2014

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to certificates of need; amending s.
3	408.032, F.S.; revising definitions; amending s.
4	408.034, F.S.; revising duties and responsibilities of
5	the Agency for Health Care Administration in the
6	exercise of its authority to issue licenses to health
7	care facilities and health service providers; amending
8	s. 408.035, F.S.; revising review criteria for
9	applications for certificate-of-need determinations
10	for health care facilities and health services;
11	excluding general hospitals from such review; amending
12	s. 408.036, F.S.; revising health-care-related
13	projects subject to review for a certificate of need
14	and exemptions therefrom; amending s. 408.037, F.S.;
15	revising content requirements with respect to an
16	application for a certificate of need; amending s.
17	408.039, F.S.; revising the review process for
18	certificates of need; amending s. 408.043, F.S.;
19	revising special provisions to eliminate provisions
20	relating to osteopathic acute care hospitals; amending
21	s. 395.605, F.S.; conforming a reference; providing an
22	effective date.
23	
24	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
25	
26	Section 1. Subsections (8) through (17) of section
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27 408.032, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 28 408.032 Definitions relating to Health Facility and Services Development Act.-As used in ss. 408.031-408.045, the 29 30 term: "Health care facility" means a hospital, long-term 31 (8) 32 care hospital, skilled nursing facility, hospice, or 33 intermediate care facility for the developmentally disabled. A 34 facility relying solely on spiritual means through prayer for 35 healing is not included as a health care facility. (9) "Health services" means inpatient diagnostic, 36 37 curative, or comprehensive medical rehabilitative services and includes mental health services. Obstetric services are not 38 39 health services for purposes of ss. 408.031-408.045. (9) (10) "Hospice" or "hospice program" means a hospice as 40 41 defined in part IV of chapter 400. 42 (11) "Hospital" means a health care facility licensed 43 under chapter 395. (10) (12) "Intermediate care facility for the 44 45 developmentally disabled" means a residential facility licensed under part VIII of chapter 400. 46 (13) "Long-term care hospital" means a hospital licensed 47 48 under chapter 395 which meets the requirements of 42 C.F.R. s. 49 412.23(e) and seeks exclusion from the acute care Medicare 50 prospective payment system for inpatient hospital services. 51 (14) "Mental health services" means inpatient services 52 provided in a hospital licensed under chapter 395 and listed on Page 2 of 31

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53	the hospital license as psychiatric beds for adults; psychiatric
54	beds for children and adolescents; intensive residential
55	treatment beds for children and adolescents; substance abuse
56	beds for adults; or substance abuse beds for children and
57	adolescents.
58	(11) (15) "Nursing home geographically underserved area"
59	means:
60	(a) A county in which there is no existing or approved
61	nursing home;
62	(b) An area with a radius of at least 20 miles in which
63	there is no existing or approved nursing home; or
64	(c) An area with a radius of at least 20 miles in which
65	all existing nursing homes have maintained at least a 95 percent
66	occupancy rate for the most recent 6 months or a 90 percent
67	occupancy rate for the most recent 12 months.
68	(12) (16) "Skilled nursing facility" means an institution,
69	or a distinct part of an institution, which is primarily engaged
70	in providing, to inpatients, skilled nursing care and related
71	services for patients who require medical or nursing care, or
72	rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured,
73	disabled, or sick persons.
74	(17) "Tertiary health service" means a health service
75	which, due to its high level of intensity, complexity,
76	specialized or limited applicability, and cost, should be
77	limited to, and concentrated in, a limited number of hospitals
78	to ensure the quality, availability, and cost-effectiveness of
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79 such service. Examples of such service include, but are not 80 limited to, pediatric cardiac catheterization, pediatric open-81 heart surgery, organ transplantation, neonatal intensive care 82 units, comprehensive rehabilitation, and medical or surgical 83 services which are experimental or developmental in nature to 84 the extent that the provision of such services is not yet 85 contemplated within the commonly accepted course of diagnosis or 86 treatment for the condition addressed by a given service. The 87 agency shall establish by rule a list of all tertiary health 88 services. 89 Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 408.034, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 90 Duties and responsibilities of agency; rules.-91 408.034 In the exercise of its authority to issue licenses to 92 (2)93 health care facilities and health service providers, as provided 94 under chapter chapters 393 and 395 and parts II, IV, and VIII of 95 chapter 400, the agency may not issue a license to any health care facility or health service provider that fails to receive a 96 97 certificate of need or an exemption for the licensed facility or 98 service. 99 Section 3. Section 408.035, Florida Statutes, is amended 100 to read: 408.035 Review criteria.-101 102 The agency shall determine the reviewability of (1)103 applications and shall review applications for certificate-of-104 need determinations for health care facilities and health Page 4 of 31

