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A bill to be entitled An act relating to economic development; amending s. 202.11, F.S.; revising the definition of "prepaid calling arrangement"; providing for retroactive applicability and construction; amending s. 203.01, F.S.; imposing an additional rate on gross receipts for electrical power or energy; revising exemptions from the tax on gross receipts for utility and communications services; providing exemptions from the additional tax on gross receipts from electrical power or energy; requiring the additional tax to be excluded from the taxable base on which gross receipts are calculated under certain circumstances; amending s. 212.05, F.S.; revising the definition of "prepaid calling arrangement" to clarify and update which services are included under the definition and subject to sales tax; reducing the sales tax rate for charges for electrical power or energy; providing for retroactive applicability and construction; amending s. 212.08, F.S.; extending the expiration date applicable to the granting of community contribution tax credits against the sales and use tax for contributions to eligible sponsors of community projects approved by the Department of Economic Opportunity; revising a provision exempting certain machinery and equipment from the sales and use tax to

Page 1 of 50

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exempt certain mixer drums and parts and labor required to affix certain mixer drums to mixer trucks from the sales and use tax; exempting sales of child restraint systems and booster seats for use in motor vehicles and youth bicycle helmets from the sales and use tax; amending s. 212.12, F.S.; conforming a provision to a change made by the act; amending s. 212.20, F.S.; requiring the Department of Revenue to distribute funds to the State Transportation Trust Fund for strategic and regionally significant transportation projects; amending s. 220.14, F.S.; increasing the amount of income that is exempt from the corporate income tax; providing applicability; amending s. 220.183, F.S.; extending the expiration date applicable to the granting of community contribution tax credits against the corporate income tax for contributions to eligible sponsors of community projects approved by the Department of Economic Opportunity; amending s. 220.63, F.S.; increasing the amount of income that is exempt from the franchise tax imposed on banks and savings associations; providing applicability; creating s. 288.127, F.S.; providing definitions; providing a purpose; creating the Qualified Television Loan Fund; requiring the Department of Economic Opportunity to contract with a fund administrator; providing fund

Page 2 of 50

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administrator qualifications; providing for the fund administrator's compensation and removal; specifying the fund administrator powers and duties; providing the structure of the loans; providing qualified television content criteria; requiring the Auditor General to conduct an operational audit of the fund and the fund administrator; authorizing the department to adopt rules; providing for expiration of the act; providing emergency rulemaking authority; amending s. 288.9914, F.S.; revising limits on tax credits that may be approved by the Department of Economic Opportunity under the New Markets Development Program; creating s. 339.0803, F.S.; requiring a specified amount of funds deposited into the State Transportation Trust Fund to be used annually for strategic and regionally significant transportation projects; amending s. 624.5105, F.S.; extending the expiration date applicable to the granting of community contribution tax credits against the insurance premium tax for contributions to eligible sponsors of community projects approved by the Department of Economic Opportunity; providing for a sales tax holiday for certain Energy Star and WaterSense products; providing restrictions; providing definitions; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules; providing that the admissions

Page 3 of 50

HB 5601 2014

tax may not be levied on the sale of athletic, exercise, and physical fitness facility memberships by certain health studios during a specified period; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules; specifying a period during which the sale of clothing, wallets, bags, school supplies, personal computers, and personal computer-related accessories are exempt from the sales tax; providing definitions; providing exceptions; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules; providing an exemption from the sales and use tax for sales during a specified period of certain tangible personal property related to hurricane preparedness; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules; providing appropriations; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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- Subsection (9) of section 202.11, Florida Section 1. Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 202.11 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
- "Prepaid calling arrangement" means: the separately stated retail sale by advance payment of
- 103 (a) A right to use communications services, other than 104 mobile communications services, for which a separately stated

Page 4 of 50

price must be paid in advance, which is sold at retail in predetermined units that decline in number with use on a predetermined basis, and which that consist exclusively of telephone calls originated by using an access number, authorization code, or other means that may be manually, electronically, or otherwise entered; or and that are sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount.

- (b) A right to use mobile communications services that must be paid for in advance and is sold at retail in predetermined units that expire or decline in number on a predetermined basis if:
- 1. The purchaser's right to use mobile communications
  services terminates upon all purchased units expiring or being
  exhausted unless the purchaser pays for additional units;
- 2. The purchaser is not required to purchase additional units; and
- 3. Any right of the purchaser to use units to obtain communications services other than mobile communications services is limited to services that are provided to or through the same handset or other electronic device that is used by the purchaser to access mobile communications services.

Predetermined units described in this subsection may be quantified as amounts of usage, time, money, or a combination of these or other means of measurement.

Page 5 of 50

131	Section 2. The amendments made by this act to s. 202.11,
132	Florida Statutes, are intended to be remedial in nature and
133	apply retroactively, but do not provide a basis for an
134	assessment of any tax not paid or create a right to a refund or
135	credit of any tax paid before the effective date of this act.
136	Section 3. Subsections (5) through (9) of section 203.01,
137	Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (6) through
138	(10), respectively, paragraph (b) of subsection (1), paragraph
139	(d) of subsection (3), and present subsections (4) and (8) are
140	amended, and a new subsection (4) is added to that section, to
141	read:
142	203.01 Tax on gross receipts for utility and
143	communications services.—
144	(1)
145	(b)1. The rate applied to utility services shall be 2.5
146	percent.
147	2. The rate applied to communications services shall be
148	2.37 percent.
149	3. There shall be an additional rate of 0.15 percent
150	applied to communication services subject to the tax levied
151	pursuant to s. $202.12(1)(a)$ , $(c)$ , and $(d)$ . The exemption
152	provided in s. 202.125(1) applies to the tax levied pursuant to
153	this subparagraph.
154	4. There shall be an additional rate of 3 percent applied
155	to the gross receipts for electrical power or energy delivered
156	to a retail consumer in this state. Notwithstanding s. 203.0111,

Page 6 of 50

any increase in the gross receipts tax provided by this subparagraph applies to charges for electrical power or energy on any bill dated on or after the date upon which the increase takes effect.

