LEGISLATIVE ACTION Senate House Comm: RCS 04/02/2015

Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development (Detert) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 288.125, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.125 Definition of term "entertainment industry."-For the purposes of ss. 288.1254, 288.1256, 288.1258, 288.913, 288.914, and 288.915 ss. 288.1251-288.1258, the term "entertainment industry" means those persons or entities engaged

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in the operation of motion picture or television studios or recording studios; those persons or entities engaged in the preproduction, production, or postproduction of motion pictures, made-for-television movies, television programming, digital media projects, commercial advertising, music videos, or sound recordings; and those persons or entities providing products or services directly related to the preproduction, production, or postproduction of motion pictures, made-for-television movies, television programming, digital media projects, commercial advertising, music videos, or sound recordings, including, but not limited to, the broadcast industry.

Section 2. Section 288.1251, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 288.913, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

288.913 288.1251 Promotion and development of entertainment industry; Division Office of Film and Entertainment; creation; purpose; powers and duties .-

(1) CREATION.

(a) The Division of Film and Entertainment is There is hereby created within Enterprise Florida, Inc., the department the Office of Film and Entertainment for the purpose of developing, recruiting, marketing, promoting, and providing services to the state's entertainment industry. The division shall serve as a liaison between the entertainment industry and other state and local governmental agencies, local film commissions, and labor organizations.

(2) (b) COMMISSIONER.—The Governor shall appoint the film and entertainment commissioner, who shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor department shall conduct a national search for a

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qualified person to fill the position of Commissioner of Film and Entertainment when the position is vacant. The executive director of the department has the responsibility to hire the film commissioner. The commissioner is subject to the requirements of s. 288.901(1)(c). Qualifications for the film commissioner include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (a) $\frac{1}{1}$. A working knowledge of and experience with the equipment, personnel, financial, and day-to-day production operations of the industries to be served by the division Office of Film and Entertainment;
- (b) $\frac{2}{2}$. Marketing and promotion experience related to the film and entertainment industries to be served;
- (c) $\frac{3}{3}$. Experience working with a variety of individuals representing large and small entertainment-related businesses, industry associations, local community entertainment industry liaisons, and labor organizations; and
- (d) 4. Experience working with a variety of state and local governmental agencies.
 - (3) + POWERS AND DUTIES.-
- (a) The Division Office of Film and Entertainment, in performance of its duties, shall develop and:
- 1. In consultation with the Florida Film and Entertainment Advisory Council, update a 5-year the strategic plan every 5 years to guide the activities of the division Office of Film and Entertainment in the areas of entertainment industry development, marketing, promotion, liaison services, field office administration, and information. The plan shall:
 - a. be annual in construction and ongoing in nature.
 - 1. At a minimum, the plan must address the following:

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a.b. Include recommendations relating to The organizational structure of the division, including any field offices outside the state office. b. The coordination of the division with local or regional offices maintained by counties and regions of the state, local film commissions, and labor organizations, and the coordination of such entities with each other to facilitate a working relationship. c. Strategies to identify, solicit, and recruit entertainment production opportunities for the state, including implementation of programs for rural and urban areas designed to develop and promote the state's entertainment industry. d.c. Include An annual budget projection for the division office for each year of the plan. d. Include an operational model for the office to use in

implementing programs for rural and urban areas designed to:

- (I) develop and promote the state's entertainment industry.
- (II) Have the office serve as a liaison between the entertainment industry and other state and local governmental agencies, local film commissions, and labor organizations.
- (III) Gather statistical information related to the state's entertainment industry.
- e. (IV) Provision of Provide information and service to businesses, communities, organizations, and individuals engaged in entertainment industry activities.
- (V) Administer field offices outside the state and coordinate with regional offices maintained by counties and regions of the state, as described in sub-sub-subparagraph (II), as necessary.

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- f.e. Include Performance standards and measurable outcomes for the programs to be implemented by the division office.
- 2. The plan shall be annually reviewed and approved by the board of directors of Enterprise Florida, Inc.
- f. Include an assessment of, and make recommendations on, the feasibility of creating an alternative public-private partnership for the purpose of contracting with such a partnership for the administration of the state's entertainment industry promotion, development, marketing, and service programs.
- 2. Develop, market, and facilitate a working relationship between state agencies and local governments in cooperation with local film commission offices for out-of-state and indigenous entertainment industry production entities.
- 3. Implement a structured methodology prescribed for coordinating activities of local offices with each other and the commissioner's office.
 - (b) The division shall also:
- 1.4. Represent the state's indigenous entertainment industry to key decisionmakers within the national and international entertainment industry, and to state and local officials.
- 2.5. Prepare an inventory and analysis of the state's entertainment industry, including, but not limited to, information on crew, related businesses, support services, job creation, talent, and economic impact and coordinate with local offices to develop an information tool for common use.
- 3.6. Identify, solicit, and recruit entertainment production opportunities for the state.

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- 4.7. Assist rural communities and other small communities in the state in developing the expertise and capacity necessary for such communities to develop, market, promote, and provide services to the state's entertainment industry.
- (c) (b) The division Office of Film and Entertainment, in the performance of its duties, may:
- 1. Conduct or contract for specific promotion and marketing functions, including, but not limited to, production of a statewide directory, production and maintenance of an Internet website, establishment and maintenance of a toll-free telephone number, organization of trade show participation, and appropriate cooperative marketing opportunities.
- 2. Conduct its affairs, carry on its operations, establish offices, and exercise the powers granted by this act in any state, territory, district, or possession of the United States.
- 3. Carry out any program of information, special events, or publicity designed to attract entertainment industry to Florida.
- 4. Develop relationships and leverage resources with other public and private organizations or groups in their efforts to publicize to the entertainment industry in this state, other states, and other countries the depth of Florida's entertainment industry talent, crew, production companies, production equipment resources, related businesses, and support services, including the establishment of and expenditure for a program of cooperative advertising with these public and private organizations and groups in accordance with the provisions of chapter 120.
- 5. Provide and arrange for reasonable and necessary promotional items and services for such persons as the division

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office deems proper in connection with the performance of the promotional and other duties of the division office.

- 6. Prepare an annual economic impact analysis on entertainment industry-related activities in the state.
- 7. Request or accept any grant, payment, or gift of funds or property made by this state, the United States, or any department or agency thereof, or by any individual, firm, corporation, municipality, county, or organization, for any or all of the purposes of the Office of Film and Entertainment's 5year strategic plan or those permitted activities enumerated in this paragraph. Such funds shall be deposited in a separate account the Grants and Donations Trust Fund of the Executive Office of the Governor for use by the division Office of Film and Entertainment in carrying out its responsibilities and duties as delineated in law. The division office may expend such funds in accordance with the terms and conditions of any such grant, payment, or gift in the pursuit of its administration or in support of fulfilling its duties and responsibilities. The division office shall separately account for the public funds and the private funds deposited into the account trust fund.

Section 3. Section 288.1252, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 288.914, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

288.914 288.1252 Florida Film and Entertainment Advisory Council; creation; purpose; membership; powers and duties.-

(1) CREATION.-There is created within the department, for administrative purposes only, the Florida Film and Entertainment Advisory Council.

(1) (2) CREATION AND PURPOSE.—The Florida Film and

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Entertainment Advisory Council is created purpose of the Council is to serve as an advisory body to the Division of Film and Entertainment within Enterprise Florida, Inc., and department and to the Office of Film and Entertainment to provide these offices with industry insight and expertise related to developing, marketing, and promoting, and providing service to the state's entertainment industry.

(2) MEMBERSHIP.

- (a) The council shall consist of 11 $\frac{17}{17}$ members, 5 $\frac{7}{10}$ to be appointed by the Governor, 3 $\frac{5}{2}$ to be appointed by the President of the Senate, and 3 $\frac{5}{}$ to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- (b) When making appointments to the council, the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint persons who are residents of the state and who are highly knowledgeable of, active in, and recognized leaders in Florida's motion picture, television, video, sound recording, or other entertainment industries. These persons shall include, but not be limited to, representatives of local film commissions, representatives of entertainment associations, a representative of the broadcast industry, representatives of labor organizations in the entertainment industry, and board chairs, presidents, chief executive officers, chief operating officers, or persons of comparable executive position or stature of leading or otherwise important entertainment industry businesses and offices. Council members shall be appointed in such a manner as to equitably represent the broadest spectrum of the entertainment industry and geographic areas of the state.

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- (c) Council members shall serve for 4-year terms. A member of the council serving as of July 1, 2015, may serve the remainder of his or her term, but upon the conclusion of the term or upon vacancy, such appointment may not be filled except to meet the requirements of this section.
- (d) Subsequent appointments shall be made by the official who appointed the council member whose expired term is to be filled.
- (e) A representative of Enterprise Florida, Inc., a representative of Workforce Florida, Inc., and a representative of VISIT Florida shall serve as ex officio, nonvoting members of the council, and shall be in addition to the 11 17 appointed members of the council.
- (f) Absence from three consecutive meetings shall result in automatic removal from the council.
- (q) A vacancy on the council shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term by the official who appointed the vacating member.
- (h) No more than one member of the council may be an employee of any one company, organization, or association.
- (i) Any member shall be eligible for reappointment but may not serve more than two consecutive terms.
 - (3) (4) MEETINGS; ORGANIZATION.-
- (a) The council shall meet at least no less frequently than once each quarter of the calendar year, and but may meet more often as determined necessary set by the council.
- (b) The council shall annually elect from its appointed membership one member to serve as chair of the council and one member to serve as vice chair. The Division Office of Film and

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Entertainment shall provide staff assistance to the council, which must shall include, but need not be limited to, keeping records of the proceedings of the council, and serving as custodian of all books, documents, and papers filed with the council.

