

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

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Senate

House

	Senator Clemens moved the following:
1	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
2	
3	Delete lines 149 - 674
4	and insert:
5	(c) "Dispensing organization" means an applicant licensed
6	organization approved by the department to cultivate <u>or</u> $ au$
7	process <u>low-THC cannabis, and</u> <u>or</u> dispense low-THC cannabis
8	through a retail facility pursuant to this section.
9	(d) "Harvest" means a specifically identified and numbered
10	quantity of low-THC cannabis cultivated using the same
11	herbicides, pesticides, and fungicides and harvested at the same

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time from a single facility.

(e) "Independent testing laboratory" means a laboratory, and the managers, employees, or contractors of the laboratory, which have no direct or indirect interest in a dispensing organization.

17 <u>(f) (b)</u> "Low-THC cannabis" means a plant of the genus 18 Cannabis, the dried flowers of which contain 0.8 percent or less 19 of tetrahydrocannabinol and more than 10 percent of cannabidiol 20 weight for weight; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from 21 any part of such plant; or any compound, manufacture, salt, 22 derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant or its seeds 23 or resin that is dispensed only from a dispensing organization.

(g) "Low-THC cannabis product" means any product derived from low-THC cannabis, including the resin extracted from any part of such plant or any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant or its seeds or resin which is dispensed from a dispensing organization. Low-THC cannabis products include, but are not limited to, oils, tinctures, creams, encapsulations, and food products. Low-THC cannabis food products may not include candy or similar confectionary products that appeal to children. All low-THC cannabis products must maintain concentrations, weight for weight, of 0.8 percent or less of tetrahydrocannabinol and more than 10 percent of cannabidiol.

(h) (c) "Medical use" means administration of the ordered amount of low-THC cannabis. The term does not include:

1. The possession, use, or administration by smoking.

39 <u>2.</u> The term also does not include The transfer of low-THC
40 cannabis to a person other than the qualified patient for whom

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41	it was ordered or the qualified patient's legal representative
42	who is registered in the compassionate use registry on behalf of
43	the qualified patient.
44	3. The use or administration of low-THC cannabis or low-THC
45	cannabis products:
46	a. On any form of public transportation.
47	b. In any public place.
48	c. In a registered qualified patient's place of work, if
49	restricted by his or her employer.
50	d. In a correctional facility.
51	e. On the grounds of any preschool, primary school, or
52	secondary school.
53	f. On a school bus.
54	<u>(i)</u> "Qualified patient" means a resident of this state
55	who has been added to the compassionate use registry by a
56	physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 to receive
57	low-THC cannabis from a dispensing organization.
58	(j) "Retail facility" means a facility that is used by an
59	applicant licensed to dispense low-THC cannabis.
60	<u>(k)</u> "Smoking" means burning or igniting a substance and
61	inhaling the smoke. Smoking does not include the use of a
62	vaporizer.
63	(2) PHYSICIAN ORDERING
64	(a) Effective January 1, 2015, A physician licensed under
65	chapter 458 or chapter 459 who has examined and is treating a
66	patient suffering from cancer, human immunodeficiency virus,
67	acquired immune deficiency syndrome, epilepsy, amyotrophic
68	lateral sclerosis, autism, multiple sclerosis, Crohn's disease,
69	Parkinson's disease, paraplegia, quadriplegia, or terminal

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70 illness a physical medical condition that chronically produces 71 symptoms of seizures or severe and persistent muscle spasms may 72 order for the patient's medical use low-THC cannabis to treat 73 such disease, disorder, or condition; or to alleviate symptoms 74 of such disease, disorder, or condition; or to alleviate 75 symptoms caused by a treatment for such disease, disorder, or 76 condition $_{\overline{\tau}}$ if no other satisfactory alternative treatment 77 options exist for that patient and all of the following 78 conditions apply:

<u>1.(a)</u> The patient is a permanent resident of this state.
<u>2.(b)</u> The physician determines that the risks of ordering low-THC cannabis are reasonable in light of the potential benefit for that patient. If a patient is younger than 18 years of age, a second physician must concur with this determination, and such determination must be documented in the patient's medical record.