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- (3) The tax imposed by subsection (1) does not apply to:
- The sale or transportation  $to_r$  or use of  $to_r$  natural gas or manufactured gas to, or the use of natural gas or manufactured gas by, a person eligible for an exemption under s. 212.08(7)(ff)2. for use as an energy source or a raw material. Possession by a seller of natural or manufactured gas or by any person providing transportation or delivery of natural or manufactured gas of a written certification by the purchaser, certifying the purchaser's entitlement to the exclusion permitted by this paragraph, relieves the seller or person providing transportation or delivery from the responsibility of remitting tax on the nontaxable amounts, and the department shall look solely to the purchaser for recovery of such tax if the department determines that the purchaser was not entitled to the exclusion. The certification must include an acknowledgment by the purchaser that it will be liable for tax pursuant to paragraph (1)(f) if the requirements for exclusion are not met.
- (4) The additional rate imposed by subparagraph (1) (b) 4. does not apply to:
- (a) The sale of electrical power or energy to a person eligible for an exemption under s. 212.08(7)(ff) for use in operating machinery and equipment at a fixed location in this

Page 7 of 50

183 state;

- (b) The sale or transportation of electrical power or energy to, or the use of electrical power or energy by, a person eligible for an exemption under s. 212.08(5)(e) for certain agricultural purposes;
- (c) The sale or transportation of electrical power or energy to, or the use of electrical power or energy by, a person eligible for an exemption under s. 212.08(7)(j) for use as a household fuel;
- (d) The sale or transportation of electrical power or energy to, or the use of electrical power or energy by, a person eligible for an exemption under s. 212.08(15)(a) for use in an enterprise zone;
- (e) The sale or transportation of electrical power or energy to, or the use of electrical power or energy by, a person who holds a valid Consumer's Certificate of Exemption issued by the Department of Revenue;
- (f) The sale or transportation of electrical power or energy to, or the use of electrical power or energy by, foreign diplomats and consular personnel who hold a tax exemption card issued by the United States Department of State; or
- (g) The sale or transportation of electrical power or energy to, or the use of electrical power or energy by, the Federal Government or any federal department, commission, agency, or other instrumentality thereof.
  - (5) (4) The <u>taxes</u> tax imposed pursuant to this chapter

Page 8 of 50

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relating to the provision of any utility services at the option of the person supplying the taxable services may be separately stated as Florida gross receipts taxes tax on the total amount of any bill, invoice, or other tangible evidence of the provision of such taxable services and may be added as a component part of the total charge. Whenever a provider of taxable services elects to separately state such taxes tax as a component of the charge for the provision of such taxable services, every person, including all governmental units, shall remit the taxes  $\frac{\tan x}{\tan x}$  to the person who provides such taxable services as a part of the total bill, and the taxes are tax is a component part of the debt of the purchaser to the person who provides such taxable services until paid and, if unpaid, are is recoverable at law in the same manner as any other part of the charge for such taxable services. If a utility provider elects to separately state the additional rate imposed by subparagraph (1) (b) 4. on any bill, invoice, or other tangible evidence of the provision of such taxable service, the additional tax shall not be included as part of the taxable base on which the gross receipts tax is calculated. For a utility, the decision to separately state any increase in the rate of tax imposed by this chapter which is effective after December 31, 1989, and the ability to recover the increased charge from the customer shall not be subject to regulatory approval. (9) <del>(8)</del> Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (5)  $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$  and s. 212.07(2), sums that were charged or billed as taxes

Page 9 of 50

under this section and chapter 212 and that were remitted to the state in full as taxes shall not be subject to refund by the state or by the utility or other person that remitted the sums, when the amount remitted was not in excess of the amount of tax imposed by chapter 212 and this section.

Section 4. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 212.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 212.05 Sales, storage, use tax.—It is hereby declared to be the legislative intent that every person is exercising a taxable privilege who engages in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this state, including the business of making mail order sales, or who rents or furnishes any of the things or services taxable under this chapter, or who stores for use or consumption in this state any item or article of tangible personal property as defined herein and who leases or rents such property within the state.
- (1) For the exercise of such privilege, a tax is levied on each taxable transaction or incident, which tax is due and payable as follows:
  - (e) 1. At the rate of 6 percent on charges for:
- a. Prepaid calling arrangements. The tax on charges for prepaid calling arrangements shall be collected at the time of sale and remitted by the selling dealer.
- (I) "Prepaid calling arrangement" has the same meaning as provided in s. 202.11 means the separately stated retail sale by advance payment of communications services that consist

Page 10 of 50

exclusively of telephone calls originated by using an access number, authorization code, or other means that may be manually, electronically, or otherwise entered and that are sold in predetermined units or dollars whose number declines with use in a known amount.

- (III) The sale or recharge of a prepaid calling arrangement shall be treated as a sale of tangible personal property for purposes of this chapter, whether or not a tangible item evidencing such arrangement is furnished to the purchaser, and such sale within this state subjects the selling dealer to the jurisdiction of this state for purposes of this subsection.
- is due or payable if a purchaser of a prepaid calling arrangement, who has paid tax under this chapter on the sale or recharge of such arrangement, applies one or more units of the prepaid calling arrangement to obtain communications services as described in s. 202.11(9)(b)3., other services that are not communications services, or products.
- b. The installation of telecommunication and telegraphic equipment.

Page 11 of 50

c. Electrical power or energy, except that the tax rate for charges for electrical power or energy is 4 7 percent.

- 2. The provisions of s. 212.17(3) regarding credit for tax paid on charges subsequently found to be worthless are shall be equally applicable to any tax paid under the provisions of this section on charges for prepaid calling arrangements, telecommunication or telegraph services, or electric power subsequently found to be uncollectible. The term word "charges" under in this paragraph does not include any excise or similar tax levied by the Federal Government, any political subdivision of this the state, or any municipality upon the purchase, sale, or recharge of prepaid calling arrangements or upon the purchase or sale of telecommunication, television system program, or telegraph service or electric power, which tax is collected by the seller from the purchaser.
- Section 5. The amendments made by this act to s.

  212.05(1)(e)1.a., Florida Statutes, are intended to be remedial in nature and apply retroactively, but do not provide a basis for an assessment of any tax not paid or create a right to a refund or credit of any tax paid before the effective date of this act.
- Section 6. Paragraph (p) of subsection (5) and paragraph (j) of subsection (7) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, are amended, paragraph (kkk) of subsection (7), as created by chapter 2013-39, Laws of Florida, is amended, and paragraphs (lll) and (mmm) are added to subsection (7) of that section, to

Page 12 of 50

313 read:

212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

- (5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE.-
- (p) Community contribution tax credit for donations.-
- 1. Authorization.—Persons who are registered with the department under s. 212.18 to collect or remit sales or use tax and who make donations to eligible sponsors are eligible for tax credits against their state sales and use tax liabilities as provided in this paragraph:
- a. The credit shall be computed as 50 percent of the person's approved annual community contribution.
- b. The credit shall be granted as a refund against state sales and use taxes reported on returns and remitted in the 12 months preceding the date of application to the department for the credit as required in sub-subparagraph 3.c. If the annual credit is not fully used through such refund because of insufficient tax payments during the applicable 12-month period, the unused amount may be included in an application for a refund made pursuant to sub-subparagraph 3.c. in subsequent years against the total tax payments made for such year. Carryover credits may be applied for a 3-year period without regard to any

Page 13 of 50

339 time limitation that would otherwise apply under s. 215.26.

