1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to tax administration; amending s.
3	196.1995, F.S.; requiring certain real property
4	improvements and tangible personal property additions
5	to occur within a specified period in order to qualify
6	for a specified ad valorem tax exemption; amending s.
7	212.03, F.S.; providing that certain charges for the
8	impoundment of an aircraft, boat, or motor vehicle by
9	a law enforcement agency are not subject to taxation;
10	amending s. 212.07, F.S.; conforming a cross-
11	reference; providing that a dealer who willfully fails
12	to collect certain taxes or fees after the Department
13	of Revenue provides notice commits a criminal offense;
14	providing civil and criminal penalties; amending s.
15	212.12, F.S.; deleting provisions providing criminal
16	and civil penalties for failing to register a business
17	as a dealer and for failing to collect specified taxes
18	after the department provides notice; amending s.
19	212.14, F.S.; authorizing the department to adopt
20	rules; defining the term "person"; amending s. 212.18,
21	F.S.; providing that a person who engages in acts
22	requiring a certificate of registration and willfully
23	fails to register after the department provides notice
24	commits a criminal offense; providing criminal
25	penalties; reenacting s. 212.20(6)(c), F.S., relating
26	to the disposition of funds collected from the
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27 imposition of specified fees, to incorporate the 28 amendments made by the act to s. 212.18(3), F.S., in a 29 reference thereto; amending s. 213.0535, F.S.; 30 providing that certain confidential tax data may be 31 published as statistics under certain circumstances; 32 amending s. 213.13, F.S.; revising the date for 33 transmitting certain funds collected by the clerks of 34 court to the department; amending s. 213.21 F.S.; 35 authorizing the department to delegate to the 36 executive director of the department greater 37 compromise authority for closing agreements; creating 38 s. 213.295, F.S.; providing definitions; providing 39 that a person who knowingly sells, purchases, 40 installs, transfers, possesses, uses, or accesses an 41 automated sales suppression device, a zapper, or 42 phantom-ware commits a criminal offense; providing 43 civil and criminal penalties; providing that automated sales suppression devices, zappers, and phantom-ware 44 45 are contraband articles; amending s. 443.131, F.S; requiring employers to produce certain records in 46 47 order to receive a reduced contribution rate; amending 48 s. 443.141, F.S.; revising the interest rate for 49 unpaid employer contributions or reimbursements; 50 increasing the number of days during which an employer 51 may protest a determination and assessment; providing 52 that certain local ordinances conveying ad valorem tax Page 2 of 28

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53 exemptions shall not be invalidated on specified 54 grounds if the local governing body acted in accordance with this act; providing effective dates. 55 56 57 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 58 59 Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 196.1995, Florida 60 Statutes, is amended to read: 196.1995 Economic development ad valorem tax exemption.-61 62 (5) Upon a majority vote in favor of such authority, the 63 board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality, at its discretion, by ordinance may exempt from ad 64 65 valorem taxation up to 100 percent of the assessed value of all improvements to real property made by or for the use of a new 66 67 business and of all tangible personal property of such new business, or up to 100 percent of the assessed value of all 68 69 added improvements to real property made to facilitate the 70 expansion of an existing business and of the net increase in all 71 tangible personal property acquired to facilitate such expansion of an existing business. To qualify for this exemption, provided 72 that the improvements to real property must be are made or the 73 74 tangible personal property must be is added or increased after 75 approval by motion or resolution of the local governing body, 76 subject to ordinance adoption or on or after the day the 77 ordinance is adopted. However, if the authority to grant 78 exemptions is approved in a referendum in which the ballot Page 3 of 28

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79 question contained in subsection (3) appears on the ballot, the 80 authority of the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality to grant exemptions is limited 81 solely to new businesses and expansions of existing businesses 82 that are located in an enterprise zone or brownfield area. 83 84 Property acquired to replace existing property shall not be 85 considered to facilitate a business expansion. The exemption 86 applies only to taxes levied by the respective unit of 87 government granting the exemption. The exemption does not apply, however, to taxes levied for the payment of bonds or to taxes 88 authorized by a vote of the electors pursuant to s. 9(b) or s. 89 12, Art. VII of the State Constitution. Any such exemption shall 90 remain in effect for up to 10 years with respect to any 91 92 particular facility, regardless of any change in the authority 93 of the county or municipality to grant such exemptions. The 94 exemption shall not be prolonged or extended by granting exemptions from additional taxes or by virtue of any 95 96 reorganization or sale of the business receiving the exemption. 97 Section 2. Subsection (6) of section 212.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 98 99 212.03 Transient rentals tax; rate, procedure, 100 enforcement, exemptions.-101 The Legislature finds It is the legislative intent (6) 102 that every person is engaging in a taxable privilege who leases 103 or rents parking or storage spaces for motor vehicles in parking

