FOR CONSIDERATION By the Committee on Appropriations

A bill to be entitled

576-00885A-14

1

20147066

2 An act relating to tax administration; amending s. 3 195.096, F.S.; removing the requirement that the 4 department review the level of assessment of use-5 valued properties in its reviews of county assessment 6 rolls; amending s. 212.07, F.S.; conforming a cross-7 reference to changes made by the act; providing 8 monetary and criminal penalties for a dealer's willful 9 failure to collect certain taxes or fees after 10 receiving notice of such duty to collect from the 11 Department of Revenue; amending s. 212.12, F.S.; 12 deleting provisions relating to the imposition of 13 criminal penalties after Department of Revenue notice of requirements to register as a dealer or to collect 14 15 taxes; making technical and grammatical changes to provisions specifying penalties for making a false or 16 17 fraudulent return with the intent to evade payment of 18 a tax or fee; amending s. 212.14, F.S.; modifying the 19 definition of the term "person"; authorizing the 20 department to adopt rules relating to requirements for 21 a person to deposit cash, a bond, or other security 22 with the department in order to ensure compliance with 23 sales tax laws; making technical and grammatical 24 changes; amending s. 212.18, F.S.; providing criminal 25 penalties for a person who willfully fails to register as a dealer after receiving notice of such duty by the 2.6 27 department; making technical and grammatical changes; 28 reenacting s. 212.20, F.S., relating to the 29 disposition of funds collected, to incorporate changes

Page 1 of 22

	576-00885A-14 20147066
30	made by the act; amending s. 213.13, F.S.; revising
31	the date for transmitting funds collected by the
32	clerks of court to the department; amending s. 213.21,
33	F.S.; increasing the compromise authority for closing
34	agreements with taxpayers which can be delegated to
35	and approved by the executive director; creating s.
36	213.295, F.S., relating to automated sales suppression
37	devices; defining terms; subjecting a person to
38	criminal penalties and monetary penalties for
39	knowingly selling or engaging in certain other actions
40	involving a sales suppression device or phantom-ware;
41	providing that sales suppression devices and phantom-
42	ware are contraband articles under the Florida
43	Contraband Forfeiture Act; amending s. 443.131, F.S.;
44	imposing a requirement on employers to produce records
45	for the Department of Economic Opportunity or its tax
46	collection service provider as a prerequisite for a
47	reduction in the rate of reemployment tax; amending s.
48	443.141, F.S.; providing a method to calculate the
49	interest rate for past due employer contributions and
50	reimbursements, and delinquent, erroneous, incomplete,
51	or insufficient reports; increasing the number of days
52	for an employer to protest an assessment; providing
53	effective dates.
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55	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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57	Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section
58	195.096, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 2 of 22

1	576-00885A-14 20147066
59	195.096 Review of assessment rolls
60	(3)(a) Upon <u>completing the reviews</u> completion of review
61	pursuant to paragraph (2)(f), the department shall publish the
62	results of reviews conducted under this section. The results
63	must include all statistical and analytical measures computed
64	under this section for the real property assessment roll as a
65	whole, the personal property assessment roll as a whole, and
66	independently for the following real property classes if the
67	classes constituted 5 percent or more of the total assessed
68	value of real property in a county on the previous tax roll:
69	1. Residential property that consists of one primary living
70	unit, including, but not limited to, single-family residences,
71	condominiums, cooperatives, and mobile homes.
72	2. Residential property that consists of two or more
73	primary living units.
74	3. Agricultural, high-water recharge, historic property
75	used for commercial or certain nonprofit purposes, and other
76	use-valued property.
77	3.4. Vacant lots.
78	4.5. Nonagricultural acreage and other undeveloped parcels.
79	5.6. Improved commercial and industrial property.
80	<u>6.</u> 7. Taxable institutional or governmental, utility,
81	locally assessed railroad, oil, gas and mineral land, subsurface
82	rights, and other real property.
83	
84	If one of the above classes constituted less than 5 percent of
85	the total assessed value of all real property in a county on the
86	previous assessment roll, the department may combine it with one
87	or more other classes of real property for purposes of
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Page 3 of 22

