$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$ the Committees on Appropriations; and Banking and Insurance; and Senator Bean

	576-02572-14 2014708c2
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to insurance claims; amending s.
3	626.601, F.S.; adding mediators and neutral evaluators
4	to the list of individuals or entities that the
5	Department of Financial Services or the Office of
6	Insurance Regulation may investigate for alleged
7	improper conduct; amending s. 627.3518, F.S.;
8	conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 627.409,
9	F.S.; providing that a claim for residential property
10	insurance cannot be denied based on certain credit
11	information; amending s. 627.4133, F.S.; providing
12	that a policy or contract be cancelled based on
13	certain credit information; amending s. 627.7015,
14	F.S.; revising the rule requirements relating to the
15	property insurance mediation program administered by
16	the department; creating s. 627.70151, F.S.; providing
17	grounds for challenging an umpire's impartiality in
18	estimating the amount of a property loss; amending s.
19	627.706, F.S.; redefining the term "neutral
20	evaluator"; amending s. 627.7074, F.S.; specifying
21	grounds for denying, suspending, or revoking approval
22	of a neutral evaluator; creating s. 627.7142, F.S.;
23	establishing a Claims Bill of Rights for residential
24	property insurance policyholders; providing that such
25	bill of rights does not provide a cause of action;
26	creating s. 627.715, F.S.; defining terms; providing
27	requirements for emergency mitigation repair
28	agreements; requiring an emergency mitigation
29	contractor to be appropriately certified or to possess

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30	a contracting license; amending s. 627.745, F.S.;
31	revising qualifications for mediators of personal
32	injury claims; providing grounds for denying,
33	suspending, or revoking the application or approval of
34	a mediator; providing an effective date.
35	
36	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
37	
38	Section 1. Section 626.601, Florida Statutes, is amended to
39	read:
40	626.601 Improper conduct; <u>investigation</u> inquiry;
41	fingerprinting
42	(1) The department or office may, upon its own motion or
43	upon a written complaint signed by <u>an</u> any interested person and
44	filed with the department or office, inquire into the any
45	alleged improper conduct of <u>an approved, certified, or</u> any
46	licensed insurance agency, agent, adjuster, service
47	representative, managing general agent, customer representative,
48	title insurance agent, title insurance agency, <u>mediator, neutral</u>
49	evaluator, continuing education course provider, instructor,
50	school official, or monitor group under this code. The
51	department or office may thereafter initiate an investigation of
52	any such <u>individual or entity</u> licensee if it has reasonable
53	cause to believe that the <u>individual or entity</u> licensee has
54	violated any provision of the insurance code. During the course
55	of its investigation, the department or office shall contact the
56	individual or entity licensee being investigated unless it
57	determines that contacting such <u>individual or entity</u> person
58	could jeopardize the successful completion of the investigation

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or cause injury to the public. (2) In the investigation by the department or office of the alleged misconduct, the <u>individual or entity licensee</u> shall, <u>if</u> whenever so required by the department or office, <u>open the</u> <u>individual's or entity's</u> cause his or her books and records to be open for inspection for the purpose of such inquiries. (3) The Complaints against <u>an individual or entity</u> any licensee may be informally alleged and <u>are not required to</u> <u>include language</u> need not be in any such language as is necessary to charge a crime on an indictment or information.

69 (4) The expense for any hearings or investigations 70 <u>conducted pursuant to under this section law</u>, as well as the 71 fees and mileage of witnesses, may be paid out of the 72 appropriate fund.

73 (5) If the department or office, after investigation, the 74 department or office has reason to believe that an individual a 75 licensee may have been found guilty of or pleaded guilty or nolo 76 contendere to a felony or a crime related to the business of 77 insurance in this or any other state or jurisdiction, the 78 department or office may require the individual licensee to file 79 with the department or office a complete set of his or her 80 fingerprints, which shall be accompanied by the fingerprint 81 processing fee specified set forth in s. 624.501. The 82 fingerprints must shall be taken by an authorized law 83 enforcement agency or other department-approved entity.

