1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to alcoholic beverages; amending s. 3 402.82, F.S.; conforming provisions; prohibiting 4 electronic benefits transfer cards from being used or 5 accepted to purchase an alcoholic beverage; amending 6 s. 561.221, F.S.; providing requirements for a 7 licensed manufacturer of malt beverages to sell such 8 beverages directly to consumers; providing operation 9 requirements for a taproom; prohibiting a manufacturer 10 from holding a vendor's license at specified premises; 11 providing requirements for a licensed manufacturer to 12 obtain a vendor's license; specifying circumstances 13 under which a manufacturer may sell alcoholic 14 beverages under its vendor's license; requiring a 15 manufacturer to complete certain reports; providing applicability; providing requirements for a brewpub to 16 be licensed as a manufacturer or vendor; providing 17 requirements for a brewpub to sell alcoholic beverages 18 to consumers; amending s. 561.42, F.S.; deleting a 19 20 prohibition against certain entities conducting 21 tastings; revising requirements for promotional 2.2 displays and advertising; amending s. 561.5101, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 561.57, 23 F.S.; revising restrictions on the vehicle required 24 25 for use by a vendor who transports alcoholic 26 beverages; modifying provisions related to vehicle

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permits for vendors; requiring a vendor or authorized person who transports alcoholic beverages to possess a specified invoice or sales ticket; amending s. 562.07, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 562.13, F.S.; providing exceptions and requirements for a minor employed by a specified vendor to sell alcoholic beverages; amending s. 562.34, F.S.; providing that possessing and transporting a growler is lawful; amending s. 563.022, F.S.; providing for limited selfdistribution for manufacturers of malt beverages; amending s. 563.06, F.S.; defining the term "growler"; providing requirements for growlers; creating s. 563.09, F.S.; authorizing a licensed manufacturer, distributor, or importer of malt beverages to conduct a malt beverage tasting; providing requirements and limitations; amending s. 565.03, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "distillery"; deleting restrictions on the sale of individual containers to consumers in a face-to-face transaction; amending s. 565.04, F.S.; requiring package stores to have no more than one direct access to another building licensed under the Beverage Law to the same licensee; providing for the delivery of distilled spirits to a licensed premises that has an inside entrance to a package store; authorizing the sale of items obtained in the connected separately licensed premises; providing

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construction and severability; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

- Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 402.82, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 402.82 Electronic benefits transfer program.-
- (4) Use or acceptance of an electronic benefits transfer card is prohibited at the following locations or for the following activities:
- (a) The purchase of an alcoholic beverage as defined in s. 561.01 and sold pursuant to the Beverage Law An establishment licensed under the Beverage Law to sell distilled spirits as a vendor and restricted as to the types of products that can be sold under ss. 565.04 and 565.045 or a bottle club as defined in s. 561.01.
- Section 2. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 561.221, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 561.221 Retail exceptions to manufacturing licenses;
  brewing exceptions to vendor licenses Licensing of manufacturers
  and distributors as vendors and of vendors as manufacturers;
  conditions and limitations.—
- (2) A manufacturer of malt beverages that is licensed and engaged in the manufacture of malt beverages in this state may sell directly to consumers in face-to-face transactions, which,

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notwithstanding s. 561.57(1), requires the physical presence of the consumer to make payment for and take receipt of the beverages on the licensed manufacturing premises, as follows:

- (a) At a taproom, a manufacturer may sell malt beverages brewed by the manufacturer to consumers for on-premises or off-premises consumption without obtaining a vendor's license. A manufacturer of malt beverages shall comply with the following requirements related to a taproom:
- 1. The taproom must be a room or rooms located on the licensed manufacturing premises consisting of a single complex that includes a brewery. Such premises may be divided by no more than one public street or highway. The taproom shall be included on the sketch or diagram defining the licensed premises submitted with the manufacturer's license application pursuant to s. 561.01(11). All sketch or diagram revisions by the manufacturer must be approved by the division, verifying that the taproom operated by the licensed manufacturer is owned or leased by the manufacturer and is located on the licensed manufacturing premises.
- 2. At least 70 percent by volume of the malt beverages sold or given to consumers per calendar year in the taproom must be brewed on the licensed manufacturing premises. No more than 30 percent by volume of the malt beverages sold or given per calendar year to consumers in the taproom may be brewed by the manufacturer at other manufacturing premises and shipped to the licensed manufacturing premises pursuant to s. 563.022(14)(d).

