

1 A bill to be entitled

2 An act relating to electronic commerce; providing a
3 directive to the Division of Law Revision and
4 Information; creating the "Computer Abuse and Data
5 Recovery Act"; creating s. 668.801, F.S.; providing a
6 statement of purpose; creating s. 668.802, F.S.;
7 defining terms; creating s. 668.803, F.S.; prohibiting
8 a person from intentionally committing specified acts
9 without authorization with respect to a protected
10 computer; providing penalties for a violation;
11 creating s. 668.804, F.S.; specifying remedies for
12 civil actions brought by persons affected by a
13 violation; providing that specified criminal judgments
14 or decrees against a defendant act as estoppel as to
15 certain matters in specified civil actions; providing
16 that specified civil actions must be filed within
17 certain periods of time; creating s. 668.805, F.S.;
18 providing that the act does not prohibit specified
19 activity by certain state, federal, and foreign law
20 enforcement agencies, regulatory agencies, and
21 political subdivisions; providing an effective date.

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23 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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25 Section 1. The Division of Law Revision and Information is
26 directed to create part V of chapter 668, Florida Statutes,

27 consisting of ss. 668.801-668.805, Florida Statutes, to be
 28 entitled the "Computer Abuse and Data Recovery Act."

29 Section 2. Section 668.801, Florida Statutes, is created
 30 to read:

31 668.801 Purpose.—This part shall be construed liberally
 32 to:

33 (1) Safeguard an owner, operator, or lessee of a protected
 34 computer used in the operation of a business from harm or loss
 35 caused by unauthorized access to such computer.

36 (2) Safeguard an owner of information stored in a
 37 protected computer used in the operation of a business from harm
 38 or loss caused by unauthorized access to such computer.

39 Section 3. Section 668.802, Florida Statutes, is created
 40 to read:

41 668.802 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

42 (1) "Business" means any trade or business regardless of
 43 its for-profit or not-for-profit status.

44 (2) "Computer" means an electronic, magnetic, optical,
 45 electrochemical, or other high-speed data processing device that
 46 performs logical, arithmetic, or storage functions and includes
 47 any data storage facility, data storage device, or
 48 communications facility directly related to or which operates in
 49 conjunction with the device.

50 (3) "Harm" means any impairment to the integrity, access,
 51 or availability of data, programs, systems, or information.

52 (4) "Loss" means any of the following:

53 (a) Any reasonable cost incurred by the owner, operator,
54 or lessee of a protected computer or the owner of stored
55 information, including the reasonable cost of conducting a
56 damage assessment for harm associated with the violation and the
57 reasonable cost for remediation efforts, such as restoring the
58 data, programs, systems, or information to the condition it was
59 in before the violation.

60 (b) Economic damages.

61 (c) Lost profits.

62 (d) Consequential damages including the interruption of
63 service.

64 (e) Profits earned by a violator as a result of the
65 violation.

66 (5) "Protected computer" means a computer that is used in
67 connection with the operation of a business and stores
68 information, programs, or code in connection with the operation
69 of the business in which the stored information, programs, or
70 code can only be accessed by employing a technological access
71 barrier.

72 (6) "Technological access barrier" means a password,
73 security code, token, key fob, access device, or similar
74 measure.

75 (7) "Traffic" means to sell, purchase, or deliver.

76 (8) "Without authorization" means circumvention of a
77 technological access barrier on a protected computer without the
78 express or implied permission of the owner, operator, or lessee

79 of the computer or the express or implied permission of the
80 owner of information stored in the protected computer, but the
81 term does not include circumventing a technological measure that
82 does not effectively control access to the protected computer or
83 the information stored in the protected computer.

84 Section 4. Section 668.803, Florida Statutes, is created
85 to read:

86 668.803 Prohibited acts.—A person who knowingly and with
87 intent to cause harm or loss:

88 (1) Obtains information from a protected computer without
89 authorization and, as a result, causes harm or loss;

90 (2) Causes the transmission of a program, code, or command
91 from a protected computer without authorization and, as a result
92 of the transmission, causes harm or loss; or

93 (3) Traffics in any technological access barrier through
94 which access to a protected computer may be obtained without
95 authorization,

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97 is liable to the extent provided in s. 668.804 in a civil action
98 to the owner, operator, or lessee of the protected computer, or
99 the owner of information stored in the protected computer who
100 uses the information in connection with the operation of a
101 business.

102 Section 5. Section 668.804, Florida Statutes, is created
103 to read:

104 668.804 Remedies.—

105 (1) A person who brings a civil action for a violation
106 under s. 668.803 may:

107 (a) Recover actual damages, including the person's lost
108 profits and economic damages.

109 (b) Recover the violator's profits that are not included
110 in the computation of actual damages under paragraph (a).

111 (c) Obtain injunctive or other equitable relief from the
112 court to prevent a future violation of s. 668.803.

113 (d) Recover the misappropriated information, program, or
114 code, and all copies thereof, that are subject to the violation.

115 (2) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees to the
116 prevailing party in any action arising under this part.

117 (3) The remedies available for a violation of s. 668.803
118 are in addition to remedies otherwise available for the same
119 conduct under federal or state law.

120 (4) A final judgment or decree in favor of the state in
121 any criminal proceeding under chapter 815 shall estop the
122 defendant in any subsequent action brought pursuant to s.
123 668.803 as to all matters as to which the judgment or decree
124 would be an estoppel as if the plaintiff had been a party in the
125 previous criminal action.

126 (5) A civil action filed under s. 668.803 must be
127 commenced within 3 years after the violation occurred or within
128 3 years after the violation was discovered or should have been
129 discovered with due diligence.

130 Section 6. Section 668.805, Florida Statutes, is created

131 to read:

132 668.805 Exclusions.—This part does not prohibit any
133 lawfully authorized investigative, protective, or intelligence
134 activity of any law enforcement agency, regulatory agency, or
135 political subdivision of this state, any other state, the United
136 States, or any foreign country.

137 Section 7. This act shall take effect October 1, 2015.