By Senator Legg

	17-01290-14 2014814
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to law enforcement and correctional
3	officers; amending s. 112.532, F.S.; specifying the
4	applicability of law enforcement and correctional
5	officers' rights to include internal or external
6	complaints against an officer; providing an effective
7	date.
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9	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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11	Section 1. Section 112.532, Florida Statutes, is amended to
12	read:
13	112.532 Law enforcement officers' and correctional
14	officers' rights.— <u>A</u> <del>All</del> law enforcement <u>officer or</u> <del>officers and</del>
15	correctional <u>officer</u> <del>officers</del> employed by or appointed to a law
16	enforcement agency or a correctional agency shall have the
17	following rights and privileges when the law enforcement officer
18	or correctional officer is the subject of an internal or
19	external complaint:
20	(1) RIGHTS OF LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS AND CORRECTIONAL
21	OFFICERS WHILE UNDER INVESTIGATION <u>If</u> Whenever a law
22	enforcement officer or correctional officer is under
23	investigation and subject to interrogation by members of his or
24	her agency for any reason that could lead to disciplinary
25	action, suspension, demotion, or dismissal, the interrogation
26	must be conducted under the following conditions:
27	(a) The interrogation shall be conducted at a reasonable
28	hour, preferably at a time when the law enforcement officer or
29	correctional officer is on duty, unless the seriousness of the
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 investigation is of such a degree that immediate action is

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 required.

32 (b) The interrogation shall take place either at the office 33 of the command of the investigating officer or at the office of 34 the local precinct, police unit, or correctional unit in which 35 the incident allegedly occurred, as designated by the 36 investigating officer or agency.

37 (c) The law enforcement officer or correctional officer under investigation shall be informed of the rank, name, and 38 39 command of the officer in charge of the investigation, the 40 interrogating officer, and all persons present during the interrogation. All questions directed to the officer under 41 42 interrogation shall be asked by or through one interrogator during any one investigative interrogation, unless specifically 43 44 waived by the officer under investigation.

(d) The law enforcement officer or correctional officer 45 46 under investigation must be informed of the nature of the 47 investigation before any interrogation begins, and he or she must be informed of the names of all complainants. All 48 49 identifiable witnesses shall be interviewed, if whenever possible, before prior to the beginning of the investigative 50 51 interview of the accused officer. The complaint, all witness 52 statements, including all other existing subject officer 53 statements, and all other existing evidence, including, but not 54 limited to, incident reports, GPS locator information, and audio or video recordings relating to the incident under 55 56 investigation, must be provided to each officer who is the 57 subject of the complaint before the beginning of any 58 investigative interview of that officer. An officer, after being

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    informed of the right to review witness statements, may
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    voluntarily waive the provisions of this paragraph and provide a
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    voluntary statement at any time.
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          (e) Interrogating sessions shall be for reasonable periods
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    and shall be timed to allow for such personal necessities and
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    rest periods as are reasonably necessary.
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          (f) The law enforcement officer or correctional officer
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    under interrogation may not be subjected to offensive language
    or be threatened with transfer, dismissal, or disciplinary
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    action. A promise or reward may not be made as an inducement to
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    answer any questions.
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          (q) The formal interrogation of a law enforcement officer
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    or correctional officer, including all recess periods, must be
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    recorded on audio tape, or otherwise preserved in such a manner
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    as to allow a transcript to be prepared, and there shall be no
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    unrecorded questions or statements. Upon the request of the
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    interrogated officer, a copy of any recording of the
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    interrogation session must be made available to the interrogated
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    officer no later than 72 hours, excluding holidays and weekends,
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    following said interrogation.
          (h) If the law enforcement officer or correctional officer
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    under interrogation is under arrest, or is likely to be placed
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    under arrest as a result of the interrogation, he or she shall
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(i) At the request of any law enforcement officer or
correctional officer under investigation, he or she has the
right to be represented by counsel or any other representative
of his or her choice, who shall be present at all times during

be completely informed of all his or her rights before

commencing the interrogation.

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17-01290-14 2014814 88 the interrogation whenever the interrogation relates to the 89 officer's continued fitness for law enforcement or correctional 90 service. 91 (j) Notwithstanding the rights and privileges provided by 92 this part, this part does not limit the right of an agency to 93 discipline or to pursue criminal charges against an officer. 94 (2) COMPLAINT REVIEW BOARDS.-A complaint review board shall 95 be composed of three members: One member selected by the chief administrator of the agency or unit; one member selected by the 96

97 aggrieved officer; and a third member to be selected by the 98 other two members. Agencies or units having more than 100 law 99 enforcement officers or correctional officers shall use utilize 100 a five-member board, with two members being selected by the 101 administrator, two members being selected by the aggrieved 102 officer, and the fifth member being selected by the other four members. The board members shall be law enforcement officers or 103 104 correctional officers selected from a any state, county, or 105 municipal agency within the county. There shall be a board for 106 law enforcement officers and a board for correctional officers 107 whose members shall be from the same discipline as the aggrieved 108 officer. The provisions of This subsection does shall not apply 109 to sheriffs or deputy sheriffs.