104 lots or garages, including storage facilities for towed

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105 <u>vehicles</u>, who leases or rents docking or storage spaces for 106 boats in boat docks or marinas, or who leases or rents tie-down 107 or storage space for aircraft at airports <u>is engaging in a</u> 108 taxable privilege.

109 For the exercise of this privilege, a tax is hereby (a) 110 levied at the rate of 6 percent on the total rental charged. 111 (b) Charges for parking, docking, tie-down, or storage 112 arising from a lawful impoundment are not subject to taxation under this subsection. As used in this paragraph, the term 113 "lawful impoundment" means the storing of or having custody over 114 115 an aircraft, boat, or motor vehicle by, or at the direction of, 116 a local, state, or federal law enforcement agency which the 117 owner or the owner's representative is not authorized to enter 118 upon, have access to, or remove without the consent of the law

119 <u>enforcement agency.</u>

Section 3. Effective July 1, 2014, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 212.07, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

123 212.07 Sales, storage, use tax; tax added to purchase 124 price; dealer not to absorb; liability of purchasers who cannot 125 prove payment of the tax; penalties; general exemptions.-126 (1)

(b) A resale must be in strict compliance with s. 212.18
and the rules and regulations <u>adopted thereunder</u>. A, and any
dealer who makes a sale for resale <u>that</u> which is not in strict
compliance with s. 212.18 and the rules and regulations <u>adopted</u>

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131 thereunder is shall himself or herself be liable for and must 132 pay the tax. A Any dealer who makes a sale for resale shall 133 document the exempt nature of the transaction, as established by 134 rules adopted promulgated by the department, by retaining a copy of the purchaser's resale certificate. In lieu of maintaining a 135 136 copy of the certificate, a dealer may document, before prior to 137 the time of sale, an authorization number provided 138 telephonically or electronically by the department, or by such 139 other means established by rule of the department. The dealer 140 may rely on a resale certificate issued pursuant to s. 141 212.18(3)(d) s. 212.18(3)(c), valid at the time of receipt from the purchaser, without seeking annual verification of the resale 142 143 certificate if the dealer makes recurring sales to a purchaser 144 in the normal course of business on a continual basis. For 145 purposes of this paragraph, "recurring sales to a purchaser in the normal course of business" refers to a sale in which the 146 147 dealer extends credit to the purchaser and records the debt as 148 an account receivable, or in which the dealer sells to a 149 purchaser who has an established cash or C.O.D. account, similar 150 to an open credit account. For purposes of this paragraph, 151 purchases are made from a selling dealer on a continual basis if the selling dealer makes, in the normal course of business, 152 153 sales to the purchaser at least no less frequently than once in 154 every 12-month period. A dealer may, through the informal 155 protest provided for in s. 213.21 and the rules of the 156 department of Revenue, provide the department with evidence of Page 6 of 28

157 the exempt status of a sale. Consumer certificates of exemption 158 executed by those exempt entities that were registered with the 159 department at the time of sale, resale certificates provided by 160 purchasers who were active dealers at the time of sale, and 161 verification by the department of a purchaser's active dealer 162 status at the time of sale in lieu of a resale certificate shall 163 be accepted by the department when submitted during the protest 164 period, but may not be accepted in any proceeding under chapter 165 120 or any circuit court action instituted under chapter 72.

(3) (a) A Any dealer who fails, neglects, or refuses to collect the tax or fees imposed under this chapter herein provided, either by himself or herself or through the dealer's agents or employees, is, in addition to the penalty of being liable for and paying the tax or fee himself or herself, commits guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(b) A dealer who willfully fails to collect a tax or fee after the department provides notice of the duty to collect the tax or fee is liable for a specific penalty of 100 percent of the uncollected tax or fee. This penalty is in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed by law. A dealer who willfully fails to collect taxes or fees totaling:

179 <u>1. Less than \$3</u>00:

180 <u>a. For a first offense, commits a misdemeanor of the</u>
 181 <u>second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.</u>
 182 775.083.