(6) The complaint and any information obtained pursuant to
the investigation by the department or office are confidential
and are exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07, unless the
department or office files a formal administrative complaint,

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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88	emergency order, or consent order against the <u>individual or</u>
89	<u>entity</u> licensee . Nothing in This subsection <u>does not</u> shall be
90	construed to prevent the department or office from disclosing
91	the complaint or such information as it deems necessary to
92	conduct the investigation, to update the complainant as to the
93	status and outcome of the complaint, or to share such
94	information with <u>a</u> any law enforcement agency <u>or other</u>
95	regulatory body.
96	Section 2. Subsection (9) of section 627.3518, Florida
97	Statutes, is amended to read:
98	627.3518 Citizens Property Insurance Corporation
99	policyholder eligibility clearinghouse program.—The purpose of
100	this section is to provide a framework for the corporation to
101	implement a clearinghouse program by January 1, 2014.
102	(9) The 45-day notice of nonrenewal requirement set forth
103	in <u>s. 627.4133(2)(b)5.b.</u> s. 627.4133(2)(b)4.b. applies when a
104	policy is nonrenewed by the corporation because the risk has
105	received an offer of coverage pursuant to this section which
106	renders the risk ineligible for coverage by the corporation.
107	Section 3. Section 627.409, Florida Statutes, is amended to
108	read:
109	627.409 Representations in applications; warranties
110	(1) Any statement or description made by or on behalf of an
111	insured or annuitant in an application for an insurance policy
112	or annuity contract, or in negotiations for a policy or
113	contract, is a representation and $rac{ ext{is}}{ ext{s}}$ not a warranty. Except as
114	provided in subsection (3), a misrepresentation, omission,
115	concealment of fact, or incorrect statement may prevent recovery
116	under the contract or policy only if any of the following apply:
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576-02572-14 2014708c2 117 (a) The misrepresentation, omission, concealment, or 118 statement is fraudulent or is material either to the acceptance 119 of the risk or to the hazard assumed by the insurer. 120 (b) If the true facts had been known to the insurer 121 pursuant to a policy requirement or other requirement, the 122 insurer in good faith would not have issued the policy or 123 contract, would not have issued it at the same premium rate, 124 would not have issued a policy or contract in as large an amount, or would not have provided coverage with respect to the 125 126 hazard resulting in the loss. 127 (2) A breach or violation by the insured of a any warranty, 128 condition, or provision of a any wet marine or transportation 129 insurance policy, contract of insurance, endorsement, or 130 application therefor does not void the policy or contract, or 131 constitute a defense to a loss thereon, unless such breach or 132 violation increased the hazard by any means within the control 133 of the insured. 134 (3) For residential property insurance, if a policy or 135 contract has been in effect for more than 90 days, a claim filed 136 by the insured cannot be denied based on credit information 137 available in public record. 138 Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 627.4133, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 139 140 627.4133 Notice of cancellation, nonrenewal, or renewal 141 premium.-142 (2) With respect to any personal lines or commercial 143 residential property insurance policy, including, but not

144 limited to, any homeowner's, mobile home owner's, farmowner's, 145 condominium association, condominium unit owner's, apartment

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576-02572-14 2014708c2 146 building, or other policy covering a residential structure or 147 its contents:

(b) The insurer shall give the first-named insured written 148 notice of nonrenewal, cancellation, or termination at least 100 149 150 days before the effective date of the nonrenewal, cancellation, or termination. However, the insurer shall give at least 100 151 152 days' written notice, or written notice by June 1, whichever is 153 earlier, for any nonrenewal, cancellation, or termination that 154 would be effective between June 1 and November 30. The notice 155 must include the reason or reasons for the nonrenewal, 156 cancellation, or termination, except that:

157 1. The insurer shall give the first-named insured written 158 notice of nonrenewal, cancellation, or termination at least 120 159 days <u>before</u> prior to the effective date of the nonrenewal, 160 cancellation, or termination for a first-named insured whose 161 residential structure has been insured by that insurer or an 162 affiliated insurer for at least <u>5 years before</u> a <u>5-year period</u> 163 <u>immediately prior to</u> the date of the written notice.

164 2. If cancellation is for nonpayment of premium, at least 165 10 days' written notice of cancellation accompanied by the reason therefor must be given. As used in this subparagraph, the 166 167 term "nonpayment of premium" means failure of the named insured 168 to discharge when due her or his obligations for paying the 169 premium in connection with the payment of premiums on a policy or an any installment of such premium, whether the premium is 170 171 payable directly to the insurer or its agent or indirectly under a any premium finance plan or extension of credit, or failure to 172 173 maintain membership in an organization if such membership is a 174 condition precedent to insurance coverage. The term also means