105 services in context with the following criteria, except for 106 general hospitals as defined in s. 395.002: (1) (a) The need for the health care facilities and health 107 108 services being proposed. 109 (2) (b) The availability, quality of care, accessibility, and extent of utilization of existing health care facilities and 110 111 health services in the service district of the applicant. 112 (3) (c) The ability of the applicant to provide quality of care and the applicant's record of providing quality of care. 113 (4) (d) The availability of resources, including health 114 personnel, management personnel, and funds for capital and 115 operating expenditures, for project accomplishment and 116 117 operation. 118 (5) (e) The extent to which the proposed services will 119 enhance access to health care for residents of the service 120 district. 121 (6) (f) The immediate and long-term financial feasibility 122 of the proposal. 123 (7) (g) The extent to which the proposal will foster 124 competition that promotes quality and cost-effectiveness. 125 (8) (h) The costs and methods of the proposed construction, 126 including the costs and methods of energy provision and the availability of alternative, less costly, or more effective 127 methods of construction. 128

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129 <u>(9)(i)</u> The applicant's past and proposed provision of 130 health care services to Medicaid patients and the medically 131 indigent.

132 <u>(10)(j)</u> The applicant's designation as a Gold Seal Program 133 nursing facility pursuant to s. 400.235, when the applicant is 134 requesting additional nursing home beds at that facility.

135 (2) For a general hospital, the agency shall consider only 136 the criteria specified in paragraph (1) (a), paragraph (1) (b), 137 except for quality of care in paragraph (1) (b), and paragraphs 138 (1) (e), (g), and (i).

Section 4. Section 408.036, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

408.036 Projects subject to review; exemptions.-

(1) APPLICABILITY.-Unless exempt under subsection (3), all
health-care-related projects, as described in <u>this subsection</u>
<del>paragraphs (a)-(g)</del>, are subject to review and must file an
application for a certificate of need with the agency. The
agency is exclusively responsible for determining whether a
health-care-related project is subject to review under ss.
408.031-408.045.

(a) The addition of beds in community nursing homes or
intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled by
new construction or alteration.

(b) The new construction or establishment of additional health care facilities, including a replacement health care facility when the proposed project site is not located on the Page 6 of 31

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155 same site as or within 1 mile of the existing health care 156 facility, if the number of beds in each licensed bed category 157 will not increase. 158 The conversion from one type of health care facility (C) 159 to another, including the conversion from a general hospital, a 160 specialty hospital, or a long-term care hospital. 161 (d) The establishment of a hospice or hospice inpatient 162 facility, except as provided in s. 408.043. 163 An increase in the number of beds for comprehensive (e) 164 rehabilitation. (f) The establishment of tertiary health services, 165 166 including inpatient comprehensive rehabilitation services. 167 (2) PROJECTS SUBJECT TO EXPEDITED REVIEW.-Unless exempt 168 pursuant to subsection (3), projects subject to an expedited 169 review shall include, but not be limited to: 170 A transfer of a certificate of need, except that when (a) an existing hospital is acquired by a purchaser, all 171 172 certificates of need issued to the hospital which are not yet 173 operational shall be acquired by the purchaser, without need for 174 a transfer. 175 Replacement of a nursing home within the same (b) 176 district, if the proposed project site is located within a 177 geographic area that contains at least 65 percent of the 178 facility's current residents and is within a 30-mile radius of 179 the replaced nursing home. 180 (c) Relocation of a portion of a nursing home's licensed

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181 beds to a facility within the same district, if the relocation 182 is within a 30-mile radius of the existing facility and the 183 total number of nursing home beds in the district does not 184 increase.

(d) The new construction of a community nursing home in aretirement community as further provided in this paragraph.

187
 1. Expedited review under this paragraph is available if
 all of the following criteria are met:

a. The residential use area of the retirement community is
deed-restricted as housing for older persons as defined in s.
760.29(4)(b).

b. The retirement community is located in a county inwhich 25 percent or more of its population is age 65 and older.

194 c. The retirement community is located in a county that 195 has a rate of no more than 16.1 beds per 1,000 persons age 65 196 years or older. The rate shall be determined by using the 197 current number of licensed and approved community nursing home 198 beds in the county per the agency's most recent published 199 inventory.

d. The retirement community has a population of at least
8,000 residents within the county, based on a population data
source accepted by the agency.

e. The number of proposed community nursing home beds in
an application does not exceed the projected bed need after
applying the rate of 16.1 beds per 1,000 persons aged 65 years
and older projected for the county 3 years into the future using
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207 the estimates adopted by the agency, after subtracting the 208 inventory of licensed and approved community nursing home beds 209 in the county per the agency's most recent published inventory.

210 2. No more than 120 community nursing home beds shall be 211 approved for a qualified retirement community under each request 212 for application for expedited review. Subsequent requests for 213 expedited review under this process shall not be made until 2 214 years after construction of the facility has commenced or 1 year 215 after the beds approved through the initial request are 216 licensed, whichever occurs first.