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183	b. For a second offense, commits a misdemeanor of the
184	first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
185	775.083.
186	c. For a third or subsequent offense, commits a felony of
187	the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
188	775.083, or s. 775.084.
189	2. An amount equal to \$300 or more, but less than \$20,000,
190	commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
191	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
192	3. An amount equal to \$20,000 or more, but less than
193	\$100,000, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as
194	provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
195	4. An amount equal to \$100,000 or more, commits a felony
196	of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
197	775.083, or s. 775.084.
198	(c) The department shall provide written notice of the
199	duty to collect taxes or fees to the dealer by personal service
200	or by sending notice to the dealer's last known address by
201	registered mail. The department may provide written notice using
202	both methods described in this paragraph.
203	Section 4. Effective July 1, 2014, paragraph (d) of
204	subsection (2) of section 212.12, Florida Statutes, is amended
205	to read:
206	212.12 Dealer's credit for collecting tax; penalties for
207	noncompliance; powers of Department of Revenue in dealing with
208	delinquents; brackets applicable to taxable transactions;
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209 records required.-

210 (2)

211 A Any person who makes a false or fraudulent return (d) 212 and who has with a willful intent to evade payment of any tax or 213 fee imposed under this chapter is; any person who, after the 214 department's delivery of a written notice to the person's last 215 known address specifically alerting the person of the 216 requirement to register the person's business as a dealer, 217 intentionally fails to register the business; and any person who, after the department's delivery of a written notice to the 218 person's last known address specifically alerting the person of 219 the requirement to collect tax on specific transactions, 220 221 intentionally fails to collect such tax, shall, in addition to 222 the other penalties provided by law, be liable for a specific 223 penalty of 100 percent of any unreported or any uncollected tax 224 or fee. This penalty is in addition to any other penalty 225 provided by law. A person who makes a false or fraudulent return 226 with a willful intent to evade payment of taxes or fees 227 totaling: 228 1. Less than \$300: For a first offense, commits a misdemeanor of the 229 a. 230 second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 231 775.083.

b. For a second offense, commits a misdemeanor of the
first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
775.083.

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235	c. For a third or subsequent offense, commits a felony of
236	the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
237	775.083, or s. 775.084.
238	2. An amount equal to \$300 or more, but less than \$20,000,
239	commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
240	<u>s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.</u>
241	3. An amount equal to \$20,000 or more, but less than
242	\$100,000, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as
243	provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
244	4. An amount equal to \$100,000 or more, commits a felony
245	of the first degree, punishable and, upon conviction, for fine
246	and punishment as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.
247	775.084. Delivery of written notice may be made by certified
248	mail, or by the use of such other method as is documented as
249	being necessary and reasonable under the circumstances. The
250	civil and criminal penalties imposed herein for failure to
251	comply with a written notice alerting the person of the
252	requirement to register the person's business as a dealer or to
253	collect tax on specific transactions shall not apply if the
254	person timely files a written challenge to such notice in
255	accordance with procedures established by the department by rule
256	or the notice fails to clearly advise that failure to comply
257	with or timely challenge the notice will result in the
258	imposition of the civil and criminal penalties imposed herein.
259	1. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes
260	or fees is less than \$300, the first offense resulting in
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261 conviction is a misdemeanor of the second degree, the second 262 offense resulting in conviction is a misdemeanor of the first 263 degree, and the third and all subsequent offenses resulting in 264 conviction is a misdemeanor of the first degree, and the third 265 and all subsequent offenses resulting in conviction are felonies 266 of the third degree. 267 2. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes 268 or fees is \$300 or more but less than \$20,000, the offense is a 269 felony of the third degree. 270 3. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes 271 or fees is \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,000, the offense is a felony of the second degree. 272 273 4. If the total amount of unreported or uncollected taxes 274 or fees is \$100,000 or more, the offense is a felony of the 275 first degree. 276 Section 5. Effective July 1, 2014, subsection (4) of 277 section 212.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 278 212.14 Departmental powers; hearings; distress warrants; 279 bonds; subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum.-280 In all cases where it is necessary to ensure (4)281 compliance with the provisions of this chapter, the department 282 shall require a cash deposit, bond, or other security as a 283 condition to a person obtaining or retaining a dealer's 284 certificate of registration under this chapter. Such bond must 285 shall be in the form and such amount as the department deems 286 appropriate under the particular circumstances. A Every person Page 11 of 28