3. Malt beverages may be sold to consumers in the taproom for off-premises consumption in authorized containers pursuant to s. 563.06(7).

- 4. A manufacturer of malt beverages is responsible for paying applicable excise taxes to the division and submitting applicable reports pursuant to ss. 561.50 and 561.55 with respect to the amount of malt beverages sold or given to consumers in the taproom each month.
- 5. This paragraph does not preclude a licensed manufacturer of malt beverages that operates a taproom from holding a permanent public food service establishment license under chapter 509 at the taproom.
- 6. A manufacturer may not hold a vendor's license at a licensed manufacturing premises that operates a taproom pursuant to this paragraph.
- (b) In lieu of a taproom, on or after July 1, 2015, the division may is authorized to issue vendor's licenses to a manufacturer of malt beverages at no more than two licensed manufacturing premises for which the manufacturer has an interest, directly or indirectly, in the license if the manufacturer meets the following requirements:
- 1. A licensed manufacturer may obtain one vendor's license at no more than two of the licensed manufacturing premises for which the manufacturer has an interest, directly or indirectly, in the license. Any additional licensed manufacturing premises, for which the manufacturer has an interest, directly or

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indirectly, in the license, may operate a taproom without a
vendor's license pursuant to paragraph (a).

- 2. The vendor's license must be located on the licensed manufacturing premises consisting of a single complex that includes a brewery. Such premises may be divided by no more than one public street or highway. The licensed vendor premises shall be included on the sketch or diagram defining the licensed premises submitted with the manufacturer's license application pursuant to s. 561.01(11). All sketch or diagram revisions by the manufacturer must be approved by the division, verifying that the vendor premises operated by the licensed manufacturer is owned or leased by the manufacturer and is located on the licensed manufacturing premises.
- 3. The manufacturer may sell alcoholic beverages under its vendor's license as follows:
- <u>a. Malt beverages manufactured on the licensed</u>

  manufacturing premises or at another licensed manufacturing

  premises for which the manufacturer has an interest, directly or

  indirectly, in the license for:
  - (I) On-premises consumption.
- (II) Off-premises consumption in authorized containers
  pursuant to s. 563.06(6).
- (III) Off-premises consumption in growlers pursuant to s. 563.06(7).
- b. Malt beverages manufactured exclusively by other manufacturers for:

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157	(I)	On-premises	consumption.

- (II) Off-premises consumption in authorized containers pursuant to s. 563.06(6).
- (III) Off-premises consumption in growlers pursuant to s. 563.06(7).
- c. Any wine or liquor for on-premises or off-premises consumption as authorized under its vendor's license.
- 4. A manufacturer of malt beverages pursuant to this paragraph is responsible for paying applicable excise taxes to the division and submitting applicable reports pursuant to ss. 561.50 and 561.55 with respect to the amount of malt beverages manufactured and sold pursuant to its vendor's license or given to consumers.
- 5. This paragraph does not preclude a licensed manufacturer of malt beverages with a vendor's license from holding a permanent public food service establishment license under chapter 509 on the licensed manufacturing premises.
- 6. An entity that applies for a manufacturer's and vendor's license at more than two licensed manufacturing premises pursuant to this paragraph before March 15, 2015, or that is issued a manufacturer's and vendor's license at more than two licensed manufacturing premises pursuant to this paragraph before July 1, 2015, may maintain the licenses previously obtained or received based on such application, but may not obtain or apply for an additional vendor's license.

  However, except as to the allowance for manufacturers holding a

vendor's license at more than two licensed manufacturing premises before July 1, 2015, a vendor's license held by a manufacturer of malt beverages pursuant to this paragraph, regardless of when first obtained, is subject to subparagraphs 1.-5.

