First Engrossed

2014754e1

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to certificates of title; amending s.
3	319.23, F.S.; revising the required statement that is
4	stamped on a certificate of title upon issuance of the
5	certificate; requiring the department to provide a
6	report regarding certificates of title for rebuilt
7	motor vehicles; amending s. 319.30, F.S.; defining a
8	term; revising requirements for the department to
9	declare certain mobile homes and motor vehicles
10	unrebuildable and to issue a certificate of
11	destruction; requiring an owner of, or an insurance
12	company for, a motor vehicle that is worth less than a
13	specified amount or is above a certain age to obtain a
14	certificate of destruction under certain
15	circumstances; providing a criminal penalty; amending
16	s. 860.146, F.S.; defining terms and redefining the
17	term "fake airbag"; prohibiting the import,
18	manufacture, offering for sale, or reinstallation of
19	fake airbags; providing a criminal penalty; providing
20	an effective date.
21	
22	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
23	
24	Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 319.23, Florida
25	Statutes, is amended to read:
26	319.23 Application for, and issuance of, certificate of
27	title
28	(2) The applicant for a certificate of title shall indicate
29	on the application if the motor vehicle is to be used as a

# Page 1 of 7

30 taxicab, police vehicle, or lease vehicle or if the motor 31 vehicle or mobile home is a rebuilt vehicle, as those terms are 32 defined in s. 319.14. Upon issuance of a certificate of title for such vehicle, the department shall stamp, in a conspicuous 33 34 place on the title, words stating the nature of the proposed use of the vehicle or stating that the vehicle has been rebuilt and 35 36 may have previously been declared a total loss vehicle due to 37 damage. This subsection applies to a mobile home, travel 38 trailer, camping trailer, truck camper, or fifth-wheel 39 recreation trailer only when the mobile home or vehicle is a 40 rebuilt vehicle as defined in s. 319.14.

41 Section 2. On or before October 31, 2015, the Department of 42 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall provide a summary report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of 43 44 the House of Representatives regarding certificates of title for 45 rebuilt vehicles. The summary report shall include the 46 department's recommendations to the Legislature to address any 47 needed improvements to, and correct any problems with, the process used to issue certificates of title for rebuilt motor 48 49 vehicles; and recommendations as to the need, and appropriate 50 process, for inspecting the roadworthiness of rebuilt motor vehicles based on relevant data and data on crashes caused by 51 52 vehicle defects involving rebuilt motor vehicles.

53 Section 3. Present paragraphs (i) through (w) of subsection 54 (1) of section 319.30, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as 55 paragraphs (j) through (x), respectively, a new paragraph (i) is 56 added to that subsection, and paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of 57 that section is amended, to read:

58

319.30 Definitions; dismantling, destruction, change of

#### Page 2 of 7

59 identity of motor vehicle or mobile home; salvage.-60 (1) As used in this section, the term: (i) "Late model vehicle" means a motor vehicle that has a 61 62 manufacturer's model year of 7 years or newer. 63 (3) (b) The owner, including persons who are self-insured, of a 64 65 any motor vehicle or mobile home that which is considered to be 66 salvage shall, within 72 hours after the motor vehicle or mobile 67 home becomes salvage, forward the title to the motor vehicle or 68 mobile home to the department for processing. However, an 69 insurance company that which pays money as compensation for the 70 total loss of a motor vehicle or mobile home shall obtain the 71 certificate of title for the motor vehicle or mobile home, make 72 the required notification to the National Motor Vehicle Title 73 Information System, and, within 72 hours after receiving such 74 certificate of title, shall forward such title to the department 75 for processing. The owner or insurance company, as applicable 76 the case may be, may not dispose of a vehicle or mobile home 77 that is a total loss before it obtains has obtained a salvage 78 certificate of title or certificate of destruction from the 79 department. When applying for a salvage certificate of title or 80 certificate of destruction, the owner or insurance company must provide the department with an estimate of the costs of 81 82 repairing the physical and mechanical damage suffered by the 83 vehicle for which a salvage certificate of title or certificate 84 of destruction is sought. If the estimated costs of repairing 85 the physical and mechanical damage to the mobile home vehicle 86 are equal to 80 percent or more of the current retail cost of the mobile home vehicle, as established in any official used car 87