- (c) A majority of the members of the council constitutes shall constitute a quorum.
- (d) Members of the council shall serve without compensation, but are shall be entitled to reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses in accordance with s. 112.061 while in performance of their duties.
- (4) $\overline{(5)}$ POWERS AND DUTIES.—The Florida Film and Entertainment Advisory Council shall have all the power powers necessary or convenient to carry out and effectuate the purposes and provisions of this act, including, but not limited to, the power to:
- (a) Adopt bylaws for the governance of its affairs and the conduct of its business.
- (b) Advise the Division of Film and Entertainment and consult with the Office of Film and Entertainment on the content, development, and implementation of the division's 5year strategic plan to guide the activities of the office.
- (c) Review the Commissioner of Film and Entertainment's administration of the programs related to the strategic plan, and Advise the Division of Film and Entertainment commissioner on the division's programs and any changes that might be made to better meet the strategic plan.
- (d) Consider and study the needs of the entertainment industry for the purpose of advising the Division of Film and

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Entertainment film commissioner and the department.

- (e) Identify and make recommendations on state agency and local government actions that may have an impact on the entertainment industry or that may appear to industry representatives as an official state or local actions action affecting production in the state, and advise the Division of Film and Entertainment of such actions.
- (f) Consider all matters submitted to it by the Division of Film and Entertainment film commissioner and the department.
- (g) Advise and consult with the film commissioner and the department, at their request or upon its own initiative, regarding the promulgation, administration, and enforcement of all laws and rules relating to the entertainment industry.
- (g) (h) Suggest policies and practices for the conduct of business by the Office of Film and Entertainment or by the department that will improve interaction with internal operations affecting the entertainment industry and will enhance related state the economic development initiatives of the state for the industry.
- (i) Appear on its own behalf before boards, commissions, departments, or other agencies of municipal, county, or state government, or the Federal Government.
- Section 4. Section 288.1253, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 288.915, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:
 - 288.915 288.1253 Travel and entertainment expenses.-
- (1) As used in this section, the term "travel expenses" means the actual, necessary, and reasonable costs of transportation, meals, lodging, and incidental expenses normally

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incurred by an employee of the Division Office of Film and Entertainment within Enterprise Florida, Inc., as which costs are defined and prescribed by rules adopted by the department rule, subject to approval by the Chief Financial Officer.

- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 112.061, the department shall adopt rules by which the Division of Film and Entertainment it may make expenditures by reimbursement to: the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, security staff of the Governor or Lieutenant Governor, the Commissioner of Film and Entertainment, or staff of the Division Office of Film and Entertainment for travel expenses or entertainment expenses incurred by such individuals solely and exclusively in connection with the performance of the statutory duties of the division Office of Film and Entertainment. The rules are subject to approval by the Chief Financial Officer before adoption. The rules shall require the submission of paid receipts, or other proof of expenditure prescribed by the Chief Financial Officer, with any claim for reimbursement.
- (3) The Division Office of Film and Entertainment shall include in the annual report for the entertainment industry financial incentive program required under s. 288.1254(10) a report of the division's office's expenditures for the previous fiscal year. The report must consist of a summary of all travel, entertainment, and incidental expenses incurred within the United States and all travel, entertainment, and incidental expenses incurred outside the United States, as well as a summary of all successful projects that developed from such travel.
 - (4) The Division Office of Film and Entertainment and its

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employees and representatives, when authorized, may accept and use complimentary travel, accommodations, meeting space, meals, equipment, transportation, and any other goods or services necessary for or beneficial to the performance of the division's office's duties and purposes, so long as such acceptance or use is not in conflict with part III of chapter 112. The department shall, by rule, develop internal controls to ensure that such goods or services accepted or used pursuant to this subsection are limited to those that will assist solely and exclusively in the furtherance of the division's office's goals and are in compliance with part III of chapter 112. Notwithstanding this subsection, the division and its employees and representatives may not accept any complimentary travel, accommodations, meeting space, meals, equipment, transportation, or any other goods or services from an entity or party, including an employee, designee, or representative of such entity or party, which has received, has applied to receive, or anticipates that it will receive through an application, funds under s. 288.1256. If the division or its employee or representative accepts such goods or services, the division or its employee or representative is subject to the penalties provided in s. 112.317.

(5) Any claim submitted under this section is not required to be sworn to before a notary public or other officer authorized to administer oaths, but any claim authorized or required to be made under any provision of this section shall contain a statement that the expenses were actually incurred as necessary travel or entertainment expenses in the performance of official duties of the Division Office of Film and Entertainment and shall be verified by written declaration that it is true and

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correct as to every material matter. Any person who willfully makes and subscribes to any claim that which he or she does not believe to be true and correct as to every material matter or who willfully aids or assists in, procures, or counsels or advises with respect to, the preparation or presentation of a claim pursuant to this section which that is fraudulent or false as to any material matter, whether such falsity or fraud is with the knowledge or consent of the person authorized or required to present the claim, commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Whoever receives a reimbursement by means of a false claim is civilly liable, in the amount of the overpayment, for the reimbursement of the public fund from which the claim was paid.

Section 5. Section 288.1254, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.1254 Entertainment industry financial incentive program.-

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Certified production" means a qualified production that has tax credits allocated to it by the department based on the production's estimated qualified expenditures, up to the production's maximum certified amount of tax credits, by the department. The term does not include a production if its first day of principal photography or project start date in this state occurs before the production is certified by the department, unless the production spans more than 1 fiscal year, was a certified production on its first day of principal photography or project start date in this state, and submits an application for continuing the same production for the subsequent fiscal



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- (b) "Digital media project" means a production of interactive entertainment that is produced for distribution in commercial or educational markets. The term includes a video game or production intended for Internet or wireless distribution, an interactive website, digital animation, and visual effects, including, but not limited to, three-dimensional movie productions and movie conversions. The term does not include a production that contains content that is obscene as defined in s. 847.001.
- (c) "Family-friendly production" means a production that has cross-generational appeal; is considered suitable for viewing by children age 5 or older; is appropriate in theme, content, and language for a broad family audience; embodies a responsible resolution of issues; and does not exhibit or imply any act of smoking, sex, nudity, or vulgar or profane language "High-impact digital media project" means a digital media project that has qualified expenditures greater than \$4.5 million.
 - (d) "High-impact television production series" means:
- 1. A production created to run multiple production seasons which has and having an estimated order of at least seven episodes per season and qualified expenditures of at least \$1 million \$625,000 per episode; or
- 2. A telenovela that has qualified expenditures of more than \$6 million; a minimum of 45 principal photography days filmed in this state; a production cast, including background actors, and a crew of which at least 90 percent are legal residents of this state; and at least 90 percent of its

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production occurring in this state.

- (e) "Off-season certified production" means a feature film, independent film, or television series or pilot that films 75 percent or more of its principal photography days from June 1 through November 30.
- (f) "Principal photography" means the filming of major or significant components of the qualified production which involve lead actors.
- (f) (g) "Production" means a theatrical, or direct-to-video, or direct-to-Internet motion picture; a made-for-television motion picture; visual effects or digital animation sequences produced in conjunction with a motion picture; a commercial; a music video; an industrial or educational film; an infomercial; a documentary film; a television pilot program; a presentation for a television pilot program; a television series, including, but not limited to, a drama, a reality show, a comedy, a soap opera, a telenovela, a game show, an awards show, or a miniseries production; a direct-to-Internet television series; or a digital media project by the entertainment industry. One season of a television series is considered one production. The term does not include a weather or market program; a sporting event or a sporting event broadcast; a gala; a production that solicits funds; a home shopping program; a political program; a political documentary; political advertising; a gambling-related project or production; a concert production; a local, regional, or Internet-distributed-only news show or current-events show; a sports news or sports recap show; a pornographic production; or any production deemed obscene under chapter 847. A production may be produced on or by film, tape, or otherwise by means of a

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motion picture camera; electronic camera or device; tape device; computer; any combination of the foregoing; or any other means, method, or device.

(g) (h) "Production expenditures" means the costs of tangible and intangible property used for, and services performed primarily and customarily in, production, including preproduction and postproduction, but excluding costs for development, marketing, and distribution. The term includes, but is not limited to:

- 1. Wages, salaries, or other compensation paid to legal residents of this state, including amounts paid through payroll service companies, for technical and production crews, directors, producers, and performers.
- 2. Net expenditures for sound stages, backlots, production editing, digital effects, sound recordings, sets, and set construction.
- 3. Net expenditures for rental equipment, including, but not limited to, cameras and grip or electrical equipment.
- 4. Up to \$300,000 of the costs of newly purchased computer software and hardware unique to the project, including servers, data processing, and visualization technologies, which are located in and used exclusively in this the state for the production of digital media.
- 5. Expenditures for meals, travel, and accommodations. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "net expenditures" means the actual amount of money a qualified production spent for equipment or other tangible personal property, after subtracting any consideration received for reselling or transferring the item after the qualified production ends, if applicable.

