$\boldsymbol{B}\boldsymbol{y}$  the Committee on Judiciary; and Senator Smith

	590-03520-14 2014870c1
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to insurance; amending s. 624.425,
3	F.S.; providing that the absence of a countersignature
4	does not affect the validity of a policy or contract;
5	amending s. 627.7311, F.S.; providing that a county
6	may enact and enforce ordinances applicable to certain
7	health care clinics; amending s. 627.94072, F.S.;
8	providing an alternative form of a nonforfeiture
9	provision for long-term care insurance; amending s.
10	629.271, F.S.; authorizing reciprocal insurers to
11	return a portion of unassigned funds to their
12	subscribers; amending s. 631.54, F.S.; defining the
13	term "assessment year"; amending s. 631.57, F.S.;
14	revising provisions relating to the levy of
15	assessments on insurers by the Florida Insurance
16	Guaranty Association; specifying the conditions under
17	which such assessments are paid; revising procedures
18	and timeframes for the levying of the assessments;
19	deleting the requirement that insurers file a final
20	accounting report documenting the recoupment; revising
21	an exemption for assessments; amending s. 631.64,
22	F.S.; requiring charges or recoupments to be displayed
23	separately on premium statements to policyholders and
24	prohibiting their inclusion in rates; amending ss.
25	627.727 and 631.55, F.S.; conforming cross-references;
26	providing an effective date.
27	
28	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
29	

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590-03520-14 2014870c1 30 Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 624.425, Florida 31 Statutes, is amended to read: 32 624.425 Agent countersignature required, property, 33 casualty, surety insurance.-34 (1) Except as stated in s. 624.426, no authorized property, casualty, or surety insurer shall assume direct liability as to 35 36 a subject of insurance resident, located, or to be performed in 37 this state unless the policy or contract of insurance is issued by or through, and is countersigned by, an agent who is 38 39 regularly commissioned and licensed currently as an agent and 40 appointed as an agent for the insurer under this code. However, the absence of a countersignature does not affect the validity 41 42 of the policy or contract. If two or more authorized insurers issue a single policy of insurance against legal liability for 43 44 loss or damage to person or property caused by a the nuclear 45 energy hazard, or a single policy insuring against loss or 46 damage to property by radioactive contamination, whether or not 47 also insuring against one or more other perils that may be insured proper to insure against in this state, such policy if 48 49 otherwise lawful may be countersigned on behalf of all of the insurers by a licensed and appointed agent of the any insurer 50 51 appearing thereon. The producing agent shall receive on each 52 policy or contract the full and usual commission allowed and 53 paid by the insurer to its agents on business written or 54 transacted by them for the insurer. Section 2. Section 627.7311, Florida Statutes, is amended 55

57 627.7311 Effect of law <del>on personal injury protection</del> 58 <del>policies</del>.-

56

to read:

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59	(1) The provisions and procedures authorized in ss.
60	627.730-627.7405 shall be implemented by insurers offering
61	policies pursuant to the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law. The
62	Legislature intends that these provisions and procedures have
63	full force and effect regardless of their express inclusion in
64	an insurance policy form, and a specific provision or procedure
65	authorized in ss. 627.730-627.7405 shall control over general
66	provisions in an insurance policy form. An insurer is not
67	required to amend its policy form or to expressly notify
68	providers, claimants, or insureds in order to implement and
69	apply such provisions or procedures.
70	(2) Sections 627.730-627.7405 do not preclude a county from
71	enacting and enforcing an ordinance applicable to health care
72	clinics that receive reimbursement under the Florida Motor
73	Vehicle No-Fault Law.
74	Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 627.94072, Florida
75	Statutes, is amended to read:
76	627.94072 Mandatory offers
77	(2) An insurer that offers a long-term care insurance
78	policy, certificate, or rider in this state <u>shall</u> must offer a
79	nonforfeiture protection provision providing reduced paid-up
80	insurance, extended term, shortened benefit period, or <del>any</del> other
81	benefit benefits approved by the office if all or part of a
82	premium is not paid. <u>A nonforfeiture provision may also be</u>
83	offered in the form of a return of premium on the death of the
84	insured, or on the complete surrender or cancellation of the
85	policy or contract. Nonforfeiture benefits and any additional
86	premium for such benefits must be computed in an actuarially
87	sound manner $_{m{ au}}$ using a methodology that has been filed with and
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590-03520-14 2014870c1 88 approved by the office. 89 Section 4. Section 629.271, Florida Statutes, is amended to 90 read: 91 629.271 Distribution of savings.-A reciprocal insurer may 92 from time to time return to its subscribers any unused premiums, savings, or credits accruing to their accounts. Upon the prior 93 94 written approval of the office, a reciprocal insurer may return 95 to its subscribers a portion of unassigned funds of up to 10 96 percent of surplus with distribution limited to 50 percent of 97 net income from the previous calendar year. Any Such 98 distribution may shall not unfairly discriminate between classes of risks, or policies, or between subscribers, but such 99 100 distribution may vary as to classes of subscribers based on upon the experience of such classes. 101 102 Section 5. Subsections (2) through (9) of section 631.54, 103 Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (3) through 104 (10), respectively, and a new subsection (2) is added to that 105 section to read: 106 631.54 Definitions.-As used in this part, the term: 107 (2) "Assessment year" means the 12-month period, which may 108 begin on the first day of any calendar quarter, whether January 109 1, April 1, July 1, or October 1, as specified in an order 110 issued by the office directing insurers to pay an assessment to 111 the association. Upon entry of the order, insurers may begin collecting assessments from policyholders for the assessment 112 113 year. 114 Section 6. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 631.57, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 115 116 631.57 Powers and duties of the association.-