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576-02572-14 2014708c2 175 the failure of a financial institution to honor an insurance 176 applicant's check after delivery to a licensed agent for payment 177 of a premium τ even if the agent has previously delivered or 178 transferred the premium to the insurer. If a dishonored check 179 represents the initial premium payment, the contract and all contractual obligations are void ab initio unless the nonpayment 180 181 is cured within the earlier of 5 days after actual notice by 182 certified mail is received by the applicant or 15 days after notice is sent to the applicant by certified mail or registered 183 184 mail., and If the contract is void, any premium received by the 185 insurer from a third party must be refunded to that party in 186 full. 187 3. If such cancellation or termination occurs during the

first 90 days the insurance is in force and the insurance is canceled or terminated for reasons other than nonpayment of premium, at least 20 days' written notice of cancellation or termination accompanied by the reason therefor must be given unless there has been a material misstatement or misrepresentation or \underline{a} failure to comply with the underwriting requirements established by the insurer.

195 <u>4. After a policy or contract has been in effect for more</u> 196 <u>than 90 days, the insurer may not cancel or terminate the policy</u> 197 <u>or contract based on credit information available in public</u> 198 <u>records.</u>

199 <u>5.4</u>. The requirement for providing written notice by June 1 200 of any nonrenewal that would be effective between June 1 and 201 November 30 does not apply to the following situations, but the 202 insurer remains subject to the requirement to provide such 203 notice at least 100 days before the effective date of

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576-02572-14 2014708c2 204 nonrenewal: 205 a. A policy that is nonrenewed due to a revision in the 206 coverage for sinkhole losses and catastrophic ground cover 207 collapse pursuant to s. 627.706. 208 b. A policy that is nonrenewed by Citizens Property 209 Insurance Corporation, pursuant to s. 627.351(6), for a policy 210 that has been assumed by an authorized insurer offering 211 replacement coverage to the policyholder is exempt from the notice requirements of paragraph (a) and this paragraph. In such 212 213 cases, the corporation must give the named insured written 214 notice of nonrenewal at least 45 days before the effective date 215 of the nonrenewal. 216 217 After the policy has been in effect for 90 days, the policy may 218 not be canceled by the insurer unless there has been a material 219 misstatement, a nonpayment of premium, a failure to comply with 220 underwriting requirements established by the insurer within 90 days after the date of effectuation of coverage, or a 221 222 substantial change in the risk covered by the policy, or if the 223 cancellation is for all insureds under such policies for a given 224 class of insureds. This paragraph does not apply to individually 225 rated risks that have having a policy term of less than 90 days. 226 6.5. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an insurer 227 may cancel or nonrenew a property insurance policy after at 228 least 45 days' notice if the office finds that the early 229 cancellation of some or all of the insurer's policies is

230 necessary to protect the best interests of the public or 231 policyholders and the office approves the insurer's plan for 232 early cancellation or nonrenewal of some or all of its policies.

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233	The office may base such finding upon the financial condition of
234	the insurer, lack of adequate reinsurance coverage for hurricane
235	risk, or other relevant factors. The office may condition its
236	finding on the consent of the insurer to be placed under
237	administrative supervision pursuant to s. 624.81 or to the
238	appointment of a receiver under chapter 631.
239	7. 6. A policy covering both a home and a motor vehicle may
240	be nonrenewed for any reason applicable to either the property
241	or motor vehicle insurance after providing 90 days' notice.
242	Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section
243	627.7015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
244	627.7015 Alternative procedure for resolution of disputed
245	property insurance claims
246	(4) The department shall adopt by rule a property insurance
247	mediation program to be administered by the department or its
248	designee. The department may also adopt special rules which are
249	applicable in cases of an emergency within the state. The rules
250	shall be modeled after practices and procedures set forth in
251	mediation rules of procedure adopted by the Supreme Court. The
252	rules shall provide for:
253	(b) Qualifications, denial of application, suspension,
254	<u>revocation, and other penalties for</u> of mediators as provided in
255	s. 627.745 and in the Florida Rules <u>for</u> of Certified and <u>Court-</u>
256	Appointed Court Appointed Mediators, and for such other
257	individuals as are qualified by education, training, or
258	experience as the department determines to be appropriate.
259	Section 6. Section 627.70151, Florida Statutes, is created
260	to read:
261	627.70151 Appraisal; conflicts of interest.—An insurer that
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262	offers residential coverage as defined in s. 627.4025, or a
263	policyholder that uses an appraisal clause in a property
264	insurance contract to establish a process for using an impartial
265	umpire to estimate or evaluate the amount of loss, may challenge
266	an umpire's impartiality and disqualify the proposed umpire only
267	<u>if:</u>
268	(1) A familial relationship within the third degree exists
269	between the umpire and a party or a representative of a party;
270	(2) The umpire has previously represented a party or a
271	representative of a party in a professional capacity in the same
272	or a substantially related matter;
273	(3) The umpire has represented another person in a
274	professional capacity on the same or a substantially related
275	matter that includes the claim or the same property, and the
276	other person's interests are materially adverse to the interests
277	<u>of a party; or</u>
278	(4) The umpire has worked as an employer or employee of a
279	party within the preceding 5 years.
280	Section 7. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section
281	627.706, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
282	627.706 Sinkhole insurance; catastrophic ground cover
283	collapse; definitions
284	(2) As used in ss. 627.706-627.7074, and as used in
285	connection with any policy providing coverage for a catastrophic
286	ground cover collapse or for sinkhole losses, the term:
287	(c) "Neutral evaluator" means a professional engineer or a
288	professional geologist who has completed a course of study in
289	alternative dispute resolution designed or approved by the
290	department for use in the neutral evaluation process <u>,</u> and who is
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case.

