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1
2 An act relating to education; amending s. 1001.42,
3 F.S.; requiring a school that includes middle grades
4 to include information, data, and instructional
5 strategies in its school improvement plan; requiring a
6 school that includes middle grades to implement an
7 early warning system based on indicators to identify
8 students in need of additional academic support;
9 amending s. 1003.02, F.S.; requiring a district school
10 board to notify parents of return on investment
11 relating to industry certifications; amending s.
12 1003.42, F.S.; providing State Board of Education
13 duties relating to middle grades courses; amending s.
14 1003.4203, F.S.; requiring a district school board, in
15 consultation with the district school superintendent,
16 to make CAPE Digital Tool certificates and CAPE
17 industry certifications available to students,
18 including students with disabilities, in
19 prekindergarten through grade 12, to enable students
20 to attain digital skills; providing eligibility for
21 additional FTE funding; requiring innovative programs
22 and courses that combine academic and career
23 instructional tools and industry certifications into
24 education for both college and career preparedness;
25 providing for additional FTE funding; providing for
26 grade point average calculation; requiring the
27 Department of Education to collaborate with Florida
28 educators and school leaders to provide technical
29 assistance to district school boards regarding

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30 implementation; authorizing public schools to provide
31 students with access to third-party assessment centers
32 and career and professional academy curricula;
33 encouraging third-party assessment providers and
34 career and professional academy curricula providers to
35 provide annual training; amending s. 1003.4281, F.S.;
36 deleting calculations for paid and unpaid high school
37 credits; amending s. 1003.492, F.S.; requiring return-
38 on-investment information for career education;
39 amending s. 1003.4935, F.S.; authorizing additional
40 FTE funding for certain Digital Tool certificates and
41 industry certifications; amending s. 1003.53, F.S.;
42 authorizing dropout prevention and academic
43 intervention services for a student identified by a
44 school's early warning system; amending s. 1006.135,
45 F.S.; including middle grades schools under provisions
46 prohibiting hazing; revising the definition of the
47 term "hazing"; requiring a school district policy that
48 prohibits hazing and establishes consequences for an
49 act of hazing; revising penalty provisions and
50 providing for applicability; creating s. 1007.273,
51 F.S.; requiring a Florida College System institution
52 to work with each district school board in its
53 designated service area to establish collegiate high
54 school programs; providing options for participation
55 in a collegiate high school program; requiring a local
56 Florida College System institution to execute a
57 contract with a district school board to establish the
58 program; authorizing another Florida College System

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institution to execute a contract with the district school board in certain circumstances; requiring each district school board to execute the contract with the local Florida College System institution; requiring the contract to be executed by a specified date for the purpose of implementation; specifying information that must be included in the contract; specifying requirements for student performance contracts for students participating in the collegiate high school program; authorizing district school boards to execute a contract with a state university or certain independent colleges and universities to establish the collegiate high school program; providing funding; requiring the State Board of Education to enforce compliance; amending s. 1008.345, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference; amending s. 1008.44, F.S.; requiring the department to annually identify CAPE Digital Tool certificates and CAPE industry certifications; authorizing the Commissioner of Education to recommend adding certain certificates and certifications; providing requirements for inclusion of CAPE Digital Tool certificates and CAPE industry certifications on the funding list; authorizing the commissioner to limit certain Digital Tool certificates and CAPE industry certifications to students in certain grades; providing requirements for the Articulation Coordinating Committee; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; specifying requirements relating to additional FTE funding based on completion of certain courses or

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88 programs and issuance of CAPE industry certification;
89 deleting obsolete provisions; deleting provisions
90 regarding Florida Cyber Security Recognition, Florida
91 Digital Arts Recognition, and Florida Digital Tool
92 Certificates; amending s. 1012.98, F.S.; providing
93 requirements relating to professional development,
94 including inservice plans and instructional
95 strategies, for middle grades educators; requiring the
96 Department of Education to disseminate professional
97 development in the use of integrated digital
98 instruction; amending s. 11.45, F.S.; authorizing the
99 Auditor General to conduct audits of the accounts and
100 records of nonprofit scholarship-funding
101 organizations; creating s. 1002.385, F.S.;
102 establishing the Florida Personal Learning Scholarship
103 Accounts Program; defining terms; specifying criteria
104 for students who are eligible to participate in the
105 program; identifying certain students who are not
106 eligible to participate in the program; authorizing
107 the use of awarded funds for specific purposes;
108 prohibiting specific providers, schools, institutions,
109 school districts, and other entities from sharing,
110 refunding, or rebating program funds; specifying the
111 terms of the program; requiring a school district to
112 notify the parent regarding the option to participate
113 in the program; specifying the school district's
114 responsibilities for completing a matrix of services
115 and notifying the Department of Education of the
116 completion of the matrix; requiring the department to

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117 notify the parent regarding the amount of the awarded
118 funds; authorizing the school district to change the
119 matrix under certain circumstances; requiring the
120 school district in which a student resides to notify
121 students and parents of locations and times to take
122 all statewide assessments; requiring the school
123 district to notify parents of the availability of a
124 reevaluation; specifying the eligibility requirements
125 and obligations of an eligible private school relating
126 to the program; specifying the duties of the
127 Department of Education relating to the program;
128 requiring the Commissioner of Education to deny,
129 suspend, or revoke participation in the program or use
130 of program funds under certain circumstances;
131 providing additional factors under which the
132 commissioner may deny, suspend, or revoke a
133 participation in the program or program funds;
134 requiring a parent to sign an agreement with the
135 Department of Education to enroll his or her child in
136 the program which specifies the responsibilities of a
137 parent or student for using funds in an account and
138 for submitting a compliance statement to the
139 department; providing that a parent who fails to
140 comply with the responsibilities of the agreement
141 forfeits the personal learning scholarship account;
142 authorizing an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding
143 organization to establish personal learning
144 scholarship accounts for eligible students
145 participating in the program; providing for funding

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and payments; providing for the closing of a student's account and reversion of funds to the state; requiring an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization to develop a system for payment of benefits by electronic funds transfer; providing that moneys received pursuant to the program do not constitute taxable income; providing the Auditor General's obligations under the program; requiring the Department of Health, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, and the Department of Education to work with an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization for easy or automated access to lists of licensed providers of services; providing that the state is not liable for the award or use of awarded funds; providing for the scope of authority of the act; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt rules to administer the program; providing for implementation of the program in a specified school year; amending s. 1002.395, F.S.; revising the purpose of the Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program; revising definitions; revising eligibility requirements for the Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program; requiring the Department of Education and Department of Revenue to publish the tax credit cap on their websites when it is increased; requiring the Department of Revenue to provide a copy of a letter approving a taxpayer for a specified tax credit to the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization; authorizing certain entities to convey, transfer, or

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assign certain tax credits; providing for the
calculation of underpayment of estimated corporate
income taxes and tax installation payments for taxes
on insurance premiums and assessments and the
determination of whether penalties or interest shall
be imposed on the underpayment; revising the
disqualifying offenses for nonprofit scholarship-
funding organization owners and operators; revising
priority for new applicants; allowing a student in
foster care or out-of-home care to apply for a
scholarship at any time; prohibiting use of eligible
contributions from being used for lobbying or
political activity or related expenses; requiring
application fees to be expended for student
scholarships in any year a nonprofit scholarship-
funding organization uses eligible contributions for
administrative expenses; requiring amounts carried
forward to be specifically reserved for particular
students and schools for audit purposes; revising
audit and report requirements for nonprofit
scholarship-funding organizations and Auditor General
review of all reports; requiring nonprofit
scholarship-funding organizations to maintain a surety
bond or letter of credit and to adjust the bond or
letter of credit quarterly based upon a statement from
a certified public accountant; providing exceptions;
requiring the nonprofit scholarship-funding
organization to provide the Auditor General any
information or documentation requested in connection

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with an operational audit; requiring a private school to provide agreed upon transportation and make arrangements for taking statewide assessments at the school district testing site and in accordance with the district's testing schedule if the student chooses to take the statewide assessment; requiring parental authorization for access to income eligibility information; specifying that the independent research organization is the Learning System Institute at the Florida State University; identifying grant terms and payments; revising statewide and individual school report requirements; revising limitations on annual scholarship amounts; providing initial and renewal application requirements and an approval process for a charitable organization that seeks to be a nonprofit scholarship-funding organization; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt rules; providing a registration notice requirement for public and private universities to be nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt rules; allowing existing nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations to provide the required bond at a specified date; repealing s. 1003.438, F.S., relating to special high school graduation requirements for certain exceptional students; creating s. 1003.5716, F.S.; providing that certain students with disabilities have a right to free, appropriate public education; requiring an individual education plan (IEP) team to begin the

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process of, and to develop an IEP for, identifying transition services needs for a student with a disability before the student attains a specified age; providing requirements for the process; requiring certain statements to be included and annually updated in the IEP; providing that changes in the goals specified in an IEP are subject to independent review and parental approval; requiring the school district to reconvene the IEP team to identify alternative strategies to meet transition objectives if a participating agency fails to provide transition services specified in the IEP; providing that the agency's failure does not relieve the agency of the responsibility to provide or pay for the transition services that the agency otherwise would have provided; amending s. 1003.572, F.S.; prohibiting a school district from charging fees or imposing additional requirements on private instructional personnel; amending s. 1008.25, F.S.; requiring written notification relating to portfolios to a parent of a student with a substantial reading deficiency; requiring a student promoted to a certain grade with a good cause exemption to receive intensive reading instruction and intervention; requiring a school district to assist schools and teachers with the implementation of reading strategies; revising good cause exemptions; directing the Florida Prepaid College Board to conduct a study and submit to the Legislature a report under established parameters;

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amending ss. 120.81, 409.1451, and 1007.263, F.S.;
conforming cross-references; providing for application
of specified provisions in the act; amending s.
985.622, F.S.; revising requirements for the
multiagency education plan for students in juvenile
justice education programs; including virtual
education as an option; amending s. 1001.31, F.S.;
authorizing instructional personnel at all juvenile
justice facilities to access specific student records
at the district; amending s. 1003.51, F.S.; revising
terminology; revising requirements for rules to be
maintained by the State Board of Education; providing
expectations for effective education programs for
students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs;
revising requirements for contract and cooperative
agreements for the delivery of appropriate education
services to students in Department of Juvenile Justice
programs; requiring the Department of Education to
ensure that juvenile justice students who are eligible
have access to highschool equivalency testing and
assist juvenile justice education programs with
becoming high school equivalency testing centers;
revising requirements for an accountability system for
all juvenile justice education programs; revising
requirements for district school boards; amending s.
1003.52, F.S.; revising requirements for activities to
be coordinated by the coordinators for juvenile
justice education programs; authorizing contracting
for educational assessments; revising requirements for

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assessments; authorizing access to local virtual
education courses; requiring that an education program
shall be based on each student's transition plan and
assessed educational needs; providing requirements for
prevention and day treatment juvenile justice
education programs; requiring progress monitoring
plans for all students not classified as exceptional
student education students; revising requirements for
such plans; requiring the Department of Education, in
partnership with the Department of Juvenile Justice,
to ensure that school districts and juvenile justice
education providers develop individualized transition
plans; providing requirements for such plans;
authorizing the Secretary of Juvenile Justice or the
director of a juvenile justice program to request that
a school district teacher's performance be reviewed by
the district and that the teacher be reassigned in
certain circumstances; requiring the Department of
Education to establish by rule objective and
measurable student performance measures and program
performance ratings; providing requirements for such
ratings; requiring a comprehensive accountability and
program improvement process; providing requirements
for such a process; deleting provisions for minimum
thresholds for the standards and key indicators for
education programs in juvenile justice facilities;
revising data collection and annual report
requirements; deleting provisions concerning the
Arthur Dozier School for Boys; requiring rulemaking;

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amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; revising terminology;
revising a cross-reference; amending s. 1003.4282,
F.S.; revising provisions relating to the online
course requirement for a standard high school diploma;
providing standard high school diploma requirements
for students with disabilities; requiring an
independent review and a parent's approval to change a
high school graduation option specified in the
student's individual education plan; providing for a
student with a disability to defer the receipt of a
standard high school diploma under certain
circumstances; authorizing certain students with
disabilities to continue to receive certain
instruction and services; requiring parental approval
and independent review of a waiver of statewide,
standardized assessments; requiring the State Board of
Education to adopt rules; providing construction with
respect to the passage of similar legislation;
creating s. 1003.4995, F.S.; requiring the
Commissioner of Education to prepare an annual report
relating to student access to and participation in
fine arts courses and information on educators,
facilities, and instruction in such courses; renaming
the Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University
Crestview Education Center as the "Senator Durell
Peaden, Jr., FAMU Educational Center"; providing
effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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349
350 Section 1. Subsection (18) of section 1001.42, Florida
351 Statutes, is amended to read:

352 1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.—The
353 district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all
354 powers and perform all duties listed below:

355 (18) IMPLEMENT SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY.—
356 Maintain a state system of school improvement and education
357 accountability as provided by statute and State Board of
358 Education rule. This system of school improvement and education
359 accountability shall be consistent with, and implemented
360 through, the district's continuing system of planning and
361 budgeting required by this section and ss. 1008.385, 1010.01,
362 and 1011.01. This system of school improvement and education
363 accountability shall comply with the provisions of ss. 1008.33,
364 1008.34, 1008.345, and 1008.385 and include the following:

365 (a) *School improvement plans.*—

366 1. The district school board shall annually approve and
367 require implementation of a new, amended, or continuation school
368 improvement plan for each school in the district. If a school
369 has a significant gap in achievement on statewide assessments
370 pursuant to s. 1008.34(3)(b) by one or more student subgroups,
371 as defined in the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act
372 (ESEA), 20 U.S.C. s. 6311(b)(2)(C)(v)(II); has not significantly
373 decreased the percentage of students scoring below satisfactory
374 on statewide assessments; or has significantly lower graduation
375 rates for a subgroup when compared to the state's graduation
376 rate, that school's improvement plan shall include strategies
377 for improving these results. The state board shall adopt rules

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establishing thresholds and for determining compliance with this
~~subparagraph~~ ~~paragraph~~.

2. A school that includes any of grades 6, 7, or 8 shall include annually in its school improvement plan information and data on the school's early warning system required under paragraph (b), including a list of the early warning indicators used in the system, the number of students identified by the system as exhibiting two or more early warning indicators, the number of students by grade level that exhibit each early warning indicator, and a description of all intervention strategies employed by the school to improve the academic performance of students identified by the early warning system. In addition, a school that includes any of grades 6, 7, or 8 shall describe in its school improvement plan the strategies used by the school to implement the instructional practices for middle grades emphasized by the district's professional development system pursuant to s. 1012.98(4)(b)9.

(b) Early warning system.—

1. A school that includes any of grades 6, 7, or 8 shall implement an early warning system to identify students in grades 6, 7, and 8 who need additional support to improve academic performance and stay engaged in school. The early warning system must include the following early warning indicators:

a. Attendance below 90 percent, regardless of whether absence is excused or a result of out-of-school suspension.

b. One or more suspensions, whether in school or out of school.

c. Course failure in English Language Arts or mathematics.

d. A Level 1 score on the statewide, standardized

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assessments in English Language Arts or mathematics.

A school district may identify additional early warning indicators for use in a school's early warning system.

2. When a student exhibits two or more early warning indicators, the school's child study team under s. 1003.02 or a school-based team formed for the purpose of implementing the requirements of this paragraph shall convene to determine appropriate intervention strategies for the student. The school shall provide at least 10 days' written notice of the meeting to the student's parent, indicating the meeting's purpose, time, and location, and provide the parent the opportunity to participate.

(c) ~~(b)~~ Public disclosure.—The district school board shall provide information regarding the performance of students and educational programs as required pursuant to ss. 1008.22 and 1008.385 and implement a system of school reports as required by statute and State Board of Education rule which shall include schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to students ~~youth~~ in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, and for those schools, report on the elements specified in s. 1003.52(17) ~~1003.52(19)~~. Annual public disclosure reports shall be in an easy-to-read report card format and shall include the school's grade, high school graduation rate calculated without high school equivalency examinations ~~GED tests~~, disaggregated by student ethnicity, and performance data as specified in state board rule.

(d) ~~(e)~~ School improvement funds.—The district school board shall provide funds to schools for developing and implementing

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school improvement plans. Such funds shall include those funds appropriated for the purpose of school improvement pursuant to s. 24.121(5)(c).

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 1003.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.02 District school board operation and control of public K-12 education within the school district.—As provided in part II of chapter 1001, district school boards are constitutionally and statutorily charged with the operation and control of public K-12 education within their school district. The district school boards must establish, organize, and operate their public K-12 schools and educational programs, employees, and facilities. Their responsibilities include staff development, public K-12 school student education including education for exceptional students and students in juvenile justice programs, special programs, adult education programs, and career education programs. Additionally, district school boards must:

(1) Provide for the proper accounting for all students of school age, for the attendance and control of students at school, and for proper attention to health, safety, and other matters relating to the welfare of students in the following areas ~~fields~~:

(a) *Admission, classification, promotion, and graduation of students.*—Adopt rules for admitting, classifying, promoting, and graduating students to or from the various schools of the district.

(b) *Enforcement of attendance laws.*—Provide for the enforcement of all laws and rules relating to the attendance of

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students at school. District school boards are authorized to establish policies that allow accumulated unexcused tardies, regardless of when they occur during the school day, and early departures from school to be recorded as unexcused absences. District school boards are also authorized to establish policies that require referral to a school's child study team for students who have fewer absences than the number required by s. 1003.26(1) (b).

(c) Control of students.—

1. Adopt rules for the control, attendance, discipline, in-school suspension, suspension, and expulsion of students and decide all cases recommended for expulsion.

2. Maintain a code of student conduct as provided in chapter 1006.

(d) Courses of study and instructional materials.—

1. Provide adequate instructional materials for all students as follows and in accordance with the requirements of chapter 1006, in the core courses of mathematics, language arts, social studies, science, reading, and literature, except for instruction for which the school advisory council approves the use of a program that does not include a textbook as a major tool of instruction.

2. Adopt courses of study for use in the schools of the district.

3. Provide for proper requisitioning, distribution, accounting, storage, care, and use of all instructional materials as may be needed, and ensure that instructional materials used in the district are consistent with the district goals and objectives and the curriculum frameworks approved by

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the State Board of Education, as well as with the state and school district performance standards required by law and state board rule.

(e) *Transportation*.—Make provision for the transportation of students to the public schools or school activities they are required or expected to attend, efficiently and economically, in accordance with the requirements of chapter 1006, which function may be accomplished, in whole or part, by means of an interlocal agreement under s. 163.01.

(f) *Facilities and school plant*.—

1. Approve and adopt a districtwide school facilities program, in accordance with the requirements of chapter 1013.

2. Approve plans for locating, planning, constructing, sanitating, insuring, maintaining, protecting, and condemning school property as prescribed in chapter 1013.

3. Approve and adopt a districtwide school building program.

4. Select and purchase school sites, playgrounds, and recreational areas located at centers at which schools are to be constructed, of adequate size to meet the needs of projected students to be accommodated.

5. Approve the proposed purchase of any site, playground, or recreational area for which school district funds are to be used.

6. Expand existing sites.

7. Rent buildings when necessary, which function may be accomplished, in whole or part, by means of an interlocal agreement under s. 163.01.

8. Enter into leases or lease-purchase arrangements, in

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accordance with the requirements and conditions provided in s.
1013.15(2).

9. Provide for the proper supervision of construction.

10. Make or contract for additions, alterations, and
repairs on buildings and other school properties.

11. Ensure that all plans and specifications for buildings
provide adequately for the safety and well-being of students, as
well as for economy of construction.

12. Provide adequately for the proper maintenance and
upkeep of school plants, which function may be accomplished, in
whole or part, by means of an interlocal agreement under s.
163.01.

13. Carry insurance on every school building in all school
plants including contents, boilers, and machinery, except
buildings of three classrooms or less which are of frame
construction and located in a tenth class public protection zone
as defined by the Florida Inspection and Rating Bureau, and on
all school buses and other property under the control of the
district school board or title to which is vested in the
district school board, except as exceptions may be authorized
under rules of the State Board of Education.

14. Condemn and prohibit the use for public school purposes
of any building under the control of the district school board.

