1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to extracurricular activities;
3	amending s. 1006.20, F.S.; providing requirements
4	regarding fees and admission prices; revising
5	provisions regarding eligibility and transfer;
6	providing procedures for resolving student eligibility
7	disputes; requiring the Florida High School Athletic
8	Association (FHSAA) to adopt guidelines, provide
9	resources, and develop training courses relating to
10	sports ethics; providing that member schools must meet
11	certain requirements relating to the sports ethics
12	guidelines, resources, and training courses provided
13	by the FHSAA; revising the governing structure of the
14	FHSAA; deleting provisions relating to the FHSAA's
15	board of directors, representative assembly, public
16	liaison advisory committee, and appeals committees;
17	deleting requirements with respect to amendments to
18	the FHSAA's bylaws; amending s. 1006.15, F.S.;
19	establishing guiding principles for extracurricular
20	activities; providing definitions; revising academic
21	eligibility requirements; specifying grounds for
22	student ineligibility for participation in
23	interscholastic athletics; specifying conditions under
24	which students who are enrolled in public schools,
25	certain private schools, or home education programs
26	may participate in the extracurricular activities of a
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27 public school; deleting obsolete provisions; amending 28 s. 1006.16, F.S.; revising insurance requirements to 29 include students who participate in nonathletic 30 extracurricular activities; requiring that insurance 31 coverage provided by district school boards for participants in extracurricular activities include 32 33 certain students; amending s. 1006.19, F.S.; providing 34 a period within which an audit of a nonprofit 35 association's records must be provided to the Auditor General; requiring the Auditor General to conduct 36 37 operational audits of the nonprofit association's 38 accounts and records; amending ss. 768.135 and 39 943.0438, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made 40 by the act; amending s. 1002.20, F.S.; conforming cross-references; revising provisions related to 41 42 participation in extracurricular activities; amending ss. 1002.33, 1002.42, 1006.165, 1006.18, 1012.467, 43 1012.468, and 1012.55, F.S.; conforming provisions to 44 45 changes made by the act; requiring the Commissioner of 46 Education, with the approval of the State Board of 47 Education, to designate a nonprofit association to govern interscholastic athletic competition; providing 48 for periodic review of the nonprofit association's 49 50 performance of duties; amending s. 1006.20, F.S.; 51 providing contingent applicability; deleting 52 references to the FHSAA as the sole governing

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53 authority of interscholastic athletic competition; providing that the nonprofit association designated by 54 55 the commissioner is the governing body for purposes of 56 membership in the National Federation of State High 57 School Associations; conforming provisions to changes 58 made by the act; providing effective dates. 59 60 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 61 62 Section 1. Section 1006.20, Florida Statutes, is amended 63 to read: 64 1006.20 Athletics in public K-12 schools.-65 GOVERNING NONPROFIT ASSOCIATION ORGANIZATION.-The (1)66 Florida High School Athletic Association (FHSAA) is designated 67 as the governing nonprofit association for purposes of 68 membership in the National Federation of State High School 69 Associations organization of athletics in Florida public 70 schools. If the FHSAA fails to meet the provisions of this 71 section, the Commissioner of Education, with the approval of the 72 State Board of Education, shall designate a nonprofit 73 association organization to govern interscholastic athletic 74 competition in this state athletics with the approval of the State Board of Education. The FHSAA is not a state agency as 75 76 defined in s. 120.52 but is. The FHSAA shall be subject to ss. 77 1006.15-1006.19. Any special event fees, sanctioning fees, 78 including third-party sanctioning fees, or contest receipts

