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Proposed Committee Substitute by the Committee on Appropriations (Appropriations Subcommittee on Criminal and Civil Justice)

A bill to be entitled

2 An act relating to juvenile justice; amending s. 3 985.557, F.S.; revising the circumstances under which 4 the state attorney is authorized to file an 5 information when a child of a certain age range 6 commits or attempts to commit specified crimes; 7 deleting a requirement that a state attorney file an 8 information under certain circumstances; revising the 9 effects of the direct filing of a child; prohibiting 10 the transfer of a child under certain circumstances 11 based on the child's competency; requiring the court 12 to consider certain factors after a written request is 13 made for a hearing; authorizing the court, based on 14 these factors, to waive the case back to juvenile 15 court; requiring the Department of Juvenile Justice to collect specified data under certain circumstances; 16 requiring the department to provide an annual report 17 18 to the Legislature; amending s. 985.56, F.S.; revising 19 the age of a child who is subject to the jurisdiction 20 of a court for certain crimes; prohibiting the transfer of a child under certain circumstances based 21 2.2 on the child's competency; removing provisions 23 regarding sentencing of a child; authorizing, rather 24 than requiring, a court to transfer a child indicted 25 under certain circumstances; amending s. 985.565, 26 F.S.; revising the criteria in determining whether to 27 impose juvenile or adult sanctions; requiring the

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28 adult court to render an order including specific 29 findings of fact and the reasons for its decision; 30 providing that the order is reviewable on appeal; requiring the court to consider any reports that may 31 32 assist it; providing for the examination of the 33 reports; revising how a child may be sanctioned under 34 certain circumstances; removing a provision which 35 requires a court to impose adult sanctions under 36 certain circumstances; requiring the court to explain 37 the basis for imposing adult sanctions; revising when 38 juvenile sanctions may be imposed; amending s. 39 985.556, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; 40 reenacting s. 985.04(2), F.S., relating to oaths, records, and confidential information, to incorporate 41 42 the amendments made to ss. 985.557, 985.56, and 43 985.565, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 985.15(1), 985.265(5), and 985.556(3), F.S., relating 44 45 to filing decisions; detention transfer and release, education, and adult jails; and waiver of juvenile 46 47 court jurisdiction and hearings, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 985.557, F.S., in 48 49 references thereto; reenacting ss. 985.514(3) and 985.556(5)(a), F.S., relating to responsibility for 50 51 cost of care and fees, and waiver of juvenile court 52 jurisdiction and hearings, respectively, to 53 incorporate the amendment made to s. 985.565, F.S., in 54 references thereto; providing an effective date. 55

56 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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58	Section 1. Section 985.557, Florida Statutes, is amended to
59	read:
60	(Substantial rewording of section. See
61	s. 985.557, F.S., for present text.)
62	985.557 Direct filing of an information
63	(1) DIRECT FILE.
64	(a) With respect to a child who was 16 years of age or
65	older or less than 18 years of age at the time the alleged
66	offense was committed, the state attorney may file an
67	information if, in the state attorney's judgment and discretion,
68	the public interest requires that adult sanctions be considered
69	and the offense charged is for the commission of or attempt to
70	commit:
71	1. Murder;
72	2. Manslaughter;
73	3. Sexual battery as defined in s. 794.011(3);
74	4. Armed robbery;
75	5. Aggravated assault with a firearm;
76	6. Aggravated child abuse;
77	7. Arson in violation of S. 806.031;
78	8. Kidnapping;
79	9. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
80	destructive device or bomb;
81	10. Aggravated battery resulting in great bodily harm,
82	permanent disability, or permanent disfigurement;
83	11. Carrying, displaying, using, or threatening or
84	attempting to use a weapon or firearm in furtherance of the
85	commission of a felony, if the use or threatened use does not

