1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to public accountancy; amending s.
3	473.302, F.S.; revising the definition of the term
4	"licensed audit firm"; amending s. 473.309, F.S.;
5	revising practice requirements for partnerships,
6	corporations, and limited liability companies;
7	amending s. 473.3101, F.S.; revising provisions
8	relating to the licensure of firms and public
9	accounting firms; amending s. 473.316, F.S.; revising
10	the definition of the term "quality review" to include
11	a peer review; amending ss. 473.3125 and 473.322,
12	F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the
13	act; providing an effective date.
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15	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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17	Section 1. Subsection (7) of section 473.302, Florida
18	Statutes, is amended to read:
19	473.302 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, the term:
20	(7) "Licensed audit firm" or "public accounting firm"
21	means a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited
22	liability company, firm, or any other legal entity <del>a firm</del>
23	licensed under s. 473.3101.
24	
25	However, these terms shall not include services provided by the
26	American Institute of Certified Public Accountants or the
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Florida Institute of Certified Public Accountants, or any full service association of certified public accounting firms whose plans of administration have been approved by the board, to their members or services performed by these entities in reviewing the services provided to the public by members of these entities.

33 Section 2. Section 473.309, Florida Statutes, is amended 34 to read:

35 473.309 Practice requirements for partnerships, 36 corporations, and limited liability companies; business entities 37 practicing public accounting.-

38 (1) A partnership may not engage in the practice of public 39 accounting, as defined in s. 473.302(8)(a), <u>or meet the</u> 40 requirements of s. 473.3101(1)(b), unless:

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(a) It is a form of partnership recognized by Florida law.
(b) Partners owning at least 51 percent of the financial interest and voting rights of the partnership are certified public accountants in some state. However, each partner who is a certified public accountant in another state and is domiciled in this state must be a certified public accountant of this state

47 and hold an active license.

(c) At least one general partner is a certified public accountant of this state and holds an active license or, in the case of a firm that must have a license pursuant to s. <u>473.3101(1)(c)</u> 473.3101(1)(a)2., at least one general partner is a certified public accountant in some state and meets the

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53 requirements of s. 473.3141(1) or (2) 473.3141(1)(a) or (b). All partners who are not certified public accountants 54 (d) 55 in any state are engaged in the business of the partnership as 56 their principal occupation. 57 (e) It is in compliance with rules adopted by the board pertaining to minimum capitalization, letters of credit, and 58 59 adequate public liability insurance. It is currently licensed as required by s. 473.3101. 60 (f) (2) A corporation may not engage in the practice of public 61 62 accounting, as defined in s. 473.302(8)(a), or meet the 63 requirements of s. 473.3101(1)(b), unless: 64 (a) It is a corporation duly organized in this or some 65 other state. 66 (b) Shareholders of the corporation owning at least 51 67 percent of the financial interest and voting rights of the 68 corporation are certified public accountants in some state and 69 are principally engaged in the business of the corporation. However, each shareholder who is a certified public accountant 70 71 in another state and is domiciled in this state must be a 72 certified public accountant of this state and hold an active 73 license. 74 The principal officer of the corporation is a (C) 75 certified public accountant in some state. 76 At least one shareholder of the corporation is a (d) 77 certified public accountant and holds an active license in this 78 state or, in the case of a firm that must have a license

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pursuant to s. 473.3101(1)(c) 473.3101(1)(a)2., at least one shareholder is a certified public accountant in some state and meets the requirements of s. 473.3141(1) or (2) 473.3141(1)(a)or (b).

(e) All shareholders who are not certified public
accountants in any state are engaged in the business of the
corporation as their principal occupation.

86 (f) It is in compliance with rules adopted by the board 87 pertaining to minimum capitalization, letters of credit, and 88 adequate public liability insurance.

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(g) It is currently licensed as required by s. 473.3101.

90 (3) A limited liability company may not engage in the 91 practice of public accounting, as defined in s. 473.302(8)(a), 92 or meet the requirements of s. 473.3101(1)(b), unless:

93 (a) It is a limited liability company duly organized in94 this or some other state.

95 (b) Members of the limited liability company owning at 96 least 51 percent of the financial interest and voting rights of 97 the company are certified public accountants in some state. 98 However, each member who is a certified public accountant in 99 some state and is domiciled in this state must be a certified 100 public accountant of this state and hold an active license.

101 (c) At least one member of the limited liability company 102 is a certified public accountant and holds an active license in 103 this state or, in the case of a firm that must have a license 104 pursuant to s. 473.3101(1)(c) 473.3101(1)(a)2., at least one

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105 member is a certified public accountant in some state and meets 106 the requirements of s. 473.3141(1) or (2) 473.3141(1)(a) or (b).

107 (d) All members who are not certified public accountants
108 in any state are engaged in the business of the company as their
109 principal occupation.

(e) It is in compliance with rules adopted by the board pertaining to minimum capitalization, letters of credit, and adequate public liability insurance.

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(f) It is currently licensed as required by s. 473.3101.