(g) *School operation.*—

1. Provide for the operation of all public schools as free
schools for a term of 180 days or the equivalent on an hourly
basis as specified by rules of the State Board of Education;
determine district school funds necessary in addition to state
funds to operate all schools for the minimum term; and arrange

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for the levying of district school taxes necessary to provide the amount needed from district sources.

2. Prepare, adopt, and timely submit to the Department of Education, as required by law and by rules of the State Board of Education, the annual school budget, so as to promote the improvement of the district school system.

(h) *Records and reports.*—

1. Keep all necessary records and make all needed and required reports, as required by law or by rules of the State Board of Education.

2. At regular intervals require reports to be made by principals or teachers in all public schools to the parents of the students enrolled and in attendance at their schools, apprising them of the academic and other progress being made by the student and giving other useful information.

(i) *Parental notification of acceleration options.*—At the beginning of each school year, notify parents of students in or entering high school of the opportunity and benefits of advanced placement, International Baccalaureate, Advanced International Certificate of Education, dual enrollment, and Florida Virtual School courses and options for early graduation under s. 1003.4281.

(j) *Return on investment.*—Notify the parent of a student who earns an industry certification that articulates for postsecondary credit of the estimated cost savings to the parent before the student's high school graduation versus the cost of acquiring such certification after high school graduation, which would include the tuition and fees associated with available postsecondary credits. Also, the student and the parent must be

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581 informed of any additional industry certifications available to
582 the student.

583 Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 1003.42, Florida
584 Statutes, is amended to read:

585 1003.42 Required instruction.—

586 (1) Each district school board shall provide all courses
587 required for middle grades promotion, high school graduation,
588 and appropriate instruction designed to ensure that students
589 meet State Board of Education adopted standards in the following
590 subject areas: reading and other language arts, mathematics,
591 science, social studies, foreign languages, health and physical
592 education, and the arts. The state board must remove a middle
593 grades course in the Course Code Directory that does not fully
594 integrate all appropriate curricular content required by s.
595 1003.41 and may approve a new course only if it meets the
596 required curricular content.

597 Section 4. Section 1003.4203, Florida Statutes, is amended
598 to read:

599 1003.4203 Digital materials, CAPE Digital Tool
600 ~~recognitions~~, certificates, and technical assistance.—

601 (1) DIGITAL MATERIALS.—Each district school board, in
602 consultation with the district school superintendent, shall make
603 available digital materials, CAPE Digital Tool certificates, and
604 CAPE industry certifications for students in prekindergarten
605 through grade 12 in order to enable students to attain digital
606 skills. The digital materials, CAPE Digital Tool certificates,
607 and CAPE industry certifications may be integrated into subject
608 area curricula, offered as a separate course, made available
609 through open-access options, or deployed through online or

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digital computer applications, ~~subject to available funding.~~

(2) CAPE ESE DIGITAL TOOLS. ~~Beginning with the 2013-2014 school year,~~ Each district school board, in consultation with the district school superintendent, shall make available digital and instructional materials, including software applications, to students with disabilities who are in prekindergarten through grade 12. Beginning with the 2015-2016 school year:

(a) Digital materials may include CAPE Digital Tool certificates, workplace industry certifications, and OSHA industry certifications identified pursuant to s. 1008.44 for students with disabilities; and

(b) Each student's individual educational plan for students with disabilities developed pursuant to this chapter must identify the CAPE Digital Tool certificates and CAPE industry certifications the student seeks to attain before high school graduation.

~~(3) Subject to available funding, by December 1, 2013, the department shall contract with one or more technology companies, or affiliated nonprofit organizations, that have approved industry certifications identified on the Industry Certification Funding List or the Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to s. 1003.492 or s. 1008.44, to develop a Florida Cyber Security Recognition and a Florida Digital Arts Recognition. The department shall notify each school district when the recognitions are developed and available. The recognitions shall be made available to all public elementary school students at no cost to the districts or charter schools.~~

~~(a) Targeted knowledge and skills to be mastered for each recognition shall be identified by the department. Knowledge and~~

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skills may be demonstrated through student attainment of the below recognitions in particular content areas:

1. The Florida Cyber Security Recognition must be based upon an understanding of computer processing operations and, in most part, on cyber security skills that increase a student's cyber-safe practices.

2. The Florida Digital Arts Recognition must reflect a balance of skills in technology and the arts.

(b) The technology companies or affiliated nonprofit organizations that provide the recognition must provide open access to materials for teaching and assessing the skills a student must acquire in order to earn a Florida Cyber Security Recognition or a Florida Digital Arts Recognition. The school district shall notify each elementary school advisory council of the methods of delivery of the open-access content and assessments. If there is no elementary school advisory council, notification must be provided to the district advisory council.

(3)-(4) CAPE DIGITAL TOOL CERTIFICATES. Subject to available funding, by December 1, 2013, The department shall identify, by June 15 of each year, CAPE Digital Tool certificates that contract with one or more technology companies that have approved industry certifications identified on the Industry Certification Funding List or the Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to s. 1003.492 or s. 1008.44, to develop a Florida Digital Tools Certificate to indicate a student's digital skills. The department shall notify each school district when the certificates are ~~certificate is~~ developed and available. The certificates ~~certificate~~ shall be made available to all public elementary and middle grades

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students ~~at no cost to the districts or charter schools.~~

(a) Targeted skills to be mastered for the certificate include digital skills that are necessary to the student's academic work and skills the student may need in future employment. The skills must include, but are not limited to, word processing; spreadsheets; spreadsheet display, and creation of presentations, including sound, motion, and color presentations; digital arts; cybersecurity; and coding including sound, text, and graphic presentations, consistent with CAPE industry certifications that are listed on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to ss. 1003.492 and 1008.44. CAPE Digital Tool certificates earned by students are eligible for additional full-time equivalent membership pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(o)1.a s. 1003.492.

(b) ~~A technology company that provides the certificate must provide open access to materials for teaching and assessing the skills necessary to earn the certificate.~~ The school district shall notify each middle school advisory council of the methods of delivery of the open-access content and assessments for the certificates ~~certificate~~. If there is no middle school advisory council, notification must be provided to the district advisory council.

(c) The Legislature intends that by July 1, 2018, on an annual basis, at least 75 percent of public middle grades students earn at least one CAPE Digital Tool certificate ~~a Florida Digital Tools Certificate~~.

(4) CAPE INDUSTRY CERTIFICATIONS.—

(a) CAPE industry certifications, issued to middle school and high school students, which do not articulate for college

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credit, are eligible for additional full-time equivalent membership pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(o)1.b.

(b) CAPE industry certifications, issued to high school students, which articulate for college credit, are eligible for additional full-time equivalent membership pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(o)1.b.

(5) CAPE INNOVATION AND CAPE ACCELERATION.—

(a) CAPE Innovation.—Up to five courses annually approved by the commissioner that combine academic and career content, and performance outcome expectations that, if achieved by a student, shall articulate for college credit and be eligible for additional full-time equivalent membership pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(o)1.c. Such approved courses must incorporate at least two third-party assessments that, if successfully completed by a student, shall articulate for college credit. At least one of the two third-party assessments must be associated with an industry certification that is identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List. Each course that is approved by the commissioner must be specifically identified in the Course Code Directory as a CAPE Innovation Course.

(b) CAPE Acceleration.—Industry certifications, annually approved by the commissioner, that articulate for 15 or more college credit hours and, if successfully completed, shall be eligible for additional full-time equivalent membership pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(o)1.d. Each approved industry certification must be specifically identified in the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List as a CAPE Acceleration Industry Certification.

(6) GRADE POINT AVERAGE CALCULATION.—For purposes of

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calculating grade point average, a grade in a course that is level 3 or above and leads to an industry certification must be weighted the same as a grade in an Honors course.

(7)(5) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—

(a) The Department of Education ~~or a company contracted with under subsection (4)~~ shall collaborate with Florida educators and school leaders to provide technical assistance to district school boards in the implementation of this section. Technical assistance to districts shall include, but is not limited to, identification of digital resources, primarily open-access resources, including digital curriculum, instructional materials, media assets, and other digital tools and applications; training mechanisms for teachers and others to facilitate integration of digital resources and technologies into instructional strategies; and model policies and procedures that support sustainable implementation practices.

(b) Public schools may provide students with access to third-party assessment centers and career and professional academy curricula in a digital format in support of CAPE Digital Tool certificates and CAPE industry certifications, pursuant to ss. 1003.4203 and 1008.44, to assist public schools and school districts to establish Florida Digital Classrooms.

(8)(6) PARTNERSHIPS.—

(a) A district school board may seek partnerships with other school districts, private businesses, postsecondary institutions, or consultants to offer classes and instruction to teachers and students to assist the school district in providing digital materials, CAPE Digital Tool ~~recognitions, and~~ certificates, and CAPE industry certifications established

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pursuant to this section.

(b) Third-party assessment providers and career and professional academy curricula providers are encouraged to provide annual training to staff of the Department of Education, staff of school district offices, instructional staff of public schools, including charter schools, and other appropriate administrative staff through face-to-face training models; online, video conferencing training models; and through state, regional, or conference presentations.

(9)~~(7)~~ RULES.—The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to administer this section.

Section 5. Subsection (5) of section 1003.4281, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.4281 Early high school graduation.—

~~(5) For purposes of this section, a credit is equal to 1/6 FTE. A student may earn up to six paid high school credits equivalent to 1 FTE per school year in grades 9 through 12 for courses provided by the school district. High school credits earned in excess of six per school year in courses delivered by the school district are unpaid credits.~~

Section 6. Subsection (3) of section 1003.492, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.492 Industry-certified career education programs.—

(3) The Department of Education shall collect student achievement and performance data in industry-certified career education programs and career-themed courses and shall work with Workforce Florida, Inc., in the analysis of collected data. The data collection and analyses shall examine the performance of participating students over time. Performance factors shall

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include, but not be limited to, graduation rates, retention rates, Florida Bright Futures Scholarship awards, additional educational attainment, employment records, earnings, industry certification, return on investment, and employer satisfaction. The results of this study shall be submitted to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives annually by December 31.

Section 7. Subsection (4) is added to section 1003.4935, Florida Statutes, to read:

1003.4935 Middle grades career and professional academy courses and career-themed courses.—

(4) CAPE Digital Tool certificates and CAPE industry certifications offered in the middle grades that are included on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List, if earned by students, are eligible for additional full-time equivalent membership pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(o)1.a. and b.

Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1003.53, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.53 Dropout prevention and academic intervention.—

(1)

(c) A student shall be identified as being eligible to receive services funded through the dropout prevention and academic intervention program based upon one of the following criteria:

1. The student is academically unsuccessful as evidenced by low test scores, retention, failing grades, low grade point average, falling behind in earning credits, or not meeting the state or district proficiency levels in reading, mathematics, or writing.

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2. The student has a pattern of excessive absenteeism or has been identified as a habitual truant.

3. The student has a history of disruptive behavior in school or has committed an offense that warrants out-of-school suspension or expulsion from school according to the district school board's code of student conduct. For the purposes of this program, "disruptive behavior" is behavior that:

a. Interferes with the student's own learning or the educational process of others and requires attention and assistance beyond that which the traditional program can provide or results in frequent conflicts of a disruptive nature while the student is under the jurisdiction of the school either in or out of the classroom; or

b. Severely threatens the general welfare of students or others with whom the student comes into contact.

4. The student is identified by a school's early warning system pursuant to s. 1001.42(18)(b).

Section 9. Section 1006.135, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.135 Hazing prohibited at ~~high~~ schools with any of grades 6-12 ~~9-12 prohibited.~~

(1) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, "hazing" means any action or situation that ~~recklessly or intentionally~~ endangers the mental or physical health or safety of a student at a ~~high~~ school with any of grades 6 ~~9~~ through 12 for purposes including, but not limited to, initiation or admission into or affiliation with any organization operating under the sanction of a ~~high~~ school with any of grades 6 ~~9~~ through 12. "Hazing" includes, but is not limited to:7

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(a) Pressuring, ~~or~~ coercing, or forcing a ~~the~~ student into:
1. Violating state or federal law;
2. Consuming any food, liquor, drug, or other substance; or
3. Participating in physical activity that could adversely
affect the health or safety of the student.

(b) Any brutality of a physical nature, such as whipping, beating, branding, or exposure to the elements, ~~forced consumption of any food, liquor, drug, or other substance, or other forced physical activity that could adversely affect the physical health or safety of the student, and also includes any activity that would subject the student to extreme mental stress, such as sleep deprivation, forced exclusion from social contact, forced conduct that could result in extreme embarrassment, or other forced activity that could adversely affect the mental health or dignity of the student.~~

Hazing does not include customary athletic events or other similar contests or competitions or any activity or conduct that furthers a legal and legitimate objective.

(2) SCHOOL DISTRICT POLICY.—Each school district shall adopt in rule a policy that prohibits hazing and establishes consequences for a student who commits an act of hazing. The policy must include:

(a) A definition of hazing, which must include the definition provided in this section.

(b) A procedure for reporting an alleged act of hazing, including provisions that permit a person to anonymously report such an act. However, disciplinary action may not be based solely on an anonymous report.

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(c) A requirement that a school with any of grades 9 through 12 report an alleged act of hazing to a local law enforcement agency if the alleged act meets the criteria established under subsection (3).

(d) A provision for referral of victims and perpetrators of hazing to a certified school counselor.

(e) A requirement that each incident of hazing be reported in the school's safety and discipline report required under s. 1006.09(6). The report must include the number of hazing incidents reported, the number of incidents referred to a local law enforcement agency, the number of incidents that result in disciplinary action taken by the school, and the number of incidents that do not result in either referral to a local law enforcement agency or disciplinary action taken by the school.

(3)(2) CRIMINAL PENALTIES.—This subsection applies only to students in any of grades 9 through 12.

(a)1. A person who commits an act of hazing, a third degree felony, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, when he or she intentionally or recklessly commits any act of hazing as defined in subsection (1) upon another person who is a member of or an applicant to any type of student organization commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, if the person knew or should have known the act would result in serious bodily injury or death of such other person and the act hazing results in serious bodily injury or death of such other person.

2.(3) A person who commits an act of hazing, a first degree misdemeanor, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, when he or she intentionally or recklessly commits any act of

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900 ~~hazing as defined in subsection (1)~~ upon another person who is a
901 member of or an applicant to any type of student organization
902 commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
903 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, if the person knew or
904 should have known the act would create a potential risk of
905 physical injury or death to such other person and the act hazing
906 creates a potential ~~substantial~~ risk of physical injury or death
907 to such other person.

908 ~~(b)(4)~~ As a condition of any sentence imposed pursuant to
909 paragraph (a) subsection (2) or subsection (3), the court:

910 1. Shall order the defendant to attend and complete a 4-
911 hour hazing education course and may also impose a condition of
912 drug or alcohol probation.

913 2. May require the defendant to make a public apology to
914 the students and victims at the school.

915 3. May require the defendant to participate in a school-
916 sponsored antihazing campaign to raise awareness of what
917 constitutes hazing and the penalties for hazing.

918 ~~(c)(5)~~ It is not a defense to a charge of hazing that:

919 1.(a) Consent of the victim had been obtained;

920 2.(b) The conduct or activity that resulted in the death or
921 injury of a person was not part of an official organizational
922 event or was not otherwise sanctioned or approved by the
923 organization; or

924 3.(c) The conduct or activity that resulted in death or
925 injury of the person was not done as a condition of membership
926 to an organization.

927 (4)(6) CONSTRUCTION.—This section shall not be construed to
928 preclude prosecution for a more general offense resulting from

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the same criminal transaction or episode.

Section 10. Section 1007.273, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1007.273 Collegiate high school program.—

(1) Each Florida College System institution shall work with each district school board in its designated service area to establish one or more collegiate high school programs.

(2) At a minimum, collegiate high school programs must include an option for public school students in grade 11 or grade 12 participating in the program, for at least 1 full school year, to earn CAPE industry certifications pursuant to s. 1008.44 and to successfully complete 30 credit hours through the dual enrollment program under s. 1007.271 toward the first year of college for an associate degree or baccalaureate degree while enrolled in the program.

(3) Each district school board and its local Florida College System institution shall execute a contract to establish one or more collegiate high school programs at a mutually agreed upon location or locations. Beginning with the 2015-2016 school year, if the institution does not establish a program with a district school board in its designated service area, another Florida College System institution may execute a contract with that district school board to establish the program. The contract must be executed by January 1 of each school year for implementation of the program during the next school year. The contract must:

(a) Identify the grade levels to be included in the collegiate high school program which must, at a minimum, include grade 12.

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958 (b) Describe the collegiate high school program, including
959 the delineation of courses and industry certifications offered,
960 including online course availability; the high school and
961 college credits earned for each postsecondary course completed
962 and industry certification earned; student eligibility criteria;
963 and the enrollment process and relevant deadlines.

964 (c) Describe the methods, medium, and process by which
965 students and their parents are annually informed about the
966 availability of the collegiate high school program, the return
967 on investment associated with participation in the program, and
968 the information described in paragraphs (a) and (b).

969 (d) Identify the delivery methods for instruction and the
970 instructors for all courses.

971 (e) Identify student advising services and progress
972 monitoring mechanisms.

973 (f) Establish a program review and reporting mechanism
974 regarding student performance outcomes.

975 (g) Describe the terms of funding arrangements to implement
976 the collegiate high school program.

977 (4) Each student participating in a collegiate high school
978 program must enter into a student performance contract which
979 must be signed by the student, the parent, and a representative
980 of the school district and the applicable Florida College System
981 institution, state university, or other institution
982 participating pursuant to subsection (5). The performance
983 contract must include the schedule of courses, by semester, and
984 industry certifications to be taken by the student, student
985 attendance requirements, and course grade requirements.

986 (5) In addition to executing a contract with the local

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Florida College System institution under this section, a district school board may execute a contract to establish a collegiate high school program with a state university or an institution that is eligible to participate in the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida Resident Access Grant Program, that is a nonprofit independent college or university located and chartered in this state, and that is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools to grant baccalaureate degrees. Such university or institution must meet the requirements specified under subsections (3) and (4).

(6) The collegiate high school program shall be funded pursuant to ss. 1007.271 and 1011.62. The State Board of Education shall enforce compliance with this section by withholding the transfer of funds for the school districts and the Florida College System institutions in accordance with s. 1008.32.

Section 11. Subsection (5) of section 1008.345, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.345 Implementation of state system of school improvement and education accountability.—

(5) The commissioner shall report to the Legislature and recommend changes in state policy necessary to foster school improvement and education accountability. Included in the report shall be a list of the schools, including schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, for which district school boards have developed intervention and support strategies and an analysis of the various strategies used by the school

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boards. School reports shall be distributed pursuant to this subsection and s. 1001.42(18)(c) ~~1001.42(18)(b)~~ and according to rules adopted by the State Board of Education.

Section 12. Section 1008.44, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.44 ~~Industry certifications;~~ CAPE Industry Certification Funding List and CAPE Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding List.—

(1) Pursuant to ss. 1003.4203 and s. 1003.492, the Department of Education shall, at least annually, identify, under rules adopted by the State Board of Education, and the ~~Industry Certification Funding List that must be applied in the distribution of funding to school districts pursuant to s. 1011.62.~~ the Commissioner of Education may at any time recommend adding the following certificates, certifications, and courses:—

(a) CAPE industry certifications identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List that must be applied in the distribution of funding to school districts pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(o). The CAPE Industry Certification Funding List shall incorporate by reference the industry certifications on the career pathways list approved for the Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award. In addition, by August 1 of each year, the not-for-profit corporation established pursuant to s. 445.004 may annually select one industry certification, that does not articulate for college credit, for inclusion on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List for a period of 3 years unless otherwise approved by the curriculum review committee pursuant to s. 1003.491. Such industry certifications, if earned by a student, shall be eligible for additional full-time

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equivalent membership, pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(o)1.

(b) No more than 15 CAPE Digital Tool certificates limited to the areas of word processing; spreadsheets; sound, motion, and color presentations; digital arts; cybersecurity; and coding pursuant to s. 1003.4203(3) that do not articulate for college credit. Such certificates shall be annually identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List and updated solely by the Chancellor of Career and Adult Education. The certificates shall be made available to students in elementary school and middle school grades and, if earned by a student, shall be eligible for additional full-time equivalent membership pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(o)1.