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86	include the mere acquisition of a deadly weapon or firearm
87	during the felony;
88	12. Possessing or discharging a firearm on school property
89	in violation of s. 790.115;
90	13. Home invasion robbery;
91	14. Aggravated stalking;
92	15. Carjacking;
93	16. Aggravated animal cruelty by intentional acts; or
94	17. DUI resulting in fatality, great bodily harm, permanent
95	disability, or permanent disfigurement to a person.
96	(b) With respect to a child who was 14 or 15 years of age
97	at the time the alleged offense was committed, the state
98	attorney may file an information if, in the state attorney's
99	judgment and discretion, the public interest requires that adult
100	sanctions be considered and the offense charged is for the
101	commission of or attempt to commit:
102	1. Murder;
103	2. Manslaughter; or
104	3. Sexual battery in violation of S. 794.011(3).
105	(2) EFFECT OF DIRECT FILE.—
106	(a) When a child is transferred for criminal prosecution as
107	an adult, the court may transfer and certify to the adult
108	circuit court for prosecution of the child as an adult all
109	related felony cases pertaining to the child which have not yet
110	resulted in a plea of guilty or nolo contendere or in which a
111	finding of guilt has not been made. If the child is acquitted of
112	all charged offenses or lesser included offenses contained in
113	the original case transferred to adult court, any felony cases

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that were transferred to adult court under this subsection are

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115 <u>subject to the same penalties they were subject to before their</u> 116 transfer.

(b) Once a child has been convicted and sentenced to adult sanctions pursuant to this section, he or she shall be handled as an adult for any subsequent violation of state law, unless the court imposes juvenile sanctions under s. 985.565.

121 (3) TRANSFER PROHIBITION.-Notwithstanding any other law, a 122 child who is eligible for direct file and who is pending a 123 competency hearing in juvenile court or has previously been 124 found to be incompetent and has not been restored to competency 125 by a court may not be transferred to adult court for criminal 126 prosecution.

127 (4) REVERSE WAIVER.-A child who is transferred to adult 128 court pursuant to this section may request, in writing, a 129 hearing to determine whether he or she shall remain in adult 130 court. The adult court, in determining whether public safety would be best served by retaining jurisdiction, shall consider 131 the seriousness of the offense, the extent of the child's 132 133 alleged participation or role in the offense, the sophistication 134 and maturity of the child, and any prior offenses the child has 135 committed. The adult court may, based on these considerations, 136 waive the case back to juvenile court. 137 (5) DATA COLLECTION RELATING TO DIRECT FILE.-

138(a) The department shall collect data regarding children139who qualify for direct file under subsection (1), including, but140not limited to:

- 141 <u>1. Age;</u>
- 142 2. Race and ethnicity;
- 143 <u>3. Gender;</u>

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144	4. Circuit and county of residence;
145	5. Circuit and county of offense;
146	6. Prior adjudicated offenses;
147	7. Prior periods of probation;
148	8. Previous contacts with law enforcement agencies or the
149	courts;
150	9. Initial charges;
151	10. Charges at disposition;
152	11. Whether adult codefendants were involved;
153	12. Whether child codefendants were involved who were
154	transferred to adult court;
155	13. Whether the child was represented by counsel;
156	14. Whether the child has waived counsel;
157	15. Risk assessment instrument score;
158	16. The child's medical, mental health, substance abuse, or
159	trauma history;
160	17. The child's history of physical or mental impairment or
161	disability-related accommodations;
162	18. The child's history of abuse or neglect;
163	19. The child's history of foster care placements,
164	including the number of prior placements;
165	20. Whether the child has fetal alcohol syndrome or was
166	exposed to controlled substances at birth;
167	21. Whether the child has below-average intellectual
168	functioning or is eligible for exceptional student education
169	services;
170	22. Whether the child has received mental health services
171	or treatment;
172	23. Whether the child has been the subject of a CINS/FINS
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173 or dependency petition;

