LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House

Floor: WD/2R

04/23/2014 11:12 AM

Senator Bullard moved the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 1006.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.07 District school board duties relating to student discipline and school safety.—The district school board shall provide for the proper accounting for all students, for the attendance and control of students at school, for the creation of a safe and effective learning environment, and for the proper

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attention to health, safety, and other matters relating to the welfare of students, including the use of:

- (1) INTERVENTIONS FOR AND DISCIPLINE CONTROL OF STUDENTS.-
- (a) Adopt rules for interventions and for the control, discipline, in-school suspension, suspension, and exclusionary discipline expulsion of students and decide all cases recommended for expulsion. As used in this section, the term "exclusionary discipline" means a practice that removes a student from instruction time in the student's regular classrooms, including in-school suspension, out-of-school suspension, transfer to an alternative school, and expulsion. Suspension hearings are exempted from the provisions of chapter 120. Expulsion hearings shall be governed by ss. 120.569 and 120.57(2) and are exempt from s. 286.011. However, the student's parent must be given notice of the provisions of s. 286.011 and may elect to have the hearing held in compliance with that section. The district school board may prohibit the use of corporal punishment, if the district school board adopts or has adopted a written program of alternative control or discipline. In order to fulfill the paramount duty of this state to make adequate provisions for the education of all children residing within its borders in accordance with s. 1, Art. IX of the State Constitution, the district school board shall make every effort to reduce exclusionary discipline for minor misbehavior.
- (b) Require each student at the time of initial registration for school in the school district to note previous school expulsions, arrests resulting in a charge, and juvenile justice actions the student has had, and have the authority as the district school board of a receiving school district to

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honor the final order of expulsion or dismissal of a student by any in-state or out-of-state public district school board or private school, or lab school, for an act which would have been grounds for expulsion according to the receiving district school board's code of student conduct, in accordance with the following procedures:

- 1. A final order of expulsion shall be recorded in the records of the receiving school district.
- 2. The expelled student applying for admission to the receiving school district shall be advised of the final order of expulsion.
- 3. The district school superintendent of the receiving school district may recommend to the district school board that the final order of expulsion be waived and the student be admitted to the school district, or that the final order of expulsion be honored and the student not be admitted to the school district. If the student is admitted by the district school board, with or without the recommendation of the district school superintendent, the student may be placed in an appropriate educational program at the direction of the district school board.
- (2) CODE OF STUDENT CONDUCT.-Adopt a code of student conduct for elementary schools and a code of student conduct for middle and high schools and distribute the appropriate code to all teachers, school personnel, students, and parents, at the beginning of every school year. Each code must include appropriate interventions and shall be organized and written in language that is understandable to students and parents and shall be discussed at the beginning of every school year in

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student classes, school advisory council meetings, and parent and teacher association or organization meetings. Each code shall be based on the rules governing student conduct and discipline adopted by the district school board and shall be made available in the student handbook or similar publication. Each code shall include, but is not limited to:

- (a) Consistent policies and specific grounds for disciplinary action, including exclusionary discipline in-school suspension, out-of-school suspension, expulsion, and any disciplinary action that may be imposed for the possession or use of alcohol on school property or while attending a school function or for the illegal use, sale, or possession of controlled substances as defined in chapter 893.
- (b) Procedures to be followed for acts requiring discipline, including corporal punishment.
- (c) A discipline chart or matrix that indicates that a student is not subject to exclusionary discipline for unexcused tardiness, lateness, absence, or truancy; for violation of the school dress code or rules regarding school uniforms; or for behavior infractions that do not endanger the physical safety of other students or staff members, including, but not limited to, insubordination, defiance, disobedience, disrespect, or minor classroom disruptions. The discipline chart or matrix must also:
- 1. Provide guidance on appropriate interventions and consequences to be applied to behaviors or behavior categories as provided in subparagraph 2. The school district may define specific interventions and provide a list of interventions that must be used and documented before exclusionary discipline is considered unless a behavior poses a serious threat to school

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safety. The interventions may include, but are not limited to:

- a. Having a private conversation with the student about his or her behavior and underlying issues that may have precipitated the behavior.
- b. Providing an opportunity for the student's anger, fear, or anxiety to subside.
- c. Providing reflective activities, such as requiring the student to write an essay about his or her behavior.
- d. Participating in skill building and conflict resolution activities, such as social-emotional cognitive skill building, restorative circles, and restorative group conferencing.
 - e. Revoking student privileges.
- f. Referring a student to a school counselor or social worker.
 - q. Speaking to a student's parent.
- h. Referring a student to intervention outside the school setting.
- i. Ordering in-school detention or in-school suspension during lunch, after school, or on the weekend.
- 2. Outline specific behaviors or behavior categories. Each behavior or behavior category must include clear maximum consequences to prevent inappropriate exclusionary consequences for minor misbehavior and set clear requirements that must be satisfied before imposing exclusionary discipline. The chart or matrix must show that exclusionary discipline is a last resort to be used only in cases of serious misconduct if in-school interventions and consequences that do not lead to exclusionary consequences are insufficient.
 - (d) A glossary of clearly defined terms and behaviors.