- 340 c. A person may not receive more than \$200,000 in annual 341 tax credits for all approved community contributions made in any 342 one year.
  - d. All proposals for the granting of the tax credit require the prior approval of the Department of Economic Opportunity.
    - e. The total amount of tax credits which may be granted for all programs approved under this paragraph, s. 220.183, and s. 624.5105 is \$10.5 million annually for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) and \$3.5 million annually for all other projects.
    - f. A person who is eligible to receive the credit provided for in this paragraph, s. 220.183, or s. 624.5105 may receive the credit only under the one section of the person's choice.
      - 2. Eligibility requirements.-
  - a. A community contribution by a person must be in the following form:
    - (I) Cash or other liquid assets;
  - (II) Real property;

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- (III) Goods or inventory; or
- 361 (IV) Other physical resources as identified by the 362 Department of Economic Opportunity.
- b. All community contributions must be reserved exclusively for use in a project. As used in this sub-

Page 14 of 50

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subparagraph, the term "project" means any activity undertaken by an eligible sponsor which is designed to construct, improve, or substantially rehabilitate housing that is affordable to lowincome or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28); designed to provide commercial, industrial, or public resources and facilities; or designed to improve entrepreneurial and job-development opportunities for low-income persons. A project may be the investment necessary to increase access to high-speed broadband capability in rural communities with enterprise zones, including projects that result in improvements to communications assets that are owned by a business. A project may include the provision of museum educational programs and materials that are directly related to any project approved between January 1, 1996, and December 31, 1999, and located in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to s. 290.0065. This paragraph does not preclude projects that propose to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income or very-low-income households on scattered sites. With respect to housing, contributions may be used to pay the following eligible low-income and very-low-income housing-related activities:

- (I) Project development impact and management fees for low-income or very-low-income housing projects;
- (II) Down payment and closing costs for eligible persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28);
- (III) Administrative costs, including housing counseling and marketing fees, not to exceed 10 percent of the community

Page 15 of 50

contribution, directly related to low-income or very-low-income

392 projects; and 393 Removal of liens recorded against residential (IV) 394 property by municipal, county, or special district local 395 governments when satisfaction of the lien is a necessary 396 precedent to the transfer of the property to an eligible person, 397 as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), for the purpose of 398 promoting home ownership. Contributions for lien removal must be 399 received from a nonrelated third party. 400 The project must be undertaken by an "eligible

- c. The project must be undertaken by an "eligible sponsor," which includes:
  - (I) A community action program;
- (II) A nonprofit community-based development organization whose mission is the provision of housing for low-income or very-low-income households or increasing entrepreneurial and job-development opportunities for low-income persons;
  - (III) A neighborhood housing services corporation;
  - (IV) A local housing authority created under chapter 421;
- 409 (V) A community redevelopment agency created under s.
- 410 163.356;

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- 411 (VI) A historic preservation district agency or 412 organization;
- 413 (VII) A regional workforce board;
- 414 (VIII) A direct-support organization as provided in s.
- 415 1009.983;
- 416 (IX) An enterprise zone development agency created under

Page 16 of 50

417 s. 290.0056;

- (X) A community-based organization incorporated under chapter 617 which is recognized as educational, charitable, or scientific pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and whose bylaws and articles of incorporation include affordable housing, economic development, or community development as the primary mission of the corporation;
  - (XI) Units of local government;
  - (XII) Units of state government; or
- (XIII) Any other agency that the Department of Economic Opportunity designates by rule.

- In no event may a contributing person have a financial interest in the eligible sponsor.
- d. The project must be located in an area designated an enterprise zone or a Front Porch Florida Community, unless the project increases access to high-speed broadband capability for rural communities with enterprise zones but is physically located outside the designated rural zone boundaries. Any project designed to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) is exempt from the area requirement of this sub-subparagraph.
- e.(I) If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-

Page 17 of 50

income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant the tax credits for those applications as follows:

- (A) If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor do not exceed \$200,000 in total, the credits shall be granted in full if the tax credit applications are approved.
- (B) If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor exceed \$200,000 in total, the amount of tax credits granted pursuant to sub-sub-sub-subparagraph (A) shall be subtracted from the amount of available tax credits, and the remaining credits shall be granted to each approved tax credit application on a pro rata basis.
- (II) If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other

Page 18 of 50

than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s.

420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant the tax credits for those applications on a pro rata basis.

3. Application requirements.-

- a. Any eligible sponsor seeking to participate in this program must submit a proposal to the Department of Economic Opportunity which sets forth the name of the sponsor, a description of the project, and the area in which the project is located, together with such supporting information as is prescribed by rule. The proposal must also contain a resolution from the local governmental unit in which the project is located certifying that the project is consistent with local plans and regulations.
  - b. Any person seeking to participate in this program must

Page 19 of 50

submit an application for tax credit to the Department of Economic Opportunity which sets forth the name of the sponsor, a description of the project, and the type, value, and purpose of the contribution. The sponsor shall verify the terms of the application and indicate its receipt of the contribution, which verification must be in writing and accompany the application for tax credit. The person must submit a separate tax credit application to the Department of Economic Opportunity for each individual contribution that it makes to each individual project.

- c. Any person who has received notification from the Department of Economic Opportunity that a tax credit has been approved must apply to the department to receive the refund. Application must be made on the form prescribed for claiming refunds of sales and use taxes and be accompanied by a copy of the notification. A person may submit only one application for refund to the department within any 12-month period.
  - 4. Administration.—

- a. The Department of Economic Opportunity may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 necessary to administer this paragraph, including rules for the approval or disapproval of proposals by a person.
- b. The decision of the Department of Economic Opportunity must be in writing, and, if approved, the notification shall state the maximum credit allowable to the person. Upon approval, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall transmit a copy of

Page 20 of 50

the decision to the Department of Revenue.