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590-03520-14 2014870c1 117 (3) (a) To the extent necessary to secure the funds for the 118 respective accounts for the payment of covered claims, to pay 119 the reasonable costs to administer such accounts the same, and 120 to the extent necessary to secure the funds for the account 121 specified in s. 631.55(2)(b) or to retire indebtedness, including, without limitation, the principal, redemption 122 123 premium, if any, and interest on, and related costs of issuance 124 of, bonds issued under s. 631.695 and the funding of any 125 reserves and other payments required under the bond resolution 126 or trust indenture pursuant to which such bonds have been issued, the office, upon certification of the board of 127 128 directors, shall levy assessments initially estimated in the 129 proportion that each insurer's net direct written premiums in 130 this state in the classes protected by the account bears to the total of said net direct written premiums received in this state 131 132 by all such insurers for the preceding calendar year for the kinds of insurance included within such account. Assessments 133 134 shall be remitted to and administered by the board of directors 135 in the manner specified by the approved plan and paragraph (f). 136 Each insurer so assessed shall have at least 30 days' written 137 notice as to the date the initial assessment payment is due and 138 payable. Every assessment shall be made as a uniform percentage 139 applicable to the net direct written premiums of each insurer in 140 the kinds of insurance included within the account in which the 141 assessment is made. The assessments levied against any insurer may shall not exceed in any one year more than 2 percent of that 142 143 insurer's net direct written premiums in this state for the 144 kinds of insurance included within such account during the 145 calendar year next preceding the date of such assessments.

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146	(b) If sufficient funds from such assessments, together
147	with funds previously raised, are not available in any one year
148	in the respective account to make all the payments or
149	reimbursements then owing to insurers, the funds available shall
150	be prorated and the unpaid portion <del>shall be</del> paid as soon
151	thereafter as funds become available.
152	(c) The Legislature finds and declares that all assessments
153	paid by an insurer or insurer group as a result of a levy by the
154	office, including assessments levied pursuant to paragraph (a)
155	and emergency assessments levied pursuant to paragraph (e),
156	constitute advances of funds from the insurer to the
157	association. An insurer may fully recoup such advances by
158	applying the uniform assessment percentage levied by the office
159	to all a separate recoupment factor to the premium of policies
160	of the same kind or line as were considered by the office in
161	determining the assessment liability of the insurer or insurer
162	group as set forth in paragraph (f).
163	1. Assessments levied under subparagraph (f)1. are paid
164	before policy surcharges are collected and result in a
165	receivable for policy surcharges collected in the future. This
166	amount, to the extent it is likely that it will be realized,
167	meets the definition of an admissible asset as specified in the
168	National Association of Insurance Commissioners' Statement of
169	Statutory Accounting Principles No. 4. The asset shall be
170	established and recorded separately from the liability
171	regardless of whether it is based on a retrospective or
172	prospective premium-based assessment. If an insurer is unable to
173	fully recoup the amount of the assessment because of a reduction
174	in writings or withdrawal from the market, the amount recorded