	576-00885A-14 20147066
88	assessment ratio studies or use the weighted average of the
89	other classes for purposes of calculating the level of
90	assessment for all real property in a county. The department
91	shall also publish such results for any subclassifications of
92	the classes or assessment rolls it may have chosen to study.
93	Section 2. Effective July 1, 2014, paragraph (b) of
94	subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 212.07, Florida
95	Statutes, are amended to read:
96	212.07 Sales, storage, use tax; tax added to purchase
97	price; dealer not to absorb; liability of purchasers who cannot
98	prove payment of the tax; penalties; general exemptions
99	(1)
100	(b) A resale must be in strict compliance with s. 212.18
101	and the rules and regulations, and any dealer who makes a sale
102	for resale which is not in strict compliance <u>is</u> with s. 212.18
103	and the rules and regulations shall himself or herself be liable
104	for and <u>must</u> pay the tax. Any dealer who makes a sale for resale
105	shall document the exempt nature of the transaction, as
106	established by rules <u>adopted</u> promulgated by the department, by
107	retaining a copy of the purchaser's resale certificate. In lieu
108	of maintaining a copy of the certificate, a dealer may document,
109	before prior to the time of sale, an authorization number
110	provided telephonically or electronically by the department, or
111	by such other means established by rule of the department. The
112	dealer may rely on a resale certificate issued pursuant to <u>s.</u>
113	<u>212.18(3)(d)</u> s. 212.18(3)(c) , valid at the time of receipt from
114	the purchaser, without seeking annual verification of the resale
115	certificate if the dealer makes recurring sales to a purchaser
116	in the normal course of business on a continual basis. For

Page 4 of 22

576-00885A-14 20147066 117 purposes of this paragraph, "recurring sales to a purchaser in 118 the normal course of business" refers to a sale in which the dealer extends credit to the purchaser and records the debt as 119 120 an account receivable, or in which the dealer sells to a 121 purchaser who has an established cash or C.O.D. account, similar 122 to an open credit account. For purposes of this paragraph, 123 purchases are made from a selling dealer on a continual basis if the selling dealer makes, in the normal course of business, 124 125 sales to the purchaser at least no less frequently than once in every 12-month period. A dealer may, through the informal 126 127 protest provided for in s. 213.21 and the rules of the 128 department of Revenue, provide the department with evidence of 129 the exempt status of a sale. Consumer certificates of exemption 130 executed by those exempt entities that were registered with the 131 department at the time of sale, resale certificates provided by 132 purchasers who were active dealers at the time of sale, and 133 verification by the department of a purchaser's active dealer status at the time of sale in lieu of a resale certificate shall 134 135 be accepted by the department when submitted during the protest 136 period, but may not be accepted in any proceeding under chapter 137 120 or any circuit court action instituted under chapter 72. 138 (3) (a) A Any dealer who fails, neglects, or refuses to

139 collect the tax <u>or fees imposed under this chapter</u> herein 140 provided, either by himself or herself or through the dealer's 141 agents or employees, is, in addition to the penalty of being 142 liable for and paying the tax <u>or fee himself or herself</u>, <u>commits</u> 143 guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 144 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

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(b) A dealer who willfully fails to collect a tax or fee

Page 5 of 22

	576-00885A-14 20147066
146	after the department provides notice of the duty to collect the
147	tax or fee is liable for a specific penalty of 100 percent of
148	the uncollected tax or fee. This penalty is in addition to any
149	other penalty that may be imposed by law. A dealer who willfully
150	fails to collect taxes or fees totaling:
151	1. Less than \$300:
152	a. For a first offense, commits a misdemeanor of the second
153	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
154	b. For a second offense, commits a misdemeanor of the first
155	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
156	c. For a third or subsequent offense, commits a felony of
157	the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
158	<u>775.083, or s. 775.084.</u>
159	2. An amount equal to \$300 or more, but less than \$20,000,
160	commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
161	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
162	3. An amount equal to \$20,000 or more, but less than
163	\$100,000, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as
164	provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
165	4. An amount equal to \$100,000 or more, commits a felony of
166	the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
167	775.083, or s. 775.084.
168	(c) The department shall give written notice of the duty to
169	collect taxes or fees to the dealer by personal service, by
170	sending notice to the dealer's last known address by registered
171	mail, or both.
172	Section 3. effective July 1, 2014, paragraph (d) of
173	subsection (2) of section 212.12, Florida Statutes, is amended
174	to read:

Page 6 of 22

576-00885A-14 20147066 175 212.12 Dealer's credit for collecting tax; penalties for 176 noncompliance; powers of Department of Revenue in dealing with 177 delinquents; brackets applicable to taxable transactions; 178 records required.-179 (2) 180 (d) A Any person who makes a false or fraudulent return and 181 who has with a willful intent to evade payment of any tax or fee 182 imposed under this chapter is; any person who, after the department's delivery of a written notice to the person's last 183 known address specifically alerting the person of the 184 185 requirement to register the person's business as a dealer, 186 intentionally fails to register the business; and any person 187 who, after the department's delivery of a written notice to the person's last known address specifically alerting the person of 188 189 the requirement to collect tax on specific transactions, 190 intentionally fails to collect such tax, shall, in addition to 191 the other penalties provided by law, be liable for a specific 192 penalty of 100 percent of any unreported or any uncollected tax 193 or fee. This penalty is in addition to any other penalty 194 provided by law. A person who makes a false or fraudulent return 195 with a willful intent to evade payment of taxes or fees 196 totaling: 197 1. Less than \$300: a. For a first offense, commits a misdemeanor of the second 198 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 199 200 b. For a second offense, commits a misdemeanor of the first 201 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 202 c. For a third or subsequent offense, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 203

Page 7 of 22

	576-00885A-14 20147066
204	<u>775.083, or s. 775.084.</u>
205	2. An amount equal to \$300 or more, but less than \$20,000,
206	commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
207	<u>s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.</u>
208	3. An amount equal to \$20,000 or more, but less than
209	\$100,000, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as
210	provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
211	4. An amount equal to \$100,000 or more, commits a felony of
212	the first degree, punishable and, upon conviction, for fine and
213	punishment as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
214	Delivery of written notice may be made by certified mail, or by
215	the use of such other method as is documented as being necessary
216	and reasonable under the circumstances. The civil and criminal
217	penalties imposed herein for failure to comply with a written
218	notice alerting the person of the requirement to register the
219	person's business as a dealer or to collect tax on specific
220	transactions shall not apply if the person timely files a
221	written challenge to such notice in accordance with procedures
222	established by the department by rule or the notice fails to
223	clearly advise that failure to comply with or timely challenge
224	the notice will result in the imposition of the civil and
225	criminal penalties imposed herein.
226	1. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
227	or fees is less than \$300, the first offense resulting in
228	conviction is a misdemeanor of the second degree, the second
229	offense resulting in conviction is a misdemeanor of the first
230	degree, and the third and all subsequent offenses resulting in
231	conviction is a misdemeanor of the first degree, and the third
232	and all subsequent offenses resulting in conviction are felonies

Page 8 of 22

I	576-00885A-14 20147066
233	of the third degree.
234	2. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
235	or fees is \$300 or more but less than \$20,000, the offense is a
236	felony of the third degree.
237	3. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
238	or fees is \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,000, the offense
239	is a felony of the second degree.
240	4. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
241	or fees is \$100,000 or more, the offense is a felony of the
242	first degree.
243	Section 4. Effective July 1, 2014, subsection (4) of
244	section 212.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
245	212.14 Departmental powers; hearings; distress warrants;
246	bonds; subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum
247	(4) In all cases where it is necessary to ensure compliance
248	with the provisions of this chapter, the department shall
249	require a cash deposit, bond <u>,</u> or other security as a condition
250	to a person obtaining or retaining a dealer's certificate of
251	registration under this chapter. Such bond <u>must</u> shall be in the
252	form and such amount as the department deems appropriate under
253	the particular circumstances. A Every person failing to produce
254	such cash deposit, bond <u>,</u> or other security <u>is</u> as provided for
255	herein shall not be entitled to obtain or retain a dealer's
256	certificate of registration under this chapter, and the
257	Department of Legal Affairs is hereby authorized to proceed by
258	injunction, if when so requested by the Department of Revenue,
259	to prevent such person from doing business subject to the
260	provisions of this chapter until such cash deposit, bond <u>,</u> or
261	other security is posted with the department, and any temporary