(c) CAPE ESE Digital Tool certificates, workplace industry certifications, and OSHA industry certifications identified by the Chancellor of Career and Adult Education for students with disabilities pursuant to s. 1003.4203(2). Such certificates and certifications shall be identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List and, if earned by a student, be eligible for additional full-time equivalent membership pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(o)1.

(d) CAPE Innovation Courses that combine academic and career performance outcomes with embedded industry certifications shall be annually approved by the Commissioner of Education and identified pursuant to s. 1003.4203(5)(a) and, if completed by a student, be eligible for additional full-time equivalent membership pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(o)1.

(e) CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications that articulate for 15 or more college credit hours pursuant to s. 1003.4203(5)(b) shall be annually approved by the Commissioner

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of Education and, if successfully completed, shall be eligible
for additional full-time equivalent membership pursuant to s.
1011.62(1)(o)1. The approved industry certifications must be
identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List.

(2) The State Board of Education shall approve, at least
annually, the CAPE Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding
List pursuant to this section. The Commissioner of Education
shall recommend, at least annually, the CAPE Postsecondary
Industry Certification Funding List to the State Board of
Education and may at any time recommend adding certifications.
The Chancellor of the State University System, the Chancellor of
the Florida College System, and the Chancellor of Career and
Adult Education shall work with local workforce boards, other
postsecondary institutions, businesses, and industry to
identify, create, and recommend to the Commissioner of Education
industry certifications to be placed on the funding list. The
list shall be used to determine annual performance funding
distributions to school districts or Florida College System
institutions as specified in ss. 1011.80 and 1011.81,
respectively. The chancellors shall review results of the
economic security report of employment and earning outcomes
produced annually pursuant to s. 445.07 ~~s. 445.007~~ when
determining recommended certifications for the list, as well as
other reports and indicators available regarding certification
needs.

(3) In the case of rigorous industry certifications that
have embedded prerequisite minimum age, grade level, diploma or
degree, postgraduation period of work experience of at least 12
months, or other reasonable requirements that may limit the

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1103 extent to which a student can complete all requirements of the
1104 certification recognized by industry for employment purposes,
1105 the Commissioner of Education shall differentiate content,
1106 instructional, and assessment requirements that, when provided
1107 by a public institution and satisfactorily attained by a
1108 student, indicate accomplishment of requirements necessary for
1109 funding pursuant to ss. 1011.62, 1011.80, and 1011.81,
1110 notwithstanding attainment of prerequisite requirements
1111 necessary for recognition by industry for employment purposes.
1112 The differentiated requirements established by the Commissioner
1113 of Education shall be included on ~~in~~ the CAPE Industry
1114 Certification Funding List at the time the certification is
1115 adopted.

1116 (4) (a) CAPE industry certifications and CAPE Digital Tool
1117 certificates placed on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding
1118 List must include the version of the certifications and
1119 certificates available at the time of the adoption and, without
1120 further review and approval, include the subsequent updates to
1121 the certifications and certificates on the approved list, unless
1122 the certifications and certificates are specifically removed
1123 from the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List by the
1124 Commissioner of Education.

1125 (b) The Commissioner of Education may limit CAPE industry
1126 certifications and CAPE Digital Tool certificates to students in
1127 certain grades based on formal recommendations by providers of
1128 CAPE industry certifications and CAPE Digital Tool certificates.

1129 (c) The Articulation Coordinating Committee shall review
1130 statewide articulation agreement proposals for industry
1131 certifications and make recommendations to the State Board of

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Education for approval. After an industry certification is adopted by the State Board of Education for inclusion on the Industry Certification Funding List, the Chancellor of Career and Adult Education, within 90 days, must provide to the Articulation Coordinating Committee recommendations for articulation of postsecondary credit for related degrees for the approved certifications.

Section 13. Paragraphs (o), (p), and (s) of subsection (1) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.—If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:

(1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR OPERATION.—The following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:

(o) *Calculation of additional full-time equivalent membership based on successful completion of a career-themed course pursuant to ss. 1003.491, 1003.492, and 1003.493, or courses with embedded CAPE industry certifications or CAPE Digital Tool certificates, and issuance of industry certification identified on ~~in~~ the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education or CAPE Digital Tool certificates pursuant to s. 1003.4203.*—

1.a. A value of 0.025 full-time equivalent student

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membership shall be calculated for CAPE Digital Tool
certificates earned by students in elementary and middle school
grades.

~~b.1.~~ A value of 0.1 or 0.2 full-time equivalent student
membership shall be calculated for each student who completes a
~~career-themed~~ course as defined in s. 1003.493(1) (b) or courses
with embedded CAPE industry certifications and who is issued an
industry certification identified annually on ~~in~~ the CAPE
Industry Certification Funding List approved under rules adopted
by the State Board of Education. ~~The maximum full-time~~
~~equivalent student membership value for any student in grades 9~~
~~through 12 is 0.3.~~ A value of 0.2 full-time equivalent
membership shall be calculated for each student who is issued a
CAPE ~~an~~ industry certification that has a statewide articulation
agreement for college credit approved by the State Board of
Education. For CAPE industry certifications that do not
articulate for college credit, the Department of Education shall
assign a full-time equivalent value of 0.1 for each
certification. Middle grades students who earn additional FTE
membership for a CAPE Digital Tool certificate pursuant to sub-
subparagraph a. may not use the previously funded examination to
satisfy the requirements for earning an industry certification
under this sub-subparagraph. Additional FTE membership for an
elementary or middle grades student shall not exceed 0.1 for
certificates or certifications earned within the same fiscal
year. The State Board of Education shall include the assigned
values on ~~in~~ the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List under
rules adopted by the state board. Such value shall be added to
the total full-time equivalent student membership ~~in secondary~~

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~~career education programs~~ for grades ~~6~~ 9 through 12 in the subsequent year for courses that were not provided through dual enrollment. CAPE industry certifications earned through dual enrollment must be reported and funded pursuant to s. 1011.80 ~~ss. 1011.80 and 1011.81.~~

c. A value of 0.3 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for student completion of the courses and the embedded certifications identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List and approved by the commissioner pursuant to s. 1003.4203(5)(a) and s. 1008.44.

d. A value of 0.5 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications that articulate for 15 to 29 college credit hours, and 1.0 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications that articulate for 30 or more college credit hours pursuant to CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications approved by the commissioner pursuant to ss. 1003.4203(5)(b) and 1008.44.

2. Each district must allocate at least 80 percent of the funds provided for CAPE industry certification, in accordance with this paragraph, to the program that generated the funds. This allocation may not be used to supplant funds provided for basic operation of the program. ~~Unless a different amount is specified in the General Appropriations Act, the appropriation for this calculation is limited to \$60 million annually. If the appropriation is insufficient to fully fund the total calculation, the appropriation shall be prorated.~~

3. For CAPE industry certifications earned in the 2013-2014 school year and in subsequent years, the school district shall

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1219 distribute to each classroom teacher who provided direct
1220 instruction toward the attainment of a CAPE ~~an~~ industry
1221 certification that qualified for additional full-time equivalent
1222 membership under subparagraph 1.:

1223 a. A bonus in the amount of \$25 for each student taught by
1224 a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the
1225 attainment of a CAPE ~~an~~ industry certification on the CAPE
1226 Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.1.

1227 b. A bonus in the amount of \$50 for each student taught by
1228 a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the
1229 attainment of a CAPE ~~an~~ industry certification on the CAPE
1230 Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.2, 0.3,
1231 0.5, and 1.0.

1232 ~~4. For the 2013-2014 fiscal year, the additional FTE~~
1233 ~~membership calculation must include the additional FTE for any~~
1234 ~~student who earned a certification in the 2009-2010, 2010-2011,~~
1235 ~~and 2011-2012 fiscal years who was not previously funded and was~~
1236 ~~enrolled in 2012-2013.~~

1237
1238 Bonuses awarded pursuant to this paragraph shall be provided to
1239 teachers who are employed by the district in the year in which
1240 the additional FTE membership calculation is included in the
1241 calculation. Bonuses shall be calculated based upon the
1242 associated weight of a CAPE ~~an~~ industry certification on the
1243 CAPE Industry Certification Funding List for the year in which
1244 the certification is earned by the student. Any bonus awarded to
1245 a teacher under this paragraph may not exceed \$2,000 in any
1246 given school year and is in addition to any regular wage or
1247 other bonus the teacher received or is scheduled to receive.

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(p) Calculation of additional full-time equivalent membership based upon early high school graduation.—
~~Notwithstanding s. 1011.61(4), Each unpaid high school credit delivered by a school district may receive funding for each during the student's prior enrollment may be reported by the district as 1/6 FTE when the student who graduates early pursuant to s. 1003.4281. A district may earn 0.25 additional report up to 1/2 FTE for unpaid credits delivered by the district for a student who graduates one semester in advance of the student's cohort and 0.5 additional and up to 1 FTE for a student who graduates 1 year or more in advance of the student's cohort. If the student was enrolled in the district as a full-time high school student for at least 2 years, the district shall report the additional unpaid FTE for payment in the subsequent fiscal year delivered by the district during the student's prior enrollment. If the student was enrolled in the district for less than 2 years, the district of enrollment shall report the additional unpaid FTE delivered by the district and by the district in which the student was previously enrolled. The district of enrollment for which early graduation is claimed shall transfer a proportionate share of the funds earned for early graduation the unpaid FTE to the district in which the student was previously enrolled. Additional FTE included in the 2014-2015 Florida Education Finance Program for early graduation shall be reported and funded pursuant to this paragraph.~~

~~(s) Florida Cyber Security Recognition, Florida Digital Arts Recognition, and Florida Digital Tools Certificate established pursuant to s. 1003.4203.—~~

~~1. Each school district shall certify by June 30 of each~~

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~~year to the Department of Education each elementary school that achieves 50 percent of student attainment of the Florida Cyber Security Recognition or the Florida Digital Arts Recognition established pursuant to s. 1003.4203. Upon verification by the department, each school that has achieved the designated student recognitions shall be awarded a Florida Digital Learning Certificate of Achievement by the Commissioner of Education.~~

~~2. Each middle school shall receive \$50 for each student who earns the Florida Digital Tools Certificate established pursuant to s. 1003.4203 with a minimum awarded per school of \$1,000 annually and a maximum award per school of \$15,000 annually. This performance payment shall be calculated in the FEFP as a full-time equivalent student.~~

Section 14. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (3) of section 1012.98, Florida Statutes, and subsections (4) and (7) of that section are amended, to read:

1012.98 School Community Professional Development Act.—

(3) The activities designed to implement this section must:

(d) Provide middle grades instructional personnel and school administrators with the knowledge, skills, and best practices necessary to support excellence in classroom instruction and educational leadership.

(4) The Department of Education, school districts, schools, Florida College System institutions, and state universities share the responsibilities described in this section. These responsibilities include the following:

(a)1. The department shall disseminate to the school community research-based professional development methods and programs that have demonstrated success in meeting identified

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student needs. The Commissioner of Education shall use data on student achievement to identify student needs. The methods of dissemination must include a web-based statewide performance support system, including a database of exemplary professional development activities, a listing of available professional development resources, training programs, and available assistance.

2. The web-based statewide performance support system established pursuant to subparagraph 1. must include for middle grades, subject to appropriation, materials related to classroom instruction, including integrated digital instruction and competency-based instruction; CAPE Digital Tool certificates and CAPE industry certifications; classroom management; student behavior and interaction; extended learning opportunities for students; and instructional leadership.

(b) Each school district shall develop a professional development system as specified in subsection (3). The system shall be developed in consultation with teachers, teacher-educators of Florida College System institutions and state universities, business and community representatives, and local education foundations, consortia, and professional organizations. The professional development system must:

1. Be approved by the department. All substantial revisions to the system shall be submitted to the department for review for continued approval.

2. Be based on analyses of student achievement data and instructional strategies and methods that support rigorous, relevant, and challenging curricula for all students. Schools and districts, in developing and refining the professional

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development system, shall also review and monitor school discipline data; school environment surveys; assessments of parental satisfaction; performance appraisal data of teachers, managers, and administrative personnel; and other performance indicators to identify school and student needs that can be met by improved professional performance.

3. Provide inservice activities coupled with followup support appropriate to accomplish district-level and school-level improvement goals and standards. The inservice activities for instructional personnel shall focus on analysis of student achievement data, ongoing formal and informal assessments of student achievement, identification and use of enhanced and differentiated instructional strategies that emphasize rigor, relevance, and reading in the content areas, enhancement of subject content expertise, integrated use of classroom technology that enhances teaching and learning, classroom management, parent involvement, and school safety.

4. Include a master plan for inservice activities, pursuant to rules of the State Board of Education, for all district employees from all fund sources. The master plan shall be updated annually by September 1, must be based on input from teachers and district and school instructional leaders, and must use the latest available student achievement data and research to enhance rigor and relevance in the classroom. Each district inservice plan must be aligned to and support the school-based inservice plans and school improvement plans pursuant to s. 1001.42(18). Each district inservice plan must provide a description of the training that middle grades instructional personnel and school administrators receive on the district's

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code of student conduct adopted pursuant to s. 1006.07;
integrated digital instruction and competency-based instruction
and CAPE Digital Tool certificates and CAPE industry
certifications; classroom management; student behavior and
interaction; extended learning opportunities for students; and
instructional leadership. District plans must be approved by the
district school board annually in order to ensure compliance
with subsection (1) and to allow for dissemination of research-
based best practices to other districts. District school boards
must submit verification of their approval to the Commissioner
of Education no later than October 1, annually. Each school
principal may establish and maintain an individual professional
development plan for each instructional employee assigned to the
school as a seamless component to the school improvement plans
developed pursuant to s. 1001.42(18). An individual professional
development plan must be related to specific performance data
for the students to whom the teacher is assigned, define the
inservice objectives and specific measurable improvements
expected in student performance as a result of the inservice
activity, and include an evaluation component that determines
the effectiveness of the professional development plan.

5. Include inservice activities for school administrative
personnel that address updated skills necessary for
instructional leadership and effective school management
pursuant to s. 1012.986.

6. Provide for systematic consultation with regional and
state personnel designated to provide technical assistance and
evaluation of local professional development programs.

7. Provide for delivery of professional development by

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distance learning and other technology-based delivery systems to reach more educators at lower costs.

8. Provide for the continuous evaluation of the quality and effectiveness of professional development programs in order to eliminate ineffective programs and strategies and to expand effective ones. Evaluations must consider the impact of such activities on the performance of participating educators and their students' achievement and behavior.

9. For middle grades, emphasize:

a. Interdisciplinary planning, collaboration, and instruction.

b. Alignment of curriculum and instructional materials to the state academic standards adopted pursuant to s. 1003.41.

c. Use of small learning communities; problem-solving, inquiry-driven research and analytical approaches for students; strategies and tools based on student needs; competency-based instruction; integrated digital instruction; and project-based instruction.

Each school that includes any of grades 6, 7, or 8 must include in its school improvement plan, required under s. 1001.42(18), a description of the specific strategies used by the school to implement each item listed in this subparagraph.

(7) (a) The Department of Education shall disseminate, using web-based technology, research-based best practice methods by which the state and district school boards may evaluate and improve the professional development system. The best practices must include data that indicate the progress of all students. The department shall report annually to the State Board of

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Education and the Legislature any school district that, in the determination of the department, has failed to provide an adequate professional development system. This report must include the results of the department's investigation and of any intervention provided.

(b) The department shall also disseminate, using web-based technology, professional development in the use of integrated digital instruction at schools that include middle grades. The professional development must provide training and materials that districts can use to provide instructional personnel with the necessary knowledge, skills, and strategies to effectively blend digital instruction into subject-matter curricula. The professional development must emphasize online learning and research techniques, reading instruction, the use of digital devices to supplement the delivery of curricular content to students, and digital device management and security. Districts are encouraged to incorporate the professional development as part of their professional development system.

Section 15. Paragraph (k) is added to subsection (2) and paragraph (y) is added to subsection (3) of section 11.45, Florida Statutes, and subsection (8) of that section is amended, to read:

11.45 Definitions; duties; authorities; reports; rules.—

(2) DUTIES.—The Auditor General shall:

(k) Annually conduct operational audits of the accounts and records of eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations receiving eligible contributions under s. 1002.395, including any contracts for services with related entities, to determine compliance with the provisions of that section. Such audits

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shall include, but not be limited to, a determination of the
eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization's compliance
with s. 1002.395(6)(j). The Auditor General shall provide its
report on the results of the audits to the Governor, the
President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of
Representatives, the Chief Financial Officer, and the
Legislative Auditing Committee, within 30 days of completion of
the audit.

The Auditor General shall perform his or her duties
independently but under the general policies established by the
Legislative Auditing Committee. This subsection does not limit
the Auditor General's discretionary authority to conduct other
audits or engagements of governmental entities as authorized in
subsection (3).

(3) AUTHORITY FOR AUDITS AND OTHER ENGAGEMENTS.—The Auditor
General may, pursuant to his or her own authority, or at the
direction of the Legislative Auditing Committee, conduct audits
or other engagements as determined appropriate by the Auditor
General of:

(y) The accounts and records of a nonprofit scholarship-
funding organization participating in a state sponsored
scholarship program authorized by chapter 1002.

(8) RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL.—The Auditor General, in
consultation with the Board of Accountancy, shall adopt rules
for the form and conduct of all financial audits performed by
independent certified public accountants pursuant to ss.
215.981, 218.39, 1001.453, 1002.395, 1004.28, and 1004.70. The
rules for audits of local governmental entities, charter

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schools, charter technical career centers, and district school boards must include, but are not limited to, requirements for the reporting of information necessary to carry out the purposes of the Local Governmental Entity, Charter School, Charter Technical Career Center, and District School Board Financial Emergencies Act as stated in s. 218.501.

Section 16. Section 1002.385, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1002.385 Florida personal learning scholarship accounts.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—The Florida Personal Learning Scholarship Accounts Program is established to provide the option for a parent to better meet the individual educational needs of his or her eligible child.

(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Approved provider" means a provider approved by the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, a health care practitioner as defined in s. 456.001(4), or a provider approved by the department pursuant to s. 1002.66.

(b) "Curriculum" means a complete course of study for a particular content area or grade level, including any required supplemental materials.

(c) "Department" means the Department of Education.

(d) "Disability" means, for a student in kindergarten to grade 12, autism, as defined in s. 393.063(3); cerebral palsy, as defined in s. 393.063(4); Down syndrome, as defined in s. 393.063(13); an intellectual disability, as defined in s. 393.063(21); Prader-Willi syndrome, as defined in s. 393.063(25); or Spina bifida, as defined in s. 393.063(36); for a student in kindergarten, being a high-risk child, as defined

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in s. 393.063(20)(a); and Williams syndrome.

(e) "Eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization"
or "organization" has the same meaning as in s. 1002.395.

(f) "Eligible postsecondary educational institution" means
a Florida College System institution, a state university, a
school district technical center, a school district adult
general education center, or an accredited nonpublic
postsecondary educational institution, as defined in s. 1005.02,
which is licensed to operate in the state pursuant to
requirements specified in part III of chapter 1005.

(g) "Eligible private school" means a private school, as
defined in s. 1002.01, which is located in this state, which
offers an education to students in any grade from kindergarten
to grade 12, and which meets requirements of:

1. Sections 1002.42 and 1002.421; and

2. A scholarship program under s. 1002.39 or s. 1002.395,
as applicable, if the private school participates in a
scholarship program under s. 1002.39 or s. 1002.395.

(h) "IEP" means individual education plan.

(i) "Parent" means a resident of this state who is a
parent, as defined in s. 1000.21.

(j) "Program" means the Florida Personal Learning
Scholarship Accounts Program established in this section.

(3) PROGRAM ELIGIBILITY.—A parent of a student with a
disability may request and receive from the state a Florida
personal learning scholarship account for the purposes specified
in subsection (5) if:

(a) The student:

1. Is a resident of this state;

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1538 2. Is eligible to enroll in kindergarten through grade 12
1539 in a public school in this state;

1540 3. Has a disability as defined in paragraph (2)(d); and

1541 4. Is the subject of an IEP written in accordance with
1542 rules of the State Board of Education or has received a
1543 diagnosis of a disability as defined in subsection (2) from a
1544 physician who is licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or a
1545 psychologist who is licensed in this state.