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7. An entity with direct or indirect interests in vendor licenses issued to not more than two licensed manufacturing premises under this paragraph may not be related, directly or indirectly, to any other entity with direct or indirect interest in other vendor licenses issued to other separate manufacturing premises. This subparagraph prohibits the creation of a chain of more than two vendor licensed manufacturing premises under common control of entities with direct or indirect interests in such vendor licensed manufacturing premises. This subparagraph does not prohibit the purchase or ownership of stock in a publicly traded corporation where the licensee does not have and does not obtain a controlling interest in the corporation. An entity lawfully operating more than two licensed manufacturing premises with vendor licenses pursuant to subparagraph 6. may exceed the limit of two licenses with the actual number of manufacturing premises with vendor licenses operated by the entity, even if such manufacturer is also licensed as a distributor, for the sale of alcoholic beverages on property consisting of a single complex, which property shall include a brewery and such other structures which promote the brewery and the tourist industry of the state. However, such property may be

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- (3) The division may issue a manufacturer's license and a vendor's license to a brewpub. To operate as a brewpub, the following requirements must be met:
- (a) Notwithstanding other provisions of the Beverage Law, any vendor licensed in this state may be licensed as a manufacturer of malt beverages upon a finding by the division that:
- 1. The <u>brewpub must</u> <u>vendor will</u> be engaged in brewing malt beverages at <u>the licensed brewpub premises</u> a <u>single location and</u> in an amount <u>that does</u> <u>which will</u> not exceed 10,000 kegs per <u>calendar</u> year. For purposes of this <u>paragraph</u> <u>subsection</u>, the term "keg" means 15.5 gallons.
- (b) A brewpub may sell the following alcoholic beverages in a face-to-face transaction with a consumer:
- 1. Malt beverages manufactured on the licensed brewpub premises for:
  - a. On-premises consumption.
- b. Off premises consumption in growlers, pursuant to s.563.06(7).
  - 2. Malt beverages manufactured by other manufacturers for:
  - a. On-premises consumption.
- b. Off premises consumption in growlers if the brewpub holds a valid quota license pursuant to s. 563.06(7).
- 233 3. Wine or liquor for on-premises consumption as authorized under its vendor's license.

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(c) A brewpub may not ship malt beverages to or between licensed brewpub premises owned by the licensed entity. A brewpub is not a manufacturer for the purposes of s. 563.022(14)(d).

- (d) A brewpub may not distribute malt beverages.
- (e) A brewpub must hold a permanent public food service establishment license under chapter 509.
- 2. The malt beverages so brewed will be sold to consumers for consumption on the vendor's licensed premises or on contiguous licensed premises owned by the vendor.
- (f) (b) As a manufacturer, a brewpub is Any vendor which is also licensed as a manufacturer of malt beverages pursuant to this subsection shall be responsible for payment of applicable excise taxes to the division and applicable reports pursuant to ss. 561.50 and 561.55 with respect to the amount of malt beverages beverage manufactured each month and shall pay applicable excise taxes thereon to the division by the 10th day of each month for the previous month.
- (g) (e) A It shall be unlawful for any licensed distributor of malt beverages or any officer, agent, or other representative thereof may not to discourage or prohibit a brewpub any vendor licensed as a manufacturer under this subsection from offering malt beverages brewed for consumption on the licensed premises of the brewpub vendor.
- (h) (d) A It shall be unlawful for any manufacturer of malt beverages or any officer, agent, or other representative thereof

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<u>may not</u> to take any action to discourage or prohibit <u>a any</u> distributor of the manufacturer's product from distributing such product to a <u>brewpub</u> <del>licensed vendor which is also</del> licensed <del>as a manufacturer of malt beverages</del> pursuant to this subsection.

Section 3. Subsection (14) of section 561.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 561.42 Tied house evil; financial aid and assistance to vendor by manufacturer, distributor, importer, primary American source of supply, brand owner or registrant, or any broker, sales agent, or sales person thereof, prohibited; procedure for enforcement; exception.—
- (14) The division shall adopt reasonable rules governing promotional displays and advertising, which rules shall not conflict with or be more stringent than the federal regulations pertaining to such promotional displays and advertising furnished to vendors by distributors, manufacturers, importers, primary American sources of supply, or brand owners or registrants, or any broker, sales agent, or sales person thereof; however:
- (a) If a manufacturer, distributor, importer, brand owner, or brand registrant of malt beverage, or any broker, sales agent, or sales person thereof, provides a vendor with expendable retailer advertising specialties such as trays, coasters, mats, menu cards, napkins, cups, glasses, thermometers, and the like, such items may shall be sold only at a price not less than the actual cost to the industry member who

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initially purchased them, without limitation in total dollar value of such items sold to a vendor.