174	24. Plea offers made by the state and the outcome of any
175	<u>plea offers;</u>
176	25. Whether the child was transferred for criminal
177	prosecution as an adult;
178	26. The case resolution in juvenile court; or
179	27. The case resolution in adult court.
180	(b) When a child is transferred for criminal prosecution as
181	an adult, the department shall also collect disposition data,
182	including, but not limited to, whether the child received adult
183	sanctions, juvenile sanctions, or diversion, and, if sentenced
184	to prison, length of prison sentence or enhanced sentence.
185	(c) The department shall annually provide a report
186	analyzing this aggregated data to the President of the Senate
187	and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
188	Section 2. Section 985.56, Florida Statutes, is amended to
189	read:
190	985.56 Indictment of a juvenile
191	(1) A child <u>14 years of age or older</u> of any age who is
192	charged with a violation of state law punishable by death or by
193	life imprisonment is subject to the jurisdiction of the court as
194	set forth in s. 985.0301(2) unless and until an indictment on
195	the charge is returned by the grand jury. When such indictment
196	is returned, the petition for delinquency, if any, must be
197	dismissed and the child must be tried and handled in every
198	respect as an adult:
199	(a) On the <u>indicting</u> offense punishable by death or by life
200	imprisonment; and
201	(b) On all other felonies or misdemeanors charged in the

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indictment which are based on the same act or transaction as the indicting offense punishable by death or by life imprisonment or on one or more acts or transactions connected with the offense punishable by death or by life imprisonment.

206 (2) An adjudicatory hearing may not be held until 21 days 207 after the child is taken into custody and charged with having committed an indictable offense punishable by death or by life 208 209 imprisonment, unless the state attorney advises the court in 210 writing that he or she does not intend to present the case to 211 the grand jury, or has presented the case to the grand jury and 212 the grand jury has not returned an indictment. If the court 213 receives such a notice from the state attorney, or if the grand 214 jury fails to act within the 21-day period, the court may 215 proceed as otherwise authorized under this part.

216 (3) Notwithstanding any other law, a child who is eligible 217 for indictment and who is pending a competency hearing in 218 juvenile court or has been previously found to be incompetent 219 and has not been restored to competency by a court may not be 220 transferred to adult court for criminal prosecution If the child 221 is found to have committed the offense punishable by death or by 222 life imprisonment, the child shall be sentenced as an adult. If 223 the juvenile is not found to have committed the indictable 224 offense but is found to have committed a lesser included offense 225 or any other offense for which he or she was indicted as a part 226 of the criminal episode, the court may sentence under s. 227 985.565.

(4) (a) Once a child has been indicted pursuant to this
section and has been found to have committed any offense for
which he or she was indicted as a part of the criminal episode,

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the child shall be handled thereafter in every respect as if an adult for any subsequent violation of state law, unless the court imposes juvenile sanctions under s. 985.565.

234 (b) When a child has been indicted pursuant to this 235 section, the court may shall immediately transfer and certify to 236 the adult circuit court all related felony cases pertaining to 237 the child, for prosecution of the child as an adult, which have 238 not yet resulted in a plea of quilty or nolo contendere or in 239 which a finding of guilt has not been made. If the child is 240 acquitted of all charged offenses or lesser included offenses 241 contained in the indictment case, any all felony cases that were 242 transferred to adult court pursuant to this paragraph shall be 243 subject to the same penalties such cases were subject to before 244 being transferred to adult court.

245 Section 3. Subsection (1), paragraph (c) of subsection (3), 246 and subsection (4) of section 985.565, Florida Statutes, are 247 amended to read:

248 985.565 Sentencing powers; procedures; alternatives for 249 juveniles prosecuted as adults.-

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(1) POWERS OF DISPOSITION.-

(a) A child who is found to have committed a violation of law may, as an alternative to adult dispositions, be committed to the department for treatment in an appropriate program for children outside the adult correctional system or be placed on juvenile probation.