3. The total number of community nursing home beds which may be approved for any single deed-restricted community pursuant to this paragraph shall not exceed 240, regardless of whether the retirement community is located in more than one qualifying county.

4. Each nursing home facility approved under this
paragraph shall be dually certified for participation in the
Medicare and Medicaid programs.

5. Each nursing home facility approved under this paragraph shall be at least 1 mile from an existing approved and licensed community nursing home, measured over publicly owned roadways.

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6. Section 408.0435 does not apply to this paragraph.

7. A retirement community requesting expedited review under this paragraph shall submit a written request to the agency for an expedited review. The request shall include the

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233 number of beds to be added and provide evidence of compliance 234 with the criteria specified in subparagraph 1.

235 8. After verifying that the retirement community meets the 236 criteria for expedited review specified in subparagraph 1., the 237 agency shall publicly notice in the Florida Administrative 238 Register that a request for an expedited review has been 239 submitted by a qualifying retirement community and that the 240 qualifying retirement community intends to make land available 241 for the construction and operation of a community nursing home. The agency's notice shall identify where potential applicants 242 can obtain information describing the sales price of, or terms 243 of the land lease for, the property on which the project will be 244 245 located and the requirements established by the retirement 246 community. The agency notice shall also specify the deadline for 247 submission of any certificate-of-need application, which shall 248 not be earlier than the 91st day and not be later than the 125th 249 day after the date the notice appears in the Florida 250 Administrative Register.

9. The qualified retirement community shall make land available to applicants it deems to have met its requirements for the construction and operation of a community nursing home but will sell or lease the land only to the applicant that is issued a certificate of need by the agency under the provisions of this paragraph.

a. A certificate of need application submitted pursuant to
 this paragraph shall identify the intended site for the project
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within the retirement community and the anticipated costs for the project based on that site. The application shall also include written evidence that the retirement community has determined that the provider submitting the application and the project proposed by that provider satisfies its requirements for the project.

b. The retirement community's determination that more than one provider satisfies its requirements for the project does not preclude the retirement community from notifying the agency of the provider it prefers.

10. Each application submitted shall be reviewed by the agency. If multiple applications are submitted for the project as published pursuant to subparagraph 8., then the competing applications shall be reviewed by the agency.

The agency shall develop rules to implement the provisions for expedited review, including time schedule, application content which may be reduced from the full requirements of s. 408.037(1), and application processing.

278 (3) EXEMPTIONS.-Upon request, the following projects are
 279 subject to exemption from the provisions of subsection (1):

(a) For hospice services or for swing beds in a rural
hospital, as defined in s. 395.602, in a number that does not
exceed one-half of its licensed beds.

283(b) For the conversion of licensed acute care hospital284beds to Medicare and Medicaid certified skilled nursing beds in

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285 a rural hospital, as defined in s. 395.602, so long as the 286 conversion of the beds does not involve the construction of new 287 facilities. The total number of skilled nursing beds, including 288 swing beds, may not exceed one-half of the total number of 289 licensed beds in the rural hospital as of July 1, 1993. 290 Certified skilled nursing beds designated under this paragraph, 291 excluding swing beds, shall be included in the community nursing 292 home bed inventory. A rural hospital that subsequently 293 decertifies any acute care beds exempted under this paragraph 294 shall notify the agency of the decertification, and the agency 295 shall adjust the community nursing home bed inventory 296 accordingly.

297 (b)(c) For the addition of nursing home beds at a skilled 298 nursing facility that is part of a retirement community that 299 provides a variety of residential settings and supportive 300 services and that has been incorporated and operated in this 301 state for at least 65 years on or before July 1, 1994. All 302 nursing home beds must not be available to the public but must 303 be for the exclusive use of the community residents.

304 <u>(c)(d)</u> For an inmate health care facility built by or for 305 the exclusive use of the Department of Corrections as provided 306 in chapter 945. This exemption expires when such facility is 307 converted to other uses.

308 <u>(d) (e)</u> For mobile surgical facilities and related health 309 care services provided under contract with the Department of 310 Corrections or a private correctional facility operating

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311 pursuant to chapter 957.

(e) (f) For the creation of a single nursing home within a 312 313 district by combining licensed beds from two or more licensed nursing homes within such district, regardless of subdistrict 314 315 boundaries, if 50 percent of the beds in the created nursing 316 home are transferred from the only nursing home in a county and 317 its utilization data demonstrate that it had an occupancy rate 318 of less than 75 percent for the 12-month period ending 90 days 319 before the request for the exemption. This paragraph is repealed 320 upon the expiration of the moratorium established in s. 321 408.0435(1).