1546 (b) Beginning January, 2015, the parent has applied to an
1547 eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization to
1548 participate in the program by February 1 before the school year
1549 in which the student will participate or an alternative date as
1550 set by the organization for any vacant, funded slots. The
1551 request must be communicated directly to the organization in a
1552 manner that creates a written or electronic record of the
1553 request and the date of receipt of the request. The organization
1554 shall notify the district and the department of the parent's
1555 intent upon receipt of the parent's request.

1556 (4) PROGRAM PROHIBITIONS.—

1557 (a) A student is not eligible for the program while he or
1558 she is:

1559 1. Enrolled in a public school, including, but not limited
1560 to, the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind, the Florida
1561 Virtual School, the College-Preparatory Boarding Academy, a
1562 developmental research school authorized under s. 1002.32, a
1563 charter school authorized under s. 1002.33, s. 1002.331, or s.
1564 1002.332, or a virtual education program authorized under s.
1565 1002.45;

1566 2. Enrolled in a school operating for the purpose of

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providing educational services to youth in the Department of
Juvenile Justice commitment programs;

3. Receiving a scholarship pursuant to the Florida Tax
Credit Scholarship Program under s. 1002.395 or the John M.
McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program under
s. 1002.39; or

4. Receiving any other educational scholarship pursuant to
this chapter.

(b) A student is not eligible for the program if:

1. The student or student's parent has accepted any
payment, refund, or rebate, in any manner, from a provider of
any services received pursuant to subsection (5);

2. The student's participation in the program has been
denied or revoked by the Commissioner of Education pursuant to
subsection (10); or

3. The student's parent has forfeited participation in the
program for failure to comply with requirements pursuant to
subsection (11).

(5) AUTHORIZED USES OF PROGRAM FUNDS.—Program funds may be
spent for the following purposes:

(a) Instructional materials, including digital devices,
digital periphery devices, and assistive technology devices that
allow a student to access instruction or instructional content.

(b) Curriculum as defined in paragraph (2)(b).

(c) Specialized services by approved providers that are
selected by the parent. These specialized services may include,
but are not limited to:

1. Applied behavior analysis services as provided in ss.
627.6686 and 641.31098.

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1596 2. Services provided by speech-language pathologists as
1597 defined in s. 468.1125.

1598 3. Occupational therapy services as defined in s. 468.203.

1599 4. Services provided by physical therapists as defined in
1600 s. 486.021.

1601 5. Services provided by listening and spoken language
1602 specialists and an appropriate acoustical environment for a
1603 child who is deaf or hard of hearing and who has received an
1604 implant or assistive hearing device.

1605 (d) Enrollment in, or tuition or fees associated with
1606 enrollment in, an eligible private school, an eligible
1607 postsecondary educational institution, a private tutoring
1608 program authorized under s. 1002.43, a virtual program offered
1609 by a department-approved private online provider that meets the
1610 provider qualifications specified in s. 1002.45(2)(a), the
1611 Florida Virtual School as a private paying student, or an
1612 approved online course offered pursuant to s. 1003.499 or s.
1613 1004.0961.

1614 (e) Fees for nationally standardized, norm-referenced
1615 achievement tests, Advanced Placement Examinations, industry
1616 certification examinations, assessments related to postsecondary
1617 education, or other assessments.

1618 (f) Contributions to the Stanley G. Tate Florida Prepaid
1619 College Program pursuant to s. 1009.98, for the benefit of the
1620 eligible student.

1621 (g) Contracted services provided by a public school or
1622 school district, including classes. A student who receives
1623 services under a contract under this paragraph is not considered
1624 enrolled in a public school for eligibility purposes as

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specified in subsection (4).

A specialized service provider, eligible private school, eligible postsecondary educational institution, private tutoring program provider, online or virtual program provider, public school, school district, or other entity receiving payments pursuant to this subsection may not share, refund, or rebate any moneys from the Florida Personal learning scholarship account with the parent or participating student in any manner.

(6) TERM OF THE PROGRAM.—For purposes of continuity of educational choice, the program payments made under this section shall remain in force until a student participating in the program participates in any of the prohibited activities specified in subsection (4), has funds revoked by the Commissioner of Education pursuant to subsection (10), returns to a public school, graduates from high school, or attains 22 years of age, whichever occurs first. A participating student who enrolls in a public school or public school program is considered to have returned to a public school for the purpose of determining the end of the program's term.

(7) SCHOOL DISTRICT OBLIGATIONS; PARENTAL OPTIONS.—

(a)1. For a student with a disability who does not have a matrix of services under s. 1011.62(1)(e) and for whom the parent requests a matrix of services, the school district must complete a matrix that assigns the student to one of the levels of service as they existed before the 2000-2001 school year.

2.a. Within 10 school days after a school district receives notification of a parent's request for completion of a matrix of services, the school district must notify the student's parent

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1654 if the matrix of services has not been completed and inform the
1655 parent that the district is required to complete the matrix
1656 within 30 days after receiving notice of the parent's request
1657 for the matrix of services. This notice must include the
1658 required completion date for the matrix.

1659 b. The school district shall complete the matrix of
1660 services for a student whose parent has made a request. The
1661 school district must provide the student's parent with the
1662 student's matrix level within 10 school days after its
1663 completion.

1664 c. The department shall notify the parent and the eligible
1665 nonprofit scholarship-funding organization of the amount of the
1666 funds awarded within 10 days after receiving the school
1667 district's notification of the student's matrix level.

1668 d. A school district may change a matrix of services only
1669 if the change is to correct a technical, typographical, or
1670 calculation error.

1671 (b) For each student participating in the program who
1672 chooses to participate in statewide, standardized assessments
1673 under s. 1008.22 or the Florida Alternate Assessment, the school
1674 district in which the student resides must notify the student
1675 and his or her parent about the locations and times to take all
1676 statewide, standardized assessments.

1677 (c) For each student participating in the program, a school
1678 district shall notify the parent about the availability of a
1679 reevaluation at least every 3 years.

1680 (8) PRIVATE SCHOOL ELIGIBILITY AND OBLIGATIONS.—An eligible
1681 private school may be sectarian or nonsectarian and shall:

1682 (a) Comply with all requirements for private schools

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participating in state school choice scholarship programs
pursuant to s. 1002.421.

(b) Provide to the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding
organization, upon request, all documentation required for the
student's participation, including the private school's and
student's fee schedules.

(c) Be academically accountable to the parent for meeting
the educational needs of the student by:

1. At a minimum, annually providing to the parent a written
explanation of the student's progress.

2. Annually administering or making provision for students
participating in the program in grades 3 through 10 to take one
of the nationally norm-referenced tests identified by the
Department of Education or the statewide assessments pursuant to
s. 1008.22. Students with disabilities for whom standardized
testing is not appropriate are exempt from this requirement. A
participating private school shall report a student's scores to
the parent.

3. Cooperating with the scholarship student whose parent
chooses to have the student participate in the statewide
assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22 or, if a private school
chooses to offer the statewide assessments, administering the
assessments at the school.

a. A participating private school may choose to offer and
administer the statewide assessments to all students who attend
the private school in grades 3 through 10.

b. A participating private school shall submit a request in
writing to the Department of Education by March 1 of each year
in order to administer the statewide assessments in the

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subsequent school year.

(d) Employ or contract with teachers who have regular and direct contact with each student receiving a scholarship under this section at the school's physical location.

(e) Annually contract with an independent certified public accountant to perform the agreed-upon procedures developed under s. 1002.395(6) (n) and produce a report of the results if the private school receives more than \$250,000 in funds from scholarships awarded under this section in the 2014-2015 state fiscal year or a state fiscal year thereafter. A private school subject to this paragraph must submit the report by September 15, 2015, and annually thereafter to the scholarship-funding organization that awarded the majority of the school's scholarship funds. The agreed-upon procedures must be conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The inability of a private school to meet the requirements of this subsection constitutes a basis for the ineligibility of the private school to participate in the program as determined by the department.

(9) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OBLIGATIONS.—The department shall:

(a) Maintain a list of approved providers.

(b) Require each eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization to verify eligible expenditures before the distribution of funds for any expenditures made pursuant to paragraphs (5) (a) and (b). Review of expenditures made for services in paragraphs (5) (c) through (g) may be completed after

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the payment has been made.

(c) Investigate any written complaint of a violation of this section in accordance with the process established by s. 1002.395(9)(f).

(d) Require quarterly reports by an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization regarding the number of students participating in the program, the providers of services to students, and other information deemed necessary by the department.

(e) Compare the list of student's participating in the program with the public school enrollment lists before each program payment to avoid duplicate payments.

(10) COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION AUTHORITY AND OBLIGATIONS.—

(a) The Commissioner of Education:

1. Shall deny, suspend, or revoke a student's participation in the program if the health, safety, or welfare of the student is threatened or fraud is suspected.

2. Shall deny, suspend, or revoke an authorized use of program funds if the health, safety, or welfare of the student is threatened or fraud is suspected.

3. May deny, suspend, or revoke an authorized use of program funds for material failure to comply with this section and applicable department rules if the noncompliance is correctable within a reasonable period of time. Otherwise, the commissioner shall deny, suspend, or revoke an authorized use for failure to materially comply with the law and rules adopted under this section.

4. Shall require compliance by the appropriate party by a date certain for all nonmaterial failures to comply with this

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section and applicable department rules. The commissioner may deny, suspend, or revoke program participation under this section thereafter.

(b) In determining whether to deny, suspend, or revoke in accordance with this subsection, the commissioner may consider factors that include, but are not limited to, acts or omissions by a participating entity which led to a previous denial or revocation of participation in an education scholarship program; failure to reimburse the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization for program funds improperly received or retained by the entity; imposition of a prior criminal sanction related to the entity or its officers or employees; imposition of a civil fine or administrative fine, license revocation or suspension, or program eligibility suspension, termination, or revocation related to an entity's management or operation; or other types of criminal proceedings in which the entity or its officers or employees were found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, any offense involving fraud, deceit, dishonesty, or moral turpitude.

(11) PARENT AND STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PROGRAM PARTICIPATION.—A parent who applies for program participation under this section is exercising his or her parental option to determine the appropriate placement or the services that best meet the needs of his or her child. The scholarship award for a student is based on a matrix that assigns the student to support Level III services. If a parent chooses to request and receive an IEP and a matrix of services from the school district, the amount of the payment shall be adjusted as needed, when the

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1799 school district completes the matrix.

1800 (a) To enroll an eligible student in the program, the
1801 parent must sign an agreement with the eligible nonprofit
1802 scholarship-funding organization and annually submit a
1803 notarized, sworn compliance statement to the organization to:

1804 1. Affirm that the student is enrolled in a program that
1805 meets regular school attendance requirements as provided in s.
1806 1003.01(13)(b) through (d).

1807 2. Use the program funds only for authorized purposes, as
1808 described in subsection (5).

1809 3. Affirm that the student takes all appropriate
1810 standardized assessments as specified in this section.

1811 a. If the parent enrolls the child in an eligible private
1812 school, the student must take an assessment selected by the
1813 private school pursuant to s. 1002.395(7)(e).

1814 b. If the parent enrolls the child in a home education
1815 program, the parent may choose to participate in an assessment
1816 as part of the annual evaluation provided for in s.
1817 1002.41(1)(c).

1818 4. Notify the school district that the student is
1819 participating in the Personal Learning Scholarship Accounts if
1820 the parent chooses to enroll in a home education program as
1821 provided in s. 1002.41.

1822 5. Request participation in the program by the date
1823 established by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding
1824 organization.

1825 6. Affirm that the student remains in good standing with
1826 the provider or school if those options are selected by the
1827 parent.

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1828 7. Apply for admission of his or her child if the private
1829 school option is selected by the parent.

1830 8. Annually renew participation in the program.
1831 Notwithstanding any changes to the student's IEP, a student who
1832 was previously eligible for participation in the program shall
1833 remain eligible to apply for renewal as provided in subsection
1834 (6).

1835 9. Affirm that the parent will not transfer any college
1836 savings funds to another beneficiary.

1837 10. Affirm that the parent will not take possession of any
1838 funding provided by the state for the Florida Personal Learning
1839 Scholarship Accounts.

1840 11. Maintain a portfolio of records and materials which
1841 must be preserved by the parent for 2 years and be made
1842 available for inspection by the district school superintendent
1843 or the superintendent's designee upon 15 days' written notice.
1844 This paragraph does not require the superintendent to inspect
1845 the portfolio. The portfolio of records and materials must
1846 consist of:

1847 a. A log of educational instruction and services which is
1848 made contemporaneously with delivery of the instruction and
1849 services and which designates by title any reading materials
1850 used; and

1851 b. Samples of any writings, worksheets, workbooks, or
1852 creative materials used or developed by the student.

1853 (b) The parent is responsible for procuring the services
1854 necessary to educate the student. When the student receives a
1855 personal learning scholarship account, the district school board
1856 is not obligated to provide the student with a free appropriate

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public education. For purposes of s. 1003.57 and the Individuals with Disabilities in Education Act, a participating student has only those rights that apply to all other unilaterally parentally placed students, except that, when requested by the parent, school district personnel must develop an individual education plan or matrix level of services.

(c) The parent is responsible for the payment of all eligible expenses in excess of the amount of the personal learning scholarship account in accordance with the terms agreed to between the parent and the providers.

A parent who fails to comply with this subsection forfeits the personal learning scholarship account.

(12) ADMINISTRATION OF PERSONAL LEARNING SCHOLARSHIP ACCOUNTS.—An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization participating in the Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program established under s. 1002.395 may establish personal learning scholarship accounts for eligible students by:

(a) Receiving applications and determining student eligibility in accordance with the requirements of this section. The organization shall notify the department of the applicants for the program by March 1 before the school year in which the student intends to participate. When an application is received, the scholarship funding organization must provide the department with information on the student to enable the department to report the student for funding in accordance with subsection (13).

(b) Notifying parents of their receipt of a scholarship on a first-come, first-served basis based upon the funds provided

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for this program in the General Appropriations Act.

(c) Establishing a date by which a parent must confirm initial or continuing participation in the program and confirm the establishment or continuance of a personal learning scholarship account.

(d) Establishing a date and process by which students on the wait list or late-filing applicants may be allowed to participate in the program during the school year, within the amount of funds provided for this program in the General Appropriations Act.

(e) Establishing and maintaining separate accounts for each eligible student.

(f) Verifying qualifying expenditures pursuant to the requirements of paragraph (8)(b).

(g) Returning any unused funds to the department when the student is no longer eligible for a personal scholarship learning account.

(13) FUNDING AND PAYMENT.—

(a)1. The maximum funding amount granted for an eligible student with a disability, pursuant to subsection (3), shall be equivalent to the base student allocation in the Florida Education Finance Program multiplied by the appropriate cost factor for the educational program which would have been provided for the student in the district school to which he or she would have been assigned, multiplied by the district cost differential.

2. In addition, an amount equivalent to a share of the guaranteed allocation for exceptional students in the Florida Education Finance Program shall be determined and added to the

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amount in subparagraph 1. The calculation shall be based on the methodology and the data used to calculate the guaranteed allocation for exceptional students for each district in chapter 2000-166, Laws of Florida. Except as provided in subparagraph 3., the calculation shall be based on the student's grade, the matrix level of services, and the difference between the 2000-2001 basic program and the appropriate level of services cost factor, multiplied by the 2000-2001 base student allocation and the 2000-2001 district cost differential for the sending district. The calculated amount must also include an amount equivalent to the per-student share of supplemental academic instruction funds, instructional materials funds, technology funds, and other categorical funds as provided in the General Appropriations Act.

3. Except as otherwise provided, the calculation for all students participating in the program shall be based on the matrix that assigns the student to support level III of services. If a parent chooses to request and receive a matrix of services from the school district, when the school district completes the matrix, the amount of the payment shall be adjusted as needed.

(b) The amount of the awarded funds shall be 90 percent of the calculated amount.

(c) Upon an eligible student's graduation from an eligible postsecondary educational institution or after any period of 4 consecutive years after high school graduation in which the student is not enrolled in an eligible postsecondary educational institution, the student's personal learning scholarship account shall be closed, and any remaining funds shall revert to the

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1944 state.

1945 (d) The eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization
1946 shall develop a system for payment of benefits by electronic
1947 funds transfer, including, but not limited to, debit cards,
1948 electronic payment cards, or any other means of electronic
1949 payment that the department deems to be commercially viable or
1950 cost-effective. Commodities or services related to the
1951 development of such a system shall be procured by competitive
1952 solicitation unless they are purchased from a state term
1953 contract pursuant to s. 287.056.

1954 (e) Moneys received pursuant to this section do not
1955 constitute taxable income to the parent of the qualified
1956 student.

1957 (14) OBLIGATIONS OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL.—

1958 (a) The Auditor General shall conduct an annual financial
1959 and operational audit of accounts and records of each eligible
1960 scholarship-funding organization that participates in the
1961 program. As part of this audit, the Auditor General shall
1962 verify, at a minimum, the total amount of students served and
1963 eligibility of reimbursements made by each eligible nonprofit
1964 scholarship-funding organization and transmit that information
1965 to the department.

1966 (b) The Auditor General shall notify the department of any
1967 eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization that fails
1968 to comply with a request for information.

1969 (15) OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO APPROVED PROVIDERS.—The
1970 Department of Health, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities,
1971 and the Department of Education shall work with an eligible
1972 nonprofit scholarship-funding organization for easy or automated

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access to lists of licensed providers of services specified in paragraph (5)(c) to ensure efficient administration of the program.

(16) LIABILITY.—The state is not liable for the award or any use of awarded funds under this section.

(17) SCOPE OF AUTHORITY.—This section does not expand the regulatory authority of this state, its officers, or any school district to impose additional regulation on participating private schools, nonpublic postsecondary educational institutions, and private providers beyond those reasonably necessary to enforce requirements expressly set forth in this section.

(18) RULES.—The State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section.

(19) IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE FOR THE 2014-2015 SCHOOL YEAR.—Notwithstanding the provisions of this section related to notification and eligibility timelines, an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization may enroll parents on a rolling schedule on a first-come, first-served basis, within the amount of funds provided in the General Appropriations Act.

Section 17. Paragraph (c) is added to subsection (1), paragraph (f) of subsection (2), subsection (3), subsection (5), subsection (6), paragraphs (c) and (e) of subsection (8), paragraphs (d), (j), and (o) of subsection (9), and paragraph (a) of subsection (12) of section 1002.395, Florida Statutes, are amended, present paragraphs (h) through (j) of subsection (2) are redesignated as paragraphs (i) through (k), respectively, and a new paragraph (h) is added to that

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subsection, paragraph (g) is added to subsection (7), and
subsection (16) is added to that section, to read:

1002.395 Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program.—

(1) FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.—

(c) The purpose of this section is not to prescribe the
standards or curriculum for private schools. A private school
retains the authority to determine its own standards and
curriculum.

(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

(f) “Eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization”
means a state university; or an independent college or
university that is eligible to participate in the William L.
Boyd, IV, Florida Resident Access Grant Program, located and
chartered in this state, is not for profit, and is accredited by
the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of
Colleges and Schools; or is a charitable organization that:

1. Is exempt from federal income tax pursuant to s.
501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code;

2. Is a Florida entity formed under chapter 607, chapter
608, or chapter 617 and whose principal office is located in the
state; and

3. Complies with subsections ~~the provisions of subsection
(6) and (16).~~

(h) “Household income” has the same meaning as the term
“income” is defined in the Income Eligibility Guidelines for
free and reduced price meals under the National School Lunch
Program in 7 C.F.R. part 210 as published in the Federal
Register by the United States Department of Agriculture.

(3) PROGRAM; SCHOLARSHIP ELIGIBILITY.—

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(a) The Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program is established.

(b) For the 2014-2015 and 2015-2016 school years, contingent upon available funds, a student is eligible for a Florida tax credit scholarship under this section if the student meets one or more of the following criteria:

1. The student qualifies for free or reduced-price school lunches under the National School Lunch Act or is on the direct certification list; ~~and:~~

~~a. Was counted as a full-time equivalent student during the previous state fiscal year for purposes of state per-student funding;~~

~~b. Received a scholarship from an eligible nonprofit scholarship funding organization or from the State of Florida during the previous school year; or~~

~~e. Is eligible to enter kindergarten through fifth grade.~~

2. The student is currently placed, or during the previous state fiscal year was placed, in foster care or in out-of-home care as defined in s. 39.01; ~~or-~~

3. The student continues in the scholarship program as long as the student's household income level does not exceed 230 percent of the federal poverty level.