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287 failing to produce such cash deposit, bond, or other security is 288 as provided for herein shall not be entitled to obtain or retain 289 a dealer's certificate of registration under this chapter, and 290 the Department of Legal Affairs is hereby authorized to proceed 291 by injunction, if when so requested by the Department of 292 Revenue, to prevent such person from doing business subject to 293 the provisions of this chapter until such cash deposit, bond, or 294 other security is posted with the department, and any temporary 295 injunction for this purpose may be granted by any judge or chancellor authorized by law to grant injunctions. Any security 296 required to be deposited may be sold by the department at public 297 298 sale if it becomes necessary so to do in order to recover any 299 tax, interest, or penalty due. Notice of such sale may be served 300 personally or by mail upon the person who deposited the such 301 security. If by mail, notice sent to the last known address as 302 it the same appears on the records of the department is shall be 303 sufficient for the purpose of this requirement. Upon such sale, 304 the surplus, if any, above the amount due under this chapter 305 shall be returned to the person who deposited the security. The 306 department may adopt rules necessary to administer this 307 subsection. For the purpose of the cash deposit, bond, or other 308 security required by this subsection, the term "person" 309 includes: 310 Those entities listed in s. 212.02(12). (a) 311 (b) An individual or entity owning a controlling interest 312 in a business. Page 12 of 28

313 (c) An individual or entity that acquired an ownership 314 interest or a controlling interest in a business that would 315 otherwise be liable for posting a cash deposit, bond, or other 316 security, unless the department has determined that the 317 individual or entity is not liable for the taxes, interest, or 318 penalties described in s. 213.758. 319 (d) An individual or entity seeking to obtain a dealer's 320 certificate of registration for a business that will be operated 321 at the same location as a previous business that would otherwise 322 have been liable for posting a cash deposit, bond, or other 323 security, if the individual or entity fails to provide evidence 324 that the business was acquired for consideration in an arms-325 length transaction. 326 Section 6. Effective July 1, 2014, subsection (3) of 327 section 212.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 328 212.18 Administration of law; registration of dealers; 329 rules.-330 A Every person desiring to engage in or conduct (3)(a) business in this state as a dealer, as defined in this chapter, 331 332 or to lease, rent, or let or grant licenses in living quarters 333 or sleeping or housekeeping accommodations in hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, or tourist or trailer camps that are 334 subject to tax under s. 212.03, or to lease, rent, or let or 335 336 grant licenses in real property, as defined in this chapter, and 337 a every person who sells or receives anything of value by way of 338 admissions, must file with the department an application for a Page 13 of 28

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339 certificate of registration for each place of business. The 340 application must include, showing the names of the persons who 341 have interests in such business and their residences, the 342 address of the business, and such other data reasonably required 343 by as the department may reasonably require. However, owners and 344 operators of vending machines or newspaper rack machines are 345 required to obtain only one certificate of registration for each 346 county in which such machines are located. The department, by 347 rule, may authorize a dealer that uses independent sellers to sell its merchandise to remit tax on the retail sales price 348 349 charged to the ultimate consumer in lieu of having the 350 independent seller register as a dealer and remit the tax. The 351 department may appoint the county tax collector as the 352 department's agent to accept applications for registrations. The 353 application must be submitted made to the department before the 354 person, firm, copartnership, or corporation may engage in such 355 business, and it must be accompanied by a registration fee of 356 \$5. However, a registration fee is not required to accompany an 357 application to engage in or conduct business to make mail order 358 sales. The department may waive the registration fee for 359 applications submitted through the department's Internet 360 registration process.