(3) CIVIL SUITS BROUGHT BY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS OR
CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS.-Each Every law enforcement officer or
correctional officer has shall have the right to bring civil
suit against <u>a</u> any person, group of persons, or organization or
corporation, or the head of such organization or corporation,
for damages, either pecuniary or otherwise, suffered during the
performance of the officer's official duties, for abridgment of

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117	the officer's civil rights arising out of the officer's
118	performance of official duties, or for filing a complaint
119	against the officer which the person knew was false when it was
120	filed. This section does not establish a separate civil action
121	against the officer's employing law enforcement agency for the
122	investigation and processing of a complaint filed under this
123	part.
124	(4) (a) NOTICE OF DISCIPLINARY ACTIONA dismissal,
125	demotion, transfer, reassignment, or other personnel action that
126	might result in loss of pay or benefits or that might otherwise
127	be considered a punitive measure may not be taken against <u>a</u> any
128	law enforcement officer or correctional officer unless the law
129	enforcement officer or correctional officer is notified of the
130	action and the reason or reasons for the action before the
131	effective date of the action.
132	(b) Notwithstanding s. 112.533(2), <u>if</u> whenever a law
133	enforcement officer or correctional officer is subject to
134	disciplinary action consisting of suspension with loss of pay,
135	demotion, or dismissal, the officer or the officer's
136	representative shall, upon request, be provided with a complete
137	copy of the investigative file, including the final
138	investigative report and all evidence, and with the opportunity
139	to address the findings in the report with the employing law
140	enforcement agency before imposing disciplinary action
141	consisting of suspension with loss of pay, demotion, or
142	dismissal. The contents of the complaint and investigation shall
143	remain confidential until such time as the employing law
144	enforcement agency makes a final determination whether or not to
145	issue a notice of disciplinary action consisting of suspension

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146 with loss of pay, demotion, or dismissal. This paragraph does 147 not provide law enforcement officers with a property interest or 148 expectancy of continued employment, employment, or appointment 149 as a law enforcement officer. 150 (5) RETALIATION FOR EXERCISING RIGHTS.-A No law enforcement 151 officer or correctional officer may not shall be discharged; 152 disciplined; demoted; denied promotion, transfer, or 153 reassignment; or otherwise discriminated against in regard to his or her employment or appointment, or be threatened with any 154 155 such treatment, by reason of his or her exercise of the rights 156 granted by this part. 157 (6) LIMITATIONS PERIOD FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS.-158 (a) Except as provided in this subsection, disciplinary 159 action, suspension, demotion, or dismissal may not be undertaken 160 by an agency against a law enforcement officer or correctional officer for an any act, omission, or other allegation of 161 162 misconduct if the investigation of the allegation, whether 163 generated internally or externally, is not completed within 180 164 days after the date the agency receives notice of the allegation 165 by a person authorized by the agency to initiate an investigation of the misconduct. If the agency determines that 166 167 disciplinary action is appropriate, it shall complete its 168 investigation and give notice in writing to the law enforcement 169 officer or correctional officer of its intent to proceed with disciplinary action, along with a proposal of the specific 170 171 action sought, including length of suspension, if applicable. 172 Notice to the officer must be provided within 180 days after the 173 date the agency received notice of the alleged misconduct, 174 except as follows:

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1	17-01290-14 2014814
175	1. The running of the limitations period may be tolled for
176	a period specified in a written waiver of the limitation by the
177	law enforcement officer or correctional officer.
178	2. The running of the limitations period is tolled during
179	the time that $\underline{a}$ any criminal investigation or prosecution is
180	pending in connection with the act, omission, or other
181	allegation of misconduct.
182	3. If the investigation involves an officer who is
183	incapacitated or otherwise unavailable, the running of the
184	limitations period is tolled during the period of incapacitation
185	or unavailability.
186	4. In a multijurisdictional investigation, the limitations
187	period may be extended for a period of time reasonably necessary
188	to facilitate the coordination of the agencies involved.
189	5. The running of the limitations period may be tolled for
190	emergencies or natural disasters during the time period wherein
191	the Governor has declared a state of emergency within the
192	jurisdictional boundaries of the concerned agency.
193	6. The running of the limitations period is tolled during
194	the time that the officer's compliance hearing proceeding is
195	continuing beginning with the filing of the notice of violation
196	and a request for a hearing and ending with the written
197	determination of the compliance review panel or upon the
198	violation being remedied by the agency.
199	(b) An investigation against a law enforcement officer or
200	correctional officer may be reopened, notwithstanding the
201	limitations period for commencing disciplinary action, demotion,
202	or dismissal, if:
203	1. Significant new evidence has been discovered that is
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204	likely to affect the outcome of the investigation.
205	2. The evidence could not have reasonably been discovered
206	in the normal course of investigation or the evidence resulted
207	from the predisciplinary response of the officer.
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209	$\underline{A}$ Any disciplinary action resulting from an investigation that
210	is reopened pursuant to this paragraph must be completed within
211	90 days after the date the investigation is reopened.
212	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.