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79	collected annually by the FHSAA may not exceed its actual costs
80	to perform the function or duty that is the subject of or
81	justification for the fee the provisions of s. 1006.19. The
82	FHSAA shall offer spectators seeking admission to athletic
83	competitions the option of purchasing a single-day pass or a
84	multiple-day pass that is at a cost below that which one would
85	pay on a per-event basis for the same number of contests. A
86	private school that wishes to engage in high school athletic
87	competition with a public high school may become a member of the
88	FHSAA, by sport. Any high school in the state, including charter
89	schools, virtual schools, and home education cooperatives, may
90	become a member of the FHSAA, by sport, and participate in the
91	activities of the FHSAA. <del>However,</del> Membership in the FHSAA is not
92	mandatory for any school, and any member school may join other
93	athletic associations, by sport. The FHSAA may not deny or
94	discourage interscholastic competition between its member
95	schools and <u>nonmember</u> <del>non-FHSAA member Florida</del> schools,
96	including members of another athletic governing association
97	organization, and may not take any retributory or discriminatory
98	action against any of its member schools that participate in
99	interscholastic competition with <u>nonmember</u> <del>non-FHSAA member</del>
100	Florida schools. The FHSAA may not unreasonably withhold its
101	approval of an application to become an affiliate member of the
102	National Federation of State High School Associations submitted
103	by any other <u>association</u> <del>organization</del> that governs
104	interscholastic athletic competition in this state that meets
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105 the requirements of this section. The commissioner may identify other associations that govern interscholastic athletic 106 107 competition in compliance with this section. The bylaws of the 108 FHSAA are the rules by which high school athletic programs in 109 its member schools, and the students who participate in them, 110 are governed, unless otherwise specifically provided by statute. 111 For the purposes of this section, "high school" includes grades 6 through 12. 112 113 (2)STUDENT ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS; RECRUITING ADOPTION 114 OF BYLAWS, POLICIES; ELIGIBILITY DISPUTE RESOLUTION, OR 115 **CUIDELINES**.-The FHSAA shall: 116 The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that, unless specifically (a) provided by statute, Establish eligibility requirements for all 117 118 students who participate in high school athletic competition in its member schools. A The bylaws governing residence and 119 120 transfer shall allow the student is to be eligible in the school 121 in which he or she first enrolls each school year or the school in which the student makes himself or herself a candidate for an 122 123 athletic team by engaging in a practice before prior to enrolling in the school. A student who transfers The bylaws 124 125 shall also allow the student to be eligible in the school to 126 which the student has transferred during the school year is 127 eligible in the school to which he or she transfers if the transfer is made by a deadline established by the FHSAA, which 128 129 may not be before prior to the date authorized for the beginning 130 of practice for the sport. If the date authorized for the

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131 beginning of practice is before the first day of the grading 132 period in which the regular season games begin, the transfer 133 deadline may not be before the first day of such grading period. 134 These transfers shall be allowed pursuant to the district school 135 board policies in the case of transfer to a public school or 136 pursuant to the private school policies in the case of transfer 137 to a private school. The student shall be eligible in that school so long as he or she remains enrolled in that school. 138 139 Subsequent eligibility shall be determined and enforced through 140 the FHSAA's requirements bylaws. Requirements governing 141 eligibility and transfer between member schools shall be applied 142 similarly to all public school students and private school 143 students.

144 (b) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that specifically 145 Prohibit the recruiting of students for athletic purposes and-146 The bylaws shall prescribe penalties and an appeals process for 147 athletic recruiting violations. If it is determined that a school has recruited a student in violation of FHSAA bylaws, the 148 149 FHSAA may require the school to participate in a higher 150 classification for the sport in which the recruited student 151 competes for a minimum of one classification cycle, in addition 152 to any other appropriate fine and sanction imposed on the 153 school, its coaches, or adult representatives who commit violate 154 recruiting violations <del>rules</del>. A student may only <del>not</del> be declared 155 ineligible based on a recruiting violation if of recruiting 156 rules unless the student or parent has committed an act

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157	specified in s. 1006.15(4)(b)2. or the FHSAA has imposed
158	sanctions against the individuals or member school engaging in
159	recruiting and the student or the parent has committed an act
160	specified in s. 1006.15(4)(b)3. The FHSAA may not limit the
161	competition of a student athlete prospectively for a rule
162	violation by his or her school, the school's coach, or the
163	student athlete's adult representative. The FHSAA may not punish
164	a student athlete for an eligibility or recruiting violation
165	perpetrated by a teammate, coach, or administrator. A contest
166	may not be forfeited for an inadvertent eligibility violation
167	unless the coach or a school administrator should have known of
168	the violation. Contests may not be forfeited for other
169	eligibility violations or recruiting violations in excess of the
170	number of contests from which the coaches and adult
171	representatives responsible for the violations are prospectively
172	suspended falsified any enrollment or eligibility document or
173	accepted any benefit or any promise of benefit if such benefit
174	is not generally available to the school's students or family
175	members or is based in any way on athletic interest, potential,
176	or performance.
177	(c) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that Require all students
178	participating in interscholastic athletic competition or who are
179	candidates for an interscholastic athletic team to
180	satisfactorily pass a medical evaluation each year <u>before</u> <del>prior</del>
181	to participating in interscholastic athletic competition or