(b) The department, upon receipt of such application, shall will grant to the applicant a separate certificate of registration for each place of business, which certificate may be canceled by the department or its designated assistants for Page 14 of 28

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365 any failure by the certificateholder to comply with any of the 366 provisions of this chapter. The certificate is not assignable 367 and is valid only for the person, firm, copartnership, or 368 corporation to which *it* is issued. The certificate must be 369 placed in a conspicuous place in the business or businesses for 370 which it is issued and must be displayed at all times. Except as 371 provided in this subsection, a no person may not shall engage in business as a dealer or in leasing, renting, or letting of or 372 373 granting licenses in living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping 374 accommodations in hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, tourist or trailer camps, or real property, or as hereinbefore 375 376 defined, nor shall any person sell or receive anything of value 377 by way of admissions, without a valid first having obtained such 378 a certificate. A or after such certificate has been canceled; no 379 person may not shall receive a any license from any authority 380 within the state to engage in any such business without a valid 381 certificate first having obtained such a certificate or after 382 such certificate has been canceled. A person may not engage The 383 engaging in the business of selling or leasing tangible personal 384 property or services or as a dealer; engage, as defined in this 385 chapter, or the engaging in leasing, renting, or letting of or 386 granting licenses in living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping 387 accommodations in hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, or 388 tourist or trailer camps that are taxable under this chapter, or 389 real property; τ or engage the engaging in the business of 390 selling or receiving anything of value by way of admissions, Page 15 of 28

391 without <u>a valid</u> such certificate first being obtained or after 392 such certificate has been canceled by the department, is 393 prohibited.

394 (c)1. A The failure or refusal of any person who engages 395 in acts requiring a certificate of registration under this 396 subsection and who fails or refuses to register commits, firm, 397 copartnership, or corporation to so qualify when required 398 hereunder is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 399 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Such acts are, or subject 400 to injunctive proceedings as provided by law. A person who engages in acts requiring a certificate of registration and who 401 402 fails or refuses to register is also subject Such failure or 403 refusal also subjects the offender to a \$100 initial 404 registration fee in lieu of the \$5 registration fee required by 405 authorized in paragraph (a). However, the department may waive 406 the increase in the registration fee if it finds is determined 407 by the department that the failure to register was due to 408 reasonable cause and not to willful negligence, willful neglect, 409 or fraud.

410 <u>2.a. A person who willfully fails to register after the</u>
411 <u>department provides notice of the duty to register as a dealer</u>
412 <u>commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in</u>
413 <u>s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.</u>

414 <u>b. The department shall provide written notice of the duty</u>
415 <u>to register to the person by personal service or by sending</u>
416 <u>notice by registered mail to the person's last known address.</u>

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417 The department may provide written notice by both methods 418 described in this sub-subparagraph.

419 (d) (c) In addition to the certificate of registration, the 420 department shall provide to each newly registered dealer an initial resale certificate that will be valid for the remainder 421 422 of the period of issuance. The department shall provide each 423 active dealer with an annual resale certificate. For purposes of 424 this section, the term "active dealer" means a person who is 425 currently registered with the department and who is required to file at least once during each applicable reporting period. 426

427 (e) (d) The department may revoke a any dealer's 428 certificate of registration if when the dealer fails to comply 429 with this chapter. Before Prior to revocation of a dealer's 430 certificate of registration, the department must schedule an 431 informal conference at which the dealer may present evidence 432 regarding the department's intended revocation or enter into a 433 compliance agreement with the department. The department must 434 notify the dealer of its intended action and the time, place, 435 and date of the scheduled informal conference by written 436 notification sent by United States mail to the dealer's last 437 known address of record furnished by the dealer on a form 438 prescribed by the department. The dealer is required to attend 439 the informal conference and present evidence refuting the 440 department's intended revocation or enter into a compliance 441 agreement with the department which resolves the dealer's 442 failure to comply with this chapter. The department shall issue Page 17 of 28

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443 an administrative complaint under s. 120.60 if the dealer fails 444 to attend the department's informal conference, fails to enter 445 into a compliance agreement with the department resolving the 446 dealer's noncompliance with this chapter, or fails to comply 447 with the executed compliance agreement.