- (b) Without limitation in total dollar value of such items provided to a vendor, a manufacturer, distributor, importer, brand owner, or brand registrant of malt beverage, or any broker, sales agent, or sales person thereof, may rent, loan without charge for an indefinite duration, or sell durable retailer advertising specialties such as clocks, pool table lights, and the like, which bear advertising matter.
- (c) If a manufacturer, distributor, importer, brand owner, or brand registrant of malt beverage, or any broker, sales agent, or sales person thereof, provides a vendor with consumer advertising specialties such as ashtrays, T-shirts, bottle openers, shopping bags, and the like, such items may shall be sold only at a price not less than the actual cost to the industry member who initially purchased them, and but may be sold without limitation in total value of such items sold to a vendor.
- (d) A manufacturer, distributor, importer, brand owner, or brand registrant of malt beverage, or any  $\frac{broker}{r}$  sales agent or sales person thereof, may provide consumer advertising specialties described in paragraph (c) to consumers on any vendor's licensed premises.
- (e) Manufacturers, distributors, importers, brand owners, or brand registrants of beer, and any broker, sales agent, or sales person thereof, shall not conduct any sampling activities

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that include tasting of their product at a vendor's premises licensed for off-premises sales only.

- (e) (f) A manufacturer Manufacturers, distributor

  distributors, importer importers, brand owner owners, or brand

  registrant registrants of malt beverages beer, and any broker,

  sales agent, or sales person thereof or contracted third-party,

  may shall not engage in cooperative advertising with a vendor

  and may not name a vendor in any advertising for a malt beverage

  tasting authorized under s. 563.09 vendors.
- (f)(g) A distributor Distributors of malt beverages beer may sell to a vendor vendors draft equipment and tapping accessories at a price not less than the cost to the industry member who initially purchased them, except there is no required charge, and the a distributor may exchange any parts that which are not compatible with a competitor's system and are necessary to dispense the distributor's brands. A distributor of malt beverages beer may furnish to a vendor at no charge replacement parts of nominal intrinsic value, including, but not limited to, washers, gaskets, tail pieces, hoses, hose connections, clamps, plungers, and tap markers.
- Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 561.5101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 561.5101 Come-to-rest requirement; exceptions; penalties.-
- (1) For purposes of inspection and tax-revenue control, all malt beverages, except those manufactured and sold by the same licensee, pursuant to s. 561.221(2) or (3)  $\frac{1}{100}$  s.  $\frac{1}{100}$  s.  $\frac{1}{100}$

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must come to rest at the licensed premises of an alcoholic beverage wholesaler in this state before being sold to a vendor by the wholesaler. The prohibition contained in this subsection does not apply to the shipment of malt beverages commonly known as private labels. The prohibition contained in this subsection shall not prevent a manufacturer from shipping malt beverages for storage at a bonded warehouse facility, provided that such malt beverages are distributed as provided in this subsection or to an out-of-state entity.

Section 5. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 561.57, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

561.57 Deliveries by licensees.—

(3) A licensed vendor may transport alcoholic beverage purchases from a distributor's place of business to the vendor's licensed premises or off-premises storage. A vendor may transport alcoholic beverage purchases in a vehicle, if the vehicle used to transport the alcoholic beverages is owned or leased by the vendor or any without a permit. A person who has been disclosed on a license application filed by the vendor may use a vehicle not owned or leased by the vendor to transport alcoholic beverages and approved by the division and if a valid vehicle permit has been issued for such vehicle. A vehicle owned or leased by a person disclosed on a license application filed by the vendor and approved by the division under this section subsection must be operated by such person when transporting alcoholic beverage purchases from a distributor's place of

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business to the vendor's licensed premises or off-premises storage.

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A vehicle permit may be obtained for a vehicle not owned or leased by the vendor by a licensed vendor or any person authorized in subsection (3) upon application and payment of a fee of \$5 per vehicle to the division. The signature of the person authorized in subsection (3) must be included on the vehicle permit application. Such permit remains valid and does not expire unless the vendor or any person authorized in subsection (3) disposes of his or her vehicle, or the vendor's alcoholic beverage license is transferred, canceled, not renewed, or is revoked by the division, whichever occurs first. The division shall cancel a vehicle permit issued to a vendor upon request from the vendor. The division shall cancel a vehicle permit issued to any person authorized in subsection (3) upon request from that person or the vendor. By acceptance of a vehicle permit, the vendor or any person authorized in subsection (3), who intends to use a vehicle not owned or leased by the vendor, agrees that such vehicle is always subject to inspection and search without a search warrant, for the purpose of ascertaining that all provisions of the alcoholic beverage laws are complied with, by authorized employees of the division and also by sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and police officers during business hours or other times that the vehicle is being used to transport or deliver alcoholic beverages. A vehicle permit issued under this subsection and invoices or sales

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tickets for alcoholic beverages purchased and transported must be carried in the vehicle used by the vendor or any person authorized in subsection (3) when the vendor's alcoholic beverages are being transported or delivered. A vendor or a person who is authorized by a vendor to transport or deliver alcoholic beverages under this section must possess an invoice or sales ticket when possessing such beverages in a vehicle and transporting the alcoholic beverages.