Page 9 of 22

1	576-00885A-14 20147066
262	injunction for this purpose may be granted by any judge or
263	chancellor authorized by law to grant injunctions. Any security
264	required to be deposited may be sold by the department at public
265	sale if it becomes necessary so to do in order to recover any
266	tax, interest <u>,</u> or penalty due. Notice of such sale may be served
267	personally or by mail upon the person who deposited <u>the</u> such
268	security. If by mail, notice sent to the last known address as
269	<u>it</u> the same appears on the records of the department <u>is</u> shall be
270	sufficient for the purpose of this requirement. Upon such sale,
271	the surplus, if any, above the amount due under this chapter
272	shall be returned to the person who deposited the security. <u>The</u>
273	department may adopt rules necessary to administer this
274	subsection. For the purpose of the cash deposit, bond, or other
275	security required by this subsection, the term "person" includes
276	those entities defined in s. 212.02(12), as well as:
277	(a) An individual or entity owning a controlling interest
278	<u>in a business;</u>
279	(b) An individual or entity that acquired an ownership
280	interest or a controlling interest in a business that would
281	otherwise be liable for posting a cash deposit, bond, or other
282	security, unless the department has determined that the
283	individual or entity is not liable for the taxes, interest, or
284	penalties described in s. 213.758; or
285	(c) An individual or entity seeking to obtain a dealer's
286	certificate of registration for a business that will be operated
287	at the same location as a previous business that would otherwise
288	have been liable for posting a cash deposit, bond, or other
289	security, if the individual or entity fails to provide evidence
290	that the business was acquired for consideration in an arms-

Page 10 of 22

20147066 576-00885A-14 291 length transaction. 292 Section 5. Effective July 1, 2014, subsection (3) of section 212.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 293 294 212.18 Administration of law; registration of dealers; 295 rules.-296 (3) (a) A Every person desiring to engage in or conduct 297 business in this state as a dealer, as defined in this chapter, 298 or to lease, rent, or let or grant licenses in living quarters 299 or sleeping or housekeeping accommodations in hotels, apartment 300 houses, roominghouses, or tourist or trailer camps that are subject to tax under s. 212.03, or to lease, rent, or let or 301 302 grant licenses in real property, as defined in this chapter, and 303 a every person who sells or receives anything of value by way of 304 admissions, must file with the department an application for a 305 certificate of registration for each place of business. The 306 application must include, showing the names of the persons who 307 have interests in such business and their residences, the address of the business, and such other data reasonably required 308 309 by as the department may reasonably require. However, owners and 310 operators of vending machines or newspaper rack machines are 311 required to obtain only one certificate of registration for each 312 county in which such machines are located. The department, by 313 rule, may authorize a dealer that uses independent sellers to 314 sell its merchandise to remit tax on the retail sales price 315 charged to the ultimate consumer in lieu of having the 316 independent seller register as a dealer and remit the tax. The 317 department may appoint the county tax collector as the 318 department's agent to accept applications for registrations. The 319 application must be submitted made to the department before the