- c. The Department of Economic Opportunity shall periodically monitor all projects in a manner consistent with available resources to ensure that resources are used in accordance with this paragraph; however, each project must be reviewed at least once every 2 years.
- d. The Department of Economic Opportunity shall, in consultation with the statewide and regional housing and financial intermediaries, market the availability of the community contribution tax credit program to community-based organizations.
- 5. Expiration.—This paragraph expires June 30, 2016 2015; however, any accrued credit carryover that is unused on that date may be used until the expiration of the 3-year carryover period for such credit.
- entity by this chapter do not inure to any transaction that is otherwise taxable under this chapter when payment is made by a representative or employee of the entity by any means, including, but not limited to, cash, check, or credit card, even when that representative or employee is subsequently reimbursed by the entity. In addition, exemptions provided to any entity by this subsection do not inure to any transaction that is otherwise taxable under this chapter unless the entity has obtained a sales tax exemption certificate from the department or the entity obtains or provides other documentation as

Page 21 of 50

required by the department. Eligible purchases or leases made with such a certificate must be in strict compliance with this subsection and departmental rules, and any person who makes an exempt purchase with a certificate that is not in strict compliance with this subsection and the rules is liable for and shall pay the tax. The department may adopt rules to administer this subsection.

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- Household fuels.—Also exempt from payment of the tax imposed by this chapter are sales of utilities to residential households or owners of residential models in this state by utility companies who pay the gross receipts tax imposed under s.  $203.01(1)(b)1. \frac{203.01}{}$ , and sales of fuel to residential households or owners of residential models, including oil, kerosene, liquefied petroleum gas, coal, wood, and other fuel products used in the household or residential model for the purposes of heating, cooking, lighting, and refrigeration, regardless of whether such sales of utilities and fuels are separately metered and billed direct to the residents or are metered and billed to the landlord. If any part of the utility or fuel is used for a nonexempt purpose, the entire sale is taxable. The landlord shall provide a separate meter for nonexempt utility or fuel consumption. For the purposes of this paragraph, licensed family day care homes shall also be exempt.
  - (kkk) Certain machinery and equipment.-
- 1. Industrial machinery and equipment purchased by eligible manufacturing businesses which is used at a fixed

Page 22 of 50

location within this state, or a mixer drum affixed to a mixer truck, used at any location within this state to mix, agitate, and transport freshly mixed concrete in a plastic state, for the manufacture, processing, compounding, or production of items of tangible personal property for sale shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter. Parts and labor required to affix a mixer drum exempt under this paragraph to a mixer truck shall also be exempt. If at the time of purchase the purchaser furnishes the seller with a signed certificate certifying the purchaser's entitlement to exemption pursuant to this paragraph, the seller is relieved of the responsibility for collecting the tax on the sale of such items, and the department shall look solely to the purchaser for recovery of the tax if it determines that the purchaser was not entitled to the exemption.

- 2. For purposes of this paragraph, the term:
- a. "Eligible manufacturing business" means any business whose primary business activity at the location where the industrial machinery and equipment is located is within the industries classified under NAICS codes 31, 32, and 33. As used in this subparagraph, "NAICS" means those classifications contained in the North American Industry Classification System, as published in 2007 by the Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President.
- b. "Primary business activity" means an activity representing more than fifty percent of the activities conducted at the location where the industrial machinery and equipment is

Page 23 of 50

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- "Industrial machinery and equipment" means tangible personal property or other property that has a depreciable life of 3 years or more and that is used as an integral part in the manufacturing, processing, compounding, or production of tangible personal property for sale. A building and its structural components are not industrial machinery and equipment unless the building or structural component is so closely related to the industrial machinery and equipment that it houses or supports that the building or structural component can be expected to be replaced when the machinery and equipment are replaced. Heating and air conditioning systems are not industrial machinery and equipment unless the sole justification for their installation is to meet the requirements of the production process, even though the system may provide incidental comfort to employees or serve, to an insubstantial degree, nonproduction activities. The term includes parts and accessories for industrial machinery and equipment only to the extent that the parts and accessories are purchased prior to the date the machinery and equipment are placed in service.
  - 3. This paragraph is repealed April 30, 2017.
- (111) Motor vehicle child restraint.—The sale of a child restraint system or booster seat for use in a motor vehicle is exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.
- (mmm) Youth bicycle helmets.—The sale of a bicycle helmet marketed for use by youth is exempt from the tax imposed by this

Page 24 of 50

625 chapter.

Section 7. Subsection (11) of section 212.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 212.12 Dealer's credit for collecting tax; penalties for noncompliance; powers of Department of Revenue in dealing with delinquents; brackets applicable to taxable transactions; records required.—
- (11) The department shall make available in an electronic format or otherwise the tax amounts and brackets applicable to all taxable transactions that occur in counties that have a surtax at a rate other than 1 percent which transactions would otherwise have been transactions taxable at the rate of 6 percent. Likewise, the department shall make available in an electronic format or otherwise the tax amounts and brackets applicable to transactions taxable at  $\frac{4}{7}$  percent pursuant to s.  $\frac{212.05(1)}{(e)1.c.}$   $\frac{212.05(1)}{(e)}$  and on transactions which would otherwise have been so taxable in counties which have adopted a discretionary sales surtax.
- Section 8. Paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 212.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 212.20 Funds collected, disposition; additional powers of department; operational expense; refund of taxes adjudicated unconstitutionally collected.—
- (6) Distribution of all proceeds under this chapter and s. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be as follows:
  - (d) The proceeds of all other taxes and fees imposed

Page 25 of 50

pursuant to this chapter or remitted pursuant to s. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be distributed as follows:

- 1. In any fiscal year, the greater of \$500 million, minus an amount equal to 4.6 percent of the proceeds of the taxes collected pursuant to chapter 201, or 5.2 percent of all other taxes and fees imposed pursuant to this chapter or remitted pursuant to s. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be deposited in monthly installments into the General Revenue Fund.
- 2. After the distribution under subparagraph 1., 8.814 percent of the amount remitted by a sales tax dealer located within a participating county pursuant to s. 218.61 shall be transferred into the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund. Beginning July 1, 2003, the amount to be transferred shall be reduced by 0.1 percent, and the department shall distribute this amount to the Public Employees Relations Commission Trust Fund less \$5,000 each month, which shall be added to the amount calculated in subparagraph 3. and distributed accordingly.
- 3. After the distribution under subparagraphs 1. and 2., 0.095 percent shall be transferred to the Local Government Halfcent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund and distributed pursuant to s. 218.65.
- 4. After the distributions under subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3., 2.0440 percent of the available proceeds shall be transferred monthly to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Counties pursuant to s. 218.215.