576-02572-14 2014708c2 291 determined by the department to be fair and impartial, and who 292 is not otherwise ineligible for certification under s. 627.7074. 293 Section 8. Subsections (7) and (18) of section 627.7074, 294 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 295 627.7074 Alternative procedure for resolution of disputed 296 sinkhole insurance claims.-297 (7) Upon receipt of a request for neutral evaluation, the 298 department shall provide the parties a list of certified neutral 299 evaluators. The department shall allow the parties to submit 300 requests to disqualify evaluators on the list for cause. 301 (a) The department shall disqualify neutral evaluators for 302 cause based only on any of the following grounds: 303 1. A familial relationship within the third degree exists 304 between the neutral evaluator and either party or a 305 representative of either party within the third degree. 306 2. The proposed neutral evaluator has, in a professional 307 capacity, previously represented either party or a 308 representative of either party $_{\overline{\tau}}$ in the same or a substantially 309 related matter. 310 3. The proposed neutral evaluator has, in a professional 311 capacity, represented another person in the same or a 312 substantially related matter and that person's interests are 313 materially adverse to the interests of the parties. The term 314 "substantially related matter" means participation by the 315 neutral evaluator on the same claim, property, or adjacent 316 property. 317 4. The proposed neutral evaluator has, within the preceding 318 5 years, worked as an employer or employee of any party to the

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576-02572-14 2014708c2 320 (b) The department shall deny an application for, or 321 suspend or revoke its approval of, a neutral evaluator if the 322 department finds that any of the following grounds exist: 323 1. Lack of one or more of the qualifications specified in 324 this section for approval or certification. 325 2. Material misstatement, misrepresentation, or fraud in 326 obtaining or attempting to obtain approval or certification. 327 3. Demonstrated lack of fitness or trustworthiness to act 328 as a neutral evaluator. 329 4. Fraudulent or dishonest practices in the conduct of an evaluation or in the conduct of financial services business. 330 331 5. Violation of any provision of this code or of a lawful 332 order or rule of the department, or aiding, instructing, or 333 encouraging another party in committing such a violation. 334 (c) (b) The parties shall appoint a neutral evaluator from 335 the department list and promptly inform the department. If the 336 parties cannot agree to a neutral evaluator within 14 business 337 days, the department shall appoint a neutral evaluator from the 338 list of certified neutral evaluators. The department shall allow 339 each party to disqualify two neutral evaluators without cause. 340 Upon selection or appointment, the department shall promptly 341 refer the request to the neutral evaluator. 342 (d) (c) Within 14 business days after the referral, the 343 neutral evaluator shall notify the policyholder and the insurer of the date, time, and place of the neutral evaluation 344 345 conference. The conference may be held by telephone, if feasible 346 and desirable. The neutral evaluator shall make reasonable 347 efforts to hold the conference within 90 days after the receipt

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of the request by the department. Failure of the neutral