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(e) (c) An explanation of the responsibilities, dignity, and rights of and respect for students, including, but not limited to, a student's right not to be discriminated against based on race, ethnicity, religion, disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity; a student's right to participate in with regard to attendance, respect for persons and property, knowledge and observation of rules of conduct, the right to learn, free speech and student publications, assembly, privacy, and participation in school programs, and school activities; and a student's right to exercise free speech, to assemble, and to maintain privacy.

- (f) An explanation of the school's dress code or rules regarding school uniforms.
- (d) 1. An explanation of the responsibilities of each student with regard to appropriate dress, respect for self and others, and the role that appropriate dress and respect for self and others has on an orderly learning environment. Each district school board shall adopt a dress code policy that prohibits a student, while on the grounds of a public school during the regular school day, from wearing clothing that exposes underwear or body parts in an indecent or vulgar manner or that disrupts the orderly learning environment.
- 2. Any student who violates the dress policy described in subparagraph 1. is subject to the following disciplinary actions:
- a. For a first offense, a student shall be given a verbal warning and the school principal shall call the student's parent or quardian.
- b. For a second offense, the student is ineligible to participate in any extracurricular activity for a period of time

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not to exceed 5 days and the school principal shall meet with the student's parent or quardian.

c. For a third or subsequent offense, a student shall receive an in-school suspension pursuant to s. 1003.01(5) for a period not to exceed 3 days, the student is ineligible to participate in any extracurricular activity for a period not to exceed 30 days, and the school principal shall call the student's parent or quardian and send the parent or quardian a written letter regarding the student's in-school suspension and ineligibility to participate in extracurricular activities.

(e) Notice that illegal use, possession, or sale of controlled substances, as defined in chapter 893, by any student while the student is upon school property or in attendance at a school function is grounds for disciplinary action by the school and may also result in criminal penalties being imposed.

(g) (f) Notice that use of a wireless communications device includes the possibility of the imposition of disciplinary action by the school or criminal penalties if the device is used in a criminal act. A student may possess a wireless communications device while the student is on school property or in attendance at a school function. Each district school board shall adopt rules governing the use of a wireless communications device by a student while the student is on school property or in attendance at a school function.

(g) Notice that the possession of a firearm or weapon as defined in chapter 790 by any student while the student is on school property or in attendance at a school function is grounds for disciplinary action and may also result in criminal prosecution.

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- (h) Notice that violence against any district school board personnel by a student is grounds for exclusionary discipline in-school suspension, out-of-school suspension, expulsion, or imposition of other disciplinary action by the school and may also result in criminal penalties being imposed.
- (i) Notice that violation of district school board transportation policies of a district school board, including disruptive behavior on a school bus or at a school bus stop, by a student is grounds for suspension of the student's privilege of riding on a school bus and may be grounds for disciplinary action by the school and may also result in criminal penalties being imposed.
- (j) Notice that a student who is determined to have brought a weapon or firearm, as defined in s. 790.001 or 18 U.S.C. s. 921, to school, to a school function, or onto school-sponsored transportation, or to have possessed a weapon or firearm at school, will be expelled from the student's regular school for at least 1 full year and referred to the criminal justice system or juvenile justice system.
- 1. A district school superintendent may consider the requirement of 1-year expulsion on a case-by-case basis and may request the district school board to modify the requirement by assigning the student to a disciplinary program or second chance school if:
 - a. The request for modification is in writing; and
- b. The modification is determined to be in the best interest of the student and the school district.
- 2.a. Simulating a firearm or weapon while playing or wearing clothing or accessories that depict a firearm or weapon



215 or expressing an opinion regarding a right guaranteed by the 216 Second Amendment to the United States Constitution is not grounds for disciplinary action or referral to the criminal 217 218 justice or juvenile justice system under this section or s. 219 1006.13. Simulating a firearm or weapon while playing includes, 220 but is not limited to: 221 (I) Brandishing a partially consumed pastry or other food 222 item to simulate a firearm or weapon. 223 (II) Possessing a toy firearm or weapon that is 2 inches or 224 less in overall length. 225 (III) Possessing a toy firearm or weapon made of plastic 226 snap-together building blocks. 227 (IV) Using a finger or hand to simulate a firearm or 228 weapon. 229 (V) Vocalizing sounds of an imaginary firearm or weapon. 230 (VI) Drawing a picture or possessing an image of a firearm 231 or weapon. 232 (VII) Using a pencil, pen, or other writing or drawing 233 utensil to simulate a firearm or weapon. 234 b. A student may be subject to disciplinary action if 235 simulating a firearm or weapon while playing substantially disrupts student learning, causes bodily harm to another person, 236 237 or places another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm. The 238 severity of consequences imposed upon a student, including 239 referral to the criminal justice or juvenile justice system, 240 must be proportionate to the severity of the infraction and 241 consistent with district school board policies for similar 242 infractions. If a student is disciplined for such conduct, the 243 school principal or his or her designee must call the student's

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parent. Disciplinary action resulting from a student's clothing or accessories shall be determined pursuant to paragraph (f) unless the wearing of the clothing or accessory causes a substantial disruption to student learning, in which case the infraction may be addressed in a manner that is consistent with district school board policies for similar infractions. This paragraph does not prohibit a public school from adopting a school uniform policy.