Page 26 of 50

- After the distributions under subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3., 1.3409 percent of the available proceeds shall be transferred monthly to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities pursuant to s. 218.215. If the total revenue to be distributed pursuant to this subparagraph is at least as great as the amount due from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000, no municipality shall receive less than the amount due from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000. If the total proceeds to be distributed are less than the amount received in combination from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000, each municipality shall receive an amount proportionate to the amount it was due in state fiscal year 1999-2000.
  - 6. Of the remaining proceeds:

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a. In each fiscal year, the sum of \$29,915,500 shall be divided into as many equal parts as there are counties in the state, and one part shall be distributed to each county. The distribution among the several counties must begin each fiscal year on or before January 5th and continue monthly for a total of 4 months. If a local or special law required that any moneys accruing to a county in fiscal year 1999-2000 under the thenexisting provisions of s. 550.135 be paid directly to the

Page 27 of 50

district school board, special district, or a municipal government, such payment must continue until the local or special law is amended or repealed. The state covenants with holders of bonds or other instruments of indebtedness issued by local governments, special districts, or district school boards before July 1, 2000, that it is not the intent of this subparagraph to adversely affect the rights of those holders or relieve local governments, special districts, or district school boards of the duty to meet their obligations as a result of previous pledges or assignments or trusts entered into which obligated funds received from the distribution to county governments under then-existing s. 550.135. This distribution specifically is in lieu of funds distributed under s. 550.135 before July 1, 2000.

b. The department shall distribute \$166,667 monthly pursuant to s. 288.1162 to each applicant certified as a facility for a new or retained professional sports franchise pursuant to s. 288.1162. Up to \$41,667 shall be distributed monthly by the department to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11621 for a facility for a spring training franchise. However, not more than \$416,670 may be distributed monthly in the aggregate to all certified applicants for facilities for spring training franchises. Distributions begin 60 days after such certification and continue for not more than 30 years, except as otherwise provided in s. 288.11621. A certified applicant identified in this sub-subparagraph may not receive

Page 28 of 50

more in distributions than expended by the applicant for the public purposes provided for in s. 288.1162(5) or s. 288.11621(3).

- c. Beginning 30 days after notice by the Department of Economic Opportunity to the Department of Revenue that an applicant has been certified as the professional golf hall of fame pursuant to s. 288.1168 and is open to the public, \$166,667 shall be distributed monthly, for up to 300 months, to the applicant.
- d. Beginning 30 days after notice by the Department of Economic Opportunity to the Department of Revenue that the applicant has been certified as the International Game Fish Association World Center facility pursuant to s. 288.1169, and the facility is open to the public, \$83,333 shall be distributed monthly, for up to 168 months, to the applicant. This distribution is subject to reduction pursuant to s. 288.1169. A lump sum payment of \$999,996 shall be made, after certification and before July 1, 2000.
- e. The department shall distribute up to \$55,555 monthly to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11631 for a facility used by a single spring training franchise, or up to \$111,110 monthly to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11631 for a facility used by more than one spring training franchise. Monthly distributions begin 60 days after such certification or July 1, 2016, whichever is later, and continue for not more than 30 years, except as otherwise provided in s.

Page 29 of 50

755 288.11631. A certified applicant identified in this sub-756 subparagraph may not receive more in distributions than expended 757 by the applicant for the public purposes provided in s. 758 288.11631(3).

- f. The department shall distribute \$20 million by August 1 of each fiscal year and \$8 million on the first day of each subsequent month for the remainder of the fiscal year to the State Transportation Trust Fund to be used as directed by s. 339.0803.
- 7. All other proceeds must remain in the General Revenue Fund.
- Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 220.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.14 Exemption.

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- (1) In computing a taxpayer's liability for tax under this code, \$75,000 there shall be exempt from the tax \$50,000 of net income as defined in s. 220.12 is exempt from the tax or such lesser amount as will, without increasing the taxpayer's federal income tax liability, provide the state with an amount under this code which is equal to the maximum federal income tax credit which may be available from time to time under federal law.
- 777 Section 10. The amendments made by this act to s. 220.14,
  778 Florida Statutes, apply to taxable years beginning on or after
  779 January 1, 2015.
- 780 Section 11. Subsection (5) of section 220.183, Florida

Page 30 of 50

781 Statutes, is amended to read: 782 220.183 Community contribution tax credit. 783 EXPIRATION.—The provisions of this section, except 784 paragraph (1)(e), shall expire and be void on June 30, 2016 <del>2015</del>. 785 786 Section 12. Subsection (3) of section 220.63, Florida 787 Statutes, is amended to read: 788 220.63 Franchise tax imposed on banks and savings 789 associations.-790 (3) For purposes of this part, the franchise tax base is shall be adjusted federal income, as defined in s. 220.13, 791 792 apportioned to this state, plus nonbusiness income allocated to 793 this state pursuant to s. 220.16, less the deduction allowed in 794 subsection (5) and less \$75,000 \$50,000. 795 Section 13. The amendments made by this act to s. 220.63, 796 Florida Statutes, apply to taxable years beginning on or after 797 January 1, 2015. 798 Section 14. Section 288.127, Florida Statutes, is created 799 to read: 800 288.127 Qualified Television Loan Fund (QTV Fund) .-801 DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term: (1)(a) 802 "Fund administrator" means a private sector organization under contract with the department to manage and 803 804 administer the QTV Fund. 805 (b) "Major broadcaster" means broadcasting organizations

Page 31 of 50

that include, but are not limited to, television broadcasting

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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networks, cable television, direct broadcast satellite,
telecommunications companies, and internet streaming or other
digital media platforms.

- (c) "Private investment capital" means capital from private, nongovernmental funding sources that will be coinvested with the QTV Fund in segregated accounts.
- (d) "Qualified lending partner" means a financial institution, as defined in s. 655.005, selected by a fund administrator with demonstrated capability in providing financing to television production and specialized expertise in intellectual property, tax credit programs, customary broadcast license agreements, advertising inventories, and ancillary revenue sources, with a combined portfolio in film, television, and entertainment media of at least \$500 million.
- (e) "Qualified television content" means series, miniseries, or made-for-TV content produced by a qualified production company that has in place a distribution contract with a major broadcaster, under a customary broadcast license agreement. The term does not include a production that contains content that is obscene, as defined in s. 847.001.
- (2) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the QTV Fund is to create a public-private partnership in the form of a revolving loan fund to administer a loan program for television production. The QTV Fund shall be privately managed under state oversight to incentivize the use of this state as a site for producing qualified television content and to develop and sustain the

Page 32 of 50

workforce and infrastructure for television content production.