~~4. The student, who is a first-time tax credit scholarship recipient, is a sibling of a student who is continuing in the scholarship program and who resides in the same household as the student if the sibling meets one or more of the criteria specified in subparagraphs 1. and 2. and as long as the student's and sibling's household income level does not exceed 230 percent of the federal poverty level.~~

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(c) For the 2016-2017 school year and thereafter,
contingent upon available funds, a student is eligible for a
Florida tax credit scholarship under this section if the student
meets one or more of the following criteria:

1. The student is on the direct certification list or the
student's household income level does not exceed 185 percent of
the federal poverty level; or

2. The student is currently placed, or during the previous
state fiscal year was placed, in foster care or in out-of-home
care as defined in s. 39.01.

3. The student's household income level is greater than 185
percent of the federal poverty level but does not exceed 260
percent of the federal poverty level.

A student who initially receives a scholarship based on
eligibility under subparagraph (b)2. or subparagraph (c)2.
remains eligible until the student graduates from high school or
attains the age of 21 years, whichever occurs first, regardless
of the student's household income level. A sibling of a student
who is participating in the scholarship program under this
subsection is eligible for a scholarship if the student resides
in the same household as the sibling.

(5) SCHOLARSHIP FUNDING TAX CREDITS; LIMITATIONS.—

(a)1. The tax credit cap amount is \$229 million in the
2012-2013 state fiscal year.

2. In the 2013-2014 state fiscal year and each state fiscal
year thereafter, the tax credit cap amount is the tax credit cap
amount in the prior state fiscal year. However, in any state
fiscal year when the annual tax credit amount for the prior

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state fiscal year is equal to or greater than 90 percent of the tax credit cap amount applicable to that state fiscal year, the tax credit cap amount shall increase by 25 percent. The Department of Education and Department of Revenue ~~department~~ shall publish on their websites ~~its website~~ information identifying the tax credit cap amount when it is increased pursuant to this subparagraph.

(b) A taxpayer may submit an application to the department for a tax credit or credits under one or more of s. 211.0251, s. 212.1831, s. 220.1875, s. 561.1211, or s. 624.51055.

1. The taxpayer shall specify in the application each tax for which the taxpayer requests a credit and the applicable taxable year for a credit under s. 220.1875 or s. 624.51055 or the applicable state fiscal year for a credit under s. 211.0251, s. 212.1831, or s. 561.1211. The department shall approve tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis and must obtain the division's approval before ~~prior to~~ approving a tax credit under s. 561.1211.

2. Within 10 days after approving an application, the department shall provide a copy of its approval letter to the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization specified by the taxpayer in the application.

(c) If a tax credit approved under paragraph (b) is not fully used within the specified state fiscal year for credits under s. 211.0251, s. 212.1831, or s. 561.1211 or against taxes due for the specified taxable year for credits under s. 220.1875 or s. 624.51055 because of insufficient tax liability on the part of the taxpayer, the unused amount may be carried forward for a period not to exceed 5 years. However, any taxpayer that

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seeks to carry forward an unused amount of tax credit must submit an application to the department for approval of the carryforward tax credit in the year that the taxpayer intends to use the carryforward. The department must obtain the division's approval prior to approving the carryforward of a tax credit under s. 561.1211.

(d) A taxpayer may not convey, assign, or transfer an approved tax credit or a carryforward tax credit to another entity unless all of the assets of the taxpayer are conveyed, assigned, or transferred in the same transaction. However, a tax credit under s. 211.0251, s. 212.1831, s. 220.1875, s. 561.1211, or s. 624.51055 may be conveyed, transferred, or assigned between members of an affiliated group of corporations if the type of tax credit under s. 211.0251, s. 212.1831, s. 220.1875, s. 561.1211, or s. 624.51055 remains the same. A taxpayer shall notify the department of its intent to convey, transfer, or assign a tax credit to another member within an affiliated group of corporations. The amount conveyed, transferred, or assigned is available to another member of the affiliated group of corporations upon approval by the department. The department shall obtain the division's approval before approving a conveyance, transfer, or assignment of a tax credit under s. 561.1211.

(e) Within any state fiscal year, a taxpayer may rescind all or part of a tax credit approved under paragraph (b). The amount rescinded shall become available for that state fiscal year to another eligible taxpayer as approved by the department if the taxpayer receives notice from the department that the rescindment has been accepted by the department. The department

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must obtain the division's approval prior to accepting the rescindment of a tax credit under s. 561.1211. Any amount rescinded under this paragraph shall become available to an eligible taxpayer on a first-come, first-served basis based on tax credit applications received after the date the rescindment is accepted by the department.

(f) For purposes of calculating the underpayment of estimated corporate income taxes pursuant to s. 220.34 and tax installment payments for taxes on insurance premiums or assessments under s. 624.5092, the final amount due is the amount after credits earned under s. 220.1875 or s. 624.51055 for contributions to eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations are deducted.

1. For purposes of determining if a penalty or interest shall be imposed for underpayment of estimated corporate income tax pursuant to s. 220.34(2)(d)1., a taxpayer may, after earning a credit under s. 220.1875, reduce the following estimated payment in that taxable year by the amount of the credit. This subparagraph applies to contributions made on or after July 1, 2014.

2. For purposes of determining if a penalty under s. 624.5092 shall be imposed, an insurer may, after earning a credit under s. 624.51055, reduce the following installment payment of 27 percent of the amount of the net tax due as reported on the return for the preceding year under s. 624.5092(2)(b) by the amount of the credit. This subparagraph applies to contributions made on or after July 1, 2014.

(6) OBLIGATIONS OF ELIGIBLE NONPROFIT SCHOLARSHIP-FUNDING ORGANIZATIONS.—An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding

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organization:

(a) Must comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. s. 2000d.

(b) Must comply with the following background check requirements:

1. All owners and operators as defined in subparagraph (2) (i) 1. ~~(2) (h) 1.~~ are, before ~~upon~~ employment or engagement to provide services, subject to level 2 background screening as provided under chapter 435. The fingerprints for the background screening must be electronically submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement and can be taken by an authorized law enforcement agency or by an employee of the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or a private company who is trained to take fingerprints. However, the complete set of fingerprints of an owner or operator may not be taken by the owner or operator. The results of the state and national criminal history check shall be provided to the Department of Education for screening under chapter 435. The cost of the background screening may be borne by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or the owner or operator.

2. Every 5 years following employment or engagement to provide services or association with an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization, each owner or operator must meet level 2 screening standards as described in s. 435.04, at which time the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall request the Department of Law Enforcement to forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for level 2 screening. If the fingerprints of an owner or operator are not retained by the Department of Law Enforcement under subparagraph

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3., the owner or operator must electronically file a complete set of fingerprints with the Department of Law Enforcement. Upon submission of fingerprints for this purpose, the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall request that the Department of Law Enforcement forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for level 2 screening, and the fingerprints shall be retained by the Department of Law Enforcement under subparagraph 3.

3. ~~All~~ Fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement as required by this paragraph must be retained by the Department of Law Enforcement in a manner approved by rule and entered in the statewide automated biometric identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b). The fingerprints must thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprints entered in the statewide automated biometric identification system pursuant to s. 943.051.

4. The Department of Law Enforcement shall search all arrest fingerprints received under s. 943.051 against the fingerprints retained in the statewide automated biometric identification system under subparagraph 3. Any arrest record that is identified with an owner's or operator's fingerprints must be reported to the Department of Education. The Department of Education shall participate in this search process by paying an annual fee to the Department of Law Enforcement and by informing the Department of Law Enforcement of any change in the employment, engagement, or association status of the owners or operators whose fingerprints are retained under subparagraph 3. The Department of Law Enforcement shall adopt a rule setting the amount of the annual fee to be imposed upon the Department of

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Education for performing these services and establishing the procedures for the retention of owner and operator fingerprints and the dissemination of search results. The fee may be borne by the owner or operator of the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization.

5. A nonprofit scholarship-funding organization whose owner or operator fails the level 2 background screening is not ~~shall not be~~ eligible to provide scholarships under this section.

6. A nonprofit scholarship-funding organization whose owner or operator in the last 7 years has filed for personal bankruptcy or corporate bankruptcy in a corporation of which he or she owned more than 20 percent shall not be eligible to provide scholarships under this section.

7. In addition to the offenses listed in s. 435.04, a person required to undergo background screening pursuant to this part or authorizing statutes must not have an arrest awaiting final disposition for, must not have been found guilty of, or entered a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, and must not have been adjudicated delinquent, and the record must not have been sealed or expunged for, any of the following offenses or any similar offense of another jurisdiction:

- a. Any authorizing statutes, if the offense was a felony.
- b. This chapter, if the offense was a felony.
- c. Section 409.920, relating to Medicaid provider fraud.
- d. Section 409.9201, relating to Medicaid fraud.
- e. Section 741.28, relating to domestic violence.
- f. Section 817.034, relating to fraudulent acts through mail, wire, radio, electromagnetic, photoelectronic, or

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photooptical systems.

g. Section 817.234, relating to false and fraudulent insurance claims.

h. Section 817.505, relating to patient brokering.

i. Section 817.568, relating to criminal use of personal identification information.

j. Section 817.60, relating to obtaining a credit card through fraudulent means.

k. Section 817.61, relating to fraudulent use of credit cards, if the offense was a felony.

l. Section 831.01, relating to forgery.

m. Section 831.02, relating to uttering forged instruments.

n. Section 831.07, relating to forging bank bills, checks, drafts, or promissory notes.

o. Section 831.09, relating to uttering forged bank bills, checks, drafts, or promissory notes.

p. Section 831.30, relating to fraud in obtaining medicinal drugs.

q. Section 831.31, relating to the sale, manufacture, delivery, or possession with the intent to sell, manufacture, or deliver any counterfeit controlled substance, if the offense was a felony.

(c) Must not have an owner or operator who owns or operates an eligible private school that is participating in the scholarship program.

(d) Must provide scholarships, from eligible contributions, to eligible students for the cost of:

1. Tuition and fees for an eligible private school; or

2. Transportation to a Florida public school that is

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located outside the district in which the student resides or to a lab school as defined in s. 1002.32.

(e) Must give first priority to eligible students who received a scholarship from an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or from the State of Florida during the previous school year. Beginning in the 2016-2017 school year, an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall give priority to new applicants whose household income levels do not exceed 185 percent of the federal poverty level or who are in foster care or out-of-home care.

(f) Must provide a scholarship to an eligible student on a first-come, first-served basis unless the student qualifies for priority pursuant to paragraph (e).

(g) May not restrict or reserve scholarships for use at a particular private school or provide scholarships to a child of an owner or operator.

(h) Must allow a student in foster care or out-of-home care to apply for a scholarship at any time.

(i) ~~(h)~~ Must allow an eligible student to attend any eligible private school and must allow a parent to transfer a scholarship during a school year to any other eligible private school of the parent's choice.

(j) ~~(i)~~ 1. May use up to 3 percent of eligible contributions received during the state fiscal year in which such contributions are collected for administrative expenses if the organization has operated under this section for at least 3 state fiscal years and did not have any negative financial findings in its most recent audit under paragraph (m) ~~(l)~~. Such administrative expenses must be reasonable and necessary for the

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organization's management and distribution of eligible contributions under this section. No funds authorized under this subparagraph shall be used for lobbying or political activity or expenses related to lobbying or political activity. Up to ~~no~~ more than one-third of the funds authorized for administrative expenses under this subparagraph may be used for expenses related to the recruitment of contributions from taxpayers. If an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization charges an application fee for a scholarship, the application fee must be immediately refunded to the person that paid the fee if the student is not enrolled in a participating school within twelve months.

2. Must expend for annual or partial-year scholarships an amount equal to or greater than 75 percent of the net eligible contributions remaining after administrative expenses during the state fiscal year in which such contributions are collected. No more than 25 percent of such net eligible contributions may be carried forward to the following state fiscal year. All amounts carried forward, for audit purposes, must be specifically identified for particular students, by student name and the name of the school to which the student is admitted, subject to the requirements of s. 1002.22, s. 1002.221, 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g, and the applicable rules and regulations issued pursuant thereto.

Any amounts carried forward shall be expended for annual or partial-year scholarships in the following state fiscal year. Net eligible contributions remaining on June 30 of each year that are in excess of the 25 percent that may be carried forward shall be returned to the State Treasury for deposit in the General Revenue Fund.

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2350 3. Must, before granting a scholarship for an academic
2351 year, document each scholarship student's eligibility for that
2352 academic year. A scholarship-funding organization may not grant
2353 multiyear scholarships in one approval process.

2354 (k)~~(j)~~ Must maintain separate accounts for scholarship
2355 funds and operating funds.

2356 (l)~~(k)~~ With the prior approval of the Department of
2357 Education, may transfer funds to another eligible nonprofit
2358 scholarship-funding organization if additional funds are
2359 required to meet scholarship demand at the receiving nonprofit
2360 scholarship-funding organization. A transfer is ~~shall be~~ limited
2361 to the greater of \$500,000 or 20 percent of the total
2362 contributions received by the nonprofit scholarship-funding
2363 organization making the transfer. All transferred funds must be
2364 deposited by the receiving nonprofit scholarship-funding
2365 organization into its scholarship accounts. All transferred
2366 amounts received by any nonprofit scholarship-funding
2367 organization must be separately disclosed in the annual
2368 financial and compliance audit required in this section.

2369 (m)~~(l)~~ Must provide to the Auditor General and the
2370 Department of Education a report on the results of an annual
2371 financial ~~and compliance~~ audit of its accounts and records
2372 conducted by an independent certified public accountant ~~and~~ in
2373 accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the
2374 United States, government auditing standards, and rules
2375 promulgated ~~adopted~~ by the Auditor General. The audit report
2376 ~~must be conducted in compliance with generally accepted auditing~~
2377 ~~standards and~~ must include a report on financial statements
2378 presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting

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principles ~~set forth by the American Institute of Certified~~
~~Public Accountants for not-for-profit organizations and a~~
~~determination of compliance with the statutory eligibility and~~
~~expenditure requirements set forth in this section.~~ Audit
reports ~~Audits~~ must be provided to the Auditor General and the
Department of Education within 180 days after completion of the
eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization's fiscal
year. The Auditor General shall review all audit reports
submitted pursuant to this paragraph. The Auditor General shall
request any significant items that were omitted in violation of
a rule adopted by the Auditor General. The items must be
provided within 45 days after the date of the request. If the
scholarship-funding organization does not comply with the
Auditor General's request, the Auditor General shall notify the
Legislative Auditing Committee.

(n) ~~(m)~~ Must prepare and submit quarterly reports to the
Department of Education pursuant to paragraph (9) (m). In
addition, an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization
must submit in a timely manner any information requested by the
Department of Education relating to the scholarship program.

(o) ~~(n)~~ 1.a. Must participate in the joint development of
agreed-upon procedures to be performed by an independent
certified public accountant as required under paragraph (8) (e)
if the scholarship-funding organization provided more than
\$250,000 in scholarship funds to an eligible private school
under this section during the 2009-2010 state fiscal year. The
agreed-upon procedures must uniformly apply to all private
schools and must determine, at a minimum, whether the private
school has been verified as eligible by the Department of

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Education under paragraph (9)(c); has an adequate accounting system, system of financial controls, and process for deposit and classification of scholarship funds; and has properly expended scholarship funds for education-related expenses. During the development of the procedures, the participating scholarship-funding organizations shall specify guidelines governing the materiality of exceptions that may be found during the accountant's performance of the procedures. The procedures and guidelines shall be provided to private schools and the Commissioner of Education by March 15, 2011.

b. Must participate in a joint review of the agreed-upon procedures and guidelines developed under sub-subparagraph a., by February 2013 and biennially thereafter, if the scholarship-funding organization provided more than \$250,000 in scholarship funds to an eligible private school under this section during the state fiscal year preceding the biennial review. If the procedures and guidelines are revised, the revisions must be provided to private schools and the Commissioner of Education by March 15, 2013, and biennially thereafter.

c. Must monitor the compliance of a private school with paragraph (8)(e) if the scholarship-funding organization provided the majority of the scholarship funding to the school. For each private school subject to paragraph (8)(e), the appropriate scholarship-funding organization shall notify the Commissioner of Education by October 30, 2011, and annually thereafter of:

(I) A private school's failure to submit a report required under paragraph (8)(e); or

(II) Any material exceptions set forth in the report

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required under paragraph (8)(e).

2. Must seek input from the accrediting associations that are members of the Florida Association of Academic Nonpublic Schools when jointly developing the agreed-upon procedures and guidelines under sub-subparagraph 1.a. and conducting a review of those procedures and guidelines under sub-subparagraph 1.b.

(p) Must maintain the surety bond or letter of credit required by subsection (16). The amount of the surety bond or letter of credit may be adjusted quarterly to equal the actual amount of undisbursed funds based upon submission by the organization of a statement from a certified public accountant verifying the amount of undisbursed funds. The requirements of this paragraph are waived if the cost of acquiring a surety bond or letter of credit exceeds the average 10-year cost of acquiring a surety bond or letter of credit by 200 percent. The requirements of this paragraph are waived for a state university; or an independent college or university which is eligible to participate in the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida Resident Access Grant Program, located and chartered in this state, is not for profit, and is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools.

(q) Must provide to the Auditor General any information or documentation requested in connection with an operational audit of a scholarship funding organization conducted pursuant to s. 11.45.

~~Any and all~~ Information and documentation provided to the Department of Education and the Auditor General relating to the identity of a taxpayer that provides an eligible contribution

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under this section shall remain confidential at all times in accordance with s. 213.053.

(7) PARENT AND STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PROGRAM PARTICIPATION.—

(g) The parent shall authorize the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization to access information needed for income eligibility determination and verification held by other state or federal agencies, including the Department of Revenue, the Department of Children and Families, the Department of Education, the Department of Economic Opportunity, and the Agency for Health Care Administration.

(8) PRIVATE SCHOOL ELIGIBILITY AND OBLIGATIONS.—An eligible private school may be sectarian or nonsectarian and must:

(c) Be academically accountable to the parent for meeting the educational needs of the student by:

1. At a minimum, annually providing to the parent a written explanation of the student's progress.

2. Annually administering or making provision for students participating in the scholarship program in grades 3 through 10 to take one of the nationally norm-referenced tests identified by the Department of Education or the statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22. Students with disabilities for whom standardized testing is not appropriate are exempt from this requirement. A participating private school must report a student's scores to the parent. A participating private school must annually report by August 15 the scores of all participating students to the Learning System Institute ~~independent research organization~~ described in paragraph (9) (j).

3. Cooperating with—the scholarship student whose parent

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chooses to have the student participate in the statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22 or, if a private school chooses to offer the statewide assessments, administering the assessments at the school.

a. A participating private school may choose to offer and administer the statewide assessments to all students who attend the private school in grades 3 through 10.

b. A participating private school must submit a request in writing to the Department of Education by March 1 of each year in order to administer the statewide assessments in the subsequent school year.

(e) Annually contract with an independent certified public accountant to perform the agreed-upon procedures developed under paragraph (6) (o) ~~+(6) (n)~~ and produce a report of the results if the private school receives more than \$250,000 in funds from scholarships awarded under this section in the 2010-2011 state fiscal year or a state fiscal year thereafter. A private school subject to this paragraph must submit the report by September 15, 2011, and annually thereafter to the scholarship-funding organization that awarded the majority of the school's scholarship funds. The agreed-upon procedures must be conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The inability of a private school to meet the requirements of this subsection shall constitute a basis for the ineligibility of the private school to participate in the scholarship program as determined by the Department of Education.

(9) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OBLIGATIONS.—The Department of

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Education shall:

(d) Annually verify the eligibility of expenditures as provided in paragraph (6) (d) using the audit required by paragraph (6) (m) and s. 11.45(2) (k) ~~(6) (1)~~.

(j) Issue a project grant award to the Learning System Institute at the Florida State University ~~Select an independent research organization, which may be a public or private entity or university,~~ to which participating private schools must report the scores of participating students on the nationally norm-referenced tests or the statewide assessments administered by the private school in grades 3 through 10. The project term is 2 years, and the amount of the project is up to \$500,000 per year. The project grant award must be reissued in 2 year intervals in accordance with this paragraph.