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- (h) (i) "Qualified expenditures" means production expenditures incurred in this state by a qualified production for:
- 1. Goods purchased or leased from, or services, including, but not limited to, insurance costs and bonding, payroll services, and legal fees, which are provided by, a vendor or supplier in this state that is registered with the Department of State or the Department of Revenue, has a physical location in this state, and employs one or more legal residents of this state. This does not include rebilled goods or services provided by an in-state company from out-of-state vendors or suppliers. When services provided by the vendor or supplier include personal services or labor, only personal services or labor provided by residents of this state, evidenced by the required documentation of residency in this state, qualify.
- 2. Payments to legal residents of this state in the form of salary, wages, or other compensation up to a maximum of \$400,000 per resident unless otherwise specified in subsection (4). A completed declaration of residency in this state must accompany the documentation submitted to the department office for reimbursement.

For a qualified production involving an event, such as an awards show, the term does not include expenditures solely associated with the event itself and not directly required by the production. The term does not include expenditures incurred before certification, with the exception of those incurred for a commercial, a music video, or the pickup of additional episodes of a high-impact television production series within a single

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season. Under no circumstances may The qualified production may not include in the calculation for qualified expenditures the original purchase price for equipment or other tangible property that is later sold or transferred by the qualified production for consideration. In such cases, the qualified expenditure is the net of the original purchase price minus the consideration received upon sale or transfer.

- (i) (i) "Qualified production" means a production in this state meeting the requirements of this section. The term does not include a production:
- 1. In which, for the first 2 years of the incentive program, less than 50 percent, and thereafter, less than 60 $percent_{\tau}$ of the positions that make up its production cast and below-the-line production crew, or, in the case of digital media projects, less than 75 percent of such positions, are filled by legal residents of this state, whose residency is demonstrated by a valid Florida driver license or other state-issued identification confirming residency, or students enrolled fulltime in an entertainment-related a film-and-entertainmentrelated course of study at an institution of higher education in this state; or
- 2. That contains obscene content as defined in s. 847.001(10).
- (j) (k) "Qualified production company" means a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or other legal entity engaged in one or more productions in this state.
- (1) "Qualified digital media production facility" means a building or series of buildings and their improvements in which data processing, visualization, and sound synchronization

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technologies are regularly applied for the production of qualified digital media projects or the digital animation components of qualified productions.

(m) "Qualified production facility" means a building or complex of buildings and their improvements and associated backlot facilities in which regular filming activity for film or television has occurred for a period of no less than 1 year and which contain at least one sound stage of at least 7,800 square feet.

(n) "Regional population ratio" means the ratio of the population of a region to the population of this state. The regional population ratio applicable to a given fiscal year is the regional population ratio calculated by the Office of Film and Entertainment using the latest official estimates of population certified under s. 186.901, available on the first day of that fiscal year.

(o) "Regional tax credit ratio" means a ratio the numerator of which is the sum of tax credits awarded to productions in a region to date plus the tax credits certified, but not yet awarded, to productions currently in that region and the denominator of which is the sum of all tax credits awarded in the state to date plus all tax credits certified, but not yet awarded, to productions currently in the state. The regional tax credit ratio applicable to a given year is the regional tax credit ratio calculated by the Office of Film and Entertainment using credit award and certification information available on the first day of that fiscal year.

(p) "Underutilized region" for a given state fiscal year means a region with a regional tax credit ratio applicable to

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that fiscal year that is lower than its regional population ratio applicable to that fiscal year. The following regions are established for purposes of making this determination:

- 1. North Region, consisting of Alachua, Baker, Bay, Bradford, Calhoun, Clay, Columbia, Dixie, Duval, Escambia, Franklin, Gadsden, Gilchrist, Gulf, Hamilton, Holmes, Jackson, Jefferson, Lafayette, Leon, Levy, Liberty, Madison, Nassau, Okaloosa, Putnam, Santa Rosa, St. Johns, Suwannee, Taylor, Union, Wakulla, Walton, and Washington Counties.
- 2. Central East Region, consisting of Brevard, Flagler, Indian River, Lake, Okeechobee, Orange, Osceola, Seminole, St. Lucie, and Volusia Counties.
- 3. Central West Region, consisting of Citrus, Hernando, Hillsborough, Manatee, Marion, Polk, Pasco, Pinellas, Sarasota, and Sumter Counties.
- 4. Southwest Region, consisting of Charlotte, Collier, DeSoto, Glades, Hardee, Hendry, Highlands, and Lee Counties.
- 5. Southeast Region, consisting of Broward, Martin, Miami-Dade, Monroe, and Palm Beach Counties.
- (k) (q) "Interactive website" means a website or group of websites that includes interactive and downloadable content, and creates 25 new Florida full-time equivalent positions operating from a principal place of business located within Florida. An interactive website or group of websites must provide documentation that those jobs were created to the department before Office of Film and Entertainment prior to the award of tax credits. Each subsequent program application must provide proof that 25 Florida full-time equivalent positions are maintained.

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- (1) "Underutilized county" means a county in which less than \$500,000 in qualified expenditures were made in the last 2 fiscal years.
- (2) CREATION AND PURPOSE OF PROGRAM.—The entertainment industry financial incentive program is created within the department Office of Film and Entertainment. The purpose of this program is to encourage the use of this state as a site for entertainment production, for filming, and for the digital production of entertainment films, and to develop and sustain the workforce and infrastructure for film, digital media, and entertainment production.
 - (3) APPLICATION PROCEDURE; APPROVAL PROCESS.-
- (a) Program application.—A qualified production company producing a qualified production in this state may submit a program application to the Division Office of Film and Entertainment for the purpose of determining qualification for an award of tax credits authorized by this section no earlier than 180 days before the first day of principal photography or project start date in this state. The applicant shall provide the division Office of Film and Entertainment with information required to determine whether the production is a qualified production and to determine the qualified expenditures and other information necessary for the division and the department office to determine eligibility for the tax credit.
- (b) Required documentation.—The department, in consultation with the division, Office of Film and Entertainment shall develop an application form for qualifying an applicant as a qualified production. The form must include, but need not be limited to, production-related information concerning employment

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of residents in this state; τ a detailed budget of planned qualified expenditures and aggregate nonqualified expenditures, including capital investment, in this state; proof of financing for the production; τ and the applicant's signed affirmation that the information on the form has been verified and is correct. The division Office of Film and Entertainment and local film commissions shall distribute the form.

- (c) Application process.—The division Office of Film and Entertainment shall establish a process by which an application is accepted and reviewed and by which tax credit eligibility and award amount are determined.
- 1. The division shall review, evaluate, and rank applications for each queue, as provided in subsection (4), using the following evaluation criteria, with priority given in descending order, with the highest priority given to subsubparagraph a.:
- a. The number of state residents that will be employed in full-time equivalent and part-time positions related to the project, and the duration of such employment and the average wages paid to such residents. Preference shall be given to a project that expects to pay higher than the statewide average wage.
- b. The amount of qualified and nonqualifed expenditures that will be made in this state.
- c. The duration of the project in this state, including whether production will occur in an underutilized county.
- d. The length of time for planned preproduction and postproduction scheduled to occur in this state.
 - e. The amount of capital investment, especially fixed

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capital investment, to be made directly by the production company in this state related to the project and the amount of any other capital investment to be made in this state related to the project.

- f. The local support and amount of any financial commitment for the project.
- 2. The Division of Film and Entertainment shall designate two application cycles per fiscal year for qualified production companies to submit applications pursuant to this section. Each application cycle must consist of an application submittal deadline and a subsequent review period. The two application deadlines shall be separated in time by at least 4 months. The first application cycle must be "Application Cycle A," and the second application cycle must be "Application Cycle B." Each applicant must designate the cycle for which the applicant is applying.
- 3. The Division of Film and Entertainment shall designate the length of the review period for each application cycle which must immediately follow its corresponding application deadline. The review cycle may not exceed 30 days. During each review period, the Division of Film and Entertainment shall:
- a. Review each timely received application to ensure that the application is complete and shall label each application according to its queue as specified in subsection (4).
- b. Recommend rankings for applications pursuant to the criteria in subparagraph 1.
- c. Submit each complete and timely received application along with the recommended application rankings to the department no later than 1 day after the end of the review

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cycle. Applications that do not meet the requirements of this section may not be ranked.

- 4. Applications that are not timely received or complete may not be carried forward to a subsequent application cycle.
- 5. A certified high-impact television production may submit an initial application for no more than two successive seasons, notwithstanding the fact that the second season has not been ordered. The qualified expenditure amounts for the second season shall be based on the current season's estimated qualified expenditures. Upon the completion of production of each season, a high-impact television production may submit an application for only one additional season. To be certified for a tax credit, the applicant must agree to notify the department within 10 days if the additional season is not ordered or is cancelled.

The Office of Film and Entertainment may request assistance from a duly appointed local film commission in determining compliance with this section. A certified high-impact television series may submit an initial application for no more than two successive seasons, notwithstanding the fact that the successive seasons have not been ordered. The successive season's qualified expenditure amounts shall be based on the current season's estimated qualified expenditures. Upon the completion of production of each season, a high-impact television series may submit an application for no more than one additional season.

- (d) Certification.-
- 1. The department Office of Film and Entertainment shall review the applications and recommendations by the division application within 15 business days after receipt from the division. Upon its determination that The department shall

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determine if each application contains all the information required by this subsection and meets the criteria set out in this section. Going from the highest-ranked and recommended application to the lowest-ranked application, the department, the Office of Film and Entertainment shall determine, for each application, whether to certify the tax credit amount qualify the applicant and recommend to the department that the applicant be certified for the maximum tax credit award amount. Within 5 business days after receipt of the recommendation, the department shall reject the recommendation or certify the maximum recommended tax credit award, if any funds are available, to the applicant and to the executive director of the Department of Revenue; or to reject the request for the tax credit pursuant to paragraph (f).