(4) A partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or any other firm is engaged in the practice of public accounting if its employees are engaged in the practice of public accounting. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a licensed audit firm may own all or part of another licensed audit firm.

120 Section 3. Section 473.3101, Florida Statutes, is amended 121 to read:

473.3101 Licensure of <u>firms or public accounting firms</u>
 sole proprietors, partnerships, corporations, limited liability
 companies, and other legal entities.-

(1) <u>The following must hold a license issued under this</u>
 <u>section:</u> Each sole proprietor, partnership, corporation, limited
 liability company, or any other firm seeking to engage in the
 practice of public accounting, as defined in s. 473.302(8)(a),
 in this state must file an application for licensure with the
 department and supply the information the board requires. An

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131 application must be made upon the affidavit of a sole 132 proprietor, general partner, shareholder, or member who is a 133 certified public accountant.

(a) <u>Any firm with an office in this state which performs</u>
 <u>services as defined in s. 473.302(8)(a);</u> The following must hold
 a license issued under this section:

137 (b)1. Any firm with an office in this state which uses the 138 title "CPA," "CPA firm," or any other title, designation, words, 139 letters, abbreviations, or device tending to indicate that <u>it is</u> 140 <u>a CPA firm. The board shall define by rule what constitutes a</u> 141 CPA firm; or the firm practices public accounting.

142 (c)2. Any firm that does not have an office in this state 143 but performs the services described in s. 473.3141(4) for a 144 client having its home office in this state. The board shall 145 define by rule what constitutes an office.

146 (2) An applicant for licensure under this section must
147 file an application for licensure with the department and supply
148 the information that the board requires. An application must be
149 made upon the affidavit of a sole proprietor, general partner,
150 shareholder, or member who is a certified public accountant.

151 <u>(3)(b)</u> A firm that is not subject to the requirements of 152 <u>paragraph (1)(c)</u> subparagraph (a)2. may perform other 153 professional services while using the title "CPA," "CPA firm," 154 or any other title, designation, words, letters, abbreviations, 155 or device tending to indicate that the firm practices public 156 accounting in this state without a license issued under this

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157 section only if:

158(a)1.It performs such services through an individual with159practice privileges granted under s. 473.3141; and

160 (b)2. It can lawfully do so in the state where the 161 individual with practice privileges has his or her principal 162 place of business.

163 <u>(4)(2)</u> The board shall determine whether the <u>firm or</u> 164 <u>public accounting</u> sole proprietor, partnership, corporation, 165 <u>limited liability company</u>, or any other firm meets the 166 requirements for practice and, pending that determination, may 167 certify to the department the <u>firm or public accounting firm</u> 168 <u>partnership</u>, corporation, or limited liability company for 169 provisional licensure.

170 <u>(5)(3)</u> Each license must be renewed every 2 years. Each 171 <u>firm or public accounting sole proprietor, partnership,</u> 172 <del>corporation, limited liability company, or any other</del> firm 173 licensed under this section must notify the department within 1 174 month after any change in the information contained in the 175 application on which its license is based.

Section 4. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section473.316, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

178 473.316 Communications between the accountant and client 179 privileged.-

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(1) For purposes of this section:

(d) A "quality review" is a study, appraisal, or review ofone or more aspects of the professional work of an accountant in

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183	the prestice of public accountered which is conducted by a
	the practice of public accountancy which is conducted by a
184	professional organization for the purpose of evaluating quality
185	assurance required by professional standards, including a
186	quality assurance <del>or peer</del> review. <u>The term includes a peer</u>
187	review as defined in s. 473.3125.
188	Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection
189	(4) of section 473.3125, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
190	473.3125 Peer review
191	(1) As used in this section, the term:
192	(a) "Licensee" means a <u>licensed firm or public accounting</u>
193	sole proprietor, partnership, corporation, limited liability
194	company, or any other firm as defined in s. 473.302(7) and
195	engaged in the practice of public accounting as defined in s.
196	473.302(8)(a) that is required to be licensed under s. 473.3101.
197	(4) Effective January 1, 2015, a <u>licensed firm or public</u>
198	accounting sole proprietor, partnership, corporation, limited
199	liability company, or other firm as defined in s. 473.302(7) and
200	licensed under s. 473.3101 and engaged in the practice of public
201	accounting as defined in s. 473.302(8)(a), except for the
202	performance of compilations and reviews as those terms are
203	defined by the board, must be enrolled in a peer review program.
204	Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section
205	473.322, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
206	473.322 Prohibitions; penalties
207	(1) A person may not knowingly:
208	(c) Perform or offer to perform any services described in
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209 s. 473.302(8)(a) unless such person holds an active license 210 under this chapter and is a licensed audit firm, provides such 211 services through a licensed audit firm, or complies with ss. 212 473.3101 and 473.3141. This paragraph does not prohibit the performance by persons other than certified public accountants 213 214 of other services involving the use of accounting skills, 215 including the preparation of tax returns and the preparation of 216 financial statements without expression of opinion thereon; 217 Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

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