322 (f) - (g) For state veterans' nursing homes operated by or on 323 behalf of the Florida Department of Veterans' Affairs in 324 accordance with part II of chapter 296 for which at least 50 325 percent of the construction cost is federally funded and for 326 which the Federal Government pays a per diem rate not to exceed one-half of the cost of the veterans' care in such state nursing 327 328 homes. These beds shall not be included in the nursing home bed 329 inventory.

330 (g) (h) For combination within one nursing home facility of 331 the beds or services authorized by two or more certificates of 332 need issued in the same planning subdistrict. An exemption 333 granted under this paragraph shall extend the validity period of 334 the certificates of need to be consolidated by the length of the 335 period beginning upon submission of the exemption request and 336 ending with issuance of the exemption. The longest validity

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337 period among the certificates shall be applicable to each of the 338 combined certificates. 339 (h) (i) For division into two or more nursing home 340 facilities of beds or services authorized by one certificate of 341 need issued in the same planning subdistrict. An exemption 342 granted under this paragraph shall extend the validity period of 343 the certificate of need to be divided by the length of the 344 period beginning upon submission of the exemption request and ending with issuance of the exemption. 345 346 (j) For the addition of hospital beds licensed under chapter 395 for comprehensive rehabilitation in a number that 347 may not exceed 10 total beds or 10 percent of the licensed 348 349 capacity, whichever is greater. 350 1. In addition to any other documentation otherwise 351 required by the agency, a request for exemption submitted under 352 this paragraph must: 353 a. Certify that the prior 12-month average occupancy rate 354 for the licensed beds being expanded meets or exceeds 80 355 percent. 356 b. Certify that the beds have been licensed and operational for at least 12 months. 357 358 2. The timeframes and monitoring process specified in s. 359 408.040(2)(a)-(c) apply to any exemption issued under this 360 paragraph. 361 3. The agency shall count beds authorized under this 362 paragraph as approved beds in the published inventory of Page 14 of 31

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#### 363 hospital beds until the beds are licensed. (i) (k) For the addition of nursing home beds licensed 364 365 under chapter 400 in a number not exceeding 10 total beds or 10 366 percent of the number of beds licensed in the facility being 367 expanded, whichever is greater; or, for the addition of nursing 368 home beds licensed under chapter 400 at a facility that has been 369 designated as a Gold Seal nursing home under s. 400.235 in a 370 number not exceeding 20 total beds or 10 percent of the number 371 of licensed beds in the facility being expanded, whichever is 372 greater. In addition to any other documentation required by the 373 1. 374 agency, a request for exemption submitted under this paragraph 375 must: 376 Certify that the facility has not had any class I or a. 377 class II deficiencies within the 30 months preceding the request 378 for addition. 379 b. Certify that the prior 12-month average occupancy rate 380 for the nursing home beds at the facility meets or exceeds 96 381 percent. 382 Certify that any beds authorized for the facility under с. 383 this paragraph before the date of the current request for an 384 exemption have been licensed and operational for at least 12 385 months. 386 2. The timeframes and monitoring process specified in s. 387 408.040(2)(a)-(c) apply to any exemption issued under this 388 paragraph. Page 15 of 31

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389	3. The agency shall count beds authorized under this
390	paragraph as approved beds in the published inventory of nursing
391	home beds until the beds are licensed.
392	(1) For the establishment of:
393	1. A Level II neonatal intensive care unit with at least
394	10 beds, upon documentation to the agency that the applicant
395	hospital had a minimum of 1,500 births during the previous 12
396	months;
397	2. A Level III neonatal intensive care unit with at least
398	15 beds, upon documentation to the agency that the applicant
399	hospital has a Level II neonatal intensive care unit of at least
400	10 beds and had a minimum of 3,500 births during the previous 12
401	months; or
402	3. A Level III neonatal intensive care unit with at least
403	5 beds, upon documentation to the agency that the applicant
404	hospital is a verified trauma center pursuant to s.
405	395.4001(14), and has a Level II neonatal intensive care unit,
406	
407	if the applicant demonstrates that it meets the requirements for
408	quality of care, nurse staffing, physician staffing, physical
409	plant, equipment, emergency transportation, and data reporting
410	found in agency certificate-of-need rules for Level II and Level
411	III neonatal intensive care units and if the applicant commits
412	to the provision of services to Medicaid and charity patients at
413	a level equal to or greater than the district average. Such a
414	commitment is subject to s. 408.040.
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415 For the provision of adult open-heart services in a 416 hospital located within the boundaries of a health service 417 planning district, as defined in s. 408.032(5), which has 418 experienced an annual net out-migration of at least 600 open-419 heart-surgery cases for 3 consecutive years according to the 420 most recent data reported to the agency, and the district's 421 population per licensed and operational open-heart programs 422 exceeds the state average of population per licensed and 423 operational open-heart programs by at least 25 percent. All 424 hospitals within a health service planning district which meet 425 the criteria reference in sub-subparagraphs 2.a.-h. shall be eligible for this exemption on July 1, 2004, and shall receive 426 427 the exemption upon filing for it and subject to the following: 428 a. A hospital that has received a notice of intent to 429 grant a certificate of need or a final order of the agency 430 granting a certificate of need for the establishment of an open-431 heart-surgery program is entitled to receive a letter of 432 exemption for the establishment of an adult open-heart-surgery 433 program upon filing a request for exemption and complying with 434 the criteria enumerated in sub-subparagraphs 2.a.-h., and is 435 entitled to immediately commence operation of the program. 436 b. An otherwise eligible hospital that has not received a 437 notice of intent to grant a certificate of need or a final order 438 the agency granting a certificate of need for the <del>of</del> 439 establishment of an open-heart-surgery program is entitled to 440 immediately receive a letter of exemption for the establishment Page 17 of 31