Page 11 of 22

	576-00885A-14 20147066
320	 person, firm, copartnership, or corporation may engage in such
321	business, and it must be accompanied by a registration fee of
322	\$5. However, a registration fee is not required to accompany an
323	application to engage in or conduct business to make mail order
324	sales. The department may waive the registration fee for
325	applications submitted through the department's Internet
326	registration process.
327	(b) The department, upon receipt of such application, <u>shall</u>
328	will grant to the applicant a separate certificate of
329	registration for each place of business, which certificate may
330	be canceled by the department or its designated assistants for
331	any failure by the certificateholder to comply with any of the
332	provisions of this chapter. The certificate is not assignable
333	and is valid only for the person, firm, copartnership, or
334	corporation to which issued. The certificate must be placed in a
335	conspicuous place in the business or businesses for which it is
336	issued and must be displayed at all times. Except as provided in
337	this subsection, <u>a</u> no person <u>may not</u> shall engage in business as
338	a dealer or in leasing, renting, or letting of or granting
339	licenses in living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping
340	accommodations in hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses,
341	tourist or trailer camps, or real property <u>, or</u> as hereinbefore
342	defined, nor shall any person sell or receive anything of value
343	by way of admissions, without <u>a valid</u> first having obtained such
344	a certificate <u>. A</u> or after such certificate has been canceled; no
345	person <u>may not</u> shall receive <u>a</u> any license from any authority
346	within the state to engage in any such business without <u>a valid</u>
347	certificate first having obtained such a certificate or after
348	such certificate has been canceled. A person may not engage The

Page 12 of 22

576-00885A-14 20147066 engaging in the business of selling or leasing tangible personal 349 350 property or services or as a dealer; engage, as defined in this chapter, or the engaging in leasing, renting, or letting of or 351 352 granting licenses in living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping 353 accommodations in hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, or 354 tourist or trailer camps that are taxable under this chapter, or 355 real property; τ or engage the engaging in the business of 356 selling or receiving anything of value by way of admissions_{τ} 357 without a valid such certificate first being obtained or after 358 such certificate has been canceled by the department, is 359 prohibited.

360 (c)1. A The failure or refusal of any person who engages in 361 acts requiring a certificate of registration under this 362 subsection and who fails or refuses to register commits, firm, 363 copartnership, or corporation to so qualify when required 364 hereunder is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 365 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Such acts are, or subject 366 to injunctive proceedings as provided by law. A person who engages in acts requiring a certificate of registration and who 367 368 fails or refuses to register is also subject Such failure or 369 refusal also subjects the offender to a \$100 initial 370 registration fee in lieu of the \$5 registration fee required by 371 authorized in paragraph (a). However, the department may waive 372 the increase in the registration fee if it finds is determined 373 by the department that the failure to register was due to 374 reasonable cause and not to willful negligence, willful neglect, 375 or fraud.

376 <u>2.a. A person who willfully fails to register after the</u>
 377 <u>department provides notice of the duty to register as a dealer</u>

Page 13 of 22

	576-00885A-14 20147066
378	commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
379	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
380	b. The department shall provide written notice of the duty
381	to register to the person by personal service, by sending notice
382	by registered mail to the person's last known address, or both.
383	(d)(c) In addition to the certificate of registration, the
384	department shall provide to each newly registered dealer an
385	initial resale certificate that will be valid for the remainder
386	of the period of issuance. The department shall provide each
387	active dealer with an annual resale certificate. For purposes of
388	this section, the term "active dealer" means a person who is
389	currently registered with the department and who is required to
390	file at least once during each applicable reporting period.
391	<u>(e)</u> The department may revoke <u>a</u> any dealer's certificate
392	of registration <u>if</u> when the dealer fails to comply with this
393	chapter. <u>Before</u> Prior to revocation of a dealer's certificate of
394	registration, the department must schedule an informal
395	conference at which the dealer may present evidence regarding
396	the department's intended revocation or enter into a compliance
397	agreement with the department. The department must notify the
398	dealer of its intended action and the time, place, and date of
399	the scheduled informal conference by written notification sent
400	by United States mail to the dealer's last known address of
401	record furnished by the dealer on a form prescribed by the
402	department. The dealer is required to attend the informal
403	conference and present evidence refuting the department's
404	intended revocation or enter into a compliance agreement with
405	the department which resolves the dealer's failure to comply
406	with this chapter. The department shall issue an administrative
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Page 14 of 22

