By Senator Simpson

	18-00245A-15 2015314
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Petroleum Restoration Program;
3	amending s. 376.305, F.S.; expanding the definition of
4	"abandoned petroleum storage system" to include
5	petroleum systems that stored petroleum products
6	during a certain timeframe; amending s. 376.30701,
7	F.S.; requiring the Department of Environmental
8	Protection to establish standards and criteria for
9	specific situations in which the national standard for
10	benzene applies; amending s. 376.3071, F.S.; removing
11	the requirement for the department to incorporate
12	risk-based corrective action principles in certain
13	rule criteria; prohibiting site rehabilitation from
14	being implemented on certain sites without the
15	approval of the site owner or the person responsible
16	for the site rehabilitation; requiring the department
17	to establish by rule a procedure for the processing of
18	certain invoices; requiring the department to
19	establish rules requiring work tasks for remediation
20	systems to be based on performance-based contracts;
21	authorizing site owners and operators to select a
22	contractor under certain circumstances; clarifying
23	that a change in ownership does not preclude a site
24	from entering into the program; revising the
25	eligibility requirements for receiving rehabilitation
26	funding assistance; deleting obsolete provisions;
27	amending s. 376.30713, F.S.; revising the number of
28	sites necessary to meet the eligibility requirement
29	for an advanced cleanup application; increasing the

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30	total amount for which the department may contract for
31	advanced cleanup work in a fiscal year; providing an
32	effective date.
33	
34	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
35	
36	Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 376.305, Florida
37	Statutes, is amended to read:
38	376.305 Removal of prohibited discharges
39	(6) The Legislature created the Abandoned Tank Restoration
40	Program in response to the need to provide financial assistance
41	for cleanup of sites that have abandoned petroleum storage
42	systems. For purposes of this subsection, the term "abandoned
43	petroleum storage system" means a petroleum storage system that
44	has not stored petroleum products for consumption, use, or sale
45	since <u>January 1, 1999</u> March 1, 1990. The department shall
46	establish the Abandoned Tank Restoration Program to facilitate
47	the restoration of sites contaminated by abandoned petroleum
48	storage systems.
49	(a) To be included in the program:
50	1. An application must be submitted to the department by
51	June 30, 1996, certifying that the system has not stored
52	petroleum products for consumption, use, or sale at the facility
53	since January 1, 1999 March 1, 1990.
54	2. The owner or operator of the petroleum storage system
55	when it was in service must have ceased conducting business
56	involving consumption, use, or sale of petroleum products at
57	that facility on or before <u>January 1, 1999</u> March 1, 1990.
58	3. The site is not otherwise eligible for the cleanup

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59	programs pursuant to s. 376.3071 or s. 376.3072.
60	(b) In order to be eligible for the program, petroleum
61	storage systems from which a discharge occurred must be closed
62	pursuant to department rules before an eligibility
63	determination. However, if the department determines that the
64	owner of the facility cannot financially comply with the
65	department's petroleum storage system closure requirements and
66	all other eligibility requirements are met, the petroleum
67	storage system closure requirements shall be waived. The
68	department shall take into consideration the owner's net worth
69	and the economic impact on the owner in making the determination
70	of the owner's financial ability. The June 30, 1996, application
71	deadline shall be waived for owners who cannot financially
72	comply.
73	(c) Sites accepted in the program are eligible for site
74	rehabilitation funding as provided in s. 376.3071.
75	(d) The following sites are excluded from eligibility:
76	1. Sites on property of the Federal Government;
77	2. Sites contaminated by pollutants that are not petroleum
78	products;
79	3. Sites where the department has been denied site access;
80	or
81	4. Sites which are owned by a person who had knowledge of
82	the polluting condition when title was acquired unless the
83	person acquired title to the site after issuance of a notice of
84	site eligibility by the department.
85	(e) Participating sites are subject to a deductible as
86	determined by rule, not to exceed \$10,000.
87	