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590-03520-14 2014870c1 175 as an asset shall be reduced to the amount reasonably expected 176 to be recouped. 177 2. Assessments levied under subparagraph (f)2. are paid 178 after policy surcharges are collected so that the recognition of 179 assets is based on actual premium written offset by the 180 obligation to the association. 181 (d) No State funds may not of any kind shall be allocated 182 or paid to the said association or any of its accounts. (e)1.a. In addition to assessments otherwise authorized in 183 184 paragraph (a), and to the extent necessary to secure the funds 185 for the account specified in s. 631.55(2)(b) for the direct 186 payment of covered claims of insurers rendered insolvent by the 187 effects of a hurricane and to pay the reasonable costs to 188 administer such claims, or to retire indebtedness, including, 189 without limitation, the principal, redemption premium, if any, 190 and interest on, and related costs of issuance of, bonds issued 191 under s. 631.695 and the funding of any reserves and other 192 payments required under the bond resolution or trust indenture 193 pursuant to which such bonds have been issued, the office, upon 194 certification of the board of directors, shall levy emergency 195 assessments upon insurers holding a certificate of authority. 196 The emergency assessments payable under this paragraph by any 197 insurer may shall not exceed in any single year more than 2 198 percent of that insurer's direct written premiums, net of 199 refunds, in this state during the preceding calendar year for 200 the kinds of insurance within the account specified in s. 201 631.55(2)(b). 202 2.b. Any Emergency assessments authorized under this

202 2.5. Any Emergency assessments authorized under this 203 paragraph shall be levied by the office upon insurers referred

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204	to in <u>subparagraph 1.</u> <del>sub-subparagraph a.</del> , upon certification as
205	to the need for such assessments by the board of directors. If
206	<del>In the event</del> the board <del>of directors</del> participates in the issuance
207	of bonds in accordance with s. 631.695, emergency assessments
208	shall be levied in each year that bonds issued under s. 631.695
209	and secured by such emergency assessments are outstanding $_{oldsymbol{ au}}$ in
210	<del>such</del> amounts up to such <u>2 percent</u> <del>2-percent</del> limit as required in
211	order to provide for the full and timely payment of the
212	principal of, redemption premium, if any, and interest on, and
213	related costs of issuance of, such bonds. The emergency
214	assessments <del>provided for in this paragraph</del> are assigned and
215	pledged to the municipality, county, or legal entity issuing
216	bonds under s. 631.695 for the benefit of the holders of such
217	bonds, in order to enable such municipality, county, or legal
218	entity to provide for the payment of the principal of,
219	redemption premium, if any, and interest on such bonds, the cost
220	of issuance of such bonds, and the funding of any reserves and
221	other payments required under the bond resolution or trust
222	indenture pursuant to which such bonds have been issued, without
223	the necessity of any further action by the association, the
224	office, or any other party. If $rac{1}{1}$ To the extent bonds are issued
225	under s. 631.695 and the association determines to secure such
226	bonds by a pledge of revenues received from the emergency
227	assessments, such bonds, upon such pledge of revenues, shall be
228	secured by and payable from the proceeds of such emergency
229	assessments, and the proceeds of emergency assessments levied
230	under this paragraph shall be remitted directly to and
231	administered by the trustee or custodian appointed for such
232	bonds.
I	

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590-03520-14 2014870c1 233 3.c. Emergency assessments used to defease bonds issued 234 under this part paragraph may be payable in a single payment or, 235 at the option of the association, may be payable in 12 monthly 236 installments with the first installment being due and payable at 237 the end of the month after an emergency assessment is levied and 238 subsequent installments being due by not later than the end of 239 each succeeding month. 240 4.d. If emergency assessments are imposed, the report required by s. 631.695(7) must shall include an analysis of the 241 242 revenues generated from the emergency assessments imposed under 243 this paragraph. 244 5.e. If emergency assessments are imposed, the references 245 in sub-subparagraph (1) (a) 3.b. and s. 631.695(2) and (7) to assessments levied under paragraph (a) must shall include 246 247 emergency assessments imposed under this paragraph. 248 6.2. If the board of directors participates in the issuance 249 of bonds in accordance with s. 631.695, an annual assessment 250 under this paragraph shall continue while the bonds issued with 251 respect to which the assessment was imposed are outstanding,

252 including any bonds the proceeds of which were used to refund 253 bonds issued pursuant to s. 631.695, unless adequate provision 254 has been made for the payment of the bonds in the documents 255 authorizing the issuance of such bonds.