- 2. The department may certify only up to 50 percent of the credits available in a fiscal year for "Application Cycle A" of the fiscal year. All remaining tax credits in the fiscal year may be certified in "Application Cycle B." The department may not certify tax credits in an amount greater than the allocation for a specified fiscal year, as determined under subsection (7).
- (e) Employment.—Upon certification by the department, the production must provide the department and the Division of Film and Entertainment with a single point of contact and information related to the production's needs for cast, crew, contractors, and vendors. The division shall publish this information online, including the type of production, the projected start date of the production, the locations in this state for such production, and the e-mail or other contact information for the production's point of contact. The department, in consultation with the

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division, may adopt procedures for a production to post such information itself within 7 days after certification.

(f) (e) Grounds for denial.—The department Office of Film and Entertainment shall deny an application if it determines that the application is not complete, or the production or application does not meet the requirements of this section, or the application is not ranked by the division. Within 90 days after submitting a program application, except with respect to applications in the independent and emerging media queue, a production must provide proof of project financing to the Office of Film and Entertainment, otherwise the project is deemed denied and withdrawn. A project that has been denied withdrawn may submit a new application in a subsequent application cycle upon providing the Office of Film and Entertainment proof of financing.

(g) (f) Verification of actual qualified expenditures.

- 1. The department, in consultation with the Division Office of Film and Entertainment, shall develop a process to verify the actual qualified expenditures of a certified production. The process must require:
- a. A certified production to submit, within 180 days in a timely manner after production ends in this state and after making all of its qualified expenditures in this state, data substantiating each qualified expenditure, including documentation of on the net expenditure on equipment and other tangible personal property by the qualified production and all production-related information on full- and part-time employment and wages paid to residents of this state, to an independent certified public accountant licensed in this state;

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- b. Such accountant to conduct a compliance audit, at the certified production's expense, to substantiate each qualified expenditure and submit the results as a report, along with the required substantiating data, to the department Office of Film and Entertainment; and
- c. The department Office of Film and Entertainment to review the accountant's submittal and verify report to the department the final verified amount of actual qualified expenditures made by the certified production.
- 2. The department shall also require a certified production to submit data substantiating aggregate nonqualified expenditures, including capital investment, in this state.
- 3.2. The department shall determine and approve the final tax credit award amount to each certified applicant based on the final verified amount of actual qualified expenditures and evidence that the qualified production met the requirements of this section. The department shall notify the executive director of the Department of Revenue in writing that the certified production has met the requirements of the incentive program and of the final amount of the tax credit award. The final tax credit award amount may not exceed the maximum tax credit award amount certified under paragraph (d).
- (h) (g) Promoting Florida.—The department Office of Film and Entertainment shall ensure that, as a condition of receiving a tax credit under this section, marketing materials promoting this state as a tourist destination or film and entertainment production destination are included, when appropriate, at no cost to the state, in the qualified production or as otherwise required by the department and the Division of Film and

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Entertainment. The Division of Film and Entertainment shall provide the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation with the contact information for each qualified production in order for the corporation to work with the qualified production to develop the marketing materials promoting this state. The marketing materials which must, at a minimum, include placement of the "Visit Florida" logo and a "Filmed in Florida" or "Produced in Florida" logo in the end credits. The placement of the "Visit Florida" logo and a "Filmed in Florida" or "Produced in Florida" logo on all packaging material and hard media is also required, unless such placement is prohibited by licensing or other contractual obligations. The sizes size and placements placement of such logos logo shall be commensurate to other logos used. If no logos are used, the statement "Filmed in Florida using Florida's Entertainment Industry Program Financial Incentive," or a similar statement approved by the Division Office of Film and Entertainment, shall be used. The Division Office of Film and Entertainment shall provide a logo and supply it for the purposes specified in this paragraph. A 30-second "Visit Florida" promotional video must also be included on all optical disc formats of a film, unless such placement is prohibited by licensing or other contractual obligations. The 30-second promotional video shall be approved and provided by the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation in consultation with the Division Commissioner of Film and Entertainment. The marketing materials must also include a link to the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation website or another website designated by the department on the certified applicant's website or the production's website for the entire

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term of the production. If the certified applicant cannot provide such link, it must provide a promotional opportunity of equal or greater value as approved by the department and the division.

- (4) TAX CREDIT ELIGIBILITY; TAX CREDIT AWARDS; QUEUES; ELECTION AND DISTRIBUTION; CARRYFORWARD; CONSOLIDATED RETURNS; PARTNERSHIP AND NONCORPORATE DISTRIBUTIONS; MERGERS AND ACOUISITIONS.-
- (a) Priority for tax credit award.-The priority of a qualified production for tax credit awards must be determined on a first-come, first-served basis within its appropriate queue. Each qualified production must be placed into the appropriate queue and is subject to the requirements of that queue.
- (b) Tax credit eligibility.—Each qualified production must be placed into the appropriate queue and is subject to the requirements of that queue.
- 1. General production queue.—Ninety-four percent of tax credits authorized pursuant to subsection (7) $\frac{(6)}{(6)}$ in any state fiscal year must be dedicated to the general production queue. The general production queue consists of all qualified productions other than those eligible for the commercial and music video queue or the independent and emerging media production queue. A qualified production that demonstrates a minimum of \$625,000 in qualified expenditures is eligible for tax credits equal to 20 percent of its actual qualified expenditures, up to a maximum of \$8 million. A qualified production that incurs qualified expenditures during multiple state fiscal years may combine those expenditures to satisfy the \$625,000 minimum threshold.

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a. An off-season certified production that is a feature film, independent film, or television series or pilot is eligible for an additional 5 percent tax credit on actual qualified expenditures. An off-season certified production that does not complete 75 percent of principal photography due to a disruption caused by a hurricane or tropical storm may not be disqualified from eligibility for the additional 5 percent credit as a result of the disruption.

b. If more than 45 percent of the sum of total tax credits initially certified and awarded after April 1, 2012, total tax credits initially certified after April 1, 2012, but not yet awarded, and total tax credits available for certification after April 1, 2012, but not yet certified has been awarded for highimpact television series, then no high-impact television series is eligible for tax credits under this subparagraph. Tax credits initially certified for a high-impact television series after April 1, 2012, may not be awarded if the award will cause the percentage threshold in this sub-subparagraph to be exceeded. This sub-subparagraph does not prohibit the award of tax credits certified before April 1, 2012, for high-impact television series.

c. Subject to sub-subparagraph b., First priority in the queue for tax credit awards not yet certified shall be given to high-impact television series and high-impact digital media projects. For the purposes of determining priority between a high-impact television series and a high-impact digital media project, the first position must go to the first application received. Thereafter, priority shall be determined by alternating between a high-impact television series and a high-

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impact digital media project on a first-come, first-served basis. However, if the Office of Film and Entertainment receives an application for a high-impact television series or highimpact digital media project that would be certified but for the alternating priority, the office may certify the project as being in the priority position if an application that would normally be the priority position is not received within 5 business days.

d. A qualified production for which at least 70 67 percent of its principal photography days occur within a county region designated as an underutilized county region at the time that the production is certified is eligible for an additional 5 percent tax credit.

b.e. A qualified production that employs students enrolled full-time in a film and entertainment-related or digital mediarelated course of study at an institution of higher education in this state, individuals participating in the Road-to-Independence Program under s. 409.1451, individuals with developmental disabilities as defined in s. 393.063 residing in this state, and veterans residing in this state, is eligible for an additional 15 percent tax credit on qualified expenditures that are wages, salaries, or other compensation paid to such students. The additional 15 percent tax credit is also applicable to persons hired within 12 months after graduating from a film and entertainment-related or digital media-related course of study at an institution of higher education in this state. The additional 15 percent tax credit applies to qualified expenditures that are wages, salaries, or other compensation paid to such recent graduates for 1 year after the date of



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- f. A qualified production for which 50 percent or more of its principal photography occurs at a qualified production facility, or a qualified digital media project or the digital animation component of a qualified production for which 50 percent or more of the project's or component's qualified expenditures are related to a qualified digital media production facility, is eligible for an additional 5 percent tax credit on actual qualified expenditures for production activity at that facility.
- c. A qualified production that completes a capital investment in this state of at least \$2 million for property improvements before the completion of the qualified production, is eligible for an additional 5 percent tax credit. The capital investment must be permanent and must be made after July 1, 2015, and the property must remain in this state after the production ends. A capital investment may be the basis of an application only once, unless the qualified production makes an additional \$2 million of substantial changes to the property.
- d. A qualified production determined by the department to be a family-friendly production, based on review of the script and review of the final release version, is eligible for an additional 5 percent tax credit. The department must consult with the Division of Film and Entertainment in making this determination.
- e.g. A qualified production is not eligible for tax credits provided under this paragraph totaling more than 25 30 percent of its actual qualified expenses.
 - 2. Commercial and music video queue. Three percent of tax

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credits authorized pursuant to subsection (7) $\frac{(6)}{(6)}$ in any state fiscal year must be dedicated to the commercial and music video queue. A qualified production company that produces national or regional commercials or music videos may be eligible for a tax credit award if it demonstrates a minimum of \$100,000 in qualified expenditures per national or regional commercial or music video and exceeds a combined threshold of \$500,000 after combining actual qualified expenditures from qualified commercials and music videos during a single state fiscal year. After a qualified production company that produces commercials, music videos, or both reaches the threshold of \$500,000, it is eligible to apply for certification for a tax credit award. The maximum credit award shall be equal to 20 percent of its actual qualified expenditures up to a maximum of \$500,000. If there is a surplus at the end of a fiscal year after the department Office of Film and Entertainment certifies and determines the tax credits for all qualified commercial and video projects, such surplus tax credits shall be carried forward to the following fiscal year and are available to any eligible qualified productions under the general production queue.