576-00885A-14 20147066 407 complaint under s. 120.60 if the dealer fails to attend the 408 department's informal conference, fails to enter into a 409 compliance agreement with the department resolving the dealer's 410 noncompliance with this chapter, or fails to comply with the 411 executed compliance agreement. 412 (f) (e) As used in this paragraph, the term "exhibitor" 413 means a person who enters into an agreement authorizing the 414 display of tangible personal property or services at a 415 convention or a trade show. The following provisions apply to 416 the registration of exhibitors as dealers under this chapter: 1. An exhibitor whose agreement prohibits the sale of 417 418 tangible personal property or services subject to the tax 419 imposed in this chapter is not required to register as a dealer. 420 2. An exhibitor whose agreement provides for the sale at 421 wholesale only of tangible personal property or services subject 422 to the tax imposed under in this chapter must obtain a resale 423 certificate from the purchasing dealer but is not required to 424 register as a dealer. 425 3. An exhibitor whose agreement authorizes the retail sale 426 of tangible personal property or services subject to the tax 427 imposed under in this chapter must register as a dealer and 428 collect the tax imposed under this chapter on such sales. 429 4. An Any exhibitor who makes a mail order sale pursuant to 430 s. 212.0596 must register as a dealer. 431 432 A Any person who conducts a convention or a trade show must make 433 his or her their exhibitor's agreements available to the 434 department for inspection and copying.

435 Section 6. Effective July 1, 2014, for the purpose of

Page 15 of 22

576-00885A-14 20147066 436 incorporating the amendment made by this act to subsection (3) 437 of section 212.18, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 212.20, Florida 438 439 Statutes, is reenacted to read: 440 212.20 Funds collected, disposition; additional powers of 441 department; operational expense; refund of taxes adjudicated 442 unconstitutionally collected.-443 (6) Distribution of all proceeds under this chapter and s. 444 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be as follows: (c) Proceeds from the fees imposed under ss. 212.05(1)(h)3. 445 446 and 212.18(3) shall remain with the General Revenue Fund. 447 Section 7. Subsection (5) of section 213.13, Florida 448 Statutes, is amended to read: 213.13 Electronic remittance and distribution of funds 449 450 collected by clerks of the court.-451 (5) All court-related collections, including fees, fines, 452 reimbursements, court costs, and other court-related funds that 453 the clerks must remit to the state pursuant to law, must be 454 transmitted electronically by the 10th 20th day of the month 455 immediately following the month in which the funds are 456 collected. 457 Section 8. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 213.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 458 459 213.21 Informal conferences; compromises.-460 (2) (a) The executive director of the department or his or 461 her designee is authorized to enter into closing agreements with 462 any taxpayer settling or compromising the taxpayer's liability 463 for any tax, interest, or penalty assessed under any of the 464 chapters specified in s. 72.011(1). Such agreements must shall

Page 16 of 22

	576-00885A-14 20147066
465	be in writing $\underline{\mathrm{if}}$ when the amount of tax, penalty, or interest
466	compromised exceeds \$30,000 <u>,</u> or for lesser amounts <u>, if</u> when the
467	department deems it appropriate or $\underline{ ext{if}}$ when requested by the
468	taxpayer. When a written closing agreement has been approved by
469	the department and signed by the executive director or his or
470	her designee and the taxpayer, it shall be final and conclusive;
471	and, except upon a showing of fraud or misrepresentation of
472	material fact or except as to adjustments pursuant to ss. 198.16
473	and 220.23, no additional assessment may be made by the
474	department against the taxpayer for the tax, interest, or
475	penalty specified in the closing agreement for the time period
476	specified in the closing agreement, and the taxpayer ${ m is}$ shall
477	not be entitled to institute any judicial or administrative
478	proceeding to recover any tax, interest, or penalty paid
479	pursuant to the closing agreement. The department is authorized
480	to delegate to the executive director the authority to approve
481	any such closing agreement resulting in a tax reduction of
482	<u>\$500,000</u> \$250,000 or less.
483	Section 9. Effective July 1, 2014, section 213.295, Florida
484	Statutes, is created to read:
485	213.295 Automated sales suppression devices
486	(1) As used in this section, the term:
487	(a) "Automated sales suppression device" or "zapper" means
488	a software program that falsifies the electronic records of
489	electronic cash registers or other point-of-sale systems,
490	including, but not limited to, transaction data and transaction
491	reports. The term includes the software program, any device that
492	carries the software program, or an Internet link to the
493	software program.