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441	of an adult open-heart-surgery program upon filing a request for
442	exemption and complying with the criteria enumerated in sub-
443	subparagraphs 2.ah., but is not entitled to commence operation
444	of its program until December 31, 2006.
445	2. A hospital shall be exempt from the certificate-of-need
446	review for the establishment of an open-heart-surgery program
447	when the application for exemption submitted under this
448	paragraph complies with the following criteria:
449	a. The applicant must certify that it will meet and
450	continuously maintain the minimum licensure requirements adopted
451	by the agency governing adult open-heart programs, including the
452	most current guidelines of the American College of Cardiology
453	and American Heart Association Guidelines for Adult Open Heart
454	Programs.
455	b. The applicant must certify that it will maintain
456	sufficient appropriate equipment and health personnel to ensure
457	quality and safety.
458	c. The applicant must certify that it will maintain
459	appropriate times of operation and protocols to ensure
460	availability and appropriate referrals in the event of
461	emergencies.
462	d. The applicant can demonstrate that it has discharged at
463	least 300 inpatients with a principal diagnosis of ischemic
464	heart disease for the most recent 12-month period as reported to
465	the agency.
466	e. The applicant is a general acute care hospital that is
ļ	Page 18 of 31

467 in operation for 3 years or more. f. The applicant is performing more than 300 diagnostic 468 469 cardiac catheterization procedures per year, combined inpatient 470 and outpatient. 471 q. The applicant's payor mix at a minimum reflects the 472 community average for Medicaid, charity care, and self-pay 473 patients or the applicant must certify that it will provide a minimum of 5 percent of Medicaid, charity care, and self-pay to 474 475 open-heart-surgery patients. 476 h. If the applicant fails to meet the established criteria for open-heart programs or fails to reach 300 surgeries per year 477 by the end of its third year of operation, it must show cause 478 479 why its exemption should not be revoked. 480 3. By December 31, 2004, and annually thereafter, the 481 agency shall submit a report to the Legislature providing 482 information concerning the number of requests for exemption it 483 has received under this paragraph during the calendar year and 484 the number of exemptions it has granted or denied during the 485 calendar year. 486 (n) For the provision of percutaneous coronary intervention for patients presenting with emergency myocardial 487 infarctions in a hospital without an approved adult open-heart-488 489 surgery program. In addition to any other documentation required 490 by the agency, a request for an exemption submitted under this paragraph must comply with the following: 491 492 1. The applicant must certify that it will meet and Page 19 of 31