## Page 3 of 7

88 or used mobile home quide, the department shall declare the 89 mobile home vehicle unrebuildable and print a certificate of 90 destruction, which authorizes the dismantling or destruction of 91 the motor vehicle or mobile home described therein. For a late 92 model vehicle with a current retail cost of at least \$7,500 just 93 prior to sustaining the damage that resulted in the total loss, 94 as established in any official used car guide or valuation 95 service, if the owner or insurance company determines that the 96 estimated costs of repairing the physical and mechanical damage 97 to the vehicle are equal to 90 percent or more of the current 98 retail cost of the vehicle, as established in any official used 99 motor vehicle guide or valuation service, the department shall 100 declare the vehicle unrebuildable and print a certificate of 101 destruction, which authorizes the dismantling or destruction of 102 the motor vehicle. However, if the damaged motor vehicle is 103 equipped with custom-lowered floors for wheelchair access or a 104 wheelchair lift, the insurance company may, upon determining 105 that the vehicle is repairable to a condition that is safe for 106 operation on public roads, submit the certificate of title to 107 the department for reissuance as a salvage rebuildable title and 108 the addition of a title brand of "insurance-declared total 109 loss." The certificate of destruction shall be reassignable a 110 maximum of two times before dismantling or destruction of the 111 vehicle is shall be required, and shall accompany the motor 112 vehicle or mobile home for which it is issued, when such motor 113 vehicle or mobile home is sold for such purposes, in lieu of a 114 certificate of title., and, thereafter, The department may not 115 issue a shall refuse issuance of any certificate of title for 116 that vehicle. Nothing in This subsection is not shall be

### Page 4 of 7

117 applicable if when a mobile home vehicle is worth less than 118 \$1,500 retail just prior to sustaining the damage that resulted 119 in the total loss in undamaged condition in any official used 120 motor vehicle guide or used mobile home guide or when a stolen 121 motor vehicle or mobile home is recovered in substantially 122 intact condition and is readily resalable without extensive 123 repairs to or replacement of the frame or engine. If a motor 124 vehicle has a current retail cost of less than \$7,500 just prior 125 to sustaining the damage that resulted in the total loss, as 126 established in any official used motor vehicle guide or 127 valuation service, or if the vehicle is not a late model 128 vehicle, the owner or insurance company that pays money as 129 compensation for the total loss of the motor vehicle shall obtain a certificate of destruction, if the motor vehicle is 130 131 damaged, wrecked, or burned to the extent that the only residual 132 value of the motor vehicle is as a source of parts or scrap 133 metal, or if the motor vehicle comes into this state under a 134 title or other ownership document that indicates that the motor 135 vehicle is not repairable, is junked, or is for parts or 136 dismantling only. A Any person who knowingly violates this 137 paragraph or falsifies documentation any document to avoid the 138 requirements of this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the 139 first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 140 Section 4. Section 860.146, Florida Statutes, is amended to 141 142 read: 143 860.146 Fake airbags; junk-filled airbag compartment.-144 (1) As used in this section, the term: (a) "Airbag" means a motor vehicle inflatable occupant 145

## Page 5 of 7

146	restraint system, including all component parts, such as the
147	cover, sensors, controllers, inflators, and wiring, that is
148	designed in accordance with federal safety regulations for a
149	given make, model, and year of a vehicle.
150	(b) "Counterfeit airbag" means an airbag displaying a mark
151	identical or similar to the genuine mark of a motor vehicle
152	manufacturer without authorization from said manufacturer.
153	(c) "Fake airbag" means any item other than an airbag that
154	was designed in accordance with federal safety regulations for a
155	given make, model, and year of motor vehicle as part of a motor
156	vehicle inflatable restraint system including counterfeit or
157	nonfunctioning airbags.
158	<u>(d)</u> "Junk-filled airbag compartment" means an airbag
159	compartment that is filled with any substance that does not
160	function in the same manner or to the same extent as an airbag
161	to protect vehicle occupants in a vehicle crash. The term does
162	not include a compartment from which an airbag has deployed if
163	there is no concealment of the deployment.
164	(e) "Nonfunctional airbag" means a replacement airbag that:
165	1. Was previously deployed or damaged;
166	2. Has an electric fault that is detected by the vehicle
167	airbag diagnostic system after the installation procedure is
168	completed; or
169	3. Includes any part or object, including, but not limited
170	to, a counterfeit or repaired airbag cover, installed in a motor
171	vehicle to mislead the owner or operator of such motor vehicle
172	into believing that a functional airbag has been installed.
173	(2) It is unlawful for <u>any person</u> <del>anyone</del> to knowingly
174	<u>import, manufacture,</u> purchase, sell, <u>offer for sale,</u> <del>or</del> install <u>,</u>

# Page 6 of 7

175	<u>or reinstall</u> on <u>a</u> <del>any</del> vehicle <u>a</u> <del>any</del> fake airbag or junk-filled
176	airbag compartment. Any person who violates this subsection
177	commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in
178	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
179	Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.