- Section 6. Section 562.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 562.07 Illegal transportation of beverages.—It is unlawful for alcoholic beverages to be transported in quantities of more than 12 bottles except as follows:
  - (1) By common carriers;

- (2) In the owned or leased vehicles of licensed vendors or any persons authorized in s. 561.57(3) transporting alcoholic beverage purchases from the distributor's place of business to the vendor's licensed place of business or off-premises storage and to which said vehicles are carrying a permit and invoices or sales tickets for alcoholic beverages purchased and transported as provided for in the alcoholic beverage law;
- $\underline{(2)}$  By individuals who possess such beverages not for resale within the state;
- (3) (4) By licensed manufacturers, distributors, or vendors transporting delivering alcoholic beverages under s. 561.57 away from their place of business in vehicles which are owned or

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417 leased by such licensees; and

- $\underline{(4)}$  (5) By a vendor, distributor, pool buying agent, or salesperson of wine and spirits as outlined in s. 561.57(5).
- Section 7. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 421 562.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 562.13 Employment of minors or certain other persons by certain vendors prohibited; exceptions.—
    - (2) This section shall not apply to:
  - (c) Persons under the age of 18 years who are employed in drugstores, grocery stores, department stores, florists, specialty gift shops, or automobile service stations <u>licensed</u> under ss. 563.02(1)(a) and 564.02(1)(a). This exception also includes a vendor licensed under s. 565.02(1)(a) whose gross monthly sales of alcoholic beverages do not exceed 30 percent of its total gross sales of products and services. A person 18 years of age or older must personally supervise the sale of a distilled spirits beverage product by verifying the age of the purchaser to be 21 years of age or older and approving the sale which have obtained licenses to sell beer or beer and wine, when such sales are made for consumption off the premises.

However, a minor to whom this subsection otherwise applies may not be employed if the employment, whether as a professional entertainer or otherwise, involves nudity, as defined in s. 847.001, on the part of the minor and such nudity is intended as a form of adult entertainment.

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Section 8. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 562.34, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

562.34 Containers; seizure and forfeiture.-

- (1) A It shall be unlawful for any person may not to have in her or his possession, custody, or control any cans, jugs, jars, bottles, vessels, or any other type of containers which are being used, are intended to be used, or are known by the possessor to have been used to bottle or package alcoholic beverages; however, this subsection does provision shall not apply to a any person properly licensed to bottle or package such alcoholic beverages, a or to any person intending to dispose of such containers to a person, firm, or corporation properly licensed to bottle or package such alcoholic beverages, or a person who has in her or his possession, custody, or control one or more growlers as defined in s. 563.06(7).
- transport any cans, jugs, jars, bottles, vessels, or any other type of containers intended to be used to bottle or package alcoholic beverages; however, this <u>subsection does section shall</u> not apply to <u>a any</u> firm or corporation holding a license to manufacture or distribute such alcoholic beverages; <u>a and shall not apply to any</u> person transporting such containers to <u>a any</u> person, firm, or corporation holding a license to manufacture or distribute such alcoholic beverages; or a person transporting one or more growlers as defined in s. 563.06(7).
  - Section 9. Paragraph (d) of subsection (14) of section

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563.022, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