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88	 This subsection does not relieve a person who has acquired title
89	after July 1, 1992, from the duty to establish by a
90	preponderance of the evidence that he or she undertook, at the
91	time of acquisition, all appropriate inquiry into the previous
92	ownership and use of the property consistent with good
93	commercial or customary practice in an effort to minimize
94	liability, as required by s. 376.308(1)(c).
95	Section 2. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section
96	376.30701, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
97	376.30701 Application of risk-based corrective action
98	principles to contaminated sites; applicability; legislative
99	intent; rulemaking authority; contamination cleanup criteria;
100	limitations; reopeners
101	(2) INTENT; RULEMAKING AUTHORITY; CLEANUP CRITERIAIt is
102	the intent of the Legislature to protect the health of all
103	people under actual circumstances of exposure. By July 1, 2004,
104	the secretary of the department shall establish criteria by rule
105	for the purpose of determining, on a site-specific basis, the
106	rehabilitation program tasks that comprise a site rehabilitation
107	program, including a voluntary site rehabilitation program, and
108	the level at which a rehabilitation program task and a site
109	rehabilitation program may be deemed completed. In establishing
110	these rules, the department shall apply, to the maximum extent
111	feasible, a risk-based corrective action process to achieve
112	protection of human health and safety and the environment in a
113	cost-effective manner based on the principles set forth in this
114	subsection. These rules shall prescribe a phased risk-based
115	corrective action process that is iterative and that tailors
116	site rehabilitation tasks to site-specific conditions and risks.
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117 The department and the person responsible for site 118 rehabilitation are encouraged to establish decision points at 119 which risk management decisions will be made. The department 120 shall provide an early decision, when requested, regarding 121 applicable exposure factors and a risk management approach based 122 on the current and future land use at the site. These rules 123 shall also include protocols for the use of natural attenuation, 124 the use of institutional and engineering controls, and the 125 issuance of "No Further Action" orders. The criteria for 126 determining what constitutes a rehabilitation program task or 127 completion of a site rehabilitation program task or site 128 rehabilitation program, including a voluntary site 129 rehabilitation program, must:

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(g) Apply state water quality standards as follows:

131 1. Cleanup target levels for each contaminant found in 132 groundwater shall be the applicable state water quality 133 standards. Where such standards do not exist, the cleanup target 134 levels for groundwater shall be based on the minimum criteria 135 specified in department rule. The department shall apply the 136 following, as appropriate, in establishing the applicable 137 cleanup target levels: calculations using a lifetime cancer risk 138 level of 1.0E-6; a hazard index of 1 or less; the best 139 achievable detection limit; and nuisance, organoleptic, and 140 aesthetic considerations. The department shall establish standards and criteria for specific situations in which the 141 142 national standard of 5 parts per billion (ppb) for benzene is 143 applicable. However, the department shall not require site 144 rehabilitation to achieve a cleanup target level for any 145 individual contaminant that is more stringent than the site-

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18-00245A-152015314_146specific, naturally occurring background concentration for that147contaminant.

148 2. Where surface waters are exposed to contaminated 149 groundwater, the cleanup target levels for the contaminants 150 shall be based on the more protective of the groundwater or 151 surface water standards as established by department rule. The 152 point of measuring compliance with the surface water standards 153 shall be in the groundwater immediately adjacent to the surface 154 water body.

155 3. Using risk-based corrective action principles, the 156 department shall approve alternative cleanup target levels in 157 conjunction with institutional and engineering controls, if 158 needed, based upon an applicant's demonstration, using site-159 specific data, modeling results, risk assessment studies, risk 160 reduction techniques, or a combination thereof, that human 161 health, public safety, and the environment are protected to the 162 same degree as provided in subparagraphs 1. and 2. Where a state 163 water quality standard is applicable, a deviation may not result 164 in the application of cleanup target levels more stringent than 165 the standard. In determining whether it is appropriate to 166 establish alternative cleanup target levels at a site, the 167 department must consider the effectiveness of source removal, if 168 any, that has been completed at the site and the practical 169 likelihood of the use of low yield or poor quality groundwater, the use of groundwater near marine surface water bodies, the 170 171 current and projected use of the affected groundwater in the 172 vicinity of the site, or the use of groundwater in the immediate 173 vicinity of the contaminated area, where it has been 174 demonstrated that the groundwater contamination is not migrating

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18-00245A-15 2015314 175 away from such localized source, provided human health, public 176 safety, and the environment are protected. Groundwater resource 177 protection remains the ultimate goal of cleanup, particularly in 178 light of the state's continued growth and consequent demands for 179 drinking water resources. The Legislature recognizes the need 180 for a protective yet flexible cleanup approach that risk-based 181 corrective action provides. Only where it is appropriate on a 182 site-specific basis, using the criteria in this paragraph and 183 careful evaluation by the department, shall proposed alternative 184 cleanup target levels be approved. 185

186 The department shall require source removal as a risk reduction 187 measure if warranted and cost-effective. Once source removal at 188 a site is complete, the department shall reevaluate the site to 189 determine the degree of active cleanup needed to continue. 190 Further, the department shall determine if the reevaluated site 191 qualifies for monitoring only or if no further action is required to rehabilitate the site. If additional site 192 193 rehabilitation is necessary to reach "No Further Action" status, 194 the department is encouraged to utilize natural attenuation and 195 monitoring where site conditions warrant.

Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5), paragraph (d) of subsection (6), and subsection (13) of section 376.3071, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (n) is added to subsection (6) of that section, to read:

200 376.3071 Inland Protection Trust Fund; creation; purposes; 201 funding.-

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- 203
- (5) SITE SELECTION AND CLEANUP CRITERIA.-
 - (b) It is the intent of the Legislature to protect the

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18-00245A-15 2015314 204 health of all people under actual circumstances of exposure. The 205 secretary shall establish criteria by rule for the purpose of 206 determining, on a site-specific basis, the rehabilitation 207 program tasks that comprise a site rehabilitation program and 208 the level at which a rehabilitation program task and a site 209 rehabilitation program are completed. In establishing the rule, 210 the department shall incorporate, to the maximum extent 211 feasible, risk-based corrective action principles to achieve protection of the public health, safety, and welfare, water 212 213 resources, and the environment in a cost-effective manner as 214 provided in this subsection. Criteria for determining what 215 constitutes a rehabilitation program task or completion of site 216 rehabilitation program tasks and site rehabilitation programs 217 shall be based upon the factors set forth in paragraph (a) and 218 the following additional factors: 219 1. The current exposure and potential risk of exposure to

1. The current exposure and potential risk of exposure to humans and the environment including multiple pathways of exposure.

222 2. The appropriate point of compliance with cleanup target levels for petroleum products' chemicals of concern. The point 223 224 of compliance shall be at the source of the petroleum 225 contamination. However, the department may temporarily move the 226 point of compliance to the boundary of the property, or to the 227 edge of the plume when the plume is within the property boundary, while cleanup, including cleanup through natural 228 229 attenuation processes in conjunction with appropriate 230 monitoring, is proceeding. The department may also, pursuant to 231 criteria provided for in this paragraph, temporarily extend the point of compliance beyond the property boundary with 232

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233 appropriate monitoring, if such extension is needed to 234 facilitate natural attenuation or to address the current conditions of the plume, if the public health, safety, and 235 236 welfare, water resources, and the environment are adequately 237 protected. Temporary extension of the point of compliance beyond 238 the property boundary, as provided in this subparagraph, must 239 include notice to local governments and owners of any property 240 into which the point of compliance is allowed to extend.

3. The appropriate site-specific cleanup goal. The site-241 242 specific cleanup goal shall be that all petroleum contamination 243 sites ultimately achieve the applicable cleanup target levels 244 provided in this paragraph. However, the department may allow 245 concentrations of the petroleum products' chemicals of concern to temporarily exceed the applicable cleanup target levels while 246 247 cleanup, including cleanup through natural attenuation processes 248 in conjunction with appropriate monitoring, is proceeding, if 249 the public health, safety, and welfare, water resources, and the 250 environment are adequately protected.

251 4. The appropriateness of using institutional or 252 engineering controls. Site rehabilitation programs may include 253 the use of institutional or engineering controls to eliminate 254 the potential exposure to petroleum products' chemicals of 255 concern to humans or the environment. Use of such controls must 256 have prior department approval and may not be acquired with 257 moneys from the fund. When institutional or engineering controls 258 are implemented to control exposure, the removal of such 259 controls must have prior department approval and must be 260 accompanied immediately by the resumption of active cleanup or other approved controls unless cleanup target levels pursuant to 261

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262	this paragraph have been achieved. Site rehabilitation for a
263	site that qualifies for a conditional closure or closure with
264	institutional or engineering controls that require deed
265	restrictions may be implemented only with the approval of the
266	site owner or the person responsible for the site
267	rehabilitation.
268	5. The additive effects of the petroleum products'
269	chemicals of concern. The synergistic effects of petroleum
270	products' chemicals of concern must also be considered when the
271	scientific data becomes available.
272	6. Individual site characteristics which must include, but
273	not be limited to, the current and projected use of the affected
274	groundwater in the vicinity of the site, current and projected
275	land uses of the area affected by the contamination, the exposed

population, the degree and extent of contamination, the rate of contaminant migration, the apparent or potential rate of contaminant degradation through natural attenuation processes, the location of the plume, and the potential for further migration in relation to site property boundaries.