- (3) CREATION.—The Qualified Television Loan Fund is created within the department. The QTV Fund shall be a public fund that is privately managed by the fund administrator under contract entered into with the department. The department shall disburse the funds appropriated for this program to the fund administrator to invest in the QTV Fund during the existence of the program pursuant to this section and the contract entered into between the fund administrator and the department. State funds in the QTV Fund may be used only to enter into loan agreements and to pay any administrative costs or other authorized fees under this section.
- (a) The QTV Fund shall be a revolving loan fund that shall invest and reinvest the principal and interest of the fund in accordance with s. 617.2104, in such a manner as to not subject the funds to state or federal taxes and to be consistent with the investment policy statement adopted by the fund administrator. As the production companies repay the principal and interest for the QTV Fund, the state funds shall be returned, less any QTV Fund expenses, to the account to be lent to subsequent borrowers.
- (b) Funds from the QTV Fund shall be disbursed by the fund administrator through a lending vehicle to make short-term loans pursuant to this section.
  - (4) FUND ADMINISTRATOR.—

(a) The department shall contract with a fund

Page 33 of 50

administrator by September 1, 2014, and award the contract in accordance with the competitive bidding requirements in s. 287.057.

- (b) The department shall select as fund administrator a private sector entity that demonstrates the ability to implement the program under this section and that meets the requirements set forth in this section. Preference shall be given to applicants that are headquartered in this state. Additional consideration may be given to applicants with experience in the management of economic development or job creation-related funds. The qualifications for the fund administrator must include, but are not limited to, the following:
- 1. A demonstrated track record of managing private sector equity or debt funds in the entertainment and media industries.
- 2. The ability to demonstrate through a partnership agreement that a qualified lending partner is in place, with the capability of providing leverage of a minimum of 2.5 times the capital amount of the QTV Fund, for financing the production cost of qualified television content in the form of senior debt.
- (c) For overseeing and administering the QTV Fund, the fund administrator shall be paid an annual management fee equal to 5 percent of the assets under management during the first 5 years and 3 percent of the assets under management after the fifth year and for the remaining duration of the contract. However, after the first year of the QTV Fund, the annual management fee may not exceed the investment proceeds earned

Page 34 of 50

from the fund's completed loans. The annual management fee shall be paid from state funds in the QTV Fund and shall be paid in advance, in equal quarterly installments. Any additional private investment capital in the segregated accounts is responsible for its own management fees. In addition, the fund administrator may receive income or profit distribution equal to 20 percent of the net income of the QTV Fund on an annual basis. Such distribution may not be made from any principal funds from the original appropriation.

- (d) The fund administrator shall provide services defined under this section for the duration of the QTV Fund term unless removed for cause. Cause shall be further defined under the contract with the fund administrator and must include, but is not limited to, the engagement in fraud or other criminal acts by board members, incapacity, unfitness, neglect of duty, official incompetence and irresponsibility, misfeasance, malfeasance, nonfeasance, or lack of performance.
  - (5) FUND ADMINISTRATOR POWERS AND DUTIES.—
- (a) Authority to contract.—The fund administrator may enter into agreements with qualified lending partners for concurrent lending through the QTV Fund. A loan made by the qualified lending partner must be accounted for separately from the state funds or any other private investment capital. Such loan shall be made as senior debt. The fund administrator may raise private investment capital for mezzanine equity and other equity or raise junior capital for concurrent lending through

Page 35 of 50

the QTV Fund. However, loans from private investment capital may not be made at more favorable terms and conditions than the terms and conditions of the state funds in the QTV Fund. The state appropriation must be maintained in a separate account from any private investment capital and administered in a separate legal investment entity or entities. Private investment capital and loans shall be segregated from each other, and funds may not be commingled.

(b) General duties.—The fund administrator:

- 1. Shall prudently manage the funds in the QTV Fund as a revolving loan fund.
- 2. Shall contract with one or more qualified lending partners.
- 3. Shall provide improvement of the credit profile of a structured financial transaction for qualified production companies that produce qualified television content meeting the criteria in subsection (7).
- 4. May raise additional private investment capital to be held in separate accounts, in addition to the leverage provided by the qualified lending partner.
- 5. Shall administer the QTV Fund in accordance with this part.
- 6. Shall agree to maintain the recipient's books and records relating to funds received from the department according to generally accepted accounting principles and in accordance with the requirements of s. 215.97(7) and to make those books

Page 36 of 50

and records available to the department for inspection upon reasonable notice. The books and records must be maintained with detailed records showing the use of proceeds from loans to fund qualified television content.

7. Shall maintain its registered office in this state throughout the duration of the contract.

- (c) Financial reporting.—The fund administrator shall submit to the department by February 28 each year audited financial statements for the preceding tax year which are audited by an independent certified public accountant after the end of each year in which the fund administrator is under contract with the department. In addition to providing an independent opinion on the annual financial statements, such audit provides a basis to verify the segregation of state funds from those of any private investment capital.
- (d) Program reporting.—The fund administrator shall submit an annual report to the department by February 28 after the end of each year in which the fund administrator is under contract with the department. The report must include information on the loans made in the preceding calendar year and must include, but need not be limited to, the following:
  - 1. The name of the qualified television content.
- 2. The names of the counties in which the production occurred.
- 961 3. The number of jobs created and retained as a result of the production.

Page 37 of 50

4. The loan amounts, including the amount of private investment capital and funds provided by a qualified lending partner.

5. The loan repayment status for each loan.

- 6. The number, and amounts, of any loans with payments past due.
  - 7. The number, and amounts, of any loans in default.
  - 8. A description of the assets securing the loans.
- 9. Other information and documentation required by the department.
- (e) Plan of accountability.—The fund administrator shall submit an annual plan of accountability of economic development, including a report detailing the job creation resulting from the QTV Fund loans made during the current year and cumulatively since the inception of the program. The fund administrator shall also provide any additional information requested by the department pertaining to economic development and job creation in the state.
- (f) Conflict-of-interest statement.—The fund administrator shall provide a conflict-of-interest statement from its governing board certifying that no board member, director, employee, agent, or other person connected to or affiliated with the fund administrator is receiving or will receive any type of compensation or remuneration from a production company that has received or will receive funds from the loan program or from a qualified lending partner. The department may waive this

Page 38 of 50

requirement for good cause shown.