448 <u>(f) (e)</u> As used in this paragraph, the term "exhibitor" 449 means a person who enters into an agreement authorizing the 450 display of tangible personal property or services at a 451 convention or a trade show. The following provisions apply to 452 the registration of exhibitors as dealers under this chapter:

An exhibitor whose agreement prohibits the sale of
tangible personal property or services subject to the tax
imposed in this chapter is not required to register as a dealer.

456 2. An exhibitor whose agreement provides for the sale at 457 wholesale only of tangible personal property or services subject 458 to the tax imposed by in this chapter must obtain a resale 459 certificate from the purchasing dealer but is not required to 460 register as a dealer.

3. An exhibitor whose agreement authorizes the retail sale
of tangible personal property or services subject to the tax
imposed by in this chapter must register as a dealer and collect
the tax imposed under this chapter on such sales.

465 4. <u>An</u> Any exhibitor who makes a mail order sale pursuant 466 to s. 212.0596 must register as a dealer.

468 <u>A Any</u> person who conducts a convention or a trade show must make Page 18 of 28

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469 <u>his or her</u> their exhibitor's agreements available to the
470 department for inspection and copying.
471 Section 7. Effective July 1, 2014, for the purpose of
472 incorporating the amendment made by this act to subsection (3)
473 of section 212.18, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto,

474 paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 212.20, Florida 475 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

476 212.20 Funds collected, disposition; additional powers of 477 department; operational expense; refund of taxes adjudicated 478 unconstitutionally collected.-

479 (6) Distribution of all proceeds under this chapter and s.480 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be as follows:

481 (c) Proceeds from the fees imposed under ss.
482 212.05(1)(h)3. and 212.18(3) shall remain with the General
483 Revenue Fund.

484 Section 8. Subsection (5) of section 213.0535, Florida 485 Statutes, is amended to read:

486 213.0535 Registration Information Sharing and Exchange 487 Program.-

(5) <u>A</u> Any provision of law imposing confidentiality upon data shared under this section, including, but not limited to, <u>a</u> any provision imposing penalties for disclosure, applies to recipients of this data and their employees. Data exchanged under this section may not be provided to <u>a</u> any person or entity other than a person or entity administering the tax or licensing provisions of those provisions of law enumerated in paragraph

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495	(4)(a), and such data may not be used for any purpose other than
496	for enforcing those tax or licensing provisions. This section
497	does not prevent a level-two participant from publishing
498	statistics made confidential so as to prevent the identification
499	of particular accounts, reports, declarations, or returns.
500	However, statistics may not be published if they contain data
501	pertaining to fewer than three taxpayers or if the statistics
502	are prepared for geographic areas below the county level and
503	contain data pertaining to fewer than 10 taxpayers. Statistics
504	published under this subsection must relate only to tourist
505	development taxes imposed under s. 125.0104, the tourist impact
506	tax imposed under s. 125.0108, convention development taxes
507	imposed under s. 212.0305, or the municipal resort tax
508	authorized under chapter 67-930, Laws of Florida.
509	Section 9. Subsection (5) of section 213.13, Florida
510	Statutes, is amended to read:
511	213.13 Electronic remittance and distribution of funds
512	collected by clerks of the court
513	(5) All court-related collections, including fees, fines,
514	reimbursements, court costs, and other court-related funds that
515	the clerks must remit to the state pursuant to law, must be
516	transmitted electronically by the <u>10th</u> $\frac{20th}{20th}$ day of the month
517	immediately following the month in which the funds are
518	collected.
519	Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
520	213.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
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521 213.21 Informal conferences; compromises.-522 The executive director of the department or his or (2)(a) 523 her designee is authorized to enter into closing agreements with 524 any taxpayer settling or compromising the taxpayer's liability 525 for any tax, interest, or penalty assessed under any of the 526 chapters specified in s. 72.011(1). Such agreements must shall 527 be in writing if when the amount of tax, penalty, or interest 528 compromised exceeds \$30,000, or for lesser amounts, if when the 529 department deems it appropriate or if when requested by the taxpayer. When a written closing agreement has been approved by 530 the department and signed by the executive director or his or 531 her designee and the taxpayer, it shall be final and conclusive; 532 533 and, except upon a showing of fraud or misrepresentation of 534 material fact or except as to adjustments pursuant to ss. 198.16 535 and 220.23, no additional assessment may be made by the 536 department against the taxpayer for the tax, interest, or 537 penalty specified in the closing agreement for the time period 538 specified in the closing agreement, and the taxpayer is shall 539 not be entitled to institute any judicial or administrative 540 proceeding to recover any tax, interest, or penalty paid 541 pursuant to the closing agreement. The department is authorized 542 to delegate to the executive director the authority to approve 543 any such closing agreement resulting in a tax reduction of 544 \$500,000 \$250,000 or less. 545 Section 11. Effective July 1, 2014, section 213.295, 546 Florida Statutes, is created to read: Page 21 of 28