 $563.022\,$  Relations between beer distributors and manufacturers.—

- (14) MANUFACTURER; PROHIBITED INTERESTS.-
- (d) Nothing in the Beverage Law shall be construed to prohibit a manufacturer from shipping products to or between the licensed premises of its breweries without a distributor's license. A manufacturer that holds a valid manufacturer's license may deliver, directly to any licensed vendor, up to 2,000 total kegs per calendar year of malt beverages manufactured by the manufacturer and to which it owns the brand rights, subject to the following requirements:
- 1. Vehicles used to deliver malt beverages to a licensed vendor must be owned or leased by the manufacturer.
- 2. A manufacturer of malt beverages that is permitted limited self-distribution pursuant to this paragraph is responsible for payment of applicable excise taxes to the division and applicable reports pursuant to ss. 561.50 and 561.55 with respect to the amount of malt beverages manufactured and sold to vendors. The reports shall clearly distinguish between malt beverages self-distributed by the manufacturer and malt beverages sold directly to consumers by the manufacturer pursuant to s. 561.221(2).
- 3. A manufacturer of malt beverages that is permitted limited self-distribution pursuant to this paragraph may not provide malt beverages to a vendor that is within the exclusive

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sales territory of a distributor with whom the manufacturer is under contract.

4. A manufacturer of malt beverages that is permitted limited self-distribution pursuant to this paragraph may only distribute malt beverages brewed by the licensed manufacturer which have not been shipped between manufacturing premises owned by the manufacturer packaged in kegs or barrels containing 1 gallon or more to be sold or offered for sale by vendors at retail.

Section 10. Subsections (1) and (6) of section 563.06, Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsection (7) is renumbered as subsection (8) and amended, and a new subsection (7) is added to that section, to read:

563.06 Malt beverages; imprint on individual container; size of containers; growlers; exemptions.—

(1) On and after October 1, 1959, All taxable malt beverages packaged in individual containers possessed by any person in the state for the purpose of sale or resale in the state, except operators of railroads, sleeping cars, steamships, buses, and airplanes engaged in interstate commerce and licensed under this section, shall have imprinted thereon in clearly legible fashion by any permanent method the word "Florida" or "FL" and no other state name or abbreviation of any state name in not less than 8-point type. The word "Florida" or "FL" shall appear first or last, if imprinted in conjunction with any manufacturer's code. A facsimile of the imprinting and its

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location as it will appear on the individual container shall be submitted to the division for approval.

- subsection (7), all malt beverages packaged in individual containers sold or offered for sale by vendors at retail in this state shall be in individual containers containing no more than 32 ounces of such malt beverages; provided, however, that nothing contained in this section shall affect malt beverages packaged in bulk, or in kegs, or in barrels or in any individual container containing 1 gallon or more of such malt beverage regardless of individual container type.
- (7) (a) As used in the Beverage Law, the term "growler" means a container that holds 32, 64, or 128 ounces in volume that was originally manufactured to hold malt beverages.
  - (b) A growler may be filled or refilled with:
- 1. A malt beverage manufactured by a manufacturer that holds a valid manufacturer's license and operates a taproom pursuant to s. 561.221(2)(a), if the manufacturer filling the growler is the same manufacturer that brewed the malt beverage and is filling the growler in the taproom.
- 2. A malt beverage manufactured by a manufacturer that holds a valid manufacturer's license and a valid vendor's license pursuant to s. 561.221(2)(b) or (3), if the manufacturer filling the growler is the same manufacturer that brewed the malt beverage and is filling the growler pursuant to its vendor's license.

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3.	A malt	beverage	manufac	tured k	y a	manufac	turer,	if	the
manufact	urer fil	lling the	growler	holds	a va	lid man	ufactu	rer'	S
license	pursuant	tos. 5	61.221(2	) (b) or	(3)	and a	valid	quot	a
license	at that	location	pursuan	t to ss	5. 56	1.20(1)	and		
565.02(1	)(a)-(f)	<u>.</u>							

- 4. A malt beverage manufactured by a manufacturer and sold by a vendor if:
- a. The vendor filling the growler holds a valid quota license at that location pursuant to ss. 561.20(1) and 565.02(1)(a)-(f); or
- b. The vendor filling the growler holds a vendor license under s. 563.02(1)(a)-(f) or s. 564.02(1)(a)-(f), obtains at least 80 percent of its annual gross revenue from the sale of malt beverages or wine or both, and does not also hold a manufacturer's license. Such a vendor is required to maintain records that demonstrate compliance with this provision for 3 calendar years.
- (c) A growler must have an unbroken seal or be incapable of being immediately consumed.
- (d) A growler must be clearly labeled as containing an alcoholic beverage and provide the name of the manufacturer, the brand, the volume, the percentage of alcohol by volume, and the required label information for alcoholic beverages under 27 C.F.R. s. 16.21. If a growler being refilled has an existing label or other identifying mark from a manufacturer or brand, that label shall be covered sufficiently to indicate the