(6) LOAN STRUCTURE.

- (a) The QTV Fund may make loans to production companies to fund production costs or provide improvement of the credit profile of a structured financial transaction for qualified television content that meets the criteria requirements of subsection (7). To make a loan, the fund administrator shall take into consideration the types of eligible collateral, the credit worthiness of the project, the producer's track record, the possibility that the project will encourage, enhance, or create economic benefits, and the extent to which assistance would foster innovative public-private partnerships and attract private debt or equity investment.
- (b) The QTV Fund loan package shall be secured by contractual and predictable sources of repayment such as domestic and international broadcaster license agreements, tax credits, and other ancillary revenues that are derived from media content rights. Unsecured loans may not be made.
- (c) The loans shall be made on the basis of a second lien or primary security rights on the media assets listed in paragraph (b).
- (d) The QTV Fund shall provide funding only in conjunction with senior loans provided by a qualified lending partner. Loans from the QTV Fund may be subordinated to senior debt from the qualified lending partner and may not exceed 30 percent of the total production funding cost of any particular project.

Page 39 of 50

(e) The production company's repayment of any loan shall be in accordance with the broadcast license agreement and the delivery of qualified television content to the major broadcaster and shall be within 60 days after such delivery.

- (f) Loans made by the QTV Fund may not exceed 36 months in duration, except for extenuating circumstances for which the fund administrator may grant an extension upon making written findings to the department specifying the conditions requiring the extension.
- (g) With the exception of funds appropriated to the department for the loan program, the credit of the state may not be pledged. The state shall not be liable or obligated in any way for claims against the QTV Fund or against the qualified lending partner.
- (7) QUALIFIED TELEVISION CONTENT CRITERIA.—The fund administrator must consider at a minimum the following criteria for evaluating the qualifying television content:
- (a) The content is intended for broadcast by a major broadcaster on a major network, cable, or streaming channel.
- (b) The content is produced in this state, or a minimum of 80 percent of the production budget must be spent in this state. This requirement may be amended by the fund administrator upon notice to the department. Such notice must include a specific justification for the change and must be transmitted to the department in writing. The department has 10 business days to object to the change. If the department does not object to the

Page 40 of 50

change within 10 business days, the change is deemed acceptable by the department, and the fund administrator may grant the amendment to the requirement in this paragraph.

- (c) If the content is a series, there is a programming order for at least 13 episodes. This requirement may be amended by the fund administrator upon notice to the department. Such notice must include a specific justification for the change and must be transmitted to the department in writing. The department has 10 business days to object to the change. If the department does not object to the change within 10 business days, the change is deemed acceptable by the department, and the fund administrator may grant the amendment to the requirement in this paragraph.
- (d) The producer must have a contract in place with a major broadcaster to acquire content programming under a customary broadcast license agreement and the contract must cover at least 60 percent of the budget.
- (e) The producer must retain a foreign sales agent and must be able to provide the fund administrator with the foreign sales agent's official estimates of foreign and ancillary sales.
- (f) The project must be bonded and secured by an industry-approved completion guarantor if the production cost per episode exceeds \$1 million. This requirement may be waived if the loan applicant provides the fund administrator with evidence of adequate structure to protect the state's funds.
  - (8) AUDITOR GENERAL REPORT.—The Auditor General shall

Page 41 of 50

conduct an operational audit, as defined in s. 11.45, of the QTV Fund and fund administrator. The scope of review must include, but is not limited to, internal controls evaluations, internal audit functions, reporting and performance requirements for the use of the funds, and compliance with state and federal law. The fund administrator shall provide to the Auditor General any detail or supplemental data required.

- (9) RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.—The department may adopt rules to administer this section.
- (10) EXPIRATION.—This section expires December 31, 2024, at which point all funds remaining in the QTV Fund shall revert to the General Revenue Fund.
  - (11) EMERGENCY RULES.—

- (a) The executive director of the department is authorized, and all conditions are deemed met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54(4) for the purpose of implementing this section.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other law, the emergency rules adopted pursuant to paragraph (a) remain in effect for 6 months after adoption and may be renewed during the pendency of procedures to adopt permanent rules addressing the subject of the emergency rules.
- (c) This subsection expires October 1, 2015.

  Section 15. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 288.9914, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1092 288.9914 Certification of qualified investments;

Page 42 of 50

investment issuance reporting.-

(3) REVIEW.-

(c) The department may not approve a cumulative amount of qualified investments that may result in the claim of more than \$227.55 \$178.8 million in tax credits during the existence of the program or more than \$36.6 million in tax credits in a single state fiscal year. However, the potential for a taxpayer to carry forward an unused tax credit may not be considered in calculating the annual limit.

Section 16. Section 339.0803, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 339.0803 Funding for strategic and regionally significant transportation projects.—Funds deposited into the State

  Transportation Trust Fund pursuant to s. 212.20(6)(d)6.f. must be used annually, first as set forth in subsection (1), and then as set forth in subsection (2), notwithstanding any other provision of law.
- (1) Beginning in the 2014-2015 fiscal year and in each fiscal year thereafter, \$85 million shall be used annually for transportation projects within this state for existing or planned strategic transportation projects that connect major markets within this state or between this state and other states, focus on job creation, and increase this state's viability in the national and global markets.
- (2) Beginning in the 2014-2015 fiscal year and in each fiscal year thereafter, \$15 million shall be used annually for

Page 43 of 50

regionally significant transportation projects that support this state's economic regions and provide connectivity to and through rural areas. To be eligible for funding under this subsection, projects must be production-ready in the 5-year work program developed pursuant to s. 339.135. Funds required to be used under this subsection may be used to provide up to 75 percent of project costs for eligible projects. Preference shall be given to projects that have been identified as regionally significant in accordance with s. 339.155(4)(c), (d), and (e) and that have provided an increased level of non-state match.