(k) (j) Notice that violation of the district school board's sexual harassment policy by a student is grounds for exclusionary discipline in-school suspension, out-of-school suspension, expulsion, or imposition of other disciplinary action by the school and may also result in criminal penalties being imposed.

(k) Policies to be followed for the assignment of violent or disruptive students to an alternative educational program.

(1) Notice that any student who is determined to have brought a firearm or weapon, as defined in chapter 790, to school, to any school function, or onto any school-sponsored transportation, or to have possessed a firearm at school, will be expelled, with or without continuing educational services, from the student's regular school for a period of not less than 1 full year and referred to the criminal justice or juvenile justice system. District school boards may assign the student to a disciplinary program or second chance school for the purpose of continuing educational services during the period of expulsion. District school superintendents may consider the 1year expulsion requirement on a case-by-case basis and request the district school board to modify the requirement by assigning

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the student to a disciplinary program or second chance school the request for modification is in writing and it is determined to be in the best interest of the student and the school system.

- (1) (m) Notice that any student who is determined to have made a threat or false report, as provided in defined by ss. 790.162 and 790.163, respectively, involving the school's school or school personnel's property, school transportation, or a school-sponsored activity may will be expelled, with or without continuing educational services, from the student's regular school for at least a period of not less than 1 full year and referred to the for criminal justice system or juvenile justice system prosecution. The code of student conduct must also provide notice that a district school superintendent boards may assign the student to a disciplinary program or second chance school for the purpose of continuing educational services during the period of expulsion. District school superintendents may consider the requirement of a 1-year expulsion requirement on a case-by-case basis and may request the district school board to modify the requirement by assigning the student to a disciplinary program or second chance school if the request for modification is in writing and the modification it is determined to be in the best interest of the student and the school system.
- (m) A clear and complete explanation of due process rights afforded to a student, including a student with a disability, and the types of exclusionary discipline to which a student may be subjected.
- (3) STUDENT CRIME WATCH PROGRAM. By resolution of the district school board, implement a student crime watch program to promote responsibility among students and to assist in the

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control of criminal behavior within the schools.

- (4) EMERGENCY DRILLS; EMERGENCY PROCEDURES. -
- (a) Formulate and prescribe policies and procedures for emergency drills and for actual emergencies, including, but not limited to, fires, natural disasters, and bomb threats, for all the public schools of the district which comprise grades K-12. District school board policies shall include commonly used alarm system responses for specific types of emergencies and verification by each school that drills have been provided as required by law and fire protection codes. The emergency response agency that is responsible for notifying the school district for each type of emergency must be listed in the district's emergency response policy.
- (b) Establish model emergency management and emergency preparedness procedures, including emergency notification procedures pursuant to paragraph (a), for the following lifethreatening emergencies:
 - 1. Weapon-use and hostage situations.
 - 2. Hazardous materials or toxic chemical spills.
- 3. Weather emergencies, including hurricanes, tornadoes, and severe storms.
 - 4. Exposure as a result of a manmade emergency.
- (5) EDUCATIONAL SERVICES IN DETENTION FACILITIES.—Offer educational services to minors who have not graduated from high school and eligible students with disabilities under the age of 22 who have not graduated with a standard diploma or its equivalent who are detained in a county or municipal detention facility as defined in s. 951.23. These educational services shall be based upon the estimated length of time the student



will be in the facility and the student's current level of functioning. District school superintendents or their designees shall be notified by the county sheriff or chief correctional officer, or his or her designee, upon the assignment of a student under the age of 21 to the facility. A cooperative agreement with the district school board and applicable law enforcement units shall be developed to address the notification requirement and the provision of educational services to these students.

(6) SAFETY AND SECURITY BEST PRACTICES.—Use the Safety and Security Best Practices developed by the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability to conduct a selfassessment of the school districts' current safety and security practices. Based on these self-assessment findings, the district school superintendent shall provide recommendations to the district school board which identify strategies and activities that the district school board should implement in order to improve school safety and security. Annually each district school board must receive the self-assessment results at a publicly noticed district school board meeting to provide the public an opportunity to hear the district school board members discuss and take action on the report findings. Each district school superintendent shall report the self-assessment results and school board action to the commissioner within 30 days after the district school board meeting.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

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======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:



360	Delete everything before the enacting clause
361	and insert:
362	A bill to be entitled
363	An act relating to student discipline and school
364	safety; amending s. 1006.07, F.S.; revising district
365	school board duties relating to student discipline and
366	school safety; requiring district school boards to
367	adopt rules for interventions and exclusionary
368	discipline; defining the term "exclusionary
369	discipline"; encouraging district school boards to
370	reduce exclusionary discipline for minor misbehavior;
371	revising the contents of the student code of conduct;
372	providing an effective date.