A bill to be entitled

An act relating to sterile compounding; amending s. 465.003, F.S.; defining the terms "compounding" and "outsourcing facility" as used in the Florida Pharmacy Act; amending s. 465.0156, F.S.; providing additional grounds for administrative discipline of a nonresident pharmacy, to which penalties apply; authorizing the Board of Pharmacy to administratively discipline a nonresident pharmacy for certain conduct; deleting a requirement that the board first refer such conduct to a certain regulatory or licensing agency; providing that a nonresident pharmacy is subject to certain health care fraud provisions; creating s. 465.0158, F.S.; requiring a nonresident pharmacy and an outsourcing facility to hold a nonresident sterile compounding permit to ship, mail, deliver, or dispense a compounded sterile product into this state; providing permit application requirements; requiring the Department of Health to conduct an onsite inspection of a nonresident pharmacy or contract with a third party to conduct such inspection; requiring the department to accept a satisfactory inspection report from specified entities; providing restrictions on the shipment, mailing, delivery, or dispensation of a compounded sterile product by permittees, nonresident pharmacies, and applicants for

registration as a nonresident pharmacy; authorizing the board to administratively discipline a permittee for failing to comply with or violating certain provisions; providing rulemaking authority; amending s. 465.017, F.S.; authorizing the department to inspect a registered nonresident pharmacy or permittee; requiring such pharmacy or permittee to bear the cost of the inspection; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsections (18) and (19) are added to section 465.003, Florida Statutes, to read:

465.003 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

(18) "Compounding" means a practice in which a licensed pharmacist or, in the case of an outsourcing facility, a person acting under the supervision of a licensed pharmacist, combines, mixes, or alters ingredients of a drug or product to create another drug or product.

(19) "Outsourcing facility" means a single physical location registered as an outsourcing facility under the federal Drug Quality and Security Act, Pub. L. No. 113-54, at which sterile compounding of a product is conducted.

Section 2. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 465.0156, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (6) is added to

that section, to read:

465.0156 Registration of nonresident pharmacies.—

(4) The board may deny, revoke, or suspend registration of, or fine or reprimand, a nonresident pharmacy for failure to comply with s. 465.025, s. 465.017(2), s. 465.0158, or ~~with~~ any requirement of this section in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

(5) In addition to the prohibitions of subsection (4) the board may deny, revoke, or suspend registration of, or fine or reprimand, a nonresident pharmacy in accordance with ~~the provisions of~~ this chapter for conduct which causes or could cause serious bodily ~~injury~~ or ~~serious~~ psychological injury to a human or serious bodily injury to a nonhuman animal in ~~resident of~~ this state ~~if the board has referred the matter to the regulatory or licensing agency in the state in which the pharmacy is located and the regulatory or licensing agency fails to investigate within 180 days of the referral~~.

(6) A nonresident pharmacy is subject to the provisions of s. 456.0635.

Section 3. Section 465.0158, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

465.0158 Nonresident sterile compounding permit.—

(1) In order to ship, mail, deliver, or dispense, in any manner, a compounded sterile product into this state, a nonresident pharmacy registered under s. 465.0156, or an outsourcing facility as defined in s. 465.003, must hold a

nonresident sterile compounding permit. For purposes of this section, an outsourcing facility is a nonresident facility that is not a pharmacy.

(2) An application for a nonresident sterile compounding permit shall be submitted on a form furnished by the board. The board may require such information as it deems reasonably necessary to carry out the purposes of this section. The fee for an initial permit and biennial renewal of the permit shall be set by the board pursuant to s. 465.022(14).

(3) An applicant must submit to the board to obtain an initial permit, or to the department to renew a permit, the following:

(a) Proof of registration as an outsourcing facility with the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services if the applicant is eligible for such registration pursuant to the federal Drug Quality and Security Act, Pub. L. No. 113-54.

(b) Proof of registration as a nonresident pharmacy, pursuant to s. 465.0156, unless the applicant is an outsourcing facility, in which case the application must include proof of the active and unencumbered license, permit, or registration issued by the state, territory, or district in which the outsourcing facility is physically located which allows the outsourcing facility to engage in compounding and ship, mail, deliver, or dispense a compounded sterile product into this state.

(c) Written attestation by an owner or officer of the applicant, and by the applicant's prescription department manager or pharmacist in charge, that:

1. The applicant has read and understands the laws and rules governing sterile compounding in this state.

2. A compounded sterile product shipped, mailed, delivered, or dispensed into this state will meet or exceed this state's standards for sterile compounding.

3. A compounded sterile product shipped, mailed, delivered, or dispensed into this state must not have been, and may not be, compounded in violation of the laws and rules of the state in which the applicant is located.