182 engaging in any practice, tryout, workout, or other physical

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183 activity associated with the student's candidacy for an interscholastic athletic team. Such medical evaluation may be 184 185 administered only by a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, 186 chapter 459, chapter 460, or s. 464.012, and in good standing 187 with the practitioner's regulatory board. The FHSAA bylaws shall 188 establish requirements for eliciting a student's medical history 189 and performing the medical evaluation required under this paragraph, which shall include a physical assessment of the 190 191 student's physical capabilities to participate in 192 interscholastic athletic competition as contained in a uniform 193 preparticipation physical evaluation and history form. The 194 evaluation form shall incorporate the recommendations of the American Heart Association for participation in cardiovascular 195 196 screening and shall provide a place for the signature of the 197 practitioner performing the evaluation with an attestation that 198 each examination procedure listed on the form was performed by 199 the practitioner or by someone under the direct supervision of 200 the practitioner. The form shall also contain a place for the 201 practitioner to indicate if a referral to another practitioner 202 was made in lieu of completion of a certain examination 203 procedure. The form shall provide a place for the practitioner 204 to whom the student was referred to complete the remaining 205 sections and attest to that portion of the examination. The 206 preparticipation physical evaluation form shall advise students 207 to complete a cardiovascular assessment and shall include 208 information concerning alternative cardiovascular evaluation and

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diagnostic tests. Results of such medical evaluation must be provided to the school. <u>A</u> No student <u>is not</u> shall be eligible to participate in any interscholastic athletic competition or engage in any practice, tryout, workout, or other physical activity associated with the student's candidacy for an interscholastic athletic team until the results of the medical evaluation <u>are have been</u> received and approved by the school.

Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (c), allow 216 (d) a student to may participate in interscholastic athletic 217 218 competition or be a candidate for an interscholastic athletic 219 team if the parent of the student objects in writing to the 220 student undergoing a medical evaluation because such evaluation 221 is contrary to his or her religious tenets or practices. However, in such case, there shall be no liability on the part 222 223 of any person or entity in a position to otherwise rely on the 224 results of such medical evaluation for any damages resulting 225 from the student's injury or death arising directly from the student's participation in interscholastic athletics where an 226 227 undisclosed medical condition that would have been revealed in 228 the medical evaluation is a proximate cause of the injury or 229 death.

(e) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that Regulate persons who
 conduct investigations on behalf of the FHSAA. The bylaws shall
 include provisions that require An investigator must to:

233 1. Undergo level 2 background screening under s. 435.04,
234 establishing that the investigator has not committed any

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235 disqualifying offense listed in s. 435.04, unless the 236 investigator can provide proof of compliance with level 2 237 screening standards submitted within the previous 5 years to meet any professional licensure requirements, provided: 238 239 a. The investigator has not had a break in service from a position that requires level 2 screening for more than 90 days; 240 241 and The investigator submits, under penalty of perjury, an 242 b. affidavit verifying that the investigator has not committed any 243 244 disqualifying offense listed in s. 435.04 and is in full 245 compliance with this paragraph. 246 2. Be appointed as an investigator by the FHSAA executive 247 director. 248 3. Carry a photo identification card that shows the FHSAA 249 name and  $\tau$  logo  $\tau$  and the investigator's official title. 250 4. Adhere to the following guidelines: 251 Investigate only those alleged violations assigned by a. 252 the FHSAA executive director or the board of directors. 253 b. Conduct interviews on Monday through Friday between the 254 hours of 9 a.m. and 7 p.m. only, unless previously agreed to by 255 the interviewee. Allow the parent of any student being interviewed to be 256 с. 257 present during the interview. 258 Search residences or other private areas only with the d. 259 permission of the FHSAA executive director and the written 260 consent of the student's parent and only with a parent or a Page 10 of 63

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261

1 representative of the parent present.