<u>3.(c)</u> The physician registers <u>the patient</u>, the patient's <u>legal representative if requested by the patient</u>, and himself or <u>herself</u> as the orderer of low-THC cannabis for the named patient on the compassionate use registry maintained by the department and updates the registry to reflect the contents of the order. <u>If the patient is a minor</u>, the physician must register a legal representative on the compassionate use registry. The physician shall deactivate the patient's registration when treatment is discontinued.

95 <u>4.(d)</u> The physician maintains a patient treatment plan that 96 includes the dose, route of administration, planned duration, 97 and monitoring of the patient's symptoms and other indicators of 98 tolerance or reaction to the low-THC cannabis.

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99 <u>5.(e)</u> The physician submits the patient treatment plan, as 100 well as any other requested medical records, quarterly to the 101 University of Florida College of Pharmacy for research on the 102 safety and efficacy of low-THC cannabis on patients <u>pursuant to</u> 103 <u>subsection (8)</u>.

104 <u>6.(f)</u> The physician obtains the voluntary informed consent 105 of the patient or the patient's legal guardian to treatment with 106 low-THC cannabis after sufficiently explaining the current state 107 of knowledge in the medical community of the effectiveness of 108 treatment of the patient's <u>conditions or symptoms</u> condition with 109 low-THC cannabis, the medically acceptable alternatives, and the 110 potential risks and side effects.

(b) A physician who improperly orders low-THC cannabis is subject to disciplinary action under the applicable practice act and under s. 456.072(1)(k).

(3) PENALTIES.-

(a) A physician commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, if the physician orders low-THC cannabis for a patient without a reasonable belief that the patient is suffering from <u>at least</u> one of the conditions listed in subsection (2). \div

1. Cancer or a physical medical condition that chronically produces symptoms of seizures or severe and persistent muscle spasms that can be treated with low-THC cannabis; or

2. Symptoms of cancer or a physical medical condition that chronically produces symptoms of seizures or severe and persistent muscle spasms that can be alleviated with low-THC cannabis.

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(b) Any person who fraudulently represents that he or she

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128 has at least one condition listed in subsection (2) cancer or physical medical condition that chronically produces symptoms of 129 130 seizures or severe and persistent muscle spasms to a physician 131 for the purpose of being ordered low-THC cannabis by such 132 physician commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable 133 as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(4) PHYSICIAN EDUCATION.-

(a) Before ordering low-THC cannabis for use by a patient in this state, the appropriate board shall require the ordering physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 to successfully complete an 8-hour course and subsequent examination offered by the Florida Medical Association or the Florida Osteopathic Medical Association that encompasses the clinical indications for the appropriate use of low-THC cannabis, the appropriate delivery mechanisms, the contraindications for such use, as well as the relevant state and federal laws governing the ordering, dispensing, and possessing of this substance. The first course and examination shall be presented by October 1, 2014, and shall be administered 147 at least annually thereafter. Successful completion of the 148 course may be used by a physician to satisfy 8 hours of the 149 continuing medical education requirements required by his or her 150 respective board for licensure renewal. This course may be 151 offered in a distance learning format.

152 (b) The appropriate board shall require the medical 153 director of each dispensing organization approved under 154 subsection (5) to successfully complete a 2-hour course and 155 subsequent examination offered by the Florida Medical 156 Association or the Florida Osteopathic Medical Association that

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157 encompasses appropriate safety procedures and knowledge of low-158 THC cannabis.

(c) Successful completion of the course and examination specified in paragraph (a) is required for every physician who orders low-THC cannabis each time such physician renews his or her license. In addition, successful completion of the course and examination specified in paragraph (b) is required for the medical director of each dispensing organization each time such physician renews his or her license.

(d) A physician who fails to comply with this subsection and who orders low-THC cannabis may be subject to disciplinary action under the applicable practice act and under s. 456.072(1)(k).

(5) DUTIES <u>AND POWERS</u> OF THE DEPARTMENT. By January 1, 2015, The department shall:

172 (a) The department shall create a secure, electronic, and 173 online compassionate use registry for the registration of 174 physicians and patients as provided under this section. The 175 registry must be accessible to law enforcement agencies and to a 176 dispensing organization in order to verify patient authorization 177 for low-THC cannabis and record the low-THC cannabis dispensed. 178 The registry must prevent an active registration of a patient by 179 multiple physicians.