(d) The applicant's existing policies and procedures for sterile compounding, which must comply with pharmacy standards in United States Pharmacopoeia chapter 797, to the extent required by board rule, or current good manufacturing practices for an outsourcing facility.

(e) A current inspection report from an inspection conducted by the regulatory or licensing agency of the state, territory, or district in which the applicant is located. The inspection report must reflect compliance with the requirements of this chapter. An inspection report is current if the inspection was conducted no more than 6 months before the date of submission of the application for the initial permit or no more than 1 year before the date of submission of the application for renewal of the permit. If an applicant is unable

to submit a current inspection report due to unforeseeable or other acceptable circumstances, as established by rule, or if an inspection has not been performed, the department shall:

1. Conduct, or contract with an entity approved by the board to conduct, an onsite inspection, for which all costs shall be borne by the applicant;

2. Accept a satisfactory inspection report in lieu of an onsite inspection, as determined by rule, from an entity approved by the board; or

3. Accept an inspection report from the United States Food and Drug Administration conducted pursuant to the federal Drug Quality and Security Act, Pub. L. No. 113-54, in lieu of an onsite inspection.

(4) A permittee may not ship, mail, deliver, or dispense a compounded sterile product into this state if the product was compounded in violation of the laws or rules of the state in which the permittee is located or does not meet or exceed this state's sterile compounding standards.

(5) In accordance with this chapter, the board may deny, revoke, or suspend the permit of, fine, or reprimand a permittee for:

(a) Failure to comply with the requirements of this section;

(b) A violation listed under s. 456.0635, s. 456.065, or s. 456.072;

(c) A violation under s. 465.0156(5); or

(d) A violation listed under s. 465.016.

(6) A nonresident pharmacy registered under s. 465.0156 which ships, mails, delivers, or dispenses a compounded sterile product into this state may continue to do so if the product meets or exceeds the standards for sterile compounding in this state, the product is not compounded in violation of any law or rule of the state where the pharmacy is located, and the pharmacy applies for and is issued a permit under this section on or before February 28, 2015.

(7) An applicant registering on or after October 1, 2014, as a nonresident pharmacy under s. 465.0156 may not ship, mail, deliver, or dispense a compounded sterile product into this state until the applicant is registered as a nonresident pharmacy and is issued a permit under this section.

(8) The board shall adopt rules as necessary to administer this section, including rules for:

(a) Developing an application for the permit required by this section.

(b) Determining how, when, and under what circumstances an inspection of a nonresident sterile compounding permittee shall be conducted.

(c) Evaluating and approving entities from which a satisfactory inspection report will be accepted in lieu of an onsite inspection by the department or an inspection by the licensing or regulatory agency of the state, territory, or district where the applicant is located.

Section 4. Section 465.017, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

465.017 Authority to inspect; disposal.—

(1) Duly authorized agents and employees of the department shall have the power to inspect in a lawful manner at all reasonable hours any pharmacy, hospital, clinic, wholesale establishment, manufacturer, physician's office, or any other place in the state in which drugs and medical supplies are compounded, manufactured, packed, packaged, made, stored, sold, offered for sale, exposed for sale, or kept for sale for the purpose of:

(a) Determining if any ~~of the~~ provision~~s~~ of this chapter or any rule adopted ~~promulgated~~ under its authority is being violated;

(b) Securing samples or specimens of any drug or medical supply after paying or offering to pay for such sample or specimen; or

(c) Securing such other evidence as may be needed for prosecution under this chapter.

(2) Duly authorized agents and employees of the department may inspect a nonresident pharmacy registered under s. 465.0156 or a nonresident sterile compounding permittee under s. 465.0158 pursuant to this section. The costs of such inspections shall be borne by such pharmacy or permittee.

(3) ~~(2)~~ (a) Except as permitted by this chapter, and chapters 406, 409, 456, 499, and 893, records maintained in a

pharmacy relating to the filling of prescriptions and the dispensing of medicinal drugs shall not be furnished to any person other than to the patient for whom the drugs were dispensed, or her or his legal representative, or to the department pursuant to existing law, or, in the event that the patient is incapacitated or unable to request said records, her or his spouse except upon the written authorization of such patient. Such records may be furnished in any civil or criminal proceeding, upon the issuance of a subpoena from a court of competent jurisdiction and proper notice to the patient or her or his legal representative by the party seeking such records.

(b) The board shall adopt rules establishing ~~to establish~~ practice guidelines for pharmacies to dispose of records maintained in a pharmacy relating to the filling of prescriptions and the dispensing of medicinal drugs. Such rules shall be consistent with the duty to preserve the confidentiality of such records in accordance with applicable state and federal law.

Section 5. This act shall take effect October 1, 2014.