Section 17. Subsection (6) of section 624.5105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 624.5105 Community contribution tax credit; authorization; limitations; eligibility and application requirements; administration; definitions; expiration.—
- (6) EXPIRATION.—The provisions of this section, except paragraph (1)(e), shall expire and be void on June 30,  $\underline{2016}$   $\underline{2015}$ .
- Section 18. <u>Sales tax holiday for Energy Star and</u> WaterSense products.—
- (1) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes, may not be collected during the period from 12:01 a.m. on

  September 19, 2014, through 11:59 p.m. on September 21, 2014, on the first \$1,500 of the sale price of a new Energy Star product or WaterSense product. However, a person is limited to one purchase of each specific type of Energy Star or WaterSense

Page 44 of 50

product listed in paragraph (2)(a) or paragraph (2)(b) with a sales price of \$500 or more. A second or subsequent purchase of a specific type of Energy Star product or WaterSense product with a sales price of \$500 or more is subject to tax.

(2) As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "Energy Star product" means a room air conditioner, air purifier, ceiling fan, clothes washer, clothes dryer, dehumidifier, dishwasher, freezer, refrigerator, water heater, swimming pool pump, or package of light bulbs that is designated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and the United States Department of Energy as meeting or exceeding each agency's requirements under the Energy Star program and that is affixed with an Energy Star label.
- (b) "WaterSense product" means a bathroom sink faucet, faucet accessory, high-efficiency toilet or urinal, showerhead, or weather or sensor-based irrigation controller that is recognized as water efficient by the WaterSense program sponsored by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and that is affixed with a WaterSense label.
- (3) The Department of Revenue may, and all conditions are deemed met to, adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to administer this section.
  - Section 19. Physical fitness admissions tax suspension.—
- (1) The tax levied under s. 212.04, Florida Statutes, may not be collected during the period from 12:01 a.m. on September 1, 2014, through 11:59 p.m. on September 8, 2014, on the sale of

Page 45 of 50

athletic, exercise, and physical fitness facility memberships by

a health studio registered under ss. 501.012-501.019, Florida

Statutes.

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- (2) The Department of Revenue may, and all conditions are deemed met to, adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to administer this section.
- Section 20. (1) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida

  Statutes, may not be collected during the period from 12:01 a.m.

  on August 1, 2014, through 11:59 p.m. on August 3, 2014, on the

  sale of:
  - (a) Clothing, wallets, or bags, including handbags, backpacks, fanny packs, and diaper bags, but excluding briefcases, suitcases, and other garment bags, having a sales price of \$100 or less per item. As used in this paragraph, the term "clothing" means:
    - 1. Any article of wearing apparel intended to be worn on
      or about the human body, excluding watches, watchbands, jewelry,
      umbrellas, and handkerchiefs; and
  - 2. All footwear, excluding skis, swim fins, roller blades, and skates.
    - (b) School supplies having a sales price of \$15 or less per item. As used in this paragraph, the term "school supplies" means pens, pencils, erasers, crayons, notebooks, notebook filler paper, legal pads, binders, lunch boxes, construction paper, markers, folders, poster board, composition books, poster paper, scissors, cellophane tape, glue or paste, rulers,

Page 46 of 50

computer disks, protractors, compasses, and calculators.

- (2) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes, may not be collected during the period from 12:01 a.m. on August 1, 2014, through 11:59 p.m. on August 3, 2014, on the first \$750 of the sales price of personal computers or personal computer-related accessories purchased for noncommercial home or personal use. As used in this subsection, the term:
- (a) "Personal computers" includes electronic book readers, laptops, desktops, handhelds, tablets, and tower computers. The term does not include cellular telephones, video game consoles, digital media receivers, or devices that are not primarily designed to process data.
- (b) "Personal computer-related accessories" includes keyboards, mice, personal digital assistants, monitors, other peripheral devices, modems, routers, and nonrecreational software, regardless of whether the accessories are used in association with a personal computer base unit. The term does not include furniture or systems, devices, software, or peripherals designed or intended primarily for recreational use.
- (c) "Monitors" does not include devices that have a television tuner.
- (3) The tax exemptions provided in this section do not apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as defined in s. 509.013(9), Florida Statutes, within a public lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), Florida Statutes, or within an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2),

Page 47 of 50

1223	<u>Florida Statutes.</u>
1224	(4) The Department of Revenue may, and all conditions are
1225	deemed met to, adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1)
1226	and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to administer this section.
1227	Section 21. (1) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida
1228	Statutes, may not be collected during the period from 12:01 a.m.
1229	on June 1, 2014, through 11:59 p.m. on June 12, 2014, on the
1230	<pre>sale of:</pre>
1231	(a) A portable self-powered light source selling for \$20
1232	or less.
1233	(b) A portable self-powered radio, two-way radio, or
1234	weatherband radio selling for \$50 or less.
1235	(c) A tarpaulin or other flexible waterproof sheeting
1236	selling for \$50 or less.
1237	(d) A self-contained first-aid kit selling for \$30 or
1238	<u>less.</u>
1239	(e) A ground anchor system or tie-down kit selling for \$50
1240	or less.
1241	(f) A gas or diesel fuel tank selling for \$25 or less.
1242	(g) A package of AA-cell, C-cell, D-cell, 6-volt, or 9-
1243	volt batteries, excluding automobile and boat batteries, selling
1244	for \$30 or less.
1245	(h) A nonelectric food storage cooler selling for \$30 or
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1247	(i) A portable generator used to provide light or
1248	communications or preserve food in the event of a power outage

Page 48 of 50

1249 selling for \$750 or less.

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- (j) Reusable ice selling for \$10 or less.
- 1251 (2) The Department of Revenue may, and all conditions are
  1252 deemed met to, adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1)
  1253 and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to administer this section.

Section 22. (1) For fiscal year 2014-2015, the sum of \$20

million of nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the General

Revenue Fund to the Economic Development Trust Fund of the

Department of Economic Opportunity for the purpose of making

disbursements in accordance with s. 288.127(3), Florida

Statutes.

- (2) For fiscal year 2014-2015, the sum of \$43,941 of nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Revenue for the purpose of administering section 18 of this act.
- (3) For fiscal year 2013-2014, the sum of \$223,048 of nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Revenue for the purpose of administering section 20 of this act. On June 30, 2014, the unexpended balance of this appropriation shall revert to the General Revenue Fund and be reappropriated for the same purpose for fiscal year 2014-2015.
- (4) For fiscal year 2013-2014, the sum of \$280,912 of nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Revenue for the purpose of administering section 21 of this act. On June 30, 2014, the unexpended balance

Page 49 of 50

L275	of this appropriation shall revert to the General Revenue Fund
L276	and be reappropriated for the same purpose for fiscal year 2014-
L277	<u>2015.</u>
L278	Section 23. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this

act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

1279

Page 50 of 50