1. The Learning System Institute ~~independent research organization~~ must annually report to the Department of Education on the student performance ~~year-to-year learning gains~~ of participating students:

a. On a statewide basis. The report shall also include, to the extent possible, a comparison of scholarship students' performance ~~these learning gains~~ to the statewide student performance ~~learning gains~~ of public school students with socioeconomic backgrounds similar to those of students participating in the scholarship program. To minimize costs and reduce time required for the Learning System Institute's ~~independent research organization's~~ analysis and evaluation, the Department of Education shall coordinate with the Learning System Institute to provide data to the Learning System Institute in order to conduct analyses of matched students from

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public school assessment data and calculate control group
student performance ~~learning gains~~ using an agreed-upon
methodology ~~outlined in the contract~~ with the Learning System
Institute independent research organization; and

b. On an individual school basis. The annual report must
include student performance for each participating private
school in which at least 51 percent of the total enrolled
students in the private school participated in the Florida Tax
Credit Scholarship Program in the prior school year. The report
shall be according to each participating private school, and for
participating students, in which there are at least 30
participating students who have scores for tests administered
during or after the 2009-2010 school year for 2 consecutive
years at that private school. If the Learning System Institute
determines that the 30 participating student cell size may be
reduced without disclosing personally identifiable information,
as described in 34 C.F.R. 99.12, of a participating student, the
Learning System Institute may reduce the participating student
cell size, but the cell size must not be reduced to less than 10
participating students. The department shall provide each
private school's prior school year's student enrollment
information to the Learning System Institute no later than June
15 of each year, or as requested by the Learning System
Institute.

2. The sharing and reporting of student performance
~~learning gain~~ data under this paragraph must be in accordance
with requirements of s. 1002.22, s. 1002.221, 20 U.S.C. s.
1232g, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, and the
applicable rules and regulations issued pursuant thereto, and

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shall be for the sole purpose of creating the annual report required by subparagraph 1. All parties must preserve the confidentiality of such information as required by law. The annual report must not disaggregate data to a level that will identify individual participating schools, except as required under sub-subparagraph 1.b., or disclose the academic level of individual students.

3. The annual report required by subparagraph 1. shall be published by the Department of Education on its website.

(o) Provide a process to match the direct certification list with the scholarship application data submitted by any nonprofit scholarship-funding organization eligible to receive the 3-percent administrative allowance under paragraph (6) (j) ~~(6) (i)~~.

(12) SCHOLARSHIP AMOUNT AND PAYMENT.—

(a) ~~1.~~ Except as provided in subparagraph 2., the amount of a scholarship provided to any student for any single school year by an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization from eligible contributions shall be for total costs authorized under paragraph (6) (d), not to exceed annual limits, which shall be determined as follows:

1.a. For a scholarship awarded to a student enrolled in an eligible private school:

~~(I) For the 2009-2010 state fiscal year, the limit shall be \$3,950.~~

~~(II) For the 2010-2011 state fiscal year, the limit shall be 60 percent of the unweighted FTE funding amount for that year.~~

~~(III) For the 2011-2012 state fiscal year and thereafter,~~

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the limit shall be determined by multiplying the unweighted FTE funding amount in that state fiscal year by the percentage used to determine the limit in the prior state fiscal year. However, in each state fiscal year that the tax credit cap amount increases pursuant to paragraph (5) (a) ~~subparagraph (5) (a) 2.~~, the prior year percentage shall be increased by 4 percentage points and the increased percentage shall be used to determine the limit for that state fiscal year. If the percentage so calculated reaches 80 percent in a state fiscal year, no further increase in the percentage is allowed and the limit shall be 80 percent of the unweighted FTE funding amount for that state fiscal year and thereafter. Beginning in the 2016-2017 state fiscal year, the amount of a scholarship awarded to a student enrolled in an eligible private school shall be equal to 82 percent of the unweighted FTE funding amount for that state fiscal year and thereafter.

b. For a scholarship awarded to a student enrolled in a Florida public school that is located outside the district in which the student resides or in a lab school as defined in s. 1002.32, the limit shall be \$500.

2. The annual limit for a scholarship under subparagraph 1.a. shall be reduced by:

a. Twenty-five percent if the student's household income level is equal to or greater than 200 percent, but less than 215 percent, of the federal poverty level.

b. Fifty percent if the student's household income level is equal to or greater than 215 percent, but equal to or less than 230 percent, of the federal poverty level.

3. For the 2016-2017 state fiscal year and thereafter, the

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annual limit for a scholarship under sub-subparagraph 1.a. shall
be reduced by:

a. Twelve percent if the student's household income level
is greater than or equal to 200 percent, but less than 215
percent, of the federal poverty level.

b. Twenty-six percent if the student's household income
level is greater than or equal to 215 percent, but less than 230
percent, of the federal poverty level.

c. Forty percent if the student's household income level is
greater than or equal to 230 percent, but less than 245 percent,
of the federal poverty level.

d. Fifty percent if the student's household income level is
greater than or equal to 245 percent, but less than or equal to
260 percent, of the federal poverty level.

(16) NONPROFIT SCHOLARSHIP-FUNDING ORGANIZATIONS;
APPLICATION.—In order to participate in the scholarship program
created under this section, a charitable organization that seeks
to be a nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must submit
an application for initial approval or renewal to the Office of
Independent Education and Parental Choice no later than
September 1 of each year before the school year for which the
organization intends to offer scholarships.

(a) An application for initial approval must include:

1. A copy of the organization's incorporation documents and
registration with the Division of Corporations of the Department
of State.

2. A copy of the organization's Internal Revenue Service
determination letter as a s. 501(c)(3) not-for-profit
organization.

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2669 3. A description of the organization's financial plan that
2670 demonstrates sufficient funds to operate throughout the school
2671 year.

2672 4. A description of the geographic region that the
2673 organization intends to serve and an analysis of the demand and
2674 unmet need for eligible students in that area.

2675 5. The organization's organizational chart.

2676 6. A description of the criteria and methodology that the
2677 organization will use to evaluate scholarship eligibility.

2678 7. A description of the application process, including
2679 deadlines and any associated fees.

2680 8. A description of the deadlines for attendance
2681 verification and scholarship payments.

2682 9. A copy of the organization's policies on conflict of
2683 interest and whistleblowers.

2684 10. A copy of a surety bond or letter of credit in an
2685 amount equal to 25 percent of the scholarship funds anticipated
2686 for each school year or \$100,000, whichever is greater.

2687 (b) In addition to the information required by
2688 subparagraphs (a)1.-9., an application for renewal must include:

2689 1. A surety bond or letter of credit equal to the amount of
2690 undisbursed donations held by the organization based on the
2691 annual report submitted pursuant to paragraph (6) (m). The amount
2692 of the surety bond or letter of credit must be at least
2693 \$100,000, but not more than \$25 million.

2694 2. The organization's completed Internal Revenue Service
2695 Form 990 submitted no later than November 30 of the year before
2696 the school year that the organization intends to offer the
2697 scholarships, notwithstanding the September 1 application

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deadline.

3. A copy of the statutorily required audit to the
Department of Education and Auditor General.

4. An annual report that includes:

a. The number of students who completed applications, by
county and by grade.

b. The number of students who were approved for
scholarships, by county and by grade.

c. The number of students who received funding for
scholarships within each funding category, by county and by
grade.

d. The amount of funds received, the amount of funds
distributed in scholarships, and an accounting of remaining
funds and the obligation of those funds.

e. A detailed accounting of how the organization spent the
administrative funds allowable under paragraph (6)(j).

(c) In consultation with the Department of Revenue and the
Chief Financial Officer, the Office of Independent Education and
Parental Choice shall review the application. The Department of
Education shall notify the organization in writing of any
deficiencies within 30 days after receipt of the application and
allow the organization 30 days to correct any deficiencies.

(d) Within 30 days after receipt of the finalized
application by the Office of Independent Education and Parental
Choice, the Commissioner of Education shall recommend approval
or disapproval of the application to the State Board of
Education. The State Board of Education shall consider the
application and recommendation at the next scheduled meeting,
adhering to appropriate meeting notice requirements. If the

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State Board of Education disapproves the organization's application, it shall provide the organization with a written explanation of that determination. The State Board of Education's action is not subject to chapter 120.

(e) If the State Board of Education disapproves the renewal of a nonprofit scholarship-funding organization, the organization must notify the affected eligible students and parents of the decision within 15 days after disapproval. An eligible student affected by the disapproval of an organization's participation remains eligible under this section until the end of the school year in which the organization was disapproved. The student must apply and be accepted by another eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization for the upcoming school year. The student shall be given priority in accordance with paragraph (6)(f).

(f) All remaining funds held by a nonprofit scholarship-funding organization that is disapproved for participation must revert to the Department of Revenue for redistribution to other eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.

(g) A nonprofit scholarship-funding organization is a renewing organization if it maintains continuous approval and participation in the program. An organization that chooses not to participate for 1 year or more or is disapproved to participate for 1 year or more must submit an application for initial approval in order to participate in the program again.

(h) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules providing guidelines for receiving, reviewing, and approving applications for new and renewing nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations. The rules must include a process for compiling

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input and recommendations from the Chief Financial Officer, the Department of Revenue, and the Department of Education. The rules must also require that the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization make a brief presentation to assist the State Board of Education in its decision.

(i) A state university; or an independent college or university which is eligible to participate in the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida Resident Access Grant Program, located and chartered in this state, is not for profit, and is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, is exempt from the initial or renewal application process, but must file a registration notice with the Department of Education to be an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules that identify the procedure for filing the registration notice with the department. The rules must identify appropriate reporting requirements for fiscal, programmatic, and performance accountability purposes consistent with this section, but shall not exceed the requirements for eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations for charitable organizations. An nonprofit scholarship-funding organization that becomes eligible pursuant to this paragraph may begin providing scholarships to participating students in the 2015-2016 school year.

Section 18. A nonprofit scholarship-funding organization whose application for participation in the program established by s. 1002.395, Florida Statutes, was approved before July 1, 2014, must, by August 1, 2014, provide a copy of a surety bond or letter of credit meeting the requirements of s. 1002.395(16),

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Florida Statutes, to the Office of Independent Education and
Parental Choice.

Section 19. Effective July 1, 2015, section 1003.438,
Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 20. Section 1003.5716, Florida Statutes, is created
to read:

1003.5716 Transition to postsecondary education and career
opportunities.—All students with disabilities who are 3 years of
age to 21 years of age have the right to a free, appropriate
public education. As used in this section, the term "IEP" means
individual education plan.

(1) To ensure quality planning for a successful transition
of a student with a disability to postsecondary education and
career opportunities, an IEP team shall begin the process of,
and develop an IEP for, identifying the need for transition
services before the student with a disability attains the age of
14 years in order for his or her postsecondary goals and career
goals to be identified and in place when he or she attains the
age of 16 years. This process must include, but is not limited
to:

(a) Consideration of the student's need for instruction in
the area of self-determination and self-advocacy to assist the
student's active and effective participation in an IEP meeting;
and

(b) Preparation for the student to graduate from high
school with a standard high school diploma pursuant to s.
1003.4282 with a Scholar designation unless the parent chooses a
Merit designation.

(2) Beginning not later than the first IEP to be in effect

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when the student attains the age of 16, or younger if determined appropriate by the parent and the IEP team, the IEP must include the following statements that must be updated annually:

(a) A statement of intent to pursue a standard high school diploma and a Scholar or Merit designation, pursuant to s. 1003.4285, as determined by the parent.

(b) A statement of intent to receive a standard high school diploma before the student attains the age of 22 and a description of how the student will fully meet the requirements in s. 1003.428 or s. 1003.4282, as applicable, including, but not limited to, a portfolio pursuant to s. 1003.4282(10) (b) which meets the criteria specified in State Board of Education rule. The IEP must also specify the outcomes and additional benefits expected by the parent and the IEP team at the time of the student's graduation.

(c) A statement of appropriate measurable long-term postsecondary education and career goals based upon age-appropriate transition assessments related to training, education, employment, and, if appropriate, independent living skills and the transition services, including courses of study needed to assist the student in reaching those goals.

(3) Any change in the IEP for the goals specified in subsection (2) must be approved by the parent and is subject to verification for appropriateness by an independent reviewer selected by the parent as provided in s. 1003.572.

(4) If a participating agency responsible for transition services, other than the school district, fails to provide the transition services described in the IEP, the school district shall reconvene the IEP team to identify alternative strategies

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to meet the transition objectives for the student that are
specified in the IEP. However, this does not relieve any
participating agency of the responsibility to provide or pay for
any transition service that the agency would otherwise provide
to students with disabilities who meet the eligibility criteria
of that agency.

Section 21. Subsection (3) of section 1003.572, Florida
Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.572 Collaboration of public and private instructional
personnel.—

(3) Private instructional personnel who are hired or
contracted by parents to collaborate with public instructional
personnel must be permitted to observe the student in the
educational setting, collaborate with instructional personnel in
the educational setting, and provide services in the educational
setting according to the following requirements:

(a) The student's public instructional personnel and
principal consent to the time and place.

(b) The private instructional personnel satisfy the
requirements of s. 1012.32 or s. 1012.321.

For the purpose of implementing this subsection, a school
district may not impose any requirements beyond those
requirements specified in this subsection or charge any fees.

Section 22. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) and paragraph
(b) of subsection (6) of section 1008.25, Florida Statutes, are
amended to read:

1008.25 Public school student progression; remedial
instruction; reporting requirements.—

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(5) READING DEFICIENCY AND PARENTAL NOTIFICATION.—

(c) The parent of any student who exhibits a substantial deficiency in reading, as described in paragraph (a), must be notified in writing of the following:

1. That his or her child has been identified as having a substantial deficiency in reading.

2. A description of the current services that are provided to the child.

3. A description of the proposed supplemental instructional services and supports that will be provided to the child that are designed to remediate the identified area of reading deficiency.

4. That if the child's reading deficiency is not remediated by the end of grade 3, the child must be retained unless he or she is exempt from mandatory retention for good cause.

5. Strategies for parents to use in helping their child succeed in reading proficiency.

6. That the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) is not the sole determiner of promotion and that additional evaluations, portfolio reviews, and assessments are available to the child to assist parents and the school district in knowing when a child is reading at or above grade level and ready for grade promotion.

7. The district's specific criteria and policies for a portfolio as provided in subparagraph (6)(b)4. and the evidence required for a student to demonstrate mastery of Florida's academic standards for English Language Arts. A parent of a student in grade 3 who is identified anytime during the year as being at risk of retention may request that the school

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immediately begin collecting evidence for a portfolio.

~~8.7.~~ The district's specific criteria and policies for midyear promotion. Midyear promotion means promotion of a retained student at any time during the year of retention once the student has demonstrated ability to read at grade level.

(6) ELIMINATION OF SOCIAL PROMOTION.—

(b) The district school board may only exempt students from mandatory retention, as provided in paragraph (5) (b), for good cause. A student who is promoted to grade 4 with a good cause exemption shall be provided intensive reading instruction and intervention that include specialized diagnostic information and specific reading strategies to meet the needs of each student so promoted. The school district shall assist schools and teachers with the implementation of reading strategies for students promoted with a good cause exemption which research has shown to be successful in improving reading among students that have reading difficulties. Good cause exemptions are ~~shall be~~ limited to the following:

1. Limited English proficient students who have had less than 2 years of instruction in an English for Speakers of Other Languages program.

2. Students with disabilities whose individual education plan indicates that participation in the statewide assessment program is not appropriate, consistent with the requirements of State Board of Education rule.

3. Students who demonstrate an acceptable level of performance on an alternative standardized reading or English Language Arts assessment approved by the State Board of Education.

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4. A student who demonstrates through a student portfolio that he or she is performing at least at Level 2 on FCAT Reading or the common core English Language Arts assessment, as applicable under s. 1008.22.

5. Students with disabilities who participate in FCAT Reading or the common core English Language Arts assessment, as applicable under s. 1008.22, and who have an individual education plan or a Section 504 plan that reflects that the student has received intensive remediation in reading and English Language Arts for more than 2 years but still demonstrates a deficiency and was previously retained in kindergarten, grade 1, grade 2, or grade 3.

6. Students who have received intensive reading intervention for 2 or more years but still demonstrate a deficiency in reading and who were previously retained in kindergarten, grade 1, grade 2, or grade 3 for a total of 2 years. A student may not be retained more than once in grade 3.

~~7.6.~~ Students who have received intensive remediation in reading and English Language Arts, as applicable under s. 1008.22, for 2 or more years but still demonstrate a deficiency and who were previously retained in kindergarten, grade 1, grade 2, or grade 3 for a total of 2 years. Intensive instruction for students so promoted must include an altered instructional day that includes specialized diagnostic information and specific reading strategies for each student. The district school board shall assist schools and teachers to implement reading strategies that research has shown to be successful in improving reading among low-performing readers.

Section 23. The Florida Prepaid College Board shall conduct

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a study and submit a report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 31, 2014, which includes, but is not limited to, a description of the following:

(1) The terms and conditions under which payments may be withdrawn from the Florida Prepaid College Trust Fund for the payment of program fees in excess of, or in lieu of, tuition for a student with a disability, up to the limits of an advanced payment contract;

(2) A policy for accelerated disbursement of funds for payment of other qualified higher education expenses; and

(3) Instances where a student with a disability can use an advanced payment contract when auditing a class or receiving a tuition waiver.

Section 24. Effective July 1, 2015, paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 120.81, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

120.81 Exceptions and special requirements; general areas.—

(1) EDUCATIONAL UNITS.—

(c) Notwithstanding s. 120.52(16), any tests, test scoring criteria, or testing procedures relating to student assessment which are developed or administered by the Department of Education pursuant to s. 1003.428, s. 1003.429, ~~s. 1003.438~~, s. 1008.22, or s. 1008.25, or any other statewide educational tests required by law, are not rules.

Section 25. Effective July 1, 2015, subsection (2) of section 409.1451, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.1451 The Road-to-Independence Program.—

(2) POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION SERVICES AND SUPPORT.—

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(a) A young adult is eligible for services and support under this subsection if he or she:

1. Was living in licensed care on his or her 18th birthday or is currently living in licensed care; or was at least 16 years of age and was adopted from foster care or placed with a court-approved dependency guardian after spending at least 6 months in licensed care within the 12 months immediately preceding such placement or adoption;

2. Spent at least 6 months in licensed care before reaching his or her 18th birthday;

3. Earned a standard high school diploma or its equivalent pursuant to s. 1003.428, s. 1003.4281, s. 1003.429, or s. 1003.435, ~~or s. 1003.438~~;

4. Has been admitted for enrollment as a full-time student or its equivalent in an eligible postsecondary educational institution as provided in s. 1009.533. For purposes of this section, the term "full-time" means 9 credit hours or the vocational school equivalent. A student may enroll part-time if he or she has a recognized disability or is faced with another challenge or circumstance that would prevent full-time attendance. A student needing to enroll part-time for any reason other than having a recognized disability must get approval from his or her academic advisor;

5. Has reached 18 years of age but is not yet 23 years of age;

6. Has applied, with assistance from the young adult's caregiver and the community-based lead agency, for any other grants and scholarships for which he or she may qualify;

7. Submitted a Free Application for Federal Student Aid

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which is complete and error free; and

8. Signed an agreement to allow the department and the community-based care lead agency access to school records.

Section 26. Effective July 1, 2015, subsection (4) of section 1007.263, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1007.263 Florida College System institutions; admissions of students.—Each Florida College System institution board of trustees is authorized to adopt rules governing admissions of students subject to this section and rules of the State Board of Education. These rules shall include the following:

(4) A student who has been awarded ~~a special diploma as defined in s. 1003.438~~ or a certificate of completion as defined in s. 1003.428(7)(b) is eligible to enroll in certificate career education programs.

Each board of trustees shall establish policies that notify students about developmental education options for improving their communication or computation skills that are essential to performing college-level work, including tutoring, extended time in gateway courses, free online courses, adult basic education, adult secondary education, or private provider instruction.

Section 27. The amendments made by this act to ss. 1003.438 and 409.1451, Florida Statutes, do not apply to a student with disabilities, as defined in s. 1003.438, Florida Statutes, who is eligible for and currently participating in the Road to Independence Program, as of the effective date of this act. Such student shall continue to participate in the program as long as he or she meets the eligibility criteria in effect as of the effective date of this act.