(b) In determining whether to impose juvenile <u>or sanctions</u> instead of adult sanctions, the court shall consider the following criteria:

1. The seriousness of the offense to the community and

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260	whether the <u>protection of the</u> community would <u>be</u> best <u>served</u> be
261	protected by juvenile or adult sanctions.
262	2. The extent of the child's participation in the offense.
263	3. The effect, if any, of familial or peer pressure on the
264	child's actions.
265	4.2. Whether the offense was committed in an aggressive,
266	violent, premeditated, or willful manner.
267	5.3. Whether the offense was against persons or against
268	property, with greater weight being given to offenses against
269	persons, especially if personal injury resulted.
270	<u>6.4.</u> The sophistication and maturity of the <u>child</u> ,
271	including: offender
272	a. The child's age, maturity, intellectual capacity, and
273	mental and emotional health at the time of the offense.
274	b. The child's background, including his or her family,
275	home, and community environment.
276	c. The effect, if any, of immaturity, impetuosity, or
277	failure to appreciate the risks and consequences on the child's
278	participation in the offense.
279	d. The effect, if any, of characteristics attributable to
280	the child's age on the child's judgment.
281	7.5. The record and previous history of the child offender,
282	including:
283	a. Previous contacts with the Department of Corrections,
284	the Department of Juvenile Justice, the former Department of
285	Health and Rehabilitative Services, the Department of Children
286	and Families, law enforcement agencies, and the courts and the
287	adequacy and appropriateness of the services provided to address
288	the child's needs.

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289	b. Prior periods of probation.
290	c. Prior adjudications that the offender committed a
291	delinquent act or violation of law as a child.
292	d. Prior commitments to the Department of Juvenile Justice,
293	the former Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services, the
294	Department of Children and Families, or other facilities or
295	institutions and the adequacy and appropriateness of the
296	services provided to address the child's needs.
297	e. Previous contacts with law enforcement agencies and the
298	courts.
299	f. History of abuse, abandonment or neglect, foster care
300	placements, failed adoption, fetal alcohol syndrome, exposure to
301	controlled substances at birth, and below-average intellectual
302	functioning.
303	g. Identification of the child as having a disability or
304	having previously received mental health services or treatment.
305	8.6. The prospects for adequate protection of the public
306	and the likelihood of deterrence and reasonable rehabilitation
307	of the offender if assigned to services and facilities of the
308	Department of Juvenile Justice.
309	9.7. Whether the Department of Juvenile Justice has
310	appropriate programs, facilities, and services immediately
311	available.
312	8. Whether adult sanctions would provide more appropriate
313	punishment and deterrence to further violations of law than the
314	imposition of juvenile sanctions.
315	10. Whether the Department of Corrections has appropriate
316	programs, facilities, and services immediately available.
317	(c) The adult court shall render an order including
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318 specific findings of fact and the reasons for its decision. The 319 order shall be reviewable on appeal under s. 985.534 and the 320 Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.

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(3) SENTENCING HEARING.-

322 (c) The court may receive and consider any other relevant 323 and material evidence, including other reports, written or oral, 324 in its effort to determine the action to be taken with regard to 325 the child, and may rely upon such evidence to the extent of its 32.6 probative value even if the evidence would not be competent in 327 an adjudicatory hearing. The court shall consider any reports 328 that may assist it, including prior predisposition reports, 329 psycho-social assessments, individualized educational programs, 330 developmental assessments, school records, abuse or neglect 331 reports, home studies, protective investigations, and 332 psychological and psychiatric evaluations. The child, the 333 child's defense counsel, and the state attorney, have the right 334 to examine these reports and to question the parties responsible 335 for them at the hearing.