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349	evaluator to hold the conference within 90 days does not
350	invalidate either party's right to neutral evaluation or to a
351	neutral evaluation conference held outside this timeframe.
352	(18) The department shall adopt rules of procedure for the
353	neutral evaluation process and for certifying, denying
354	certification, suspending certification, and revoking the
355	certification of a neutral evaluator.
356	Section 9. Section 627.7142, Florida Statutes, is created
357	to read:
358	627.7142 Homeowner Claims Bill of RightsAn insurer
359	issuing a personal lines residential property insurance policy
360	in this state must provide a Claims Bill of Rights to a
361	policyholder within 14 calendar days after receiving an initial
362	communication with respect to a claim, unless the claim follows
363	an event that is the subject of a declaration of a state of
364	emergency by the Governor. The purpose of the bill of rights is
365	to summarize, in simple, nontechnical terms, existing state law
366	regarding the rights of a personal lines residential property
367	insurance policyholder who files a claim of loss. The Claims
368	Bill of Rights is specific to the claims process and does not
369	represent all of a policyholder's rights under Florida law
370	regarding the insurance policy. The Claims Bill of Rights does
371	not create a civil cause of action by an individual
372	policyholder, or a class of policyholders, against an insurer or
373	insurers and does not enlarge, modify, or contravene statutory
374	requirements, including, but not limited to, ss. 626.854,
375	626.9541, 627.70131, 627.7015, and 627.7074. The Claims Bill of
376	Rights does not prohibit an insurer from exercising its right to
377	repair damaged property in compliance with the terms of an

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378	applicable policy or ss. 627.7011(5)(e) and 627.702(7). The
379	Claims Bill of Rights shall state:
380	
381	HOMEOWNER CLAIMS
382	BILL OF RIGHTS
383	This Bill of Rights is specific to the claims process
384	and does not represent all of your rights under
385	Florida law regarding your policy. There are also
386	exceptions to the stated timelines when conditions are
387	beyond your insurance company's control. This document
388	does not create a civil cause of action by an
389	individual policyholder, or a class of policyholders,
390	against an insurer or insurers and does not prohibit
391	an insurer from exercising its right to repair damaged
392	property in compliance with the terms of an applicable
393	policy.
394	
395	YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO:
396	1. Receive from your insurance company an
397	acknowledgment of your reported claim within 14 days
398	after the time you communicated the claim.
399	2. Upon written request, receive from your
400	insurance company within 30 days after you have
401	completed a proof-of-loss statement to your insurance
402	company, confirmation that your claim is covered in
403	full, partially covered, or denied, or receive a
404	written statement that your claim is being
405	investigated.
406	3. Within 90 days, receive full settlement

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407	payment for your claim or payment of the undisputed
408	portion of your claim, or your insurance company's
409	denial of your claim.
410	4. Free mediation of your disputed claim by the
411	Division of Consumer Services, under most
412	circumstances and subject to certain restrictions.
413	5. Neutral evaluation of your disputed claim, if
414	your claim is for damage caused by a sinkhole and is
415	covered by your policy.
416	6. Contact the Florida Department of Financial
417	Services Division of Consumer Services' toll-free
418	helpline for assistance with any insurance claim or
419	questions pertaining to the handling of your claim.
420	You can reach the Helpline by phone attoll free
421	phone number, or you can seek assistance online at
422	the Florida Department of Financial Services Division
423	of Consumer Services' website atwebsite address
424	
425	YOU ARE ADVISED TO:
426	1. Contact your insurance company before entering
427	into any contract for repairs to confirm any managed
428	repair policy provisions or optional preferred
429	vendors.
430	2. Make and document emergency repairs that are
431	necessary to prevent further damage. Keep the damaged
432	property, if feasible, keep all receipts, and take
433	photographs of damage before and after any repairs.
434	3. Carefully read any contract that requires you
435	to pay out-of-pocket expenses or a fee that is based
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436	on a percentage of the insurance proceeds that you
437	will receive for repairing or replacing your property.
438	4. Confirm that the contractor you choose is
439	licensed to do business in Florida. You can verify a
440	contractor's license and check to see if there are any
441	complaints against him or her by calling the Florida
442	Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
443	You should also ask the contractor for references from
444	previous work.
445	5. Require all contractors to provide proof of
446	insurance before beginning repairs.
447	6. Take precautions if the damage requires you to
448	leave your home, including securing your property and
449	turning off your gas, water, and electricity, and
450	contacting your insurance company and provide a phone
451	number where you can be reached.
452	
453	Section 10. Section 627.715, Florida Statutes, is created
454	to read:
455	627.715 Emergency mitigation services; agreements
456	(1) As used in this section, the term "emergency mitigation
457	services" means the delivery of goods or services that are
458	needed to mitigate damage caused by fire, water, or catastrophic
459	events when delay may exacerbate the damage to the covered
460	property. Services include the removal of contents, removal of
461	water or other contaminants, cleaning, sanitizing, incidental
462	demolition, or other treatment, including preventive activities.
463	(2) For residential property insurance, an agreement
464	entered into by a policyholder for emergency mitigation services