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547	213.295 Automated sales suppression devices
548	(1) As used in this section, the term:
549	(a) "Automated sales suppression device" or "zapper" means
550	a software program that falsifies the electronic records of
551	electronic cash registers or other point-of-sale systems,
552	including, but not limited to, transaction data and transaction
553	reports. The term includes the software program, any device that
554	carries the software program, or an Internet link to the
555	software program.
556	(b) "Electronic cash register" means a device that keeps a
557	register or supporting documents through the use of an
558	electronic device or computer system designed to record
559	transaction data for the purpose of computing, compiling, or
560	processing retail sales transaction data.
561	(c) "Phantom-ware" means a hidden programming option
562	embedded in the operating system of an electronic cash register
563	or hardwired into the electronic cash register which may be used
564	to create a second set of records or eliminate or manipulate
565	transaction records, which may or may not be preserved in
566	digital formats, to represent the true or manipulated record of
567	transactions in the electronic cash register.
568	(d) "Transaction data" includes:
569	1. The identification of items purchased by a customer.
570	2. The price charged for each item.
571	3. A taxability determination for each item.
572	4. A segregated tax amount for each of the taxed items.
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573 5. The amount of cash or credit tendered. 574 6. The net amount returned to the customer in change. 575 7. The date and time of the purchase. 576 8. The name, address, and identification number of the 577 vendor. 578 9. The receipt or invoice number of the transaction. "Transaction report" means: 579 (e) 580 1. A report printed on cash register tape at the end of a 581 day or shift that contains information including, but not 582 limited to, the sales, taxes, or fees collected, media totals, 583 and discount voids on an electronic cash register; or 584 2. A report that is stored electronically which documents 585 every action on an electronic cash register. 586 (2) A person may not knowingly sell, purchase, install, 587 transfer, possess, use, or access an automated sales suppression 588 device, a zapper, or phantom-ware. 589 (3) A person who violates this section: 590 (a) Commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as 591 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 592 Is liable for all taxes, fees, penalties, and interest (b) 593 due the state which result from the use of an automated sales 594 suppression device, a zapper, or phantom-ware. 595 Shall forfeit to the state as an additional penalty (C) 596 all profits associated with the sale or use of an automated 597 sales suppression device, a zapper, or phantom-ware. 598 (4) An automated sales suppression device, a zapper, Page 23 of 28

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599 phantom-ware, or any device containing such device or software 600 is a contraband article as provided in s. 932.701(2)(a) and may 601 be seized and forfeited pursuant to the Florida Contraband 602 Forfeiture Act. 603 Section 12. Paragraph (h) of subsection (3) of section 604 443.131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 605 443.131 Contributions.-606 (3) VARIATION OF CONTRIBUTION RATES BASED ON BENEFIT 607 EXPERIENCE.-608 (h) Additional conditions for variation from the standard rate.-An employer's contribution rate may not be reduced below 609 the standard rate under this section unless: 610 611 All contributions, reimbursements, interest, and 1. 612 penalties incurred by the employer for wages paid by him or her 613 in all previous calendar quarters, except the 4 calendar 614 quarters immediately preceding the calendar quarter or calendar 615 year for which the benefit ratio is computed, are paid; and 616 The employer has produced for inspection and copying 2. all work records in his or her possession, custody, or control 617 618 which were requested by the Department of Economic Opportunity 619 or its tax collection service provider pursuant to s. 620 443.171(5). An employer shall have at least 60 days to provide 621 the requested work records before the employer is assigned the 622 standard rate; and 623 3.2. The employer entitled to a rate reduction must have 624 at least one annual payroll as defined in subparagraph (b)1. Page 24 of 28

625 unless the employer is eligible for additional credit under the 626 Federal Unemployment Tax Act. If the Federal Unemployment Tax 627 Act is amended or repealed in a manner affecting credit under 628 the federal act, this section applies only to the extent that 629 additional credit is allowed against the payment of the tax 630 imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax act.