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(4) SENTENCING ALTERNATIVES.-

337

(a) Adult Sanctions.-

338 1. Cases prosecuted on indictment.-If the child is found to 339 have committed the offense punishable by death or life 340 imprisonment, the child shall be sentenced as an adult. If the 341 iuvenile is not found to have committed the indictable offense 342 but is found to have committed a lesser included offense or any 343 other offense for which he or she was indicted as a part of the 344 criminal episode, the court may sentence as follows: 345 a. As an adult; 346

b. Under chapter 958; or

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347 c. As a juvenile under this section. 2. Other cases .- If a child who has been transferred for 348 349 criminal prosecution pursuant to information or waiver of 350 juvenile court jurisdiction is found to have committed a 351 violation of state law or a lesser included offense for which he 352 or she was charged as a part of the criminal episode, the court 353 may sentence as follows: 354 1.a. As an adult; 355 2.b. As a youthful offender under chapter 958; or 356 3.c. As a juvenile under this section. 357 3. Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, if 358 the state attorney is required to file a motion to transfer and 359 certify the juvenile for prosecution as an adult under s. 360 985.556(3) and that motion is granted, or if the state attorney 361 is required to file an information under s. 985.557(2)(a) or 362 (b), the court must impose adult sanctions. 363 (b) 4. Findings.-The court must Any sentence imposing adult sanctions is presumed appropriate, and the court is not required 364 365 to set forth specific findings or enumerate the criteria in this 366 subsection as any basis for its decision to impose adult 367 sanctions.

368 <u>(c)</u>5. <u>Restitution.</u>—When a child has been transferred for 369 criminal prosecution as an adult and has been found to have 370 committed a violation of state law, the disposition of the case 371 may include the enforcement of any restitution ordered in any 372 juvenile proceeding.

373 <u>(d) (b)</u> Juvenile sanctions.-If a juvenile sentence is For 374 juveniles transferred to adult court but who do not qualify for 375 such transfer under s. 985.556(3) or s. 985.557(2)(a) or (b),

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376 the court may impose juvenile sanctions under this paragraph. If 377 juvenile sentences are imposed, the court shall, under this 378 paragraph, adjudge the child to have committed a delinquent act. 379 Adjudication of delinquency shall not be deemed a conviction, 380 nor shall it operate to impose any of the civil disabilities 381 ordinarily resulting from a conviction. The court shall impose 382 an adult sanction or a juvenile sanction and may not sentence 383 the child to a combination of adult and juvenile punishments. An 384 adult sanction or a juvenile sanction may include enforcement of 385 an order of restitution or probation previously ordered in any juvenile proceeding. However, if the court imposes a juvenile 386 387 sanction and the department determines that the sanction is 388 unsuitable for the child, the department shall return custody of 389 the child to the sentencing court for further proceedings, 390 including the imposition of adult sanctions. Upon adjudicating a 391 child delinquent under subsection (1), the court may:

392 1. Place the child in a probation program under the 393 supervision of the department for an indeterminate period of 394 time until the child reaches the age of 19 years or sooner if 395 discharged by order of the court.

2. Commit the child to the department for treatment in an appropriate program for children for an indeterminate period of time until the child is 21 or sooner if discharged by the department. The department shall notify the court of its intent to discharge no later than 14 days prior to discharge. Failure of the court to timely respond to the department's notice shall be considered approval for discharge.

403 3. Order disposition under ss. 985.435, 985.437, 985.439,
404 985.441, 985.45, and 985.455 as an alternative to youthful

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405 offender or adult sentencing if the court determines not to 406 impose youthful offender or adult sanctions.

407 (e) (e) Adult sanctions upon failure of juvenile sanctions.-408 If a child proves not to be suitable to a commitment program, 409 juvenile probation program, or treatment program under paragraph 410 (d) (b), the department shall provide the sentencing court with a 411 written report outlining the basis for its objections to the 412 juvenile sanction and shall simultaneously provide a copy of the 413 report to the state attorney and the defense counsel. The 414 department shall schedule a hearing within 30 days. Upon 415 hearing, the court may revoke the previous adjudication, impose 416 an adjudication of guilt, and impose any sentence which it may lawfully impose, giving credit for all time spent by the child 417 418 in the department. The court may also classify the child as a youthful offender under s. 958.04, if appropriate. For purposes 419 420 of this paragraph, a child may be found not suitable to a commitment program, community control program, or treatment 421 422 program under paragraph (d) (b) if the child commits a new 423 violation of law while under juvenile sanctions, if the child 424 commits any other violation of the conditions of juvenile 425 sanctions, or if the child's actions are otherwise determined by 426 the court to demonstrate a failure of juvenile sanctions.