(b)<u>1. Beginning 7 days after the effective date of this</u>
act, the department shall accept applications for licensure as a
dispensing organization. A dispensing organization may be
licensed to cultivate or process low-THC cannabis or dispense
low-THC cannabis through a retail facility. A dispensing
organization may be licensed to conduct one or more of these

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186	activities. The department shall review each application to
187	determine whether the applicant meets the criteria in subsection
188	(6) and qualifies for licensure.
189	2. Within 10 days after receiving an application for
190	licensure, the department shall examine the application, notify
191	the applicant of any apparent errors or omissions, and request
192	any additional information the department is allowed by law to
193	require. An application for licensure must be filed with the
194	department no later than 5 p.m. on the 30th day after the
195	effective date of this act, and all applications must be
196	complete no later than 5 p.m. on the 60th day after the
197	effective date of this act.
198	3. Once licensed, those applicants are authorized to
199	operate in any region in the state, but a dispensing
200	organization licensed to cultivate or process low-THC cannabis
201	may not have cultivation or processing facilities outside the
202	region in which it is licensed.
203	4. The department shall license a selected applicant unless
204	the applicant fails to pay the licensure fee within 10 days of
205	selection.
206	5. This section is exempt from s. 120.60(1) Authorize the
207	establishment of five dispensing organizations to ensure
208	reasonable statewide accessibility and availability as necessary
209	for patients registered in the compassionate use registry and
210	who are ordered low-THC cannabis under this section, one in each
211	of the following regions: northwest Florida, northeast Florida,
212	central Florida, southeast Florida, and southwest Florida.
213	<u>(c)</u> The department shall <u>use</u> develop an application form
214	that requires the applicant to state, as applicable:

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215	1. Whether the application is for initial licensure or
216	renewal licensure;
217	2. Whether the application is for licensure as a
218	cultivator, processor, or dispenser of low-THC cannabis;
219	3. The name, the physical address, and the mailing address
220	of the applicant;
221	4. For a cultivating or processing license, the address
222	listed on the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services
223	certificate required in paragraph (6)(b), and the contact
224	information for the applicant and for the nursery that holds the
225	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services certificate, if
226	different from the applicant;
227	5. For a cultivating or processing license, the name,
228	address, and contact information for the operating nurseryman of
229	the organization that holds the Department of Agriculture and
230	Consumer Services certificate;
231	6. The name, address, license number, and contact
232	information for the applicant's medical director; and
233	7. All information required to be included by subsection
234	<u>(6).</u>
235	(d) The department shall and impose an initial application
236	fee of $$50,000$, an initial licensure fee of $$125,000$, and a
237	biennial renewal fee of \$125,000 that is sufficient to cover the
238	costs of administering this section. An applicant for approval
239	as a dispensing organization must be able to demonstrate:
240	1. The technical and technological ability to cultivate and
241	produce low-THC cannabis. The applicant must possess a valid
242	certificate of registration issued by the Department of
243	Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to s. 581.131 that is

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244	issued for the cultivation of more than 400,000 plants, be
245	operated by a nurseryman as defined in s. 581.011, and have been
246	operated as a registered nursery in this state for at least 30
247	continuous years.
248	2. The ability to secure the premises, resources, and
249	personnel necessary to operate as a dispensing organization.
250	3. The ability to maintain accountability of all raw
251	materials, finished products, and any byproducts to prevent
252	diversion or unlawful access to or possession of these
253	substances.
254	4. An infrastructure reasonably located to dispense low-THC
255	cannabis to registered patients statewide or regionally as
256	determined by the department.
257	5. The financial ability to maintain operations for the
258	duration of the 2-year approval cycle, including the provision
259	of certified financials to the department. Upon approval, the
260	applicant must post a \$5 million performance bond.
261	6. That all owners and managers have been fingerprinted and
262	have successfully passed a level 2 background screening pursuant
263	to s. 435.04.
264	7. The employment of a medical director who is a physician
265	licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 to supervise the
266	activities of the dispensing organization.
267	(e) The department shall inspect each dispensing
268	organization's properties, cultivation facilities, processing
269	facilities, or retail facilities according to its licensure
270	before they begin operations and at least once every 2 years
271	thereafter. The department may conduct additional announced or
272	unannounced inspections, including followup inspections, at