Page 17 of 22

1	576-00885A-14 20147066
494	(b) "Electronic cash register" means a device that keeps a
495	register or supporting documents through the use of an
496	electronic device or computer system designed to record
497	transaction data for the purpose of computing, compiling, or
498	processing retail sales transaction data in whatever manner.
499	(c) "Phantom-ware" means a hidden programming option
500	embedded in the operating system of an electronic cash register
501	or hardwired into the electronic cash register which may be used
502	to create a second set of records or eliminate or manipulate
503	transaction records, which may or may not be preserved in
504	digital formats, to represent the true or manipulated record of
505	transactions in the electronic cash register.
506	(d) "Transaction data" includes the identification of items
507	purchased by a customer; the price for each item; a taxability
508	determination for each item; a segregated tax amount for each of
509	the taxed items; the amount of cash or credit tendered; the net
510	amount returned to the customer in change; the date and time of
511	the purchase; the name, address, and identification number of
512	the vendor; and the receipt or invoice number of the
513	transaction.
514	(e) "Transaction report" means a report that documents, but
515	is not limited to documenting, the sales, taxes, or fees
516	collected, media totals, and discount voids at an electronic
517	cash register and is printed on a cash register tape at the end
518	of a day or a shift, or a report that documents every action at
519	an electronic cash register and is stored electronically.
520	(2) A person may not knowingly sell, purchase, install,
521	transfer, possess, use, or access an automated sales suppression
522	device, a zapper, or phantom-ware.
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Page 18 of 22

	576-00885A-14 20147066
523	(3) A person who violates this section:
524	(a) Commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as
525	provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
526	(b) Is liable for all taxes, fees, penalties, and interest
527	due the state which result from the use of an automated sales
528	suppression device, a zapper, or phantom-ware and shall forfeit
529	to the state as an additional penalty all profits associated
530	with the sale or use of an automated sales suppression device, a
531	zapper, or phantom-ware.
532	(4) An automated sales suppression device, a zapper,
533	phantom-ware, or any device containing such device or software
534	is a contraband article under ss. 932.701-932.706, the Florida
535	Contraband Forfeiture Act.
536	Section 10. Paragraph (h) of subsection (3) of section
537	443.131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
538	443.131 Contributions
539	(3) VARIATION OF CONTRIBUTION RATES BASED ON BENEFIT
540	EXPERIENCE
541	(h) Additional conditions for variation from the standard
542	rate.—An employer's contribution rate may not be reduced below
543	the standard rate under this section unless:
544	1. All contributions, reimbursements, interest, and
545	penalties incurred by the employer for wages paid by him or her
546	in all previous calendar quarters, except the 4 calendar
547	quarters immediately preceding the calendar quarter or calendar
548	year for which the benefit ratio is computed, are paid; and
549	2. The employer has produced for inspection and copying all
550	work records in his or her possession, custody, or control which
551	were requested by the Department of Economic Opportunity or its