3. Independent and emerging media production queue.—Three percent of tax credits authorized pursuant to subsection (7) (6) in any state fiscal year must be dedicated to the independent and emerging media production queue. This queue is intended to encourage independent film and emerging media production in this state. Any qualified production, excluding commercials, infomercials, or music videos, which demonstrates at least \$100,000, but not more than \$625,000, in total qualified expenditures is eligible for tax credits equal to 20 percent of

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its actual qualified expenditures. If a surplus exists at the end of a fiscal year after the department Office of Film and Entertainment certifies and determines the tax credits for all qualified independent and emerging media production projects, such surplus tax credits shall be carried forward to the following fiscal year and are available to any eligible qualified productions under the general production queue.

4. Family-friendly productions.—A certified theatrical or direct-to-video motion picture production or video game determined by the Commissioner of Film and Entertainment, with the advice of the Florida Film and Entertainment Advisory Council, to be family-friendly, based on review of the script and review of the final release version, is eligible for an additional tax credit equal to 5 percent of its actual qualified expenditures. Family-friendly productions are those that have cross-generational appeal; would be considered suitable for viewing by children age 5 or older; are appropriate in theme, content, and language for a broad family audience; embody a responsible resolution of issues; and do not exhibit or imply any act of smoking, sex, nudity, or vulgar or profane language.

(b) (c) Withdrawal of certification tax credit eligibility.-The department shall withdraw the certification of a qualified or certified production if the must continue on a reasonable schedule or timely completion of the certified production is delayed, including a break in production, a change in the production schedule, or the loss of financing for the production. A certified production must notify the department within 5 days after any circumstance that delays the reasonable schedule or timely completion. The certification of a certified

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production may not be withdrawn if the production provides the department with proof of replacement financing within 10 days after the loss of financing for the production. To keep a reasonable schedule, the certified production must begin which includes beginning principal photography or the production project in this state within no more than 45 calendar days before or after the principal photography or project start date provided in the production's program application. The department shall withdraw the eligibility of a qualified or certified production that does not continue on a reasonable schedule.

(c) (d) Election and distribution of tax credits.-

- 1. A certified production company receiving a tax credit award under this section shall, at the time the credit is awarded by the department after production is completed and all requirements to receive a credit award have been met, make an irrevocable election to apply the credit against taxes due under chapter 220, against state taxes collected or accrued under chapter 212, or against a stated combination of the two taxes. The election is binding upon any distributee, successor, transferee, or purchaser. The department shall notify the Department of Revenue of any election made pursuant to this paragraph.
- 2. A qualified production company is eligible for tax credits against its sales and use tax liabilities and corporate income tax liabilities as provided in this section. However, tax credits awarded under this section may not be claimed against sales and use tax liabilities or corporate income tax liabilities for any tax period beginning before July 1, 2011, regardless of when the credits are applied for or awarded.

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(d) (e) Tax credit carryforward.—If the certified production company cannot use the entire tax credit in the taxable year or reporting period in which the credit is awarded, any excess amount may be carried forward to a succeeding taxable year or reporting period. A tax credit applied against taxes imposed under chapter 212 may be carried forward for a maximum of 5 years after the date the credit is awarded. A tax credit applied against taxes imposed under chapter 220 may be carried forward for a maximum of 5 taxable years after the taxable year in which date the credit is awarded. An unused remaining tax credit expires after this period, after which the credit expires and may not be used.

(e) (f) Consolidated returns.—A certified production company that files a Florida consolidated return as a member of an affiliated group under s. 220.131(1) may be allowed the credit on a consolidated return basis up to the amount of the tax imposed upon the consolidated group under chapter 220.

(f) (g) Partnership and noncorporate distributions.—A qualified production company that is not a corporation as defined in s. 220.03 may elect to distribute tax credits awarded under this section to its partners or members in proportion to their respective distributive income or loss in the taxable year in which the tax credits were awarded.

(g) (h) Mergers or acquisitions.—Tax credits available under this section to a certified production company may succeed to a surviving or acquiring entity subject to the same conditions and limitations as described in this section; however, they may not be transferred again by the surviving or acquiring entity.

(5) TRANSFER OF TAX CREDITS.-

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- (a) Authorization. Upon application to the Office of Film and Entertainment and approval by the department, a certified production company, or a partner or member that has received a distribution under paragraph (4)(f) $\frac{(4)(g)}{(g)}$, may elect to transfer, in whole or in part, any unused credit amount granted under this section. An election to transfer any unused tax credit amount under chapter 212 or chapter 220 must be made no later than 5 years after the date the credit is awarded, after which period the credit expires and may not be used. The department shall notify the Department of Revenue of the election and transfer.
- (b) Number of transfers permitted.—A certified production company that elects to apply a credit amount against taxes remitted under chapter 212 is permitted a one-time transfer of unused credits to one transferee. A certified production company that elects to apply a credit amount against taxes due under chapter 220 is permitted a one-time transfer of unused credits to no more than four transferees, and such transfers must occur in the same taxable year.
- (c) Transferee rights and limitations.—The transferee is subject to the same rights and limitations as the certified production company awarded the tax credit, except that the initial transferee shall be permitted a one-time transfer of unused credits to no more than two subsequent transferees, and such transfers must occur in the same taxable year as the credits were received by the initial transferee, after which the subsequent transferees may not sell or otherwise transfer the tax credit.
 - (6) RELINQUISHMENT OF TAX CREDITS.—

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- (a) Beginning July 1, 2011, a certified production company, or any person who has acquired a tax credit from a certified production company pursuant to subsections (4) and (5), may elect to relinquish the tax credit to the Department of Revenue in exchange for 90 percent of the amount of the relinquished tax credit.
- (b) The Department of Revenue may approve payments to persons relinquishing tax credits pursuant to this subsection.
- (c) Subject to legislative appropriation, the Department of Revenue shall request the Chief Financial Officer to issue warrants to persons relinquishing tax credits. Payments under this subsection shall be made from the funds from which the proceeds from the taxes against which the tax credits could have been applied pursuant to the irrevocable election made by the certified production company under subsection (4) are deposited.
 - (7) ANNUAL ALLOCATION OF TAX CREDITS.-
- (a) The aggregate amount of the tax credits that may be certified pursuant to paragraph (3)(d) may not exceed:
 - 1. For fiscal year 2010-2011, \$53.5 million.
 - 2. For fiscal year 2011-2012, \$74.5 million.
- 3. For fiscal years 2012-2013, 2013-2014, 2014-2015, and 2015-2016, \$42 million per fiscal year.
- (b) Any portion of the maximum amount of tax credits established per fiscal year in paragraph (a) that is not certified as of the end of a fiscal year shall be carried forward and made available for certification during the following 2 fiscal years in addition to the amounts available for certification under paragraph (a) for those fiscal years.
 - (c) Upon approval of the final tax credit award amount

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pursuant to subparagraph (3)(g)3. $\frac{(3)(f)2.}{}$, an amount equal to the difference between the maximum tax credit award amount previously certified under paragraph (3)(d) and the approved final tax credit award amount shall immediately be available for recertification during the current and following fiscal years in addition to the amounts available for certification under paragraph (a) for those fiscal years.

- (d) Tax credit award amounts available for certification on and after July 1, 2015, may not be certified before the fiscal year in which they will become available as specified in paragraph (a). Additionally, for amounts available for certification on and after July 1, 2015, one-half of the amount available in the fiscal year shall be available for certification in "Application Cycle A", and the remaining amount available in the fiscal year shall be available for certification in "Application Cycle B." If, during a fiscal year, the total amount of credits applied for, pursuant to paragraph (3) (a), exceeds the amount of credits available for certification in that fiscal year, such excess shall be treated as having been applied for on the first day of the next fiscal year in which credits remain available for certification.
- (8) LIMITATION WITH OTHER PROGRAMS. A qualified production that is certified for tax credits under this section may not simultaneously receive benefits under ss. 288.1256 and 288.1258 for the same production.
 - (9) (8) RULES, POLICIES, AND PROCEDURES.
- (a) The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 and develop policies and procedures to implement and administer this section, including, but not

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limited to, rules specifying requirements for the application and approval process, records required for substantiation for tax credits, procedures for making the election in paragraph (4)(c) (4)(d), the manner and form of documentation required to claim tax credits awarded or transferred under this section, and marketing requirements for tax credit recipients.

- (b) The Department of Revenue may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section, including rules governing the examination and audit procedures required to administer this section and the manner and form of documentation required to claim tax credits awarded, transferred, or relinquished under this section.
- (10) (9) AUDIT AUTHORITY; REVOCATION AND FORFEITURE OF TAX CREDITS; FRAUDULENT CLAIMS.-
- (a) Audit authority.—The Department of Revenue may conduct examinations and audits as provided in s. 213.34 to verify that tax credits under this section are received, transferred, and applied according to the requirements of this section. If the Department of Revenue determines that tax credits are not received, transferred, or applied as required by this section, it may, in addition to the remedies provided in this subsection, pursue recovery of such funds pursuant to the laws and rules governing the assessment of taxes.
- (b) Revocation of tax credits. The department may revoke or modify any written decision qualifying, certifying, or otherwise granting eligibility for tax credits under this section if it is discovered that the tax credit applicant submitted any false statement, representation, or certification in any application, record, report, plan, or other document filed in an attempt to

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receive tax credits under this section. The department shall immediately notify the Department of Revenue of any revoked or modified orders affecting previously granted tax credits. Additionally, the applicant must notify the Department of Revenue of any change in its tax credit claimed.