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)/3	manufacturer and brand of the mart beverage praced in the
574	growler.
575	(e) A growler must be clean before being filled.
576	(f) A licensee authorized to fill growlers may not use
577	growlers for purposes of distribution or sale outside of the
578	licensed manufacturing premises or licensed vendor premises.
579	(8) $(7)$ A Any person, firm, or corporation or an agent,
580	officer, or employee thereof who violates, its agents, officers
581	or employees, violating any of the provisions of this section
582	commits, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree,
583	punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083 $\underline{}$ ; and the
584	license, if any, shall be subject to revocation or suspension by
585	the division.
586	Section 11. Section 563.09, Florida Statutes, is created
587	to read:
588	563.09 Malt beverage tastings by distributors and
589	manufacturers.—
590	(1) A manufacturer, distributor, or importer of malt
591	beverages, or any contracted third-party agent thereof, may
592	conduct sampling activities that include the tasting of malt
593	beverage products on:
594	(a) The licensed premises of a vendor authorized to sell
595	alcoholic beverages by the drink for consumption on premises; or
596	(b) The licensed premises of a vendor authorized to sell

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alcoholic beverages only in sealed containers for consumption

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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off premises if:

1. The licensed premises is at an establishment with at least 10,000 square feet of interior floor space exclusive of storage space not open to the general public; or

- 2. The licensed premises is a package store licensed under
  s. 565.02(1)(a).
- (2) A malt beverage tasting conducted under this section must be limited to and directed toward the general public of the age of legal consumption.
- (3) For a malt beverage tasting conducted under this section on the licensed premises of a vendor authorized to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on premises, each serving of a malt beverage to be tasted must be provided to the consumer by the drink in a tasting cup, glass, or other open container and may not be provided by the package in an unopened can or bottle or in any other sealed container.
- (4) For a malt beverage tasting conducted under this section on the licensed premises of a vendor authorized to sell alcoholic beverages only in sealed containers for consumption off premises, the tasting must be conducted in the interior of the building constituting the vendor's licensed premises and each serving of a malt beverage to be tasted must be provided to the consumer in a tasting cup having a capacity of 3.5 ounces or less.
- (5) A manufacturer, distributor, or importer, or any contracted third-party agent thereof, may not pay a vendor, and a vendor may not accept, a fee or compensation of any kind,

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including the provision of a malt beverage at no cost or at a reduced cost, to authorize the conduct of a malt beverage tasting under this section.

- (6) (a) A manufacturer, distributor, or importer, or any contracted third-party agent thereof, conducting a malt beverage tasting under this section, must provide all of the beverages to be tasted, the total volume of which per tasting may not exceed 576 ounces; must have paid all excise taxes on those beverages which are required of the manufacturer or distributor; and must return to the manufacturer's or distributor's inventory all of the malt beverages provided for the tasting that remain unconsumed after the tasting. More than one tasting may be held on the licensed premises each day, but only one manufacturer, distributor, importer, or contracted third-party agent thereof, may conduct a tasting on the premises at any one time.
- (b) Any samples of malt beverages provided to a vendor by a manufacturer, distributor, or importer, or any contracted third-party agent thereof, in conjunction with or at the time of a tasting conducted under this section on the licensed premises of such vendor are subject to the volume limit for such premises set forth under paragraph (a).
- (c) This subsection does not preclude a manufacturer, distributor, or importer, or any contracted third-party agent thereof, from buying the malt beverages that it provides for the tasting from a vendor at no more than the retail price, but all of the malt beverages so purchased and provided for the tasting

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which remain unconsumed after the tasting must be removed from the premises of the tasting and properly disposed of.

- (7) A manufacturer, distributor, or importer of malt beverages that contracts with a third-party agent to conduct a malt beverage tasting under this section on its behalf is responsible for any violation of this section by such agent.
- (8) This section does not preclude a vendor from conducting a malt beverage tasting on its licensed premises using malt beverages from its own inventory.
- (9) This section is supplemental to and does not supersede any special act or ordinance.
- (10) The division may, pursuant to ss. 561.08 and 561.11, adopt rules to implement, administer, and enforce this section.
- Section 12. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 565.03, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 565.03 License fees; manufacturers, distributors, brokers, sales agents, and importers of alcoholic beverages; vendor licenses and fees; craft distilleries.—
  - (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Craft distillery" means a licensed distillery that produces 75,000 or fewer gallons per calendar year of distilled spirits on its premises and has notified the division in writing of its decision to qualify as a craft distillery.
- (b) "Distillery" means a manufacturer that distills ethyl alcohol or ethanol to create of distilled spirits.
  - (2) (a) A distillery authorized to do business under the