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465	to which insurance proceeds may be applied is valid only if:
466	(a) The agreement is in compliance with any repair
467	provisions that are contained in the policy;
468	(b) The agreement specifies in writing the estimated scope
469	and price of the work before the work is performed;
470	(c) Any change from the original estimated scope and price
471	of the work is preapproved by the policyholder; and
472	(d) The work is performed by an individual or company
473	possessing a valid certification consistent with the most recent
474	Standard and Reference Guide for Professional Water Damage
475	Restoration, as developed by the Institute of Inspection,
476	Cleaning and Restoration Certification and approved by the
477	American National Standards Institute, or by a company that
478	possesses a valid Division I license under chapter 489, which is
479	providing services within the scope of that license. A company
480	is considered to be certified for the purposes of this paragraph
481	if the company representative who possesses a valid
482	certification personally supervises the emergency mitigation
483	services performed.
484	Section 11. Present subsections (3) through (5) of section
485	627.745, Florida Statutes, are amended, and a new subsection (4)
486	is added to that section, to read:
487	627.745 Mediation of claims
488	(3) (a) The department shall approve mediators to conduct
489	mediations pursuant to this section.
490	(a) All mediators must file an application under oath for
491	approval as a mediator.
492	(b) To qualify for approval as a mediator, <u>an individual</u> a
493	person must meet one of the following qualifications:

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494	1. Possess active certification by the Florida Supreme
495	Court as a circuit court mediator. A certified circuit court
496	mediator in a lapsed, suspended, sanctioned, or decertified
497	status is not eligible to participate in the mediation program $rac{1}{2}$
498	masters or doctorate degree in psychology, counseling, business,
499	accounting, or economics, be a member of The Florida Bar, be
500	licensed as a certified public accountant, or demonstrate that
501	the applicant for approval has been actively engaged as a
502	qualified mediator for at least 4 years prior to July 1, 1990.
503	2. Be an approved department mediator as of July 1, 2014,
504	and have conducted at least one mediation on behalf of the
505	<u>department</u> within <u>the</u> 4 years immediately preceding <u>that</u> the
506	date. the application for approval is filed with the department,
507	have completed a minimum of a 40-hour training program approved
508	by the department and successfully passed a final examination
509	included in the training program and approved by the department.
510	The training program shall include and address all of the
511	following:
512	a. Mediation theory.
513	b. Mediation process and techniques.
514	c. Standards of conduct for mediators.
515	d. Conflict management and intervention skills.
516	e. Insurance nomenclature.
517	(4) The department shall deny an application, or suspend or
518	revoke its approval of a mediator, or the certification of a
519	neutral evaluator to serve as a mediator, if the department
520	finds that any of the following grounds exists:
521	(a) Lack of one or more of the qualifications specified in
522	this section for approval or certification.
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523	(b) Material misstatement, misrepresentation, or fraud in
524	obtaining or attempting to obtain approval or certification.
525	(c) Demonstrated lack of fitness or trustworthiness to act
526	as a mediator or neutral evaluator.
527	(d) Fraudulent or dishonest practices in the conduct of
528	mediation or neutral evaluation or in the conduct of financial
529	services business.
530	(e) Violation of this code, of a lawful order or rule of
531	the department, or of the Florida Rules for Certified and Court-
532	Appointed Mediators, or the aiding, instructing, or encouraging
533	of another to commit such violation.
534	<u>(5)</u> (4) The department <u>shall</u> must adopt rules <u>to administer</u>
535	this section, including rules of procedure for claims mediation,
536	taking into consideration a system that which:
537	(a) Is fair.
538	(b) Promotes settlement.
539	(c) Avoids delay.
540	(d) Is nonadversarial.
541	(e) Uses a framework for modern mediating technique.
542	(f) Controls costs and expenses of mediation.
543	(6) (5) Disclosures and information divulged in the
544	mediation process are not admissible in any subsequent action or
545	proceeding relating to the claim or to the cause of action
546	giving rise to the claim. A person demanding mediation under
547	this section may not demand or request mediation after a suit $rac{\mathrm{i} s}{\mathrm{i} s}$
548	filed relating to the same facts already mediated is filed.
549	Section 12. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

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