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7. Applicable state water quality standards.

282 a. Cleanup target levels for petroleum products' chemicals 283 of concern found in groundwater shall be the applicable state 284 water quality standards. Where such standards do not exist, the 285 cleanup target levels for groundwater shall be based on the 286 minimum criteria specified in department rule. The department 287 shall consider the following, as appropriate, in establishing 288 the applicable minimum criteria: calculations using a lifetime 289 cancer risk level of 1.0E-6; a hazard index of 1 or less; the best achievable detection limit; the naturally occurring 290

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18-00245A-152015314_291background concentration; or nuisance, organoleptic, and292aesthetic considerations.

b. Where surface waters are exposed to petroleum contaminated groundwater, the cleanup target levels for the petroleum products' chemicals of concern shall be based on the surface water standards as established by department rule. The point of measuring compliance with the surface water standards shall be in the groundwater immediately adjacent to the surface water body.

8. Whether deviation from state water quality standards or 300 301 from established criteria is appropriate. The department may 302 issue a "No Further Action Order" based upon the degree to which 303 the desired cleanup target level is achievable and can be 304 reasonably and cost-effectively implemented within available technologies or engineering and institutional control 305 306 strategies. Where a state water quality standard is applicable, 307 a deviation may not result in the application of cleanup target 308 levels more stringent than the standard. In determining whether 309 it is appropriate to establish alternate cleanup target levels 310 at a site, the department may consider the effectiveness of 311 source removal that has been completed at the site and the 312 practical likelihood of the use of low yield or poor quality 313 groundwater; the use of groundwater near marine surface water 314 bodies; the current and projected use of the affected groundwater in the vicinity of the site; or the use of 315 316 groundwater in the immediate vicinity of the storage tank area, 317 where it has been demonstrated that the groundwater 318 contamination is not migrating away from such localized source, if the public health, safety, and welfare, water resources, and 319

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320 the environment are adequately protected.

321 322 9. Appropriate cleanup target levels for soils.

a. In establishing soil cleanup target levels for human
exposure to petroleum products' chemicals of concern found in
soils from the land surface to 2 feet below land surface, the
department shall consider the following, as appropriate:
calculations using a lifetime cancer risk level of 1.0E-6; a
hazard index of 1 or less; the best achievable detection limit;
or the naturally occurring background concentration.

329 b. Leachability-based soil target levels shall be based on 330 protection of the groundwater cleanup target levels or the 331 alternate cleanup target levels for groundwater established 332 pursuant to this paragraph, as appropriate. Source removal and 333 other cost-effective alternatives that are technologically 334 feasible shall be considered in achieving the leachability soil 335 target levels established by the department. The leachability 336 goals do not apply if the department determines, based upon 337 individual site characteristics, that petroleum products' 338 chemicals of concern will not leach into the groundwater at 339 levels which pose a threat to public health, safety, and 340 welfare, water resources, or the environment.

This paragraph does not restrict the department from temporarily postponing completion of any site rehabilitation program for which funds are being expended whenever such postponement is necessary in order to make funds available for rehabilitation of a contamination site with a higher priority status.

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(6) CONTRACTING AND CONTRACTOR SELECTION REQUIREMENTS.-(d) The department rules implementing this section must:

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350	on a competitive solicitation. The department rules must also
351	2. Include procedures for the rejection of vendors not
352	meeting the minimum qualifications on the opening of a
353	competitive solicitation <u>.</u> and
354	3. Include requirements for a vendor to maintain its
355	qualifications in order to enter contracts or perform
356	rehabilitation work.
357	4. Establish a procedure for the processing of invoices
358	that are less than \$500,000 per task, including the direct
359	assignment of such tasks. This procedure may not involve the use
360	of MyFloridaMarketPlace. Invoices that are at least \$500,000 per
361	task may be processed pursuant to chapter 287.
362	5. Require current and future operations and management
363	work tasks for remediation systems to be based on performance-
364	based contracts to ensure efficient and effective cleanup of
365	sites.
366	(n) A site owner or operator may select a contractor,
367	provided the contractor complies with paragraph (c), if the
368	combination of the owner or operator copay and the contractor's
369	discount off the normal rate totals at least 5 percent of the
370	value of the contract. The cost of work must be based on a
371	competitive rate that the department negotiates with each
372	contractor.
373	(13) PETROLEUM CLEANUP PARTICIPATION PROGRAMTo encourage
374	detection, reporting, and cleanup of contamination caused by
375	discharges of petroleum or petroleum products, the department
376	shall, within the guidelines established in this subsection,
377	implement a cost-sharing cleanup program to provide

