By Senator Thompson

12-01382A-15 20151492

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to elections; amending s. 100.032, F.S.; requiring a supervisor of elections to submit an election preparation report to the Department of State within a specified time; requiring the department to post the report on its website; amending s. 101.001, F.S.; requiring a notice of intended changes to precinct boundaries and polling places to be posted on the websites of the department and supervisor of elections within a specified time; requiring a description of changes to precinct boundaries or location of polling places to be posted on a supervisor's website within a specified time; amending s. 101.021, F.S.; authorizing an elector with no party affiliation to vote in a primary election; amending s. 102.031, F.S.; prohibiting certain private property owners from restricting access to polling places or early voting sites located on their property during certain periods; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 100.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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100.032 Election preparation report; general election.—At least 3 months before a general election, each supervisor of elections must post a report on his or her official website and submit to the Department of State a report that at least 3 months before a general election which outlines preparations for

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the upcoming general election. The report must include, at a minimum, the following elements: the anticipated staffing levels during the early voting period, on election day and after election day; and the anticipated amount of automatic tabulating equipment at each early voting site and polling place. The department shall post the report on its official website upon receipt from the supervisor.

- Section 2. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 101.001, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 101.001 Precincts and polling places; boundaries.—
- (1) (a) The board of county commissioners in each county, upon recommendation and approval of the supervisor, shall alter or create precincts for voting in the county. Each precinct shall be numbered and, as nearly as practicable, composed of contiguous and compact areas. The supervisor shall designate a polling place at a suitable location within each precinct. The precinct shall not be changed thereafter except with the consent of the supervisor and a majority of the members of the board of county commissioners. The board of county commissioners and the supervisor may have precinct boundaries conform to municipal boundaries in accordance with the provisions of s. 101.002, but, in any event, the registration books shall be maintained in such a manner that there may be determined therefrom the total number of electors in each municipality.
- (b) At least 60 days before a board of county commissioners approves or rejects the alteration or creation of a precinct, and at least 60 days before the supervisor changes the location of a polling place within a precinct, the supervisor shall notify the department of the intended change. The supervisor and

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the department shall make information regarding the intended change available on their respective websites.

(4) (a) Within 10 days after there is any change in the division, number, or boundaries of the precincts, or the location of the polling places, the supervisor of elections shall make in writing an accurate description of any new or altered precincts, setting forth the boundary lines and shall identify the location of each new or altered polling place. A copy of the document describing such changes shall be posted at the supervisor's office and on the supervisor's official website.

Section 3. Section 101.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 101.021 Elector to vote the primary ballot of the political party in which he or she is registered; exceptions.—
- $\underline{\ \ }$ In a primary election a qualified elector is entitled to vote the official primary election ballot of the political party designated in the elector's registration, and no other. It is unlawful for $\underline{\ \ }$ any elector to vote in a primary for $\underline{\ \ }$ any candidate running for nomination from a party other than that in which such elector is registered.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), a qualified elector with no party affiliation is entitled to vote the official primary election ballot of any political party. It is unlawful for an elector with no party affiliation to vote more than one primary election ballot.

Section 4. Paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section 102.031, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (a) of that subsection is republished, to read:

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102.031 Maintenance of good order at polls; authorities; persons allowed in polling rooms and early voting areas; unlawful solicitation of voters.—

- (4) (a) No person, political committee, or other group or organization may solicit voters inside the polling place or within 100 feet of the entrance to any polling place, a polling room where the polling place is also a polling room, an early voting site, or an office of the supervisor of elections where absentee ballots are requested and printed on demand for the convenience of electors who appear in person to request them. Before the opening of the polling place or early voting site, the clerk or supervisor shall designate the no-solicitation zone and mark the boundaries.
- (d) Except as provided in paragraph (a), the supervisor or the owner of any private property being used by the supervisor, during the period that the private property is being used as a polling place or early voting site, may not designate a nosolicitation zone or otherwise restrict access to any person, political committee, committee of continuous existence, candidate, or other group or organization for the purposes of soliciting voters. This paragraph applies to any public or private property used as a polling place or early voting site, including public or private property located outside of the nosolicitation zone.

Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.