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273	reasonable hours in order to ensure that such properties or
274	facilities maintain compliance with all applicable requirements
275	in subsections (6) and (7) and to ensure that the dispensing
276	organization has not committed any act that would endanger the
277	health, safety, or security of a qualified patient, a dispensing
278	organization staff member, or the community in which the
279	dispensing organization is located. Licensure under this section
280	constitutes permission for the department to enter and inspect
281	the premises or facilities of any dispensing organization. A
282	dispensing organization must make all facility premises,
283	equipment, documents, low-THC cannabis, and low-THC cannabis
284	products available, as applicable, to the department upon
285	inspection. The department may test any low-THC cannabis or low-
286	THC cannabis product in order to ensure that it is safe for
287	human consumption and that it meets the requirements in this
288	section.
289	(f) The department may suspend or revoke a license, deny or
290	refuse to renew a license, or impose an administrative penalty
291	not to exceed \$10,000 for the following acts or omissions:
292	1. Violating this section or department rule.
293	2. Failing to maintain qualifications for licensure.
294	3. Endangering the health, safety, or security of a
295	qualified patient.
296	4. Improperly disclosing personal and confidential
297	information of a qualified patient.
298	5. Attempting to procure a license by bribery or fraudulent
299	misrepresentation.
300	6. Being convicted or found guilty of, or entering a plea
301	of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in

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302	any jurisdiction which directly relates to the business of a
303	dispensing organization.
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	7. Making or filing a report or record that the licensee
305	knows to be false.
306	8. Willfully failing to maintain a record required by this
307	section or department rule.
308	9. Willfully impeding or obstructing an employee or agent
309	of the department in the furtherance of his or her official
310	duties.
311	10. Engaging in fraud or deceit, negligence, incompetence,
312	or misconduct in the business practices of a dispensing
313	organization.
314	11. Making misleading, deceptive, or fraudulent
315	representations in or related to the business practices of a
316	dispensing organization.
317	12. Having a license or the authority to engage in any
318	regulated profession, occupation, or business that is related to
319	the business practices of a dispensing organization revoked,
320	suspended, or otherwise acted against, including the denial of
321	licensure, by the licensing authority of any jurisdiction,
322	including its agencies or subdivisions, for a violation that
323	would constitute a violation under state law. A licensing
324	authority's acceptance of a relinquishment of licensure or a
325	stipulation, consent order, or other settlement, offered in
326	response to or in anticipation of the filing of charges against
327	the license, shall be construed as an action against the
328	license.
329	13. Violating a lawful order of the department or an agency
330	of the state, or failing to comply with a lawfully issued

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331 subpoena of the department or an agency of the state. (g) The department shall create a permitting process for 332 333 all dispensing organization vehicles used for the transportation 334 of low-THC cannabis or low-THC cannabis products. 335 (h) (c) The department shall monitor physician registration 336 and ordering of low-THC cannabis for ordering practices that 337 could facilitate unlawful diversion or misuse of low-THC 338 cannabis and take disciplinary action as indicated. (i) (d) The department shall adopt rules as necessary to 339 340 implement this section. 341 (6) DISPENSING ORGANIZATION.-342 (a) An applicant seeking licensure as a dispensing 343 organization, or the renewal of its license, must submit an 344 application to the department. An applicant may seek licensure 345 as a dispensing organization to cultivate, process, or dispense 346 low-THC cannabis. Each function of the dispensing organization 347 requires separate licensure; however, an applicant may seek 348 licensure for more than one function. The department must review all applications for completeness, including an appropriate 349 350 inspection of the applicant's property or facilities, as 351 applicable, to verify the authenticity of the information 352 provided in, or in connection with, the application. An 353 applicant authorizes the department to inspect his or her 354 property or facilities for licensure by applying under this 355 subsection. 356 (b) In order to receive or maintain licensure as a 357 dispensing organization, an applicant must provide proof that: 358 1. For a cultivating or processing license, the applicant, 359 or a separate entity that is owned solely by the same persons or