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18-00245A-15 2015314 rehabilitation funding assistance for all property contaminated 378 379 by discharges of petroleum or petroleum products occurring before January 1, 1999 1995, subject to a copayment provided for 380 381 in a Petroleum Cleanup Participation Program site rehabilitation 382 agreement. Eligibility is subject to an annual appropriation 383 from the fund. Additionally, funding for eligible sites is 384 contingent upon annual appropriation in subsequent years. Such 385 continued state funding is not an entitlement or a vested right 386 under this subsection. Eligibility shall be determined in the 387 program, notwithstanding any other provision of law, consent 388 order, order, judgment, or ordinance to the contrary. 389 (a) 1. The department shall accept any discharge reporting 390 form received before January 1, 1995, as an application for this

2. Owners or operators of property, regardless of whether 392 393 ownership has changed, which is contaminated by petroleum or 394 petroleum products from a petroleum storage system may apply for 395 such program by filing a written report of the contamination 396 incident, including evidence that such incident occurred before 397 January 1, 1999 1995, with the department. Incidents of 398 petroleum contamination discovered after December 31, 1994, at 399 sites which have not stored petroleum or petroleum products for 400 consumption, use, or sale after such date shall be presumed to have occurred before January 1, 1995. An operator's filed report 401 402 shall be an application of the owner for all purposes. Sites 403 reported to the department after December 31, 1998, are not 404 eligible for the program.

program, and the facility owner or operator need not reapply.

(b) Subject to annual appropriation from the fund, sitesmeeting the criteria of this subsection are eligible for up to

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18-00245A-15 2015314 407 \$1 million \$400,000 of site rehabilitation funding assistance in 408 priority order pursuant to subsections (5) and (6). Sites 409 meeting the criteria of this subsection for which a site 410 rehabilitation completion order was issued before June 1, 2008, 411 do not qualify for the 2008 increase in site rehabilitation 412 funding assistance and are bound by the pre-June 1, 2008, 413 limits. Sites meeting the criteria of this subsection for which 414 a site rehabilitation completion order was not issued before 415 June 1, 2008, regardless of whether they have previously 416 transitioned to nonstate-funded cleanup status, may continue 417 state-funded cleanup pursuant to this section until a site 418 rehabilitation completion order is issued or the increased site 419 rehabilitation funding assistance limit is reached, whichever 420 occurs first. The department may not pay expenses incurred beyond the scope of an approved contract. 421 422 (c) Upon notification by the department that rehabilitation 423 funding assistance is available for the site pursuant to

424 subsections (5) and (6), the owner, operator, or person 425 otherwise responsible for site rehabilitation shall provide the 426 department with a limited contamination assessment report and 427 shall enter into a Petroleum Cleanup Participation Program site 428 rehabilitation agreement with the department. The agreement must 429 provide for a 25-percent copayment by the owner, operator, or 430 person otherwise responsible for conducting site rehabilitation. 431 The owner, operator, or person otherwise responsible for 432 conducting site rehabilitation shall adequately demonstrate the 433 ability to meet the copayment obligation. The limited 434 contamination assessment report and the copayment costs may be 435 reduced or eliminated if the owner and all operators responsible

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18-00245A-15 2015314 436 for restoration under s. 376.308 demonstrate that they cannot 437 financially comply with the copayment and limited contamination 438 assessment report requirements. The department shall take into 439 consideration the owner's and operator's net worth in making the 440 determination of financial ability. In the event the department 441 and the owner, operator, or person otherwise responsible for 442 site rehabilitation cannot complete negotiation of the cost-443 sharing agreement within 120 days after beginning negotiations, 444 the department shall terminate negotiations and the site shall 445 be ineligible for state funding under this subsection and all 446 liability protections provided for in this subsection shall be 447 revoked.