Page 19 of 22

	576-00885A-14 20147066
552	tax collection service provider pursuant to s. 443.171(5). An
553	employer shall have at least 60 days to provide the requested
554	work records before the employer is assigned the standard rate;
555	and
556	3.2. The employer entitled to a rate reduction must have at
557	least one annual payroll as defined in subparagraph (b)1. unless
558	the employer is eligible for additional credit under the Federal
559	Unemployment Tax Act. If the Federal Unemployment Tax Act is
560	amended or repealed in a manner affecting credit under the
561	federal act, this section applies only to the extent that
562	additional credit is allowed against the payment of the tax
563	imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax act.
564	
565	The tax collection service provider shall assign an earned
566	contribution rate to an employer <u>for</u> under subparagraph 1. the
567	quarter immediately after the quarter in which all
568	contributions, reimbursements, interest, and penalties are paid
569	in full and all work records requested pursuant to s. 443.171(5)
570	have been produced for inspection and copying by the Department
571	of Economic Opportunity or the tax collection service provider.
572	Section 11. Effective January 1, 2015, paragraph (a) of
573	subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
574	443.141, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
575	443.141 Collection of contributions and reimbursements
576	(1) PAST DUE CONTRIBUTIONS AND REIMBURSEMENTS; DELINQUENT,
577	ERRONEOUS, INCOMPLETE, OR INSUFFICIENT REPORTS
578	(a) InterestContributions or reimbursements unpaid on the
579	date due bear interest at the rate of 1 percent per month
580	through December 31, 2014. Beginning January 1, 2015, the

Page 20 of 22

576-00885A-14 20147066 interest rate shall be calculated in accordance with s. 213.235, 581 582 except that the rate of interest may not exceed 1 percent per 583 month from and after the that date due until payment plus 584 accrued interest is received by the tax collection service 585 provider, unless the service provider finds that the employing 586 unit has good reason for failing to pay the contributions or 587 reimbursements when due. Interest collected under this 588 subsection must be paid into the Special Employment Security 589 Administration Trust Fund. 590 (2) REPORTS, CONTRIBUTIONS, APPEALS.-

591 (b) Hearings.-The determination and assessment are final 20 592 15 days after the date the assessment is mailed unless the 593 employer files with the tax collection service provider within 594 the 20 15 days a written protest and petition for hearing specifying the objections thereto. The tax collection service 595 596 provider shall promptly review each petition and may reconsider 597 its determination and assessment in order to resolve the petitioner's objections. The tax collection service provider 598 599 shall forward each unresolved petition remaining unresolved to 600 the department for a hearing on the objections. Upon receipt of 601 a petition, the department shall schedule a hearing and notify 602 the petitioner of the time and place of the hearing. The 603 department may appoint special deputies to conduct hearings who 604 shall and to submit their findings together with a transcript of 605 the proceedings before them and their recommendations to the 606 department for its final order. Special deputies are subject to 607 the prohibition against ex parte communications in s. 120.66. At 608 any hearing conducted by the department or its special deputy, evidence may be offered to support the determination and 609

Page 21 of 22

576-00885A-14 20147066 610 assessment or to prove it is incorrect. In order to prevail, 611 however, the petitioner must either prove that the determination and assessment are incorrect or file full and complete corrected 612 reports. Evidence may also be submitted at the hearing to rebut 613 614 the determination by the tax collection service provider that 615 the petitioner is an employer under this chapter. Upon evidence 616 taken before it or upon the transcript submitted to it with the 617 findings and recommendation of its special deputy, the department shall either set aside the tax collection service 618 619 provider's determination that the petitioner is an employer 620 under this chapter or reaffirm the determination. The amounts 621 assessed under the final order, together with interest and 622 penalties, must be paid within 15 days after notice of the final 623 order is mailed to the employer, unless judicial review is instituted in a case of status determination. Amounts due when 624 625 the status of the employer is in dispute are payable within 15 626 days after the entry of an order by the court affirming the 627 determination. However, a any determination that an employing 628 unit is not an employer under this chapter does not affect the 629 benefit rights of an any individual as determined by an appeals 630 referee or the commission unless:

631 1. The individual is made a party to the proceedings before632 the special deputy; or

633 2. The decision of the appeals referee or the commission
634 has not become final or the employing unit and the department
635 were not made parties to the proceedings before the appeals
636 referee or the commission.

637 Section 12. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this 638 act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

Page 22 of 22