427 (f) (d) Further proceedings heard in adult court.-When a 428 child is sentenced to juvenile sanctions, further proceedings 429 involving those sanctions shall continue to be heard in the 430 adult court.

431 (g) (e) School attendance.-If the child is attending or is eligible to attend public school and the court finds that the 432 433 victim or a sibling of the victim in the case is attending or

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434 may attend the same school as the child, the court placement 435 order shall include a finding pursuant to the proceeding 436 described in s. 985.455(2), regardless of whether adjudication 437 is withheld.

439 It is the intent of the Legislature that the criteria and 440 guidelines in this subsection are mandatory and that a 441 determination of disposition under this subsection is subject to 442 the right of the child to appellate review under s. 985.534.

443 Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 985.556, Florida 444 Statutes, is amended to read:

445 985.556 Waiver of juvenile court jurisdiction; hearing.-(1) VOLUNTARY WAIVER.-The court shall transfer and certify 446 447 a child's criminal case for trial as an adult if the child is alleged to have committed a violation of law and, prior to the 448 449 commencement of an adjudicatory hearing, the child, joined by a 450 parent or, in the absence of a parent, by the quardian or guardian ad litem, demands in writing to be tried as an adult. 451 452 Once a child has been transferred for criminal prosecution 453 pursuant to a voluntary waiver hearing and has been found to 454 have committed the presenting offense or a lesser included 455 offense, the child shall be handled thereafter in every respect 456 as an adult for any subsequent violation of state law, unless 457 the court imposes juvenile sanctions under s. 985.565(4)(d) s. 458 985.565(4)(b).

459 Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
460 made by this act to sections 985.557, 985.56, and 985.565,
461 Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of
462 section 985.04, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

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985.04 Oaths; records; confidential information.-

464 (2) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter,
465 the name, photograph, address, and crime or arrest report of a
466 child:

(a) Taken into custody if the child has been taken into
(a) Taken into custody if the child has been taken into
(b) custody by a law enforcement officer for a violation of law
(c) which, if committed by an adult, would be a felony;

(b) Found by a court to have committed three or more violations of law which, if committed by an adult, would be misdemeanors;

473 (c) Transferred to the adult system under s. 985.557,
474 indicted under s. 985.56, or waived under s. 985.556;

(d) Taken into custody by a law enforcement officer for a
violation of law subject to s. 985.557(2)(b) or (d); or

477 (e) Transferred to the adult system but sentenced to the478 juvenile system under s. 985.565

480 shall not be considered confidential and exempt from s.481 119.07(1) solely because of the child's age.

482 Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 483 made by this act to section 985.557, Florida Statutes, in a 484 reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 985.15, Florida 485 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

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985.15 Filing decisions.-

(1) The state attorney may in all cases take action
independent of the action or lack of action of the juvenile
probation officer and shall determine the action that is in the
best interest of the public and the child. If the child meets
the criteria requiring prosecution as an adult under s. 985.556,

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492 the state attorney shall request the court to transfer and 493 certify the child for prosecution as an adult or shall provide 494 written reasons to the court for not making such a request. In 495 all other cases, the state attorney may: 496 (a) File a petition for dependency; 497 (b) File a petition under chapter 984; 498 (c) File a petition for delinquency; 499 (d) File a petition for delinguency with a motion to 500 transfer and certify the child for prosecution as an adult; 501 (e) File an information under s. 985.557; 502 (f) Refer the case to a grand jury; 503 (g) Refer the child to a diversionary, pretrial intervention, arbitration, or mediation program, or to some 504 505 other treatment or care program if such program commitment is 506 voluntarily accepted by the child or the child's parents or 507 legal guardian; or 508 (h) Decline to file. 509 Section 7. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 510 made by this act to section 985.557, Florida Statutes, in a 511 reference thereto, subsection (5) of section 985.265, Florida 512 Statutes, is reenacted to read: 985.265 Detention transfer and release; education; adult 513 jails.-514 (5) The court shall order the delivery of a child to a jail 515 516 or other facility intended or used for the detention of adults: 517 (a) When the child has been transferred or indicted for 518 criminal prosecution as an adult under part X, except that the court may not order or allow a child alleged to have committed a 519 520 misdemeanor who is being transferred for criminal prosecution