- (c) Forfeiture of tax credits.-A determination by the Department of Revenue, as a result of an audit pursuant to paragraph (a) or from information received from the department or the Division Office of Film and Entertainment, that an applicant received tax credits pursuant to this section to which the applicant was not entitled is grounds for forfeiture of previously claimed and received tax credits. The applicant is responsible for returning forfeited tax credits to the Department of Revenue, and such funds shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the state. Tax credits purchased in good faith are not subject to forfeiture unless the transferee submitted fraudulent information in the purchase or failed to meet the requirements in subsection (5).
- (d) Fraudulent claims.—Any applicant that submits fraudulent information under this section is liable for reimbursement of the reasonable costs and fees associated with the review, processing, investigation, and prosecution of the fraudulent claim. An applicant that obtains a credit payment under this section through a claim that is fraudulent is liable for reimbursement of the credit amount plus a penalty in an amount double the credit amount. The penalty is in addition to any criminal penalty to which the applicant is liable for the same acts. The applicant is also liable for costs and fees incurred by the state in investigating and prosecuting the



1200 fraudulent claim.

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(11) (10) ANNUAL REPORT.—Each November 1, the department Office of Film and Entertainment shall submit an annual report for the previous fiscal year to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives which outlines the incentive program's return on investment and economic benefits to the state. The report must also include an estimate of the full-time equivalent positions created by each production that received tax credits under this section and information relating to the distribution of productions receiving credits by geographic region and type of production. The report must also include the expenditures report required under s. 288.915, s. 288.1253(3) and the information describing the relationship between tax exemptions and incentives to industry growth required under s. 288.1258(5), and program performance information under s. 288.1256. The department may work with the Division of Film and Entertainment to develop the annual report.

(12) (11) REPEAL.—This section is repealed July 1, 2021 2016, except that:

- (a) Tax credits certified under paragraph (3)(d) before July 1, 2021 $\frac{2016}{1}$, may be awarded under paragraph (3)(g) $\frac{(3)(f)}{1}$ on or after July 1, 2021 2016, if the other requirements of this section are met.
- (b) Tax credits carried forward under paragraph (4)(d) (4) (e) remain valid for the period specified.
- (c) Subsections (5), (9), $\frac{(8)}{(9)}$ and (10) $\frac{(9)}{(9)}$ shall remain in effect until July 1, 2026 July 1, 2021.
 - Section 6. Beginning July 1, 2015, if an application is on



1229 file with the Department of Economic Opportunity to receive a tax credit through the entertainment industry program under s. 1230 288.1254, Florida Statutes, and the application has not been 1231 certified for a tax credit award under current s. 288.1254(3)(d) 1232 1233 by the department, the application is deemed denied. 1234 Section 7. Section 288.1256, Florida Statutes, is created 1235 to read: 1236 288.1256 Entertainment action fund.-(1) The entertainment action fund is created within the 1237 1238 department in order to respond to extraordinary opportunities 1239 and to compete effectively with other states to attract and 1240 retain production companies and to provide favorable conditions 1241 for the growth of the entertainment industry in this state. 1242 (2) As used in this section, the term: 1243 (a) "Division" means the Division of Film and Entertainment 1244 within Enterprise Florida, Inc. (b) "Principal photography" means the filming of major or 1245 1246 significant components of the project which involve lead actors. 1247 (c) "Production" means a theatrical, direct-to-video, or 1248 direct-to-Internet motion picture; a made-for-television motion 1249 picture; visual effects or digital animation sequences produced 1250 in conjunction with a motion picture; a commercial; a music 1251 video; an industrial or educational film; an infomercial; a 1252 documentary film; a television pilot program; a presentation for 1253 a television pilot program; a television series, including, but not limited to, a drama, a reality show, a comedy, a soap opera, 1254 1255 a telenovela, a game show, an awards show, or a miniseries

production; a direct-to-Internet television series; or a digital

media project by the entertainment industry. One season of a

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television series is considered one production. The term does not include a weather or market program; a sporting event or a sporting event broadcast; a gala; a production that solicits funds; a home shopping program; a political program; a political documentary; political advertising; a gambling-related project or production; a concert production; a local, regional, or Internet-distributed-only news show or current-events show; a sports news or sports recap show; a pornographic production; or any production deemed obscene under chapter 847. A production may be produced on or by film, tape, or otherwise by means of a motion picture camera; electronic camera or device; tape device; computer; any combination of the foregoing; or any other means, method, or device.

- (d) "Production company" means a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or other legal entity engaged in one or more productions in this state.
- (e) "Production expenditures" means the costs of tangible and intangible property used for, and services performed primarily and customarily in, production, including preproduction and postproduction, but excluding costs for development, marketing, and distribution. The term includes, but is not limited to:
- 1. Wages, salaries, or other compensation paid to legal residents of this state, including amounts paid through payroll service companies, for technical and production crews, directors, producers, and performers.
- 2. Net expenditures for sound stages, backlots, production editing, digital effects, sound recordings, sets, and set construction.

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- 1287 3. Net expenditures for rental equipment, including, but 1288 not limited to, cameras and grip or electrical equipment.
 - 4. Up to \$300,000 of the costs of newly purchased computer software and hardware unique to the project, including servers, data processing, and visualization technologies, which are located in and used exclusively in this state for the production of digital media.
 - 5. Expenditures for meals, travel, and accommodations. As used in this paragraph, the term "net expenditures" means the actual amount of money a project spent for equipment or other tangible personal property, after subtracting any consideration received for reselling or transferring the item after the production ends, if applicable.
 - (f) "Project" means a production in this state meeting the requirements of this section. The term does not include a production:
 - 1. In which less than 70 percent of the positions that make up its production cast and below-the-line production crew are filled by legal residents of this state, whose residency is demonstrated by a valid Florida driver license or other stateissued identification confirming residency, or students enrolled full-time in an entertainment-related course of study at an institution of higher education in this state; or
 - 2. That contains obscene content as defined in s. 847.001(10).
 - (g) "Qualified expenditures" means production expenditures incurred in this state by a production company for:
 - 1. Goods purchased or leased from, or services, including, but not limited to, insurance costs and bonding, payroll



1316 services, and legal fees, which are provided by a vendor or 1317 supplier in this state that is registered with the Department of State or the Department of Revenue, has a physical location in 1318 1319 this state, and employs one or more legal residents of this 1320 state. This does not include rebilled goods or services provided 1321 by an in-state company from out-of-state vendors or suppliers. 1322 When services provided by the vendor or supplier include 1323 personal services or labor, only personal services or labor provided by residents of this state, evidenced by the required 1324 1325 documentation of residency in this state, qualify. 1326 2. Payments to legal residents of this state in the form of 1327 salary, wages, or other compensation up to a maximum of \$400,000 1328 per resident unless otherwise specified in subsection (4). A 1329 completed declaration of residency in this state must accompany 1330 the documentation submitted to the department for reimbursement. 1331 For a project involving an event, such as an awards show, the 1332 1333 term does not include expenditures solely associated with the 1334 event itself and not directly required by the production. The 1335 term does not include expenditures incurred before the agreement 1336 is signed. The production company may not include in the 1337 calculation for qualified expenditures the original purchase 1338 price for equipment or other tangible property that is later 1339 sold or transferred by the production company for consideration. 1340 In such cases, the qualified expenditure is the net of the 1341 original purchase price minus the consideration received upon 1342 sale or transfer. (h) "Underutilized county" means a county in which less 1343

than \$500,000 in qualified expenditures were made in the last 2



fiscal years.

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- (3) A production company may apply for funds from the entertainment industry quick action fund for a production or successive seasons of a production. The department and the division shall jointly review and evaluate applications to determine the eligibility of each project consistent with the requirements of this section. The department shall select projects that maximize the return to the state.
- (4) The department and the division, in their review and evaluation of applications, must consider the following criteria, with priority given in descending order, with the highest priority given to paragraph (a):
- (a) The number of state residents that will be employed in full-time equivalent and part-time positions related to the project and the duration of such employment and the average wages paid to such residents. Preference shall be given to a project that expects to pay higher than the statewide average wage.
- (b) The amount of qualified and nonqualifed expenditures that will be made in this state.
- (c) Planned or executed contracts with production facilities or soundstages in this state and the percentage of principal photography or production activity that will occur at each location.
- (d) Planned preproduction and postproduction to occur in this state.
- (e) The amount of capital investment, especially fixed capital investment, to be made directly by the production company in this state related to the project and the amount of



1374 any other capital investment to be made in this state related to 1375 the project. (f) The duration of the project in this state. 1376 1377 (q) The amount and duration of principal photography or 1378 production activity that will occur in an underutilized county. 1379 (h) The amount of promotion of Florida that the production company will provide for the state. This includes marketing 1380 1381 materials promoting this state as a tourist destination or a 1382 film and entertainment production destination; placement of 1383 state agency logos in the production and credits; permitted use 1384 of production assets, characters, and themes by this state; 1385 promotional videos for this state included on optical disc 1386 formats; and other marketing integration. 1387 (i) The employment of students enrolled full-time in an 1388 entertainment-related course of study at an institution of 1389 higher education in this state or of graduates from such an 1390 institution within 12 months after graduation. (j) Plans to work with entertainment industry-related 1391 1392 courses of study at an institution of higher education in this 1393 state. 1394 (k) The local support and any financial commitment for the 1395 project. (1) The project is about this state or shows this state in 1396 1397 a positive light. 1398 (m) A review of the production company's past activities in

production company has made in this state, and the production

(n) The length of time the production company has made

productions in this state, the number of productions the

this state or other states.