(f) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that Establish sanctions for coaches who have committed major violations of the FHSAA's bylaws and policies.

1. Major violations include, but are not limited to, knowingly allowing an ineligible student to participate in a contest representing a member school in an interscholastic contest or committing a violation of the FHSAA's recruiting or <u>sports ethics</u> <del>sportsmanship</del> policies.

270 2. Sanctions placed upon an individual coach may include, 271 but are not limited to, prohibiting or suspending the coach from 272 coaching, participating in, or attending any athletic activity 273 sponsored, recognized, or sanctioned by the FHSAA and the member 274 school for which the coach committed the violation. If a coach is sanctioned by the FHSAA and the coach transfers to another 275 276 member school, those sanctions remain in full force and effect 277 during the term of the sanction.

3. If a member school is assessed a financial penalty as a result of a coach committing a major violation, the coach shall reimburse the member school before being allowed to coach, participate in, or attend any athletic activity sponsored, recognized, or sanctioned by the FHSAA and a member school.

4. The FHSAA shall establish a due process procedure for
coaches sanctioned under this paragraph, consistent with the
appeals procedures set forth in subsection (7).

286

(g) Provide a process for the resolution of student

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287	eligibility disputes. The FHSAA shall provide an opportunity to
288	resolve eligibility issues through an informal conference
289	procedure. The FHSAA must provide written notice to the student
290	athlete, parent, and member school stating specific findings of
291	fact that support a determination of ineligibility. The student
292	athlete must request an informal conference if he or she intends
293	to contest the charges. The informal conference must be held
294	within 10 days after receipt of the student athlete's request.
295	If the eligibility dispute is not resolved at the informal
296	conference, the FHSAA shall provide a process for the timely and
297	cost-effective resolution of an eligibility dispute using a
298	neutral third party, including the use of retired or former
299	judges, mediation, or arbitration. The neutral third party shall
300	be selected by the parent of the student athlete from a list
301	maintained by the FHSAA. A final determination regarding the
302	eligibility dispute must be issued no later than 30 days after
303	the informal conference. The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws
304	establishing the process for resolving eligibility disputes must
305	and standards by which FHSAA determinations of eligibility are
306	made. Such bylaws shall provide that:
307	1. Ineligibility must be established by clear and
308	convincing evidence.+
309	2. Student athletes, parents, and schools must have notice
310	of the initiation of any investigation or other inquiry into
311	eligibility and may present, to the investigator and to the
312	individual <u>or body</u> making the eligibility determination, any
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313 information or evidence that is credible, persuasive, and of a 314 kind reasonably prudent persons rely upon in the conduct of 315 serious affairs.+ An investigator may not determine matters of 316 3. 317 eligibility but must submit information and evidence to the 318 individual or body designated by the FHSAA executive director or 319 a person designated by the executive director or by the board of 320 directors for an unbiased and objective determination of 321 eligibility.; and 322 4. A determination of ineligibility must be made in 323 writing, setting forth the findings of fact and specific 324 violation upon which the decision is based. 325 5. Any proceedings concerning student athlete eligibility 326 must be held in the county in which the student athlete resides and may be conducted by telephone, videoconference, or other 327 328 electronic means. 329 6. A student athlete may not be declared ineligible to 330 participate in athletic competition until a final decision is 331 issued by the neutral third party unless the determination of 332 ineligibility is based on s. 1006.15(4)(b)1., 5., or 6. It is 333 the responsibility of the member school to assess the facts 334 underlying the eligibility dispute and any potential penalties 335 that may result from a determination of ineligibility in 336 deciding whether to allow the student athlete to continue to 337 participate before a final eligibility determination. 338 (h) In lieu of bylaws adopted under paragraph (g), the

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339 FHSAA may adopt bylaws providing as a minimum the procedural 340 safeguards of ss. 120.569 and 120.57, making appropriate 341 provision for appointment of unbiased and qualified hearing 342 officers.