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360	entities in the same ratio as the applicant, possesses a valid
361	certificate of registration issued by the Department of
362	Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to s. 581.131 for the
363	cultivation of more than 400,000 plants, is operated by a
364	nurseryman as defined in s. 581.011, and has been operated as a
365	registered nursery in this state for at least 30 continuous
366	years.
367	2. For a cultivating or processing license, the personnel
368	on staff or under contract for the applicant have experience
369	cultivating and introducing multiple varieties of plants in this
370	state, including plants that are not native to Florida;
371	experience with propagating plants; and experience with genetic
372	modification or breeding of plants.
373	3. For a cultivating or processing license, the personnel
374	on staff or under contract for the applicant include at least
375	one person who:
376	a. Has at least 5 years' experience with United States
377	Department of Agriculture Good Agricultural Practices and Good
378	Handling Practices;
379	b. Has at least 5 years' experience with United States Food
380	and Drug Administration Good Manufacturing Practices for food
381	production;
382	c. Has a doctorate degree in organic chemistry or
383	microbiology;
384	d. Has at least 5 years' of experience with laboratory
385	procedures which includes analytical laboratory quality control
386	measures, chain of custody procedures, and analytical laboratory
387	methods;
388	e. Has experience with cannabis cultivation and processing,

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389	including cannabis extraction techniques and producing cannabis
390	products;
391	f. Has experience and qualifications in chain of custody or
392	other tracking mechanisms;
393	g. Works solely on inventory control; and
394	h. Works solely for security purposes.
395	4. The persons who have a direct or indirect interest in
396	any dispensing organization and the applicant's managers,
397	employees, and contractors who directly interact with low-THC
398	cannabis or low-THC cannabis products have been fingerprinted
399	and have successfully passed a level 2 background screening
400	pursuant to s. 435.04.
401	5. For a cultivating or processing license, the applicant
402	owns, or has at least a 2-year lease of, all properties,
403	facilities, and equipment necessary for the cultivation and
404	processing of low-THC cannabis. The applicant must provide a
405	detailed description of each facility and its equipment, a
406	cultivation and processing plan, and a detailed floor plan. The
407	description must include proof that:
408	a. The applicant is capable of sufficient cultivation and
409	processing to serve at least 15,000 patients with an assumed
410	daily use of 1,000 mg per patient per day of low-THC cannabis or
411	low-THC cannabis product;
412	b. The applicant has arranged for access to all utilities
413	and resources necessary to cultivate or process low-THC cannabis
414	at each listed facility; and
415	c. Each facility is secured and has theft-prevention
416	systems including an alarm system, cameras, and 24-hour security
417	personnel.

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418	6. The applicant has diversion and tracking prevention
419	procedures, as applicable, including:
420	a. A system for tracking low-THC material through
421	cultivation, processing, or dispensing, including the use of
422	batch and harvest numbers;
423	b. An inventory control system for low-THC cannabis and
424	low-THC cannabis products;
425	c. A vehicle tracking and security system; and
426	d. A cannabis waste-disposal plan.
427	7. The applicant has recordkeeping policies and procedures
428	<u>in place.</u>
429	8. The applicant has a facility emergency management plan.
430	9. For a dispensing license, the applicant has a plan for
431	dispensing low-THC cannabis throughout the state. This plan must
432	include planned retail facilities and a delivery plan for
433	providing low-THC cannabis and low-THC cannabis products to
434	qualified patients who cannot travel to a retail facility.
435	10. The applicant has financial documentation, as
436	applicable, including:
437	a. Documentation that demonstrates the applicant's
438	financial ability to operate. If the applicant's assets, credit,
439	and projected revenues meet or exceed projected liabilities and
440	expenses and the applicant provides independent evidence that
441	the funds necessary for startup costs, working capital, and
442	contingency financing exist and are available as needed, the
443	applicant has demonstrated the financial ability to operate.
444	Financial ability to operate must be documented by:
445	I. The applicant's audited financial statements. If the
446	applicant is a newly formed entity and does not have a financial