256 <u>7.3.</u> Emergency assessments under this paragraph are not 257 premium and are not subject to the premium tax, to any fees, or 258 to any commissions. An insurer is liable for all emergency 259 assessments that the insurer collects and shall treat the 260 failure of an insured to pay an emergency assessment as a 261 failure to pay the premium. An insurer is not liable for

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262	uncollectible emergency assessments.
263	(f) The recoupment factor applied to policies in accordance
264	with paragraph (c) shall be selected by the insurer or insurer
265	group so as to provide for the probable recoupment of both
266	assessments levied pursuant to paragraph (a) and emergency
267	assessments over a period of 12 months, unless the insurer or
268	insurer group, at its option, elects to recoup the assessment
269	over a longer period. The recoupment factor shall apply to all
270	policies of the same kind or line as were considered by the
271	office in determining the assessment liability of the insurer or
272	insurer group issued or renewed during a 12-month period. If the
273	insurer or insurer group does not collect the full amount of the
274	assessment during one 12-month period, the insurer or insurer
275	group may apply recalculated recoupment factors to policies
276	issued or renewed during one or more succeeding 12-month
277	periods. If, at the end of a 12-month period, the insurer or
278	insurer group has collected from the combined kinds or lines of
279	policies subject to assessment more than the total amount of the
280	assessment paid by the insurer or insurer group, the excess
281	amount shall be disbursed as follows:
282	1. The association, office, and insurers remitting
283	assessments pursuant to paragraph (a) or paragraph (e) must
284	comply with the following:
285	a. In the order levying an assessment, the office shall
286	specify the actual percentage amount to be collected uniformly
287	from all the policyholders of insurers subject to the assessment
288	and the date on which the assessment year begins, which may not
289	begin until 90 days after the association board certifies such
290	an assessment.

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590-03520-14 2014870c1 291 b. Insurers shall make an initial payment to the 292 association before the beginning of the assessment year on or 293 before the date specified in the order of the office. 294 c. Insurers that have written insurance in the calendar 295 year before the year in which the assessment is certified by the 296 board shall make an initial payment based on the net direct 297 written premium amount from the prior calendar year as set forth 298 in the insurers' annual statements, multiplied by the uniform 299 percentage of premium specified in the order issued by the 300 office. Insurers that have not written insurance in the prior 301 calendar year in any of the lines under the account which are 302 being assessed, but that are writing insurance as of, or after, 303 the date the board certifies the assessment to the office, shall 304 pay an amount based on a good faith estimate of the amount of net direct written premium anticipated to be written in the 305 306 subject lines of business for the assessment year, multiplied by 307 the uniform percentage of premium specified in the order issued 308 by the office. 309 d. Insurers shall file a reconciliation report with the 310 association within 45 days after the end of the assessment year 311 which indicates the amount of the initial payment to the 312 association before the assessment year, whether such amount was based on net direct written premium contained in a prior 313 314 calendar year annual statement or a good faith projection, the 315 amount actually collected during the assessment year, and such 316 other information contained on a form adopted by the association 317 and provided to the insurers in advance. If the insurer 318 collected from policyholders more than the amount initially

319 paid, the insurer shall pay the excess amount to the

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320	association. If the insurer collected from policyholders an
321	amount which is less than the amount initially paid to the
322	association, the association shall credit the insurer that
323	amount against future assessments. Such payment reconciliation
324	report, and any payment of excess amounts collected from
325	policyholders, shall be completed and remitted to the
326	association within 90 days after the end of the assessment year.
327	The association shall send a final reconciliation report on all
328	insurers to the office within 120 days after each assessment
329	year.
330	e. Insurers remitting reconciliation reports to the
331	association under this paragraph are subject to s.
332	626.9541(1)(e). If the excess amount does not exceed 15 percent
333	of the total assessment paid by the insurer or insurer group,
334	the excess amount shall be remitted to the association within 60
335	days after the end of the 12-month period in which the excess
336	recoupment charges were collected.
337	2. The association may use a monthly installment method
338	instead of the method described in sub-subparagraphs 1.b. and c.
339	or in combination thereof based on the association's projected
340	cash flow. If the association projects that it has cash on hand
341	for the payment of anticipated claims in the applicable account
342	for at least 6 months, the board may make an estimate of the
343	assessment needed and may recommend to the office the assessment
344	percentage that may be collected as a monthly assessment. The
345	office may, in the order levying the assessment on insurers,
346	specify that the assessment is due and payable monthly as the
347	funds are collected from insureds throughout the assessment
348	year, in which case the assessment shall be a uniform percentage

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590-03520-14 2014870c1 of premium collected during the assessment year and shall be 349 350 collected from all policyholders with policies in the classes 351 protected by the account. All insurers shall collect the 352 assessment without regard to whether the insurers reported 353 premium in the year preceding the assessment. Insurers are not 354 required to advance funds if the association and the office 355 elect to use the monthly installment option. All funds collected 356 shall be retained by the association for the payment of current 357 or future claims. This subparagraph does not alter the obligation of an insurer to remit assessments levied pursuant to 358 359 this subsection to the association. If the excess amount exceeds 360 15 percent of the total assessment paid by the insurer or 361 insurer group, the excess amount shall be returned to the 362 insurer's or insurer group's current policyholders by refunds or 363 premium credits. The association shall use any remitted excess 364 recoupment amounts to reduce future assessments. 365 (g) Amounts recouped pursuant to this subsection for

(g) Amounts recouped pursuant to this subsection for
assessments levied under paragraph (a) due to insolvencies on or
after July 1, 2010, are considered premium solely for premium
tax purposes and are not subject to fees or commissions.
However, insurers shall treat the failure of an insured to pay a
recoupment charge as a failure to pay the premium.