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493	continuously maintain the requirements adopted by the agency for
494	the provision of these services. These licensure requirements
495	shall be adopted by rule and must be consistent with the
496	guidelines published by the American College of Cardiology and
497	the American Heart Association for the provision of percutaneous
498	coronary interventions in hospitals without adult open-heart
499	services. At a minimum, the rules must require the following:
500	a. Cardiologists must be experienced interventionalists
501	who have performed a minimum of 75 interventions within the
502	previous 12 months.
503	b. The hospital must provide a minimum of 36 emergency
504	interventions annually in order to continue to provide the
505	service.
506	c. The hospital must offer sufficient physician, nursing,
507	and laboratory staff to provide the services 24 hours a day, 7
508	days a week.
509	d. Nursing and technical staff must have demonstrated
510	experience in handling acutely ill patients requiring
511	intervention based on previous experience in dedicated
512	interventional laboratories or surgical centers.
513	e. Cardiac care nursing staff must be adept in hemodynamic
514	monitoring and Intra-aortic Balloon Pump (IABP) management.
515	f. Formalized written transfer agreements must be
516	developed with a hospital with an adult open-heart-surgery
517	program, and written transport protocols must be in place to
518	ensure safe and efficient transfer of a patient within 60
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519	minutes. Transfer and transport agreements must be reviewed and
520	tested, with appropriate documentation maintained at least every
521	3 months. However, a hospital located more than 100 road miles
522	from the closest Level II adult cardiovascular services program
523	does not need to meet the 60-minute transfer time protocol if
524	the hospital demonstrates that it has a formalized, written
525	transfer agreement with a hospital that has a Level II program.
526	The agreement must include written transport protocols that
527	ensure the safe and efficient transfer of a patient, taking into
528	consideration the patient's clinical and physical
529	characteristics, road and weather conditions, and viability of
530	ground and air ambulance service to transfer the patient.
531	g. Hospitals implementing the service must first undertake
532	a training program of 3 to 6 months' duration, which includes
533	establishing standards and testing logistics, creating quality
534	assessment and error management practices, and formalizing
535	patient-selection criteria.
536	2. The applicant must certify that it will use at all
537	times the patient-selection criteria for the performance of
538	primary angioplasty at hospitals without adult open-heart-
539	surgery programs issued by the American College of Cardiology
540	and the American Heart Association. At a minimum, these criteria
541	would provide for the following:
542	a. Avoidance of interventions in hemodynamically stable
543	patients who have identified symptoms or medical histories.
544	b. Transfer of patients who have a history of coronary
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545 disease and clinical presentation of hemodynamic instability. 546 3. The applicant must agree to submit a quarterly report 547 to the agency detailing patient characteristics, treatment, and 548 outcomes for all patients receiving emergency percutaneous 549 coronary interventions pursuant to this paragraph. This report 550 must be submitted within 15 days after the close of each 551 calendar quarter. 552 4. The exemption provided by this paragraph does not apply 553 unless the agency determines that the hospital has taken all 554 necessary steps to be in compliance with all requirements of 555 this paragraph, including the training program required under 556 sub-subparagraph 1.g. 557 5. Failure of the hospital to continuously comply with the 558 requirements of sub-subparagraphs 1.c.-f. and subparagraphs 2. 559 and 3. will result in the immediate expiration of this 560 exemption. 561 6. Failure of the hospital to meet the volume requirements 562 of sub-subparagraphs 1.a. and b. within 18 months after the 563 program begins offering the service will result in the immediate 564 expiration of the exemption. 565 566 If the exemption for this service expires under subparagraph 5. 567 or subparagraph 6., the agency may not grant another exemption 568 for this service to the same hospital for 2 years and then only 569 upon a showing that the hospital will remain in compliance with 570 the requirements of this paragraph through a demonstration of Page 22 of 31

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571 corrections to the deficiencies that caused expiration of the 572 exemption. Compliance with the requirements of this paragraph 573 includes compliance with the rules adopted pursuant to this 574 paragraph.

575 (o) For the addition of mental health services or beds if 576 the applicant commits to providing services to Medicaid or 577 charity care patients at a level equal to or greater than the 578 district average. Such a commitment is subject to s. 408.040.

579 <u>(j)(p)</u> For replacement of a licensed nursing home on the 580 same site, or within 3 miles of the same site, if the number of 581 licensed beds does not increase.

582 <u>(k) (q)</u> For consolidation or combination of licensed 583 nursing homes or transfer of beds between licensed nursing homes 584 within the same planning subdistrict, by providers that operate 585 multiple nursing homes within that planning subdistrict, if 586 there is no increase in the planning subdistrict total number of 587 nursing home beds and the site of the relocation is not more 588 than 30 miles from the original location.

589 <u>(1)(r)</u> For beds in state mental health treatment 590 facilities defined in s. 394.455 and state mental health 591 forensic facilities operated under chapter 916.

592 <u>(m)(s)</u> For beds in state developmental disabilities 593 centers as defined in s. 393.063.

(4) REQUESTS FOR EXEMPTION.—A request for exemption under
subsection (3) may be made at any time and is not subject to the
batching requirements of this section. The request shall be

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597 supported by such documentation as the agency requires by rule. 598 The agency shall assess a fee of \$250 for each request for 599 exemption submitted under subsection (3). 600 NOTIFICATION.-Health care facilities and providers (5) must provide to the agency notification of: 601 602 Replacement of a health care facility when the (a) 603 proposed project site is located in the same district and on the 604 existing site or within a 1-mile radius of the replaced health 605 care facility, if the number and type of beds do not increase. The termination of a health care service, upon 30 606 (b) 607 days' written notice to the agency. 608 The addition or delicensure of beds. (C) 609 610 Notification under this subsection may be made by electronic, 611 facsimile, or written means at any time before the described 612 action has been taken. 613 Section 5. Section 408.037, Florida Statutes, is amended 614 to read: 615 408.037 Application content.-616 Except as provided in subsection (2) for a general (1)617 hospital, An application for a certificate of need must contain: A detailed description of the proposed project and 618 (a) 619 statement of its purpose and need in relation to the district 620 health plan. 621 (b) A statement of the financial resources needed by and 622 available to the applicant to accomplish the proposed project. Page 24 of 31