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Beverage Law shall pay an annual state license tax for each plant or branch operating in the state, as follows:

- 1. If engaged in the business of manufacturing distilled spirits, a state license tax of \$4,000.
- 2. If engaged in the business of rectifying and blending spirituous liquors and nothing else, a state license tax of \$4,000.
- (b) Persons licensed under this section who are in the business of distilling spirituous liquors may also engage in the business of rectifying and blending spirituous liquors without the payment of an additional license tax.
- sell to consumers, at its souvenir gift shop, spirits distilled on its premises in this state in factory-sealed containers that are filled at the distillery for off-premises consumption. Such sales are authorized only on private property contiguous to the licensed distillery premises in this state and included on the sketch or diagram defining the licensed premises submitted with the distillery's license application. All sketch or diagram revisions by the distillery shall require the division's approval verifying that the souvenir gift shop location operated by the licensed distillery is owned or leased by the distillery and on property contiguous to the distillery's production building in this state. A craft distillery or licensed distillery may not sell any factory-sealed individual containers of spirits except in face-to-face sales transactions with

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consumers who are making a purchase of two or fewer individual containers, that comply with the container limits in s. 565.10, per calendar year for the consumer's personal use and not for resale and who are present at the distillery's licensed premises in this state.

- 1. A craft distillery must report to the division within 5 days after it reaches the production limitations provided in paragraph (1)(a). Any retail sales to consumers at the craft distillery's licensed premises are prohibited beginning the day after it reaches the production limitation.
- 2. A craft distillery may only ship, arrange to ship, or deliver any of its distilled spirits to consumers within the state in a face-to-face transaction at the distillery property. However, a craft distiller licensed under this section may ship, arrange to ship, or deliver such spirits to manufacturers of distilled spirits, wholesale distributors of distilled spirits, state or federal bonded warehouses, and exporters.
- 3. Except as provided in subparagraph 4., it is unlawful to transfer a distillery license for a distillery that produces 75,000 or fewer gallons per calendar year of distilled spirits on its premises or any ownership interest in such license to an individual or entity that has a direct or indirect ownership interest in any distillery licensed in this state; another state, territory, or country; or by the United States government to manufacture, blend, or rectify distilled spirits for beverage purposes.

4. A craft distillery shall not have its ownership affiliated with another distillery, unless such distillery produces 75,000 or fewer gallons per calendar year of distilled spirits on its premises.

Section 13. Section 565.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

565.04 Package store restrictions.-

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(1) Vendors licensed under s. 565.02(1) (a) shall not  $\frac{1}{10}$ said place of business sell, offer, or expose for sale any merchandise other than such beverages, in the licensed premises, and the licensed premises such places of business shall be devoted exclusively to such sales; provided, however, that such vendors shall be permitted to sell bitters, grenadine, nonalcoholic mixer-type beverages (not to include fruit juices produced outside this state), fruit juices produced in this state, home bar, and party supplies and equipment (including but not limited to glassware and party-type foods), miniatures of no alcoholic content, and tobacco products. The licensed premises Such places of business shall have no more than one inside entrance openings permitting direct access to any other building or room, that is separately licensed under the Beverage Law to the same licensee, provided that the inside entrance has a door that is opened and closed by patrons and a separate outside entrance is provided. The licensed premises may also have a private office or storage room from which patrons are excluded except to a private office or storage room of the place of

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business from which patrons are excluded.

- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when distilled spirits are delivered to any area of any licensed vendor's place of business, such distilled spirits may be stored by the vendor and transported by either a distributor or the vendor through any licensed premises that has an inside entrance into a package store licensed to sell distilled spirits.
- (3) The act of selling items in a package store that are otherwise not permitted for sale pursuant to subsection (1) is not a violation of subsection (1) if the items are obtained at the connected separately licensed premises through the inside entrance and are not displayed in the licensed package store premises as defined on the diagram defining the licensed premises of such package store.

Statutes, as amended by this act, is held invalid, or if the application of that subsection to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end s. 561.221(2), Florida Statutes, is severable.

Section 15. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.