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Section 28. The amendment made by this act to s. 1003.438, Florida Statutes, does not apply to a student with disabilities, as defined in s. 1003.438, Florida Statutes, whose individual education plan, as of the effective date of this act, contains a statement of intent to receive a special diploma. Such student shall be awarded a special diploma in a form prescribed by the Commissioner of Education if the student meets the requirements specified in s. 1003.438, Florida Statutes, and in effect as of the effective date of this act. Any such student who meets all special requirements of the district school board in effect as of the effective date of this act, but who is unable to meet the appropriate special state minimum requirements in effect as of the effective date of this act, shall be awarded a special certificate of completion in a form prescribed by the Commissioner of Education.

Section 29. Section 985.622, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.622 Multiagency plan for career and professional education (CAPE) ~~vocational education~~.—

(1) The Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education shall, in consultation with the statewide Workforce Development Youth Council, school districts, providers, and others, jointly develop a multiagency plan for career and professional education (CAPE) ~~vocational education~~ that establishes the curriculum, goals, and outcome measures for CAPE ~~vocational~~ programs in juvenile justice education programs ~~commitment facilities~~. The plan must be reviewed annually, revised as appropriate, and include:

(a) Provisions for maximizing appropriate state and federal

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funding sources, including funds under the Workforce Investment Act and the Perkins Act.~~†~~

(b) Provisions for eliminating barriers to increasing occupation-specific job training and high school equivalency examination preparation opportunities.

~~(c) (b)~~ The responsibilities of both departments and all other appropriate entities.~~†~~ and

~~(d) (c)~~ A detailed implementation schedule.

(2) The plan must define CAPE ~~vocational~~ programming that is appropriate based upon:

(a) The age and assessed educational abilities and goals of the student ~~youth~~ to be served; and

(b) The typical length of stay and custody characteristics at the juvenile justice education ~~commitment~~ program to which each student ~~youth~~ is assigned.

(3) The plan must include a definition of CAPE ~~vocational~~ programming that includes the following classifications of juvenile justice education programs ~~commitment facilities~~ that will offer CAPE ~~vocational~~ programming by one of the following types:

(a) Type 1 A.—Programs that teach personal accountability skills and behaviors that are appropriate for students ~~youth~~ in all age groups and ability levels and that lead to work habits that help maintain employment and living standards.

(b) Type 2 B.—Programs that include Type 1 A program content and an orientation to the broad scope of career choices, based upon personal abilities, aptitudes, and interests. Exploring and gaining knowledge of occupation options and the level of effort required to achieve them are essential

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prerequisites to skill training.

(c) *Type 3* ~~€~~.—Programs that include Type 1 ~~A~~ program content and the ~~vocational~~ competencies or the prerequisites needed for entry into a specific occupation.

(4) The plan must also address strategies to facilitate involvement of business and industry in the design, delivery, and evaluation of CAPE ~~vocational~~ programming in juvenile justice education ~~commitment facilities and conditional release~~ programs, including apprenticeship and work experience programs, mentoring and job shadowing, and other strategies that lead to postrelease employment. Incentives for business involvement, such as tax breaks, bonding, and liability limits should be investigated, implemented where appropriate, or recommended to the Legislature for consideration.

(5) The plan must also evaluate the effect of students' mobility between juvenile justice education programs and school districts on the students' educational outcomes and whether the continuity of the students' education can be better addressed through virtual education.

(6) ~~(5)~~ The Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education shall each align its respective agency policies, practices, technical manuals, contracts, quality-assurance standards, performance-based-budgeting measures, and outcome measures with the plan in juvenile justice education programs ~~commitment facilities~~ by July 31, 2015 ~~2001~~. Each agency shall provide a report on the implementation of this section to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by August 31, 2015 ~~2001~~.

(7) ~~(6)~~ All provider contracts executed by the Department of

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Juvenile Justice or the school districts after January 1, 2015
~~2002~~, must be aligned with the plan.

(8)~~(7)~~ The planning and execution of quality assurance
reviews conducted by the Department of Education or the
Department of Juvenile Justice after August 1, 2015 ~~2002~~, must
be aligned with the plan.

(9)~~(8)~~ Outcome measures reported by the Department of
Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education for students
~~youth~~ released on or after January 1, 2016 ~~2002~~, should include
outcome measures that conform to the plan.

Section 30. Section 1001.31, Florida Statutes, is amended
to read:

1001.31 Scope of district system.—A district school system
shall include all public schools, classes, and courses of
instruction and all services and activities directly related to
education in that district which are under the direction of the
district school officials. A district school system may also
include alternative site schools for disruptive or violent
students ~~youth~~. Such schools for disruptive or violent students
~~youth~~ may be funded by each district or provided through
cooperative programs administered by a consortium of school
districts, private providers, state and local law enforcement
agencies, and the Department of Juvenile Justice. Pursuant to
cooperative agreement, a district school system shall provide
instructional personnel at juvenile justice facilities ~~of 50 or~~
~~more beds or slots~~ with access to the district school system
database for the purpose of accessing student academic,
immunization, and registration records for students assigned to
the programs. Such access shall be in the same manner as

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provided to other schools in the district.

Section 31. Section 1003.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.51 Other public educational services.—

(1) The general control of other public educational services shall be vested in the State Board of Education except as provided in this section ~~herein~~. The State Board of Education shall, at the request of the Department of Children and Families ~~Family Services~~ and the Department of Juvenile Justice, advise as to standards and requirements relating to education to be met in all state schools or institutions under their control which provide educational programs. The Department of Education shall provide supervisory services for the educational programs of all such schools or institutions. The direct control of any of these services provided as part of the district program of education shall rest with the district school board. These services shall be supported out of state, district, federal, or other ~~lawful~~ funds, depending on the requirements of the services being supported.

(2) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules ~~and maintain an administrative rule~~ articulating expectations for effective education programs for students ~~youth~~ in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, including, but not limited to, education programs in juvenile justice prevention, day treatment, residential, commitment ~~and detention programs facilities~~. The rule shall establish ~~articulate~~ policies and standards for education programs for students ~~youth~~ in Department of Juvenile Justice programs and shall include the following:

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(a) The interagency collaborative process needed to ensure effective programs with measurable results.

(b) The responsibilities of the Department of Education, the Department of Juvenile Justice, Workforce Florida, Inc., district school boards, and providers of education services to students ~~youth~~ in Department of Juvenile Justice programs.

(c) Academic expectations.

(d) Career expectations.

(e) Education transition planning and services.

(f) ~~(d)~~ Service delivery options available to district school boards, including direct service and contracting.

(g) ~~(e)~~ Assessment procedures, which:

1. For prevention, day treatment, and residential programs, include appropriate academic and career assessments administered at program entry and exit that are selected by the Department of Education in partnership with representatives from the Department of Juvenile Justice, district school boards, and education providers. Assessments must be completed within the first 10 school days after a student's entry into the program.

2. Provide for determination of the areas of academic need and strategies for appropriate intervention and instruction for each student in a detention facility within 5 school days after the student's entry into the program and administer a research-based assessment that will assist the student in determining his or her educational and career options and goals within 22 school days after the student's entry into the program ~~Require district school boards to be responsible for ensuring the completion of the assessment process.~~

~~3. Require assessments for students in detention who will~~

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~~move on to commitment facilities, to be designed to create the foundation for developing the student's education program in the assigned commitment facility.~~

~~4. Require assessments of students sent directly to commitment facilities to be completed within the first 10 school days of the student's commitment.~~

The results of these assessments, together with a portfolio depicting the student's academic and career accomplishments, shall be included in the discharge packet ~~package~~ assembled for each student ~~youth~~.

(h) ~~(f)~~ Recommended instructional programs, including, but not limited to: r

1. Secondary education.

2. High school equivalency examination preparation.

3. Postsecondary education.

4. Career and professional education (CAPE). ~~career training and~~

5. Job preparation.

6. Virtual education that:

a. Provides competency-based instruction that addresses the unique academic needs of the student through delivery by an entity accredited by AdvanceED or the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools.

b. Confers certifications and diplomas.

c. Issues credit that articulates with and transcripts that are recognized by secondary schools.

d. Allows the student to continue to access and progress through the program once the student leaves the juvenile justice

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system.

(i)~~(g)~~ Funding requirements, which shall include the requirement that at least 90 percent of the FEFP funds generated by students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs or in an education program for juveniles under s. 985.19 be spent on instructional costs for those students. One hundred percent of the formula-based categorical funds generated by students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs must be spent on appropriate categoricals such as instructional materials and public school technology for those students.

(j)~~(h)~~ Qualifications of instructional staff, procedures for the selection of instructional staff, and procedures for to ~~ensure~~ consistent instruction and qualified staff year round. Qualifications shall include those for instructors of CAPE courses, standardized across the state, and shall be based on state certification, local school district approval, and industry-recognized certifications as identified on the Industry Certification Funding List. Procedures for the use of noncertified instructional personnel who possess expert knowledge or experience in their fields of instruction shall be established.

(k)~~(i)~~ Transition services, including the roles and responsibilities of appropriate personnel in the juvenile justice education program, the school district where the student will reenter ~~districts~~, provider organizations, and the Department of Juvenile Justice.

(l)~~(j)~~ Procedures and timeframe for transfer of education records when a student ~~youth~~ enters and leaves a Department of Juvenile Justice education program ~~facility~~.

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(m)~~(k)~~ The requirement that each district school board maintain an academic transcript for each student enrolled in a juvenile justice education program ~~facility~~ that delineates each course completed by the student as provided by the State Course Code Directory.

(n)~~(l)~~ The requirement that each district school board make available and transmit a copy of a student's transcript in the discharge packet when the student exits a juvenile justice education program ~~facility~~.

(o)~~(m)~~ Contract requirements.

(p)~~(n)~~ Performance expectations for providers and district school boards, including student performance measures by type of program, education program performance ratings, school improvement, and corrective action plans for low-performing programs ~~the provision of a progress monitoring plan as required in s. 1008.25.~~

(q)~~(o)~~ The role and responsibility of the district school board in securing workforce development funds.

(r)~~(p)~~ A series of graduated sanctions for district school boards whose educational programs in Department of Juvenile Justice programs ~~facilities~~ are considered to be unsatisfactory and for instances in which district school boards fail to meet standards prescribed by law, rule, or State Board of Education policy. These sanctions shall include the option of requiring a district school board to contract with a provider or another district school board if the educational program at the Department of Juvenile Justice program is performing below minimum standards ~~facility has failed a quality assurance review~~ and, after 6 months, is still performing below minimum

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standards.

(s) Curriculum, guidance counseling, transition, and education services expectations, including curriculum flexibility for detention centers operated by the Department of Juvenile Justice.

(t)~~(e)~~ Other aspects of program operations.

(3) The Department of Education in partnership with the Department of Juvenile Justice, the district school boards, and providers shall:

(a) Develop and implement requirements for contracts and cooperative agreements regarding ~~Maintain model contracts for~~ the delivery of appropriate education services to students youth in Department of Juvenile Justice education programs ~~to be used for the development of future contracts~~. The minimum contract requirements shall include, but are not limited to, payment structure and amounts; access to district services; contract management provisions; data reporting requirements, including reporting of full-time equivalent student membership; administration of federal programs such as Title I, exceptional student education, and the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006; and ~~model contracts shall reflect the policy and standards included in subsection (2). The Department of Education shall ensure that appropriate district school board personnel are trained and held accountable for the management and monitoring of contracts for education programs for youth in juvenile justice residential and nonresidential facilities.~~

(b) Develop and implement ~~Maintain model~~ procedures for transitioning students youth into and out of Department of Juvenile Justice education programs. These procedures shall

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reflect the policy and standards adopted pursuant to subsection (2).

(c) Maintain standardized required content of education records to be included as part of a student's ~~youth's~~ commitment record and procedures for securing the student's records. The education records ~~These requirements shall reflect the policy and standards adopted pursuant to subsection (2) and shall~~ include, but not be limited to, the following:

1. A copy of the student's individual educational plan.

2. A copy of the student's individualized progress monitoring plan.

3. A copy of the student's individualized transition plan.

4.2. ~~Data on student performance on assessments taken~~ according to s. 1008.22.

5.3. ~~A copy of the student's permanent cumulative record.~~

6.4. ~~A copy of the student's academic transcript.~~

7.5. ~~A portfolio reflecting the~~ student's ~~youth's~~ academic accomplishments and industry certification earned, when age appropriate, while in the Department of Juvenile Justice program.

(d) Establish ~~Maintain model procedures for securing the education record and the roles and responsibilities of the juvenile probation officer and others involved in the withdrawal of the student from school and assignment to a~~ juvenile justice education program ~~commitment or detention facility. District school boards shall respond to requests for student education records received from another district school board or a juvenile justice facility within 5 working days after receiving the request.~~

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(4) ~~Each~~ The Department of Education shall ensure that
district school board shall: ~~boards~~

(a) Notify students in juvenile justice education programs
~~residential or nonresidential facilities~~ who attain the age of
16 years of the ~~provisions of~~ law regarding compulsory school
attendance and make available the option of enrolling in an
education ~~a~~ program to attain a Florida high school diploma by
taking the high school equivalency examination before ~~General~~
~~Educational Development test prior to release from the~~ program
~~facility.~~ The Department of Education shall assist juvenile
justice education programs with becoming high school equivalency
examination centers ~~District school boards or Florida College~~
~~System institutions, or both, shall waive GED testing fees for~~
~~youth in Department of Juvenile Justice residential programs and~~
~~shall, upon request, designate schools operating for the purpose~~
~~of providing educational services to youth in Department of~~
~~Juvenile Justice programs as GED testing centers, subject to GED~~
~~testing center requirements. The administrative fees for the~~
~~General Educational Development test required by the Department~~
~~of Education are the responsibility of district school boards~~
~~and may be required of providers by contractual agreement.~~

(b) Respond to requests for student education records
received from another district school board or a juvenile
justice education program within 5 working days after receiving
the request.

(c) Provide access to courses offered pursuant to ss.
1002.37, 1002.45, and 1003.498. School districts and providers
may enter into cooperative agreements for the provision of
curriculum associated with courses offered pursuant to s.

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1003.498 to enable providers to offer such courses.

(d) Complete the assessment process required by subsection (2).

(e) Monitor compliance with contracts for education programs for students in juvenile justice prevention, day treatment, residential, and detention programs.

(5) The Department of Education shall establish and operate, either directly or indirectly through a contract, a mechanism to provide accountability measures that annually assesses and evaluates all juvenile justice education programs using student performance data and program performance ratings by type of program ~~quality assurance reviews of all juvenile justice education programs~~ and shall provide technical assistance and related research to district school boards and juvenile justice education providers ~~on how to establish, develop, and operate educational programs that exceed the minimum quality assurance standards.~~ The Department of Education, with input from the Department of Juvenile Justice, school districts, and education providers shall develop annual recommendations for system and school improvement.

Section 32. Section 1003.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.52 Educational services in Department of Juvenile Justice programs.—

~~(1) The Legislature finds that education is the single most important factor in the rehabilitation of adjudicated delinquent youth in the custody of Department of Juvenile Justice programs. It is the goal of the Legislature that youth in the juvenile justice system continue to be allowed the opportunity to obtain~~

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~~a high quality education.~~ The Department of Education shall serve as the lead agency for juvenile justice education programs, curriculum, support services, and resources. To this end, the Department of Education and the Department of Juvenile Justice shall each designate a Coordinator for Juvenile Justice Education Programs to serve as the point of contact for resolving issues not addressed by district school boards and to provide each department's participation in the following activities:

(a) Training, collaborating, and coordinating with ~~the Department of Juvenile Justice,~~ district school boards, regional workforce boards, and local youth councils, educational contract providers, and juvenile justice providers, whether state operated or contracted.

(b) Collecting information on the academic, career and professional education (CAPE), and transition performance of students in juvenile justice programs and reporting on the results.

(c) Developing academic and CAPE ~~career~~ protocols that provide guidance to district school boards and juvenile justice education providers in all aspects of education programming, including records transfer and transition.

(d) Implementing a joint accountability, program performance, and program improvement process ~~Prescribing the roles of program personnel and interdepartmental district school board or provider collaboration strategies.~~

Annually, a cooperative agreement and plan for juvenile justice education service enhancement shall be developed between the

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Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education and submitted to the Secretary of Juvenile Justice and the Commissioner of Education by June 30. The plan shall include, at a minimum, each agency's role regarding educational program accountability, technical assistance, training, and coordination of services.

(2) Students participating in Department of Juvenile Justice education programs pursuant to chapter 985 which are sponsored by a community-based agency or are operated or contracted for by the Department of Juvenile Justice shall receive education ~~educational~~ programs according to rules of the State Board of Education. These students shall be eligible for services afforded to students enrolled in programs pursuant to s. 1003.53 and all corresponding State Board of Education rules.

(3) The district school board of the county in which the juvenile justice education prevention, day treatment, residential, or detention program ~~residential or nonresidential care facility or juvenile assessment facility~~ is located shall provide or contract for appropriate educational assessments and an appropriate program of instruction and special education services.

(a) The district school board shall make provisions for each student to participate in basic, CAPE ~~career~~ education, and exceptional student programs as appropriate. Students served in Department of Juvenile Justice education programs shall have access to the appropriate courses and instruction to prepare them for the high school equivalency examination ~~GED test~~.

Students participating in high school equivalency examination ~~GED~~ preparation programs shall be funded at the basic program

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cost factor for Department of Juvenile Justice programs in the Florida Education Finance Program. Each program shall be conducted according to applicable law providing for the operation of public schools and rules of the State Board of Education. School districts shall provide the high school equivalency examination ~~GED~~ exit option for all juvenile justice education programs.

(b) ~~By October 1, 2004,~~ The Department of Education, with the assistance of the school districts and juvenile justice education providers, shall select a common student assessment instrument and protocol for measuring student learning gains and student progression while a student is in a juvenile justice education program. The Department of Education and the Department of Juvenile Justice shall jointly review the effectiveness of this assessment and implement changes as necessary ~~The assessment instrument and protocol must be implemented in all juvenile justice education programs in this state by January 1, 2005.~~

(4) Educational services shall be provided at times of the day most appropriate for the juvenile justice program. School programming in juvenile justice detention, prevention, day treatment, and residential ~~commitment, and rehabilitation~~ programs shall be made available by the local school district during the juvenile justice school year, as provided ~~defined~~ in s. 1003.01(11). In addition, students in juvenile justice education programs shall have access to courses offered pursuant to ss. 1002.37, 1002.45, and 1003.498 ~~Florida Virtual School courses~~. The Department of Education and the school districts shall adopt policies necessary to provide ~~ensure~~ such access.

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(5) The educational program shall provide instruction based on each student's individualized transition plan, assessed educational needs, and the education programs available in the school district in which the student will return. Depending on the student's needs, educational programming may consist of remedial courses, ~~consist of appropriate basic~~ academic courses required for grade advancement, CAPE courses, high school equivalency examination preparation ~~career~~, or exceptional student education curricula and related services which support the transition ~~treatment~~ goals and reentry and which may lead to completion of the requirements for receipt of a high school diploma or its equivalent. Prevention and day treatment juvenile justice education programs, at a minimum, shall provide career readiness and exploration opportunities as well as truancy and dropout prevention intervention services. Residential juvenile justice education programs with a contracted minimum length of stay of 9 months shall provide CAPE courses that lead to preapprentice certifications and industry certifications. Programs with contracted lengths of stay of less than 9 months may provide career education courses that lead to preapprentice certifications and CAPE industry certifications. If the duration of a program is less than 40 days, the educational component may be limited to tutorial remediation activities, ~~and~~ career employability skills instruction, education counseling, and transition services that prepare students for a return to school, the community, and their home settings based on the students' needs.

(6) Participation in the program by students of compulsory school-attendance age as provided for in s. 1003.21 shall be

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mandatory. All students of noncompulsory school-attendance age who have not received a high school diploma or its equivalent shall participate in the educational program, unless the student files a formal declaration of his or her intent to terminate school enrollment as described in s. 1003.21 and is afforded the opportunity to take the general educational development test and attain a Florida high school diploma before ~~prior to~~ release from a juvenile justice education program facility. A student ~~youth~~ who has received a high school diploma or its equivalent and is not employed shall participate in workforce development or other CAPE ~~career or technical~~ education or Florida College System institution or university courses while in the program, subject to available funding.