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623 This statement must include:

624 A complete listing of all capital projects, including 1. 625 new health facility development projects and health facility 626 acquisitions applied for, pending, approved, or underway in any 627 state at the time of application, regardless of whether or not 628 that state has a certificate-of-need program or a capital 629 expenditure review program pursuant to s. 1122 of the Social 630 Security Act. The agency may, by rule, require less-detailed 631 information from major health care providers. This listing must include the applicant's actual or proposed financial commitment 632 to those projects and an assessment of their impact on the 633 applicant's ability to provide the proposed project. 634

635 2. A detailed listing of the needed capital expenditures,636 including sources of funds.

3. A detailed financial projection, including a statement
of the projected revenue and expenses for the first 2 years of
operation after completion of the proposed project. This
statement must include a detailed evaluation of the impact of
the proposed project on the cost of other services provided by
the applicant.

(c) An audited financial statement of the applicant or the applicant's parent corporation if audited financial statements of the applicant do not exist. In an application submitted by an existing health care facility, health maintenance organization, or hospice, financial condition documentation must include, but need not be limited to, a balance sheet and a profit-and-loss Page 25 of 31

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

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statement of the 2 previous fiscal years' operation. 649 650 (2) An application for a certificate of need for a general 651 hospital must contain a detailed description of the proposed 652 general hospital project and a statement of its purpose and the 653 needs it will meet. The proposed project's location, as well as 654 its primary and secondary service areas, must be identified by 655 zip code. Primary service area is defined as the zip codes from 656 which the applicant projects that it will draw 75 percent of its 657 discharges. Secondary service area is defined as the zip codes 658 from which the applicant projects that it will draw its 659 remaining discharges. If, subsequent to issuance of a final 660 order approving the certificate of need, the proposed location 661 of the general hospital changes or the primary service area 662 materially changes, the agency shall revoke the certificate of 663 need. However, if the agency determines that such changes are 664 deemed to enhance access to hospital services in the service 665 district, the agency may permit such changes to occur. A party 666 participating in the administrative hearing regarding the 667 issuance of the certificate of need for a general hospital has 668 standing to participate in any subsequent proceeding regarding 669 the revocation of the certificate of need for a hospital for 670 which the location has changed or for which the primary service 671 area has materially changed. In addition, the application for 672 the certificate of need for a general hospital must include a 673 statement of intent that, if approved by final order of the 674 agency, the applicant shall within 120 days after issuance of Page 26 of 31

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675 the final order or, if there is an appeal of the final order, 676 within 120 days after the issuance of the court's mandate on 677 appeal, furnish satisfactory proof of the applicant's financial 678 ability to operate. The agency shall establish documentation 679 requirements, to be completed by each applicant, which show 680 anticipated provider revenues and expenditures, the basis for 681 financing the anticipated cash-flow requirements of the 682 provider, and an applicant's access to contingency financing. A 683 party participating in the administrative hearing regarding the 684 issuance of the certificate of need for a general hospital may 685 provide written comments concerning the adequacy of the 686 financial information provided, but such party does not have 687 standing to participate in an administrative proceeding 688 regarding proof of the applicant's financial ability to operate. 689 The agency may require a licensee to provide proof of financial 690 ability to operate at any time if there is evidence of financial 691 instability, including, but not limited to, unpaid expenses 692 necessary for the basic operations of the provider. 693 (2) (2) (3) The applicant must certify that it will license and

operate the health care facility. For an existing health care facility, the applicant must be the licenseholder of the facility.

697 Section 6. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (3), 698 paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (5), and paragraph (d) of 699 subsection (6) of section 408.039, Florida Statutes, are amended 700 to read:

