable amounts, and the department 166 167 shall look solely to the purchaser for recovery of such tax if it determines that the purchaser was not entitled to the 168 169 exemption.

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(5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE.-

(a) Items in agricultural use and certain nets.-<u>A</u> There are
 exempt from the tax may not be imposed on by this chapter nets



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173 designed and used exclusively by commercial fisheries; disinfectants, fertilizers, insecticides, pesticides, 174 175 herbicides, fungicides, and weed killers used for application on 176 crops or groves, including commercial nurseries and home 177 vegetable gardens, used in dairy barns or on poultry farms for 178 the purpose of protecting poultry or livestock, or used directly 179 on poultry or livestock; portable containers or movable 180 receptacles in which portable containers are placed, used for 181 processing farm products; field and garden seeds, including 182 flower seeds; nursery stock, seedlings, cuttings, or other 183 propagative material purchased for growing stock; seeds, 184 seedlings, cuttings, and plants used to produce food for human consumption; cloth, plastic, and other similar materials used 185 186 for shade, mulch, or protection from frost or insects on a farm; stakes used by a farmer to support plants during agricultural 187 188 production; generators used on poultry farms; and liquefied 189 petroleum gas or other fuel used to heat a structure in which 190 started pullets or broilers are raised; however, such exemption 191 is shall not be allowed unless the purchaser or lessee signs a 192 certificate stating that the item to be exempted is for the 193 exclusive use designated herein. Also exempt are cellophane 194 wrappers, glue for tin and glass (apiarists), mailing cases for honey, shipping cases, window cartons, and baling wire and twine 195 196 used for baling hay, when used by a farmer to contain, produce, 197 or process an agricultural commodity.

Section 4. Section 373.4591, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

200 373.4591 Improvements on private agricultural lands.—The201 Legislature encourages public-private partnerships to accomplish

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202 water storage and water quality improvements on private 203 agricultural lands. When an agreement is entered into between a 204 water management district or the department and a private 205 landowner to establish such a partnership, a baseline condition 206 determining the extent of wetlands and other surface waters on 207 the property shall be established and documented in the 208 agreement before improvements are constructed. When the 209 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and a landowner 210 agree to a plan to implement best management practices pursuant 211 to s. 403.067(7)(c), a baseline condition determining the extent 212 of wetlands and other surface waters on the property may be 213 established at the option and expense of the landowner and 214 documented in the best management practice implementation 215 agreement before improvements are constructed. The determination 216 for the baseline condition shall be conducted using the methods 217 set forth in the rules adopted pursuant to s. 373.421. The 218 baseline condition documented in the agreement shall be 219 considered the extent of wetlands and other surface waters on 220 the property for the purpose of regulation under this chapter 221 for the duration of the agreement and after its expiration. 222 Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.