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521 pursuant to either s. 985.556 or s. 985.557 to be detained or 522 held in a jail or other facility intended or used for the 523 detention of adults; however, such child may be held temporarily 524 in a detention facility; or

525 (b) When a child taken into custody in this state is wanted 526 by another jurisdiction for prosecution as an adult.

528 The child shall be housed separately from adult inmates to 529 prohibit a child from having regular contact with incarcerated 530 adults, including trusties. "Regular contact" means sight and 531 sound contact. Separation of children from adults shall permit 532 no more than haphazard or accidental contact. The receiving jail 533 or other facility shall contain a separate section for children 534 and shall have an adequate staff to supervise and monitor the 535 child's activities at all times. Supervision and monitoring of 536 children includes physical observation and documented checks by jail or receiving facility supervisory personnel at intervals 537 not to exceed 10 minutes. This subsection does not prohibit 538 539 placing two or more children in the same cell. Under no 540 circumstances shall a child be placed in the same cell with an 541 adult.

542 Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 543 made by this act to section 985.557, Florida Statutes, in a 544 reference thereto, subsection (3) of section 985.556, Florida 545 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

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985.556 Waiver of juvenile court jurisdiction; hearing.-(3) INVOLUNTARY MANDATORY WAIVER.-

child has been previously adjudicated delinquent for an act

548 (a) If the child was 14 years of age or older, and if the

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550 classified as a felony, which adjudication was for the 551 commission of, attempt to commit, or conspiracy to commit 552 murder, sexual battery, armed or strong-armed robbery, 553 carjacking, home-invasion robbery, aggravated battery, 554 aggravated assault, or burglary with an assault or battery, and 555 the child is currently charged with a second or subsequent 556 violent crime against a person; or

557 (b) If the child was 14 years of age or older at the time 558 of commission of a fourth or subsequent alleged felony offense 559 and the child was previously adjudicated delinquent or had 560 adjudication withheld for or was found to have committed, or to 561 have attempted or conspired to commit, three offenses that are 562 felony offenses if committed by an adult, and one or more of 563 such felony offenses involved the use or possession of a firearm 564 or violence against a person;

566 the state attorney shall request the court to transfer and certify the child for prosecution as an adult or shall provide 567 568 written reasons to the court for not making such request, or 569 proceed under s. 985.557(1). Upon the state attorney's request, 570 the court shall either enter an order transferring the case and 571 certifying the case for trial as if the child were an adult or 572 provide written reasons for not issuing such an order.

573 Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 574 made by this act to section 985.565, Florida Statutes, in a 575 reference thereto, subsection (3) of section 985.514, Florida 576 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

577 985.514 Responsibility for cost of care; fees.-578

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(3) When the court under s. 985.565 orders any child

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579 prosecuted as an adult to be supervised by or committed to the 580 department for treatment in any of the department's programs for 581 children, the court shall order the child's parents to pay fees 582 as provided in s. 985.039.

583 Section 10. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 584 made by this act to section 985.565, Florida Statutes, in a 585 reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 586 985.556, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

587 588 985.556 Waiver of juvenile court jurisdiction; hearing.-

(5) EFFECT OF ORDER WAIVING JURISDICTION.-

(a) Once a child has been transferred for criminal prosecution pursuant to an involuntary waiver hearing and has been found to have committed the presenting offense or a lesser included offense, the child shall thereafter be handled in every respect as an adult for any subsequent violation of state law, unless the court imposes juvenile sanctions under s. 985.565.

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Section 11. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

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