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701	408.039 Review process.—The review process for
702	certificates of need shall be as follows:
703	(3) APPLICATION PROCESSING
704	(c) Except for competing applicants, in order to be
705	eligible to challenge the agency decision on a general hospital
706	application under review pursuant to paragraph (5)(c), existing
707	hospitals must submit a detailed written statement of opposition
708	to the agency and to the applicant. The detailed written
709	statement must be received by the agency and the applicant
710	within 21 days after the general hospital application is deemed
711	complete and made available to the public.
712	(d) In those cases where a written statement of opposition
713	has been timely filed regarding a certificate of need
714	application for a general hospital, the applicant for the
715	general hospital may submit a written response to the agency.
716	Such response must be received by the agency within 10 days of
717	the written statement due date.
718	(5) ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS.—
719	(b) Hearings shall be held in Tallahassee unless the
720	administrative law judge determines that changing the location
721	will facilitate the proceedings. The agency shall assign
722	proceedings requiring hearings to the Division of Administrative
723	Hearings of the Department of Management Services within 10 days
724	after the time has expired for requesting a hearing. Except upon
725	unanimous consent of the parties or upon the granting by the
726	administrative law judge of a motion of continuance, hearings
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727 shall commence within 60 days after the administrative law judge 728 has been assigned. For an application for a general hospital, 729 administrative hearings shall commence within 6 months after the 730 administrative law judge has been assigned, and a continuance 731 may not be granted absent a finding of extraordinary 732 circumstances by the administrative law judge. All parties, 733 except the agency, shall bear their own expense of preparing a 734 transcript. In any application for a certificate of need which 735 is referred to the Division of Administrative Hearings for hearing, the administrative law judge shall complete and submit 736 to the parties a recommended order as provided in ss. 120.569 737 738 and 120.57. The recommended order shall be issued within 30 days 739 after the receipt of the proposed recommended orders or the 740 deadline for submission of such proposed recommended orders, 741 whichever is earlier. The division shall adopt procedures for 742 administrative hearings which shall maximize the use of 743 stipulated facts and shall provide for the admission of prepared 744 testimony.

745 (C) In administrative proceedings challenging the issuance 746 or denial of a certificate of need, only applicants considered 747 by the agency in the same batching cycle are entitled to a 748 comparative hearing on their applications. Existing health care 749 facilities may initiate or intervene in an administrative 750 hearing upon a showing that an established program will be 751 substantially affected by the issuance of any certificate of 752 need, whether reviewed under s. 408.036(1) or (2), to a

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754With respect to an application for a general hospital, competing applicants and only those existing hospitals that submitted a detailed written statement of opposition to an application as provided in this paragraph may initiate or intervene in an administrative hearing. Such challenges to a general hospital application shall be limited in acope to the issues raised in the detailed written statement of opposition that was provided to the agency. The administrative law judge may, upon a motion showing good cause, expand the acope of the issues to be heard at the hearing. Such motion shall include substantial and detailed facts and reasons for failure to include such issues in the original written statement of opposition. (6) JUDICIAL REVIEW767(d) The party appealing a final order that grants a general hospital certificate of need shall pay the appellec's atterney's fees and costs, in an amount up to \$1 million, from the beginning of the original administrative action if the appealing a final order must post a bond in the amount of \$1 million in order to maintain the appeal. 2. Except as provided under s. 120.595(5), in no event shall the agency be held liable for any other party's attorney's fees or costs.778Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 408.043, Florida Page 30 of 31	753	competing proposed facility or program within the same district.
1.11.1756detailed written statement of opposition to an application as757provided in this paragraph may initiate or intervene in an758administrative hearing. Such challenges to a general hoopital759application shall be limited in scope to the issues raised in760the detailed written statement of opposition that was provided761to the agency. The administrative law judge may, upon a motion762showing good cause, expand the scope of the issues to be heard763at the hearing. Such motion shall include substantial and764detailed facts and reasons for failure to include such issues in765the original written statement of opposition.766(6)JUDICIAL REVIEW767(d) The party appealing a final order that grants a768general hospital certificate of need shall pay the appellee's769attorney's fees and costs, in an amount up to \$1 million, from770the beginning of the original administrative action if the771appealing party loses the appeal, subject to the following772limitations and requirements:773. The party appealing a final order must post a bond in774the amount of \$1 million in order to maintain the appeal.7752. Except as provided under s. 120.595(5), in no event776shall the agency be held liable for any other party's attorney's777fees or costs.778Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 408.043, Florida	754	With respect to an application for a general hospital, competing
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778 Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 408.043, Florida	776	shall the agency be held liable for any other party's attorney's
	777	fees or costs.
Page 30 of 31	778	Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 408.043, Florida
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Statutes, is amended to read: 779 780 408.043 Special provisions.-781 (1) OSTEOPATHIC ACUTE CARE HOSPITALS. - When an application 782 is made for a certificate of need to construct or to expand an osteopathic acute care hospital, the need for such hospital 783 784 shall be determined on the basis of the need for and 785 availability of osteopathic services and osteopathic acute care 786 hospitals in the district. When a prior certificate of need to 787 establish an osteopathic acute care hospital has been issued in 788 a district, and the facility is no longer used for that purpose, 789 the agency may continue to count such facility and beds as an 790 existing osteopathic facility in any subsequent application for 791 construction of an osteopathic acute care hospital. 792 Section 8. Subsection (5) of section 395.605, Florida 793 Statutes, is amended to read: 794 395.605 Emergency care hospitals.-795 (5) Rural hospitals that make application under the 796 certificate-of-need program to be licensed as emergency care 797 hospitals shall receive expedited review as defined in s. 798 408.032. Emergency care hospitals seeking relicensure as acute care general hospitals shall also receive expedited review. 799 800 Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.