632 The tax collection service provider shall assign an earned 633 contribution rate to an employer for under subparagraph 1. the 634 quarter immediately after the quarter in which all 635 contributions, reimbursements, interest, and penalties are paid in full and all work records requested pursuant to s. 443.171(5) 636 637 are produced for inspection and copying by the Department of 638 Economic Opportunity or the tax collection service provider.

639 Section 13. Effective January 1, 2015, paragraph (a) of 640 subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 443.141, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 641

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443.141 Collection of contributions and reimbursements.-PAST DUE CONTRIBUTIONS AND REIMBURSEMENTS; DELINQUENT, (1)644 ERRONEOUS, INCOMPLETE, OR INSUFFICIENT REPORTS.-

645 Interest.-Contributions or reimbursements unpaid on (a) 646 the date due bear interest at the rate of 1 percent per month 647 through December 31, 2014. Beginning January 1, 2015, the 648 interest rate shall be calculated in accordance with s. 213.235, 649 except that the rate of interest may not exceed 1 percent per 650 month from and after the that date due until payment plus Page 25 of 28

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accrued interest is received by the tax collection service provider, unless the service provider finds that the employing unit has good reason for failing to pay the contributions or reimbursements when due. Interest collected under this subsection must be paid into the Special Employment Security Administration Trust Fund.

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(2) REPORTS, CONTRIBUTIONS, APPEALS.-

658 (b) Hearings.-The determination and assessment are final 659 20 15 days after the date the assessment is mailed unless the 660 employer files with the tax collection service provider within 661 the 20 15 days a written protest and petition for hearing specifying the objections thereto. The tax collection service 662 provider shall promptly review each petition and may reconsider 663 664 its determination and assessment in order to resolve the 665 petitioner's objections. The tax collection service provider 666 shall forward each unresolved petition remaining unresolved to 667 the department for a hearing on the objections. Upon receipt of 668 a petition, the department shall schedule a hearing and notify 669 the petitioner of the time and place of the hearing. The 670 department may appoint special deputies to conduct hearings who shall and to submit their findings together with a transcript of 671 672 the proceedings before them and their recommendations to the department for its final order. Special deputies are subject to 673 674 the prohibition against ex parte communications in s. 120.66. At 675 any hearing conducted by the department or its special deputy, 676 evidence may be offered to support the determination and

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677 assessment or to prove it is incorrect. In order to prevail, 678 however, the petitioner must either prove that the determination 679 and assessment are incorrect or file full and complete corrected 680 reports. Evidence may also be submitted at the hearing to rebut 681 the determination by the tax collection service provider that 682 the petitioner is an employer under this chapter. Upon evidence 683 taken before it or upon the transcript submitted to it with the 684 findings and recommendation of its special deputy, the 685 department shall either set aside the tax collection service provider's determination that the petitioner is an employer 686 under this chapter or reaffirm the determination. The amounts 687 assessed under the final order, together with interest and 688 689 penalties, must be paid within 15 days after notice of the final 690 order is mailed to the employer, unless judicial review is 691 instituted in a case of status determination. Amounts due when 692 the status of the employer is in dispute are payable within 15 693 days after the entry of an order by the court affirming the 694 determination. However, a any determination that an employing 695 unit is not an employer under this chapter does not affect the 696 benefit rights of an any individual as determined by an appeals 697 referee or the commission unless:

698 1. The individual is made a party to the proceedings699 before the special deputy; or

700 2. The decision of the appeals referee or the commission 701 has not become final or the employing unit and the department 702 were not made parties to the proceedings before the appeals

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703	referee or the commission.
704	Section 14. A local ordinance enacted pursuant to s.
705	196.1995, Florida Statutes, before the effective date of this
706	act shall not be invalidated on the ground that improvements to
707	real property were made or that tangible personal property was
708	added or increased before the date that such ordinance was
709	adopted, as long as the local governing body acted substantially
710	in accordance with s. 196.1995(5), Florida Statutes, as amended
711	by this act.
712	Section 15. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
713	act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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