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1403 company's overall commitment to this state. This includes a 1404 production company that is based in this state. 1405 (o) Expected contributions to this state's economy, 1406 consistent with the state strategic economic development plan 1407 prepared by the department. 1408 (p) The expected effect of the award on the viability of 1409 the project and the probability that the project would be 1410 undertaken in this state if funds are granted to the production 1411 company. 1412 (5) A production company must have financing in place for a 1413 project before it applies for funds under this section. 1414 (6) The department shall prescribe a form upon which an 1415 application must be made. At a minimum, the application must 1416 include: 1417 (a) The applicant's federal employer identification number, 1418 reemployment assistance account number, and state sales tax registration number, as applicable. If such numbers are not 1419 1420 available at the time of application, they must be submitted to 1421 the department in writing before the disbursement of any 1422 payments. 1423 (b) The signature of the applicant. (c) A detailed budget of planned qualified and nonqualified 1424 1425 expenditures in this state. 1426 (d) The type and amount of capital investment that will be 1427 made in this state. 1428 (e) The locations in this state at which the project will 1429 occur. 1430 (f) The anticipated commencement date and duration of the

project.



- 1432 (g) The proposed number of state residents and nonstate 1433 residents that will be employed in full-time equivalent and 1434 part-time positions related to the project and wages paid to 1435 such persons. 1436 (h) The total number of full-time equivalent employees 1437 employed by the production company in this state, if applicable. 1438 (i) Proof of financing for the project. 1439 (j) The amount of promotion of Florida that the production 1440 company will provide for the state. 1441 (k) An attestation verifying that the information provided 1442 on the application is true and accurate. 1443 (1) Any additional information requested by the department 1444 or division. 1445 (7) The department must make a recommendation to the 1446 Governor to approve or deny an award within 7 days after 1447 completion of the review and evaluation. An award of funds may 1448 not constitute more than 30 percent of qualified expenditures in 1449 this state and may not fund wages paid to nonresidents. A production must start within 1 year after the date the project 1450 1451 is approved by the Governor. The recommendation must include the 1452 performance conditions that the project must meet to obtain 1453 funds. 1454 (a) The Governor may approve projects without consulting the Legislature for projects requiring less than \$2 million in 1455 1456 funding. 1457
 - (b) For projects requiring funding in the amount of \$2 million to \$5 million, the Governor shall provide a written description and evaluation of a project recommended for approval to the chair and vice chair of the Legislative Budget Commission

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at least 10 days before giving final approval for the project. The recommendation must include the performance conditions that the project must meet in order to obtain funds.

- (c) If the chair or vice chair of the Legislative Budget Commission or the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives timely advises the Executive Office of the Governor, in writing, that such action or proposed action exceeds the delegated authority of the Executive Office of the Governor or is contrary to legislative policy or intent, the Executive Office of the Governor shall void the release of funds and instruct the department to immediately change such action or proposed action until the Legislative Budget Commission or the Legislature addresses the issue.
- (d) Any project exceeding \$5 million must be approved by the Legislative Budget Commission before the funding is released.
- (8) Upon the approval of the Governor, the department and the production company shall enter into an agreement that specifies, at a minimum:
- (a) The total amount of funds awarded and the schedule of payment.
- (b) The performance conditions for payment of moneys from the fund, including full- and part-time employment in this state; wages paid in this state; capital investment in this state, including fixed capital investment; marketing and promotion in this state; the date by which production must start and the duration of production; and the amount of qualified expenditures in this state.
 - (c) The methodology for validating performance and the date

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by which the production company must submit proof of performance 1490 1491 to the department. (d) That the department may review and verify any records 1492 1493 of the production company to ascertain whether that company is 1494 in compliance with this section and the agreement.

- (e) Sanctions for failure to meet performance conditions.
- (f) That payment of moneys from the fund is contingent upon sufficient appropriation of funds by the Legislature.
- (9) The agreement must be finalized and signed by an authorized officer of the production company within 90 days after the Governor's approval. A production company that is approved under this section may not simultaneously receive benefits under ss. 288.1254 and 288.1258 for the same production.
- (10) The department shall validate contractor performance and report such validation in the annual report required under s. 288.1254.
- (11) Contingent upon an annual appropriation by the Legislature, the department may not approve awards in excess of the amount appropriated for a fiscal year. The department must maintain a schedule of funds to be paid from the appropriation for the fiscal year that begins on July 1. For the first 6 months of each fiscal year, the department shall set aside 50 percent of the amount appropriated for the fund by the Legislature. At the end of the 6-month period, these funds may be used to provide funding for any project that qualifies under this section.
- (12) A production company that submits fraudulent information under this section is liable for reimbursement of

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the reasonable costs and fees associated with the review, processing, investigation, and prosecution of the fraudulent claim. A production company that receives a payment under this section through a claim that is fraudulent is liable for reimbursement of the payment amount, plus a penalty in an amount double the payment amount. The penalty is in addition to any criminal penalty for which the production company is liable for the same acts. The production company is also liable for costs and fees incurred by the state in investigating and prosecuting the fraudulent claim.

- (13) The department may not waive any provision or provide an extension of time to meet any requirement of this section.
- (14) This section expires on July 1, 2025. An agreement in existence on that date shall continue in effect in accordance with its terms.

Section 8. Section 288.1258, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.1258 Entertainment industry qualified production companies; application procedure; categories; duties of the Department of Revenue; records and reports.-

- (1) PRODUCTION COMPANIES AUTHORIZED TO APPLY.-
- (a) Any production company engaged in this state in the production of motion pictures, made-for-TV motion pictures, television series, commercial advertising, music videos, or sound recordings may submit an application to the Department of Revenue to be approved by the Department of Economic Opportunity Office of Film and Entertainment as a qualified production company for the purpose of receiving a sales and use tax certificate of exemption from the Department of Revenue to

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exempt purchases on or after the date a complete application is filed with the Department of Revenue for exemptions under ss. 212.031, 212.06, and 212.08.

- (b) As used in For the purposes of this section, the term "qualified production company" means any production company that has submitted a properly completed application to the Department of Revenue and that is subsequently qualified by the Department of Economic Opportunity Office of Film and Entertainment.
 - (2) APPLICATION PROCEDURE.
- (a) The Department of Revenue shall will review all submitted applications for the required information. Within 10 working days after the receipt of a properly completed application, the Department of Revenue shall will forward the completed application to the Department of Economic Opportunity Office of Film and Entertainment for approval.
- (b) 1. The Department of Economic Opportunity Office of Film and Entertainment shall establish a process by which an entertainment industry production company may be approved by the department office as a qualified production company and may receive a certificate of exemption from the Department of Revenue for the sales and use tax exemptions under ss. 212.031, 212.06, and 212.08. A production company that is approved under this section may not simultaneously receive benefits under ss. 288.1254 and 288.1256 for the same production.
- 2. Upon determination by the department Office of Film and Entertainment that a production company meets the established approval criteria and qualifies for exemption, the department Office of Film and Entertainment shall return the approved application or application renewal or extension to the

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Department of Revenue, which shall issue a certificate of exemption.

- 3. The department Office of Film and Entertainment shall deny an application or application for renewal or extension from a production company if it determines that the production company does not meet the established approval criteria.
- (c) The department Office of Film and Entertainment shall develop, with the cooperation of the Department of Revenue, the Division of Film and Entertainment within Enterprise Florida, Inc., and local government entertainment industry promotion agencies, a standardized application form for use in approving qualified production companies.
- 1. The application form shall include, but not be limited to, production-related information on employment, proposed budgets, planned purchases of items exempted from sales and use taxes under ss. 212.031, 212.06, and 212.08, a signed affirmation from the applicant that any items purchased for which the applicant is seeking a tax exemption are intended for use exclusively as an integral part of entertainment industry preproduction, production, or postproduction activities engaged in primarily in this state, and a signed affirmation from the department Office of Film and Entertainment that the information on the application form has been verified and is correct. In lieu of information on projected employment, proposed budgets, or planned purchases of exempted items, a production company seeking a 1-year certificate of exemption may submit summary historical data on employment, production budgets, and purchases of exempted items related to production activities in this state. Any information gathered from production companies for

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the purposes of this section shall be considered confidential taxpayer information and shall be disclosed only as provided in s. 213.053.

- 2. The application form may be distributed to applicants by the department, the Division Office of Film and Entertainment, or local film commissions.
- (d) All applications, renewals, and extensions for designation as a qualified production company shall be processed by the department Office of Film and Entertainment.
- (e) If In the event that the Department of Revenue determines that a production company no longer qualifies for a certificate of exemption, or has used a certificate of exemption for purposes other than those authorized by this section and chapter 212, the Department of Revenue shall revoke the certificate of exemption of that production company, and any sales or use taxes exempted on items purchased or leased by the production company during the time such company did not qualify for a certificate of exemption or improperly used a certificate of exemption shall become immediately due to the Department of Revenue, along with interest and penalty as provided by s. 212.12. In addition to the other penalties imposed by law, any person who knowingly and willfully falsifies an application, or uses a certificate of exemption for purposes other than those authorized by this section and chapter 212, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in ss. 775.082, 775.083, and 775.084.
 - (3) CATEGORIES.-
- (a) 1. A production company may be qualified for designation as a qualified production company for a period of 1 year if the

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company has operated a business in Florida at a permanent address for a period of 12 consecutive months. Such a qualified production company shall receive a single 1-year certificate of exemption from the Department of Revenue for the sales and use tax exemptions under ss. 212.031, 212.06, and 212.08, which certificate shall expire 1 year after issuance or upon the cessation of business operations in the state, at which time the certificate shall be surrendered to the Department of Revenue.