(d) A report of a discharge made to the department by a
person pursuant to this subsection or any rules adopted pursuant
to this subsection may not be used directly as evidence of
liability for such discharge in any civil or criminal trial
arising out of the discharge.

(e) This subsection does not preclude the department from pursuing penalties under s. 403.141 for violations of any law or any rule, order, permit, registration, or certification adopted or issued by the department pursuant to its lawful authority.

457 (f) Upon the filing of a discharge reporting form under 458 paragraph (a), the department or local government may not pursue 459 any judicial or enforcement action to compel rehabilitation of 460 the discharge. This paragraph does not prevent any such action 461 with respect to discharges determined ineligible under this 462 subsection or to sites for which rehabilitation funding 463 assistance is available pursuant to subsections (5) and (6). 464 (g) The following are excluded from participation in the

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465	program:
466	1. Sites at which the department has been denied reasonable
467	site access to implement this section.
468	2. Sites that were active facilities when owned or operated
469	by the Federal Government.
470	3. Sites that are identified by the United States
471	Environmental Protection Agency to be on, or which qualify for
472	listing on, the National Priorities List under Superfund. This
473	exception does not apply to those sites for which eligibility
474	has been requested or granted as of the effective date of this
475	act under the Early Detection Incentive Program established
476	pursuant to s. 15, chapter 86-159, Laws of Florida.
477	4. Sites for which contamination is covered under the Early
478	Detection Incentive Program, the Abandoned Tank Restoration
479	Program, or the Petroleum Liability and Restoration Insurance
480	Program, in which case site rehabilitation funding assistance
481	shall continue under the respective program.
482	Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection
483	(4) of section 376.30713, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
484	376.30713 Advanced cleanup
485	(2) The department may approve an application for advanced
486	cleanup at eligible sites, before funding based on the site's
487	priority ranking established pursuant to s. 376.3071(5)(a),
488	pursuant to this section. Only the facility owner or operator or
489	the person otherwise responsible for site rehabilitation
490	qualifies as an applicant under this section.
191	(a) Advanced cleanup applications may be submitted between

(a) Advanced cleanup applications may be submitted between
May 1 and June 30 and between November 1 and December 31 of each
fiscal year. Applications submitted between May 1 and June 30

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18-00245A-152015314_494shall be for the fiscal year beginning July 1. An application495must consist of:

1. A commitment to pay 25 percent or more of the total 496 497 cleanup cost deemed recoverable under this section along with 498 proof of the ability to pay the cost share. An application 499 proposing that the department enter into a performance-based 500 contract for the cleanup of 10 20 or more sites may use a 501 commitment to pay, a demonstrated cost savings to the 502 department, or both to meet the cost-share requirement. For an 503 application relying on a demonstrated cost savings to the 504 department, the applicant shall, in conjunction with the 505 proposed agency term contractor, establish and provide in the 506 application the percentage of cost savings in the aggregate that 507 is being provided to the department for cleanup of the sites 508 under the application compared to the cost of cleanup of those 509 same sites using the current rates provided to the department by 510 the proposed agency term contractor. The department shall 511 determine whether the cost savings demonstration is acceptable. 512 Such determination is not subject to chapter 120.

513 2. A nonrefundable review fee of \$250 to cover the 514 administrative costs associated with the department's review of 515 the application.

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- 3. A limited contamination assessment report.
- 4. A proposed course of action.

519 The limited contamination assessment report must be sufficient 520 to support the proposed course of action and to estimate the 521 cost of the proposed course of action. Costs incurred related to 522 conducting the limited contamination assessment report are not

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523	refundable from the Inland Protection Trust Fund. Site
524	eligibility under this subsection or any other provision of this
525	section is not an entitlement to advanced cleanup or continued
526	restoration funding. The applicant shall certify to the
527	department that the applicant has the prerequisite authority to
528	enter into an advanced cleanup contract with the department. The
529	certification must be submitted with the application.
530	(4) The department may enter into contracts for a total of
531	up to $\frac{\$25}{\$15}$ million of advanced cleanup work in each fiscal
532	year. However, a facility or an applicant who bundles multiple
533	sites as specified in subparagraph (2)(a)1. may not be approved
534	for more than \$5 million of cleanup activity in each fiscal
535	year. For the purposes of this section, the term "facility"
536	includes, but is not limited to, multiple site facilities such
537	as airports, port facilities, and terminal facilities even
538	though such enterprises may be treated as separate facilities
539	for other purposes under this chapter.
540	Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

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