(h) At least 15 days before applying the recoupment factor to any policies, the insurer or insurer group shall file with the office a statement for informational purposes only setting forth the amount of the recoupment factor and an explanation of how the recoupment factor will be applied. Such statement shall include documentation of the assessment paid by the insurer or insurer group and the arithmetic calculations supporting the

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590-03520-14 2014870c1 378 recoupment factor. The insurer or insurer group may use the 379 recoupment factor at any time after the expiration of the 15-day 380 period. The insurer or insurer group need submit only one 381 informational statement for all lines of business using the same 382 recoupment factor. 383 (i) No later than 90 days after the insurer or insurer 384 group has completed the recoupment process, the insurer or 385 insurer group shall file with the office, for information 386 purposes only, a final accounting report documenting the 387 recoupment. The report shall provide the amounts of assessments paid by the insurer or insurer group, the amounts and 388 389 percentages recouped by year from each affected line of 390 business, and the direct written premium subject to recoupment 391 by year. The insurer or insurer group need submit only one 392 report for all lines of business using the same recoupment 393 factor. 394 (h) Assessments levied under this subsection are levied 395 upon insurers. This subsection does not create a cause of action 396 by a policyholder with respect to the levying of, or a 397 policyholder's duty to pay, such assessments. 398 (4) The office department may exempt or temporarily defer 399 any insurer from any regular or emergency assessment if the 400 office finds that the insurer is impaired or insolvent or if an assessment would result in such insurer's financial statement 401 402 reflecting an amount of capital or surplus less than the sum of 403 the minimum amount required by any jurisdiction in which the

404 insurer is authorized to transact insurance.

405 Section 7. Section 631.64, Florida Statutes, is amended to 406 read:

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590-03520-14 2014870c1 407 631.64 Recognition of assessments in rates.-Charges or 408 recoupments shall be separately displayed on premium statements 409 to enable policyholders to determine the amount charged for 410 association assessments but may not be included in rates filed 411 and approved by the office. The rates and premiums charged for 412 insurance policies to which this part applies may include 413 amounts sufficient to recoup a sum equal to the amounts paid to 414 the association by the member insurer less any amounts returned 415 to the member insurer by the association, and such rates shall 416 not be deemed excessive because they contain an amount reasonably calculated to recoup assessments paid by the member 417 418 insurer. 419 Section 8. Subsection (5) of section 627.727, Florida 420 Statutes, is amended to read: 421 627.727 Motor vehicle insurance; uninsured and underinsured 422 vehicle coverage; insolvent insurer protection.-423 (5) Any person having a claim against an insolvent insurer 424 as defined in s. 631.54<del>(6)</del> under the provisions of this section 425 shall present such claim for payment to the Florida Insurance 426 Guaranty Association only. In the event of a payment to a any 427 person in settlement of a claim arising under the provisions of 428 this section, the association is not subrogated or entitled to 429 any recovery against the claimant's insurer. The association, 430 however, has the rights of recovery as set forth in chapter 631 431 in the proceeds recoverable from the assets of the insolvent 432 insurer. 433 Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 631.55, Florida 434 Statutes, is amended to read: 435 631.55 Creation of the association.-

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436	(1) There is created a nonprofit corporation to be known as
437	the "Florida Insurance Guaranty Association, Incorporated." All
438	insurers defined as member insurers in s. 631.54 <del>(7)</del> shall be
439	members of the association as a condition of their authority to
440	transact insurance in this state, and, further, as a condition
441	of such authority, an insurer <u>must</u> shall agree to reimburse the
442	association for all claim payments the association makes on <u>the</u>
443	said insurer's behalf if such insurer is subsequently
444	rehabilitated. The association shall perform its functions under
445	a plan of operation established and approved under s. 631.58 and
446	shall exercise its powers through a board of directors
447	established under s. 631.56. The corporation shall have all
448	those powers granted or permitted nonprofit corporations, as
449	provided in chapter 617.

450

Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

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