- 2. The Office of Film and Entertainment shall develop a method by which A qualified production company may submit a new application for annually renew a 1-year certificate of exemption upon the expiration of that company's certificate of exemption; however, upon approval of the department, such qualified production company may annually renew the 1-year certificate of exemption for a period of up to 5 years without submitting requiring the production company to resubmit a new application during that 5-year period.
- 3. Each year, or upon surrender of the certificate of exemption to the Department of Revenue, the Any qualified production company shall may submit to the department aggregate data for production-related information on employment, expenditures in this state, capital investment, and purchases of items exempted from sales and use taxes under ss. 212.031, 212.06, and 212.08 for inclusion in the annual report required under subsection (5) a new application for a 1-year certificate of exemption upon the expiration of that company's certificate of exemption.
- (b) 1. A production company may be qualified for designation as a qualified production company for a period of 90 days. Such

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production company shall receive a single 90-day certificate of exemption from the Department of Revenue for the sales and use tax exemptions under ss. 212.031, 212.06, and 212.08, which certificate shall expire 90 days after issuance or upon the cessation of business operations in the state, at which time, with extensions contingent upon approval of the Office of Film and Entertainment. the certificate shall be surrendered to the Department of Revenue upon its expiration.

- 2. A qualified production company may submit a new application for a 90-day certificate of exemption each quarter upon the expiration of that company's certificate of exemption; however, upon approval of the department, such qualified production company may renew the 90-day certificate of exemption for a period of up to 1 year without submitting a new application during that 1-year period.
- 3.2. Each 90 days, or upon surrender of the certificate of exemption to the Department of Revenue, the qualified Any production company shall may submit to the department aggregate data for production-related information on employment, expenditures in this state, capital investment, and purchases of items exempted from sales and use taxes under ss. 212.031, 212.06, and 212.08 for inclusion in the annual report required under subsection (5) a new application for a 90-day certificate of exemption upon the expiration of that company's certificate of exemption.
 - (4) DUTIES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE.
- (a) The Department of Revenue shall review the initial application and notify the applicant of any omissions and request additional information if needed. An application shall

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be complete upon receipt of all requested information. The Department of Revenue shall forward all complete applications to the department Office of Film and Entertainment within 10 working days.

- (b) The Department of Revenue shall issue a numbered certificate of exemption to a qualified production company within 5 working days of the receipt of an approved application, application renewal, or application extension from the department Office of Film and Entertainment.
- (c) The Department of Revenue may adopt promulgate such rules and shall prescribe and publish such forms as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this section or any of the sales tax exemptions which are reasonably related to the provisions of this section.
- (d) The Department of Revenue is authorized to establish audit procedures in accordance with the provisions of ss. 212.12, 212.13, and 213.34 which relate to the sales tax exemption provisions of this section.
- (5) RELATIONSHIP OF TAX EXEMPTIONS AND INCENTIVES TO INDUSTRY GROWTH; REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE.—The department Office of Film and Entertainment shall keep annual records from the information provided on taxpayer applications for tax exemption certificates and regularly reported as required in this section beginning January 1, 2001. These records also must reflect a ratio of the annual amount of sales and use tax exemptions under this section, plus the tax credits incentives awarded pursuant to s. 288.1254 to the estimated amount of funds expended by certified productions. In addition, the department office shall maintain data showing annual growth in Florida-

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based entertainment industry companies and entertainment industry employment and wages. The employment information must include an estimate of the full-time equivalent positions created by each production that received tax credits pursuant to s. 288.1254. The department Office of Film and Entertainment shall include this information in the annual report for the entertainment industry financial incentive program required under s. 288.1254 + (10).

Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 288.92, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.92 Divisions of Enterprise Florida, Inc.-

- (1) Enterprise Florida, Inc., may create and dissolve divisions as necessary to carry out its mission. Each division shall have distinct responsibilities and complementary missions. At a minimum, Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall have divisions related to the following areas:
 - (a) International Trade and Business Development;
 - (b) Business Retention and Recruitment;
 - (c) Tourism Marketing;
 - (d) Minority Business Development; and
 - (e) Sports Industry Development; and
 - (f) Film and Entertainment.

Section 10. Subsection (5) of section 477.0135, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

477.0135 Exemptions.-

(5) A license is not required of any individual providing makeup, special effects, or cosmetology services to an actor, stunt person, musician, extra, or other talent during a production recognized by the Department of Economic Opportunity

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Office of Film and Entertainment as a qualified production as defined in s. 288.1254(1). Such services are not required to be performed in a licensed salon. Individuals exempt under this subsection may not provide such services to the general public.

Section 11. Paragraph (q) of subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions. - The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

- (5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE.-
- (q) Entertainment industry tax credit; authorization; eligibility for credits.—The credits against the state sales tax authorized pursuant to s. 288.1254 shall be deducted from any sales and use tax remitted by the dealer to the department by electronic funds transfer and may only be deducted on a sales and use tax return initiated through electronic data interchange. The dealer shall separately state the credit on the electronic return. The net amount of tax due and payable must be remitted by electronic funds transfer. If the credit for the qualified expenditures is larger than the amount owed on the sales and use tax return that is eligible for the credit, the unused amount of the credit may be carried forward to a succeeding reporting period as provided in s. 288.1254(4)(d) 288.1254(4)(e). A dealer may only obtain a credit using the method described in this subparagraph. A dealer is not authorized to obtain a credit by applying for a refund.



1780 Section 12. Subsection (3) of section 220.1899, Florida 1781 Statutes, is amended to read:

220.1899 Entertainment industry tax credit.-

(3) To the extent that the amount of a tax credit exceeds the amount due on a return, the balance of the credit may be carried forward to a succeeding taxable year pursuant to s. 288.1254(4)(d) 288.1254(4)(e).

Section 13. This act shall take effect October 1, 2015.

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======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ====== And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the entertainment industry; amending s. 288.125, F.S.; revising the applicability of the term "entertainment industry"; transferring, renumbering, and amending s. 288.1251, F.S.; renaming the Office of Film and Entertainment within the Department of Economic Opportunity as the Division of Film and Entertainment within Enterprise Florida, Inc.; requiring the division to serve as a liaison between the entertainment industry and other agencies, commissions, and organizations; requiring the Governor to appoint the film and entertainment commissioner; revising the requirements of the division's strategic plan; transferring, renumbering, and amending s. 288.1252, F.S.; revising the powers and duties of the Florida Film and Entertainment Advisory Council;

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revising council membership; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; transferring, renumbering, and amending s. 288.1253, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; prohibiting the division and its employees and representatives from accepting specified accommodations, goods, or services from specified parties; providing that any person who accepts any such good or services is subject to specified penalties; amending s. 288.1254, F.S.; redefining and revising terms; requiring the department and the division, rather than the Office of Film and Entertainment, to be responsible for applications for the entertainment industry program; revising provisions relating to the application process, tax credit eligibility, transfer of tax credits, election and distribution of tax credits, allocation of tax credits, forfeiture of tax credits, and annual report; extending the repeal date; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; specifying a date on which the applications on file with the department and not yet certified are deemed denied; creating s. 288.1256, F.S.; creating the entertainment industry quick action fund within the department; defining terms; authorizing a production company to apply for funds from the entertainment industry quick action fund in certain circumstances; requiring the department and the division to jointly review and evaluate applications to determine the eligibility of each project; requiring the department

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to select projects that maximize the return to the state; requiring certain criteria to be considered by the department and the division; requiring a production company to have financing for a project before it applies for quick action funds; requiring the department to prescribe a form for an application with specified information; requiring that the department make a recommendation to the Governor to approve or deny an award within a specified timeframe after the completion of the review and evaluation; providing that an award of funds may not constitute more than a specified percentage of qualified expenditures in this state and prohibiting the use of such funds to pay wages to nonresidents; requiring a production to start within a specified period after it is approved by the Governor; requiring that the recommendation include performance conditions that the project must meet to obtain funds; requiring the department and the production company to enter into a specified agreement after approval by the Governor; requiring that the agreement be finalized and signed by an authorized officer of the production company within a specified period after approval by the Governor; prohibiting an approved production company from simultaneously receiving specified benefits for the same production; requiring that the department validate contractor performance and report such validation in the annual report; prohibiting the department from approving awards in excess of the

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amount appropriated for a fiscal year; requiring the department to maintain a schedule of funds; providing that a production company that submits fraudulent information is liable for reimbursement of specified costs; providing a penalty; prohibiting the department from waiving any provision or providing an extension of time to meet specified requirements; providing an expiration date; amending s. 288.1258, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; prohibiting an approved production company from simultaneously receiving benefits under specified provisions for the same production; requiring the department to develop a standardized application form in cooperation with the division and other agencies; requiring the qualified production company to submit aggregate data on specified topics; authorizing a qualified production company to renew its certificate of exemption for a specified period; amending s. 288.92, F.S.; requiring Enterprise Florida, Inc., to have a division relating to film and entertainment; amending s. 477.0135, F.S.; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending ss. 212.08, and 220.1899, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing an effective date.