

Proposed Committee Substitute by the Committee on Fiscal Policy (Appropriations Subcommittee on General Government)

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to vessel safety; amending s. 327.02, F.S.; defining the terms "developed waterfront property" and "safe harbor"; creating s. 327.4107, F.S.; specifying how vessels may be anchored or moored outside public mooring fields on the waters of this state; providing a noncriminal infraction; providing an exception for counties or municipalities participating in the anchoring and mooring pilot program; amending s. 327.70, F.S.; authorizing the mailing of a uniform boating citation to the registered owner of an unattended vessel for circumstances when a vessel is at risk of becoming derelict; amending s. 327.73, F.S.; specifying the noncriminal infraction for violations of s. 327.4107, F.S.; amending s. 327.391, F.S.; conforming a crossreference; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Present subsections (9) through (39) are redesignated as subsections (10) through (40), respectively, and present subsections (40) through (44) are redesignated as subsections (42) through (46), respectively, of section 327.02, Florida Statutes, and new subsections (9) and (41) are added to that section, to read:

327.02 Definitions.—As used in this chapter and in chapter



328, unless the context clearly requires a different meaning, the term:

- (9) "Developed waterfront property" means any upland property bounded on at least one side by the waters of the state, above the mean high water mark of the shoreline or seawall, upon which a single-family home, multi-family apartment, townhouse, condominium, or other similar residential dwelling exists. The term does not include docks and other infrastructure adjacent thereto or properties with mixed residential and commercial use.
- (41) "Safe harbor" means taking refuge by temporarily anchoring, mooring, or docking due to a mechanical breakdown or when imminent or existing extreme weather conditions impose an unreasonable risk of harm. A vessel may remain anchored, moored, or docked until repaired, which must occur within 7 business days, or in the event of extreme weather, until weather conditions improve to the point where it is no longer perilous to operate the vessel.

Section 2. Section 327.4107, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 327.4107 Anchoring and mooring of vessels outside public mooring fields.—
- (1) The anchoring or mooring of a vessel other than liveaboard vessels on the waters of this state may be regulated only as provided in this chapter and chapter 403.
- (a) An owner, operator, or person in charge of a vessel may not anchor or moor a vessel within 200 feet of the marked boundary of a permitted mooring field, any public boat ramp, hoist, marine railway, or other launching or landing facility



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available for use by the general public.

- (b) An owner, operator, or person in charge of a vessel may not anchor or moor a vessel within 200 feet of the shoreline of developed waterfront property, as defined in s. 327.02, between the times of one hour past sunset and one hour before sunrise except as follows:
- 1. Vessels requiring safe harbor, in which case the vessel may remain anchored or moored for 7 business days until repaired, or in the event of extreme weather, until weather conditions improve to the point where it is no longer perilous to operate the vessel.
- 2. Vessels in transit upon which the owner, operator, or person in charge of the vessel is incapable of safely operating the vessel due to physical exhaustion, provided that anchoring or mooring is limited to one overnight period.
- 3. Vessels owned or operated by a governmental entity for law enforcement, firefighting, or rescue purposes.
- 4. Construction or dredging vessels while on an active job site.
 - 5. Vessels actively engaged in commercial fishing.
- 6. Vessels engaged in recreational fishing whereby persons, onboard or in the water in the immediate vicinity of the vessel, are actively tending fishing gear other than traps.
- 7. Vessels present for the duration of events as described in s. 327.48.
- (c) An owner, operator, or person in charge of a vessel may not anchor or moor a vessel if any of the following circumstances exist, unless the vessel requires safe harbor, in which case a vessel may remain anchored, moored, or docked until



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repaired, which must occur within 7 business days:

- 1. The vessel is taking or has taken on water without an effective means to dewater.
- 2. Spaces on the vessel which are designed to be enclosed are incapable of being sealed off or remain open to the elements for extended periods of time.
- 3. The vessel is leaking petroleum products or other harmful contaminants in violation of law.
- 4. The vessel has broken loose or is in danger of breaking loose from its anchor or mooring.
- 5. The vessel is involved in one or more violations of marine sanitation laws.
- 6. The vessel is listing due to water intrusion, is sunk, partially sunken, or is left aground while unattended.
- (2) A person who anchors or moors a vessel in violation of this section commits a noncriminal infraction, punishable as provided in s. 327.73.
- (3) Penalties provided in this section are in addition to penalties already provided in Florida Statutes.
- (4) Notwithstanding this section, a county or municipality participating in the anchoring and mooring pilot program may continue to regulate the anchoring or mooring of non-live-aboard vessels as provided under s. 327.4105.
- Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 327.70, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 327.70 Enforcement of this chapter and chapter 328.-
- (2)(a) Noncriminal violations of the following statutes may be enforced by a uniform boating citation mailed to the registered owner of an unattended vessel anchored, aground, or



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moored on the waters of this state:

- 1. Section 327.33(3)(b), relating to navigation rules.
- 2. Section 327.44, relating to interference with 117 navigation. 118
- 3. Section 327.50(2), relating to required lights and 119 120 shapes.
 - 4. Section 327.53, relating to marine sanitation.
 - 5. Section 328.48(5), relating to display of decal.
 - 6. Section 328.52(2), relating to display of number.
 - 7. Section 327.4107, relating to circumstances when a vessel is at risk of becoming derelict.
 - Section 4. Paragraph (y) is added to subsection (1) of section 327.73, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 327.73 Noncriminal infractions.-
 - (1) Violations of the following provisions of the vessel laws of this state are noncriminal infractions:
 - (y) Section 327.4107, relating to the anchoring of vessels outside public mooring fields, for which the civil penalty is:
 - 1. For a first offense, \$50.
 - 2. For a second offense, \$100.
- 135 3. For a third or subsequent offense, \$250.

Any person cited for a violation of any provision of this subsection shall be deemed to be charged with a noncriminal infraction, shall be cited for such an infraction, and shall be cited to appear before the county court. The civil penalty for any such infraction is \$50, except as otherwise provided in this section. Any person who fails to appear or otherwise properly respond to a uniform boating citation shall, in addition to the



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charge relating to the violation of the boating laws of this state, be charged with the offense of failing to respond to such citation and, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. A written warning to this effect shall be provided at the time such uniform boating citation is issued.

Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 327.391, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

327.391 Airboats regulated.-

(1) The exhaust of every internal combustion engine used on any airboat operated on the waters of this state shall be provided with an automotive-style factory muffler, underwater exhaust, or other manufactured device capable of adequately muffling the sound of the exhaust of the engine as described in s. 327.02(28) s. 327.02(25). The use of cutouts or flex pipe as the sole source of muffling is prohibited, except as provided in subsection (4). Any person who violates this subsection commits a noncriminal infraction punishable as provided in s. 327.73(1).

Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.