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447	history of business upon which audited financial statements may
448	be submitted, the applicant must provide audited financial
449	statements for the separate entity that is owned solely by the
450	same persons or entities in the same ratio as the applicant;
451	II. The applicant's projected financial statements,
452	including a balance sheet, an income and expense statement, and
453	a statement of cash flow for the first 2 years of operation,
454	which provides evidence that the applicant has sufficient
455	assets, credit, and projected revenues to cover liabilities and
456	expenses; and
457	III. A statement of the applicant's estimated startup costs
458	and sources of funds, including a break-even projection and
459	documentation demonstrating that the applicant has the ability
460	to fund all startup costs, working capital costs, and
461	contingency financing requirements.
462	
463	All documents required under this sub-subparagraph shall be
464	prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting
465	principles and signed by a certified public accountant. The
466	statements required by sub-sub-subparagraphs II. and III. may be
467	presented as a compilation;
468	b. A list of all subsidiaries of the applicant;
469	c. A list of all lawsuits pending and completed within the
470	past 7 years of which the applicant was a party; and
471	d. Proof of a \$1 million performance and compliance bond,
472	or other equivalent means of security deemed equivalent by the
473	department, such as an irrevocable letter of credit or a deposit
474	in a trust account or financial institution, payable to the
475	department, which must be posted once the applicant is approved

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476	as a dispensing organization. The purpose of the bond is to
477	secure payment of any administrative penalties imposed by the
478	department and any fees and costs incurred by the department
479	regarding the dispensing organization license, such as the
480	dispensing organization failing to pay 30 days after the fine or
481	costs become final. The department may make a claim against such
482	bond or security until 1 year after the dispensing
483	organization's license ceases to be valid or until 60 days after
484	any administrative or legal proceeding authorized in this
485	section involving the dispensing organization concludes,
486	including any appeal, whichever occurs later.
487	11. The employment of a medical director who is a physician
488	licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 to supervise the
489	activities of the dispensing organization.
490	(c) An approved dispensing organization shall maintain
491	compliance with the criteria in paragraphs (b), (d), and (e) and
492	subsection (7) demonstrated for selection and approval as a
493	dispensing organization under subsection (5) at all times.
494	Before dispensing low-THC cannabis or low-THC cannabis products
495	to a qualified patient or to the qualified patient's legal
496	representative, the dispensing organization shall verify the
497	identity of the qualified patient or the qualified patient's
498	legal representative by requiring the qualified patient or the
499	qualified patient's legal representative to produce a
500	government-issued identification card and shall verify that the
501	qualified patient and the qualified patient's legal
502	representative have has an active registration in the
503	compassionate use registry, that the order presented matches the
504	order contents as recorded in the registry, and that the order

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505	bag not already been filled. Upon dispensing the lay muc
	has not already been filled. Upon dispensing the low-THC
506	cannabis, the dispensing organization shall record in the
507	registry the date, time, quantity, and form of low-THC cannabis
508	dispensed.
509	(d) A dispensing organization may have cultivation
510	facilities, processing facilities, or retail facilities.
511	
512	======================================
513	And the title is amended as follows:
514	Delete lines 19 - 68
515	and insert:
516	dates; authorizing applicants to operate in any region
517	of the state; prohibiting a dispensing organization
518	from having cultivation or processing facilities
519	outside the region in which it is licensed; requiring
520	licensure fees to paid within a specified timeframe;
521	providing an exemption for the application process;
522	requiring the department to use an application form
523	that requires specified information from the
524	applicant; requiring the department to impose
525	specified application fees; requiring the department
526	to inspect each dispensing organization's properties,
527	cultivation facilities, processing facilities, or
528	retail facilities before those facilities may operate;
529	authorizing followup inspections at reasonable hours;
530	providing that licensure constitutes permission for
531	the department to enter and inspect the premises or
532	facilities of any dispensing organization; authorizing
533	the department to inspect any licensed dispensing

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534 organization; requiring dispensing organizations to make all facility premises, equipment, documents, low-535 536 THC cannabis, and low-THC cannabis products, as 537 applicable, available to the department upon inspection; authorizing the department to test low-THC 538 cannabis or low-THC cannabis products; authorizing the 539 department to suspend or revoke a license, deny or 540 541 refuse to renew a license, or impose a maximum 542 administrative penalty for specified acts or 543 omissions; requiring the department to create a 544 permitting process for vehicles used for the 545 transportation of low-THC cannabis or low-THC cannabis 546 products; authorizing the department to adopt rules as 547 necessary for implementation of specified provisions 548 and procedures, and to provide specified guidance; 549 providing procedures and requirements for an applicant 550 seeking licensure as a dispensing organization or the 551 renewal of its license; requiring the dispensing 552 organization to verify specified information of 553 specified persons in certain circumstances; 554 authorizing a dispensing organization to have 555 cultivation facilities, processing facilities, or 556 retail facilities; authorizing a retail facility