(7) An individualized ~~A~~ progress monitoring plan shall be developed for all students not classified as exceptional education students upon entry in a juvenile justice education program and upon reentry in the school district ~~who score below the level specified in district school board policy in reading, writing, and mathematics or below the level specified by the Commissioner of Education on statewide assessments as required by s. 1008.25.~~ These plans shall address academic, literacy, and career and technical ~~life~~ skills and shall include provisions for intensive remedial instruction in the areas of weakness.

(8) Each district school board shall maintain an academic record for each student enrolled in a juvenile justice education program facility as prescribed by s. 1003.51. Such record shall delineate each course completed by the student according to procedures in the State Course Code Directory. The district school board shall include a copy of a student's academic record

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in the discharge packet when the student exits the program
facility.

(9) ~~Each~~ The Department of Education shall ensure that all
district school board shall ~~boards~~ make provisions for high
school level students ~~youth~~ to earn credits toward high school
graduation while in residential and nonresidential juvenile
justice education programs ~~facilities~~. Provisions must be made
for the transfer of credits and partial credits earned.

(10) School districts and juvenile justice education
providers shall develop individualized transition plans during
the course of a student's stay in a juvenile justice education
program to coordinate academic, career and technical, and
secondary and postsecondary services that assist the student in
successful community reintegration upon release. Development of
the transition plan shall be a collaboration of the personnel in
the juvenile justice education program, reentry personnel,
personnel from the school district where the student will
return, the student, the student's family, and Department of
Juvenile Justice personnel for committed students.

(a) Transition planning must begin upon a student's
placement in the program. The transition plan must include, at a
minimum:

1. Services and interventions that address the student's
assessed educational needs and postrelease education plans.

2. Services to be provided during the program stay and
services to be implemented upon release, including, but not
limited to, continuing education in secondary school, CAPE
programs, postsecondary education, or employment, based on the
student's needs.

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3597 3. Specific monitoring responsibilities to determine
3598 whether the individualized transition plan is being implemented
3599 and the student is provided access to support services that will
3600 sustain the student's success by individuals who are responsible
3601 for the reintegration and coordination of these activities.

3602 (b) For the purpose of transition planning and reentry
3603 services, representatives from the school district and the one
3604 stop center where the student will return shall participate as
3605 members of the local Department of Juvenile Justice reentry
3606 teams. The school district, upon return of a student from a
3607 juvenile justice education program, must consider the individual
3608 needs and circumstances of the student and the transition plan
3609 recommendations when reenrolling a student in a public school. A
3610 local school district may not maintain a standardized policy for
3611 all students returning from a juvenile justice program but place
3612 students based on their needs and their performance in the
3613 juvenile justice education program, including any virtual
3614 education options.

3615 (c) The Department of Education and the Department of
3616 Juvenile Justice shall provide oversight and guidance to school
3617 districts, education providers, and reentry personnel on how to
3618 implement effective educational transition planning and
3619 services.

3620 (11)~~(10)~~ The district school board shall recruit and train
3621 teachers who are interested, qualified, or experienced in
3622 educating students in juvenile justice programs. Students in
3623 juvenile justice programs shall be provided a wide range of
3624 education ~~educational~~ programs and opportunities including
3625 textbooks, technology, instructional support, and other

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resources commensurate with resources provided ~~available~~ to students in public schools, including textbooks and access to technology. If the district school board operates a juvenile justice education program at a juvenile justice facility, the district school board, in consultation with the director of the juvenile justice facility, shall select the instructional personnel assigned to that program. The Secretary of Juvenile Justice or the director of a juvenile justice program may request that the performance of a teacher assigned by the district to a juvenile justice education program be reviewed by the district and that the teacher be reassigned based upon an evaluation conducted pursuant to s. 1012.34 or for inappropriate behavior ~~Teachers assigned to educational programs in juvenile justice settings in which the district school board operates the educational program shall be selected by the district school board in consultation with the director of the juvenile justice facility. Educational programs in Juvenile justice education programs facilities~~ shall have access to the substitute teacher pool used ~~utilized~~ by the district school board.

(12) ~~(11)~~ District school boards may contract with a private provider for the provision of education ~~educational~~ programs to students ~~youths~~ placed with the Department of Juvenile Justice and shall generate local, state, and federal funding, including funding through the Florida Education Finance Program for such students. The district school board's planning and budgeting process shall include the needs of Department of Juvenile Justice education programs in the district school board's plan for expenditures for state categorical and federal funds.

(13) ~~(12)~~ (a) Funding for eligible students enrolled in

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juvenile justice education programs shall be provided through the Florida Education Finance Program as provided in s. 1011.62 and the General Appropriations Act. Funding shall include, at a minimum:

1. Weighted program funding or the basic amount for current operation multiplied by the district cost differential as provided in s. 1011.62(2) ~~s. 1011.62(1)(s) and (2);~~

2. The supplemental allocation for juvenile justice education as provided in s. 1011.62(10);

3. A proportionate share of the district's exceptional student education guaranteed allocation, the supplemental academic instruction allocation, and the instructional materials allocation;

4. An amount equivalent to the proportionate share of the state average potential discretionary local effort for operations, which shall be determined as follows:

a. If the district levies the maximum discretionary local effort and the district's discretionary local effort per FTE is less than the state average potential discretionary local effort per FTE, the proportionate share shall include both the discretionary local effort and the compression supplement per FTE. If the district's discretionary local effort per FTE is greater than the state average per FTE, the proportionate share shall be equal to the state average; or

b. If the district does not levy the maximum discretionary local effort and the district's actual discretionary local effort per FTE is less than the state average potential discretionary local effort per FTE, the proportionate share shall be equal to the district's actual discretionary local

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effort per FTE. If the district's actual discretionary local effort per FTE is greater than the state average per FTE, the proportionate share shall be equal to the state average potential local effort per FTE; and

5. A proportionate share of the district's proration to funds available, if necessary.

(b) Juvenile justice education ~~educational~~ programs to receive the appropriate FEFP funding for Department of Juvenile Justice education programs shall include those operated through a contract with the Department of Juvenile Justice ~~and which are under purview of the Department of Juvenile Justice quality assurance standards for education.~~

(c) Consistent with the rules of the State Board of Education, district school boards shall ~~are required to~~ request an alternative FTE survey for Department of Juvenile Justice education programs experiencing fluctuations in student enrollment.

(d) FTE count periods shall be prescribed in rules of the State Board of Education and shall be the same for programs of the Department of Juvenile Justice as for other public school programs. The summer school period for students in Department of Juvenile Justice education programs shall begin on the day immediately following the end of the regular school year and end on the day immediately preceding the subsequent regular school year. Students shall be funded for no more than 25 hours per week of direct instruction.

(e) Each juvenile justice education program must receive all federal funds for which the program is eligible.

(14) ~~(13)~~ Each district school board shall negotiate a

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cooperative agreement with the Department of Juvenile Justice on the delivery of educational services to students ~~youths~~ under the jurisdiction of the Department of Juvenile Justice. Such agreement must include, but is not limited to:

(a) Roles and responsibilities of each agency, including the roles and responsibilities of contract providers.

(b) Administrative issues including procedures for sharing information.

(c) Allocation of resources including maximization of local, state, and federal funding.

(d) Procedures for educational evaluation for educational exceptionalities and special needs.

(e) Curriculum and delivery of instruction.

(f) Classroom management procedures and attendance policies.

(g) Procedures for provision of qualified instructional personnel, whether supplied by the district school board or provided under contract by the provider, and for performance of duties while in a juvenile justice setting.

(h) Provisions for improving skills in teaching and working with students referred to juvenile justice education programs ~~delinquents~~.

(i) Transition plans for students moving into and out of juvenile justice education programs ~~facilities~~.

(j) Procedures and timelines for the timely documentation of credits earned and transfer of student records.

(k) Methods and procedures for dispute resolution.

(l) Provisions for ensuring the safety of education personnel and support for the agreed-upon education program.

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(m) Strategies for correcting any deficiencies found through the accountability and evaluation system and student performance measures ~~quality assurance process~~.

~~(15)(14)~~ Nothing in this section or in a cooperative agreement requires ~~shall be construed to require~~ the district school board to provide more services than can be supported by the funds generated by students in the juvenile justice programs.

~~(16)(15)(a)~~ The Department of Education, in consultation with the Department of Juvenile Justice, district school boards, and providers, shall adopt rules establishing: ~~establish~~

(a) Objective and measurable student performance measures to evaluate a student's educational progress while participating in a prevention, day treatment, or residential program. The student performance measures must be based on appropriate outcomes for all students in juvenile justice education programs, taking into consideration the student's length of stay in the program. Performance measures shall include outcomes that relate to student achievement of career education goals, acquisition of employability skills, receipt of a high school diploma or its equivalent, grade advancement, and the number of CAPE industry certifications earned.

(b) A performance rating system to be used by the Department of Education to evaluate ~~quality assurance standards for the delivery of educational services within each of the juvenile justice programs. The performance rating shall be primarily based on data regarding student performance as described in paragraph (a) component of residential and nonresidential juvenile justice facilities.~~

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3771 (c) The timeframes, procedures, and resources to be used to
3772 improve a low-rated educational program or to terminate or
3773 reassign the program ~~These standards shall rate the district~~
3774 ~~school board's performance both as a provider and contractor.~~
3775 ~~The quality assurance rating for the educational component shall~~
3776 ~~be disaggregated from the overall quality assurance score and~~
3777 ~~reported separately.~~

3778 (d) ~~(b)~~ The Department of Education, in partnership with the
3779 Department of Juvenile Justice, shall develop a comprehensive
3780 accountability and program improvement ~~quality assurance review~~
3781 ~~process. The accountability and program improvement process~~
3782 shall be based on student performance measures by type of
3783 program and shall rate education program performance. The
3784 accountability system shall identify and recognize high-
3785 performing education programs. The Department of Education, in
3786 partnership with the Department of Juvenile Justice, shall
3787 identify low-performing programs. Low-performing education
3788 programs shall receive an onsite program evaluation from the
3789 Department of Juvenile Justice. School improvement, technical
3790 assistance, or the reassignment of the program shall be based,
3791 in part, on the results of the program evaluation. Through a
3792 corrective action process, low-performing programs must
3793 demonstrate improvement or reassign the program ~~and schedule for~~
3794 ~~the evaluation of the educational component in juvenile justice~~
3795 ~~programs. The Department of Juvenile Justice quality assurance~~
3796 ~~site visit and the education quality assurance site visit shall~~
3797 ~~be conducted during the same visit.~~

3798 ~~(e) The Department of Education, in consultation with~~
3799 ~~district school boards and providers, shall establish minimum~~

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~~thresholds for the standards and key indicators for educational programs in juvenile justice facilities. If a district school board fails to meet the established minimum standards, it will be given 6 months to achieve compliance with the standards. If after 6 months, the district school board's performance is still below minimum standards, the Department of Education shall exercise sanctions as prescribed by rules adopted by the State Board of Education. If a provider, under contract with the district school board, fails to meet minimum standards, such failure shall cause the district school board to cancel the provider's contract unless the provider achieves compliance within 6 months or unless there are documented extenuating circumstances.~~

~~(d) The requirements in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) shall be implemented to the extent that funds are available.~~

(17) The department, in collaboration with the Department of Juvenile Justice, shall collect data and report on commitment, day treatment, prevention, and detention programs. The report shall be submitted to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor by February 1 of each year. The report must include, at a minimum:

(a) The number and percentage of students who:

1. Return to an alternative school, middle school, or high school upon release and the attendance rate of such students before and after participation in juvenile justice education programs.

2. Receive a standard high school diploma or a high school equivalency diploma.

3. Receive industry certification.

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4. Enroll in a postsecondary educational institution.

5. Complete a juvenile justice education program without reoffending.

6. Reoffend within 1 year after completion of a day treatment or residential commitment program.

7. Remain employed 1 year after completion of a day treatment or residential commitment program.

8. Demonstrate learning gains pursuant to paragraph (3) (b).

(b) The following cost data for each juvenile justice education program:

1. The amount of funding provided by district school boards to juvenile justice programs and the amount retained for administration, including documenting the purposes of such expenses.

2. The status of the development of cooperative agreements.

3. Recommendations for system improvement.

4. Information on the identification of, and services provided to, exceptional students, to determine whether these students are properly reported for funding and are appropriately served.

(18) ~~(16)~~ The district school board shall not be charged any rent, maintenance, utilities, or overhead on such facilities. Maintenance, repairs, and remodeling of existing facilities shall be provided by the Department of Juvenile Justice.

(19) ~~(17)~~ When additional facilities are required, the district school board and the Department of Juvenile Justice shall agree on the appropriate site based on the instructional needs of the students. When the most appropriate site for instruction is on district school board property, a special

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capital outlay request shall be made by the commissioner in accordance with s. 1013.60. When the most appropriate site is on state property, state capital outlay funds shall be requested by the Department of Juvenile Justice provided by s. 216.043 and shall be submitted as specified by s. 216.023. Any instructional facility to be built on state property shall have educational specifications jointly developed by the district school board and the Department of Juvenile Justice and approved by the Department of Education. The size of space and occupant design capacity criteria as provided by State Board of Education rules shall be used for remodeling or new construction whether facilities are provided on state property or district school board property.

(20)~~(18)~~ The parent of an exceptional student shall have the due process rights provided for in this chapter.

~~(19) The Department of Education and the Department of Juvenile Justice, after consultation with and assistance from local providers and district school boards, shall report annually to the Legislature by February 1 on the progress toward developing effective educational programs for juvenile delinquents, including the amount of funding provided by district school boards to juvenile justice programs, the amount retained for administration including documenting the purposes for such expenses, the status of the development of cooperative agreements, the results of the quality assurance reviews including recommendations for system improvement, and information on the identification of, and services provided to, exceptional students in juvenile justice commitment facilities to determine whether these students are properly reported for~~

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~~funding and are appropriately served.~~

~~(21)(20)~~ The education ~~educational~~ programs at ~~the Arthur~~
~~Dozier School for Boys in Jackson County and the Florida School~~
for Boys in Okeechobee shall be operated by the Department of
Education, either directly or through grants or contractual
agreements with other public or duly accredited education
agencies approved by the Department of Education.

~~(22)(21)~~ The State Board of Education shall ~~may~~ adopt ~~any~~
rules necessary to implement ~~the provisions of~~ this section,
~~including uniform curriculum, funding, and second chance~~
~~schools~~. Such rules must require the minimum amount of paperwork
and reporting.

~~(23)(22)~~ The Department of Juvenile Justice and the
Department of Education, in consultation with Workforce Florida,
Inc., the statewide Workforce Development Youth Council,
district school boards, Florida College System institutions,
providers, and others, shall jointly develop a multiagency plan
for CAPE ~~career education~~ which describes the funding,
curriculum, transfer of credits, goals, and outcome measures for
career education programming in juvenile commitment facilities,
pursuant to s. 985.622. The plan must be reviewed annually.

Section 33. Subsection (4) of section 1003.4282, Florida
Statutes, is amended, and present subsection (10) of section
1003.4282, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (11),
and a new subsection (10) is added to that section, to read:

1003.4282 Requirements for a standard high school diploma.—

(4) ONLINE COURSE REQUIREMENT. ~~Excluding a driver education~~
~~course~~, At least one course within the 24 credits required under
this section must be completed through online learning. A school

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district may not require a student to take the online course outside the school day or in addition to a student's courses for a given semester. An online course taken in grade 6, grade 7, or grade 8 fulfills this requirement. This requirement is met through an online course offered by the Florida Virtual School, a virtual education provider approved by the State Board of Education, a high school, or an online dual enrollment course. A student who is enrolled in a full-time or part-time virtual instruction program under s. 1002.45 meets this requirement. This requirement does not apply to a student who has an individual education plan under s. 1003.57 which indicates that an online course would be inappropriate or to an out-of-state transfer student who is enrolled in a Florida high school and has 1 academic year or less remaining in high school.

(10) STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES.—Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2014-2015 school year, this subsection applies to a student with a disability.

(a) A parent of the student with a disability shall, in collaboration with the individual education plan (IEP) team during the transition planning process pursuant to s. 1003.5716, declare an intent for the student to graduate from high school with either a standard high school diploma or a certificate of completion. A student with a disability who does not satisfy the standard high school diploma requirements pursuant to this section shall be awarded a certificate of completion.

(b) The following options, in addition to the other options specified in this section, may be used to satisfy the standard high school diploma requirements, as specified in the student's individual education plan:

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3945 1. For a student with a disability for whom the IEP team
3946 has determined that the Florida Alternate Assessment is the most
3947 appropriate measure of the student's skills:

3948 a. A combination of course substitutions, assessments,
3949 industry certifications, other acceleration options, or
3950 occupational completion points appropriate to the student's
3951 unique skills and abilities that meet the criteria established
3952 by State Board of Education rule.

3953 b. A portfolio of quantifiable evidence that documents a
3954 student's mastery of academic standards through rigorous metrics
3955 established by State Board of Education rule. A portfolio may
3956 include, but is not limited to, documentation of work
3957 experience, internships, community service, and postsecondary
3958 credit.

3959 2. For a student with a disability for whom the IEP team
3960 has determined that mastery of academic and employment
3961 competencies is the most appropriate way for a student to
3962 demonstrate his or her skills:

3963 a. Documented completion of the minimum high school
3964 graduation requirements, including the number of course credits
3965 prescribed by rules of the State Board of Education.

3966 b. Documented achievement of all annual goals and short-
3967 term objectives for academic and employment competencies,
3968 industry certifications, and occupational completion points
3969 specified in the student's transition plan. The documentation
3970 must be verified by the IEP team.

3971 c. Documented successful employment for the number of hours
3972 per week specified in the student's transition plan, for the
3973 equivalent of 1 semester, and payment of a minimum wage in

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compliance with the requirements of the federal Fair Labor
Standards Act.

d. Documented mastery of the academic and employment
competencies, industry certifications, and occupational
completion points specified in the student's transition plan.
The documentation must be verified by the IEP team, the
employer, and the teacher. The transition plan must be developed
and signed by the student, parent, teacher, and employer before
placement in employment and must identify the following:

(I) The expected academic and employment competencies,
industry certifications, and occupational completion points;

(II) The criteria for determining and certifying mastery of
the competencies;

(III) The work schedule and the minimum number of hours to
be worked per week; and

(IV) A description of the supervision to be provided by the
school district.

3. Any change to the high school graduation option
specified in the student's IEP must be approved by the parent
and is subject to verification for appropriateness by an
independent reviewer selected by the parent as provided in s.
1003.572.

(c) A student with a disability who meets the standard high
school diploma requirements in this section may defer the
receipt of a standard high school diploma if the student:

1. Has an individual education plan that prescribes special
education, transition planning, transition services, or related
services through age 21; and

2. Is enrolled in accelerated college credit instruction

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pursuant to s. 1007.27, industry certification courses that lead to college credit, a collegiate high school program, courses necessary to satisfy the Scholar designation requirements, or a structured work-study, internship, or preapprenticeship program.

(d) A student with a disability who receives a certificate of completion and has an individual education plan that prescribes special education, transition planning, transition services, or related services through 21 years of age may continue to receive the specified instruction and services.

(e) Any waiver of the statewide, standardized assessment requirements by the individual education plan team, pursuant to s. 1008.22(3)(c), must be approved by the parent and is subject to verification for appropriateness by an independent reviewer selected by the parent as provided for in s. 1003.572.

The State Board of Education shall adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this paragraph, including rules that establish the minimum requirements for students described in this paragraph to earn a standard high school diploma. The State Board of Education shall adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54.

Section 34. If this act and CS/HB 7031, 2014 Regular Session, or similar legislation, are adopted in the same legislative session or an extension thereof and become law, and the respective provisions of such acts amending s. 1003.4282(4), Florida Statutes, differ, it is the intent of the Legislature that the amendments made by this act to s. 1003.4282(4), Florida Statutes, shall control over the language of CS/HB 7031, or similar legislation, regardless of the order in which they are

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enacted.

Section 35. Section 1003.4995, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1003.4995 Fine arts report.—The Commissioner of Education shall prepare an annual report that includes a description, based on annual reporting by schools, of student access to and participation in fine arts courses, which are visual arts, music, dance, and theatre courses; the number and certification status of educators providing instruction in the courses; educational facilities designed and classroom space equipped for fine arts instruction; and the manner in which schools are providing the core curricular content for fine arts established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. The report shall be posted on the Department of Education's website and updated annually.

Section 36. The Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University Crestview Education Center is renamed as the "Senator Durell Peaden, Jr., FAMU Educational Center."

Section 37. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.