343 (i) The FHSAA bylaws may not limit the competition of 344 student athletes prospectively for rule violations of their 345 school or its coaches or their adult representatives. The FHSAA bylaws may not unfairly punish student athletes for eligibility 346 347 or recruiting violations perpetrated by a teammate, coach, or 348 administrator. Contests may not be forfeited for inadvertent 349 eligibility violations unless the coach or a school 350 administrator should have known of the violation. Contests may 351 not be forfeited for other eligibility violations or recruiting 352 violations in excess of the number of contests that the coaches 353 and adult representatives responsible for the violations are 354 prospectively suspended.

355 <u>(h) (j)</u> The FHSAA shall Adopt guidelines to educate 356 athletic coaches, officials, administrators, and student 357 athletes and their parents <u>about</u> of the nature and risk of 358 concussion and head injury.

359 <u>(i)(k)</u> The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws or policies that 360 Require the parent of a student who is participating in 361 interscholastic athletic competition or who is a candidate for 362 an interscholastic athletic team to sign and return an informed 363 consent that explains the nature and risk of concussion and head 364 injury, including the risk of continuing to play after

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365 concussion or head injury, each year before participating in 366 interscholastic athletic competition or engaging in any 367 practice, tryout, workout, or other physical activity associated 368 with the student's candidacy for an interscholastic athletic 369 team.

370 (j) (1) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws or policies that 371 Require each student athlete who is suspected of sustaining a 372 concussion or head injury in a practice or competition to be immediately removed from the activity. A student athlete who has 373 374 been removed from an activity may not return to practice or 375 competition until the student submits to the school a written 376 medical clearance to return stating that the student athlete no 377 longer exhibits signs, symptoms, or behaviors consistent with a 378 concussion or other head injury. Medical clearance must be 379 authorized by the appropriate health care practitioner trained 380 in the diagnosis, evaluation, and management of concussions as 381 defined by the Sports Medicine Advisory Committee of the Florida 382 High School Athletic Association.

383 <u>(k) (m)</u> Establish The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws for the 384 establishment and duties of a sports medicine advisory committee 385 composed of the following members:

Eight physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter
 459, with at least one member licensed under chapter 459.

388 389 2. One chiropractor licensed under chapter 460.

- 3. One podiatrist licensed under chapter 461.
- 390 4. One dentist licensed under chapter 466.

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391	5. Three athletic trainers licensed under part XIII of
392	chapter 468.
393	6. One member who is a current or retired head coach of a
394	high school in the state.
395	(1) Adopt guidelines, provide resources, and develop a
396	training course to promote sports ethics in interscholastic
397	athletics and require each member school to:
398	1. Establish policies that promote sports ethics in its
399	interscholastic athletic programs.
400	2. Educate, on a continuing basis, student athletes,
401	athletic coaches, and administrators regarding these policies.
402	3. Annually administer the sports ethics training course
403	to student athletes, athletic coaches, and administrators.
404	4. Annually certify compliance with this paragraph by a
405	deadline established by the FHSAA.
406	
407	In developing the sports ethics training course, the FHSAA may
408	provide for multiple modes of delivery, including in-person
409	seminars or videoconferencing, webinars, or other electronic
410	means.
411	(3) GOVERNING STRUCTURE OF THE FHSAA
412	(a) The FHSAA shall operate as a representative democracy
413	in which the sovereign authority is within its member schools
414	and the parents of students participating in interscholastic
415	athletics within those schools. Except as provided in this
416	section, the FHSAA shall govern its affairs through its bylaws.
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417 Each member school, on its annual application for (b) 418 membership, shall name its official representative to the FHSAA. 419 This representative must be either the school principal or his 420 or her designee. That designee must either be an assistant 421 principal or athletic director housed within that same school. 422 The governing board of the FHSAA shall consist of 16 (C) 423 members comprised proportionately of representatives from 424 traditional public schools, public schools of choice, private 425 schools, home education cooperatives, and parents of student 426 athletes who are enrolled in such schools or programs. The 427 governing board must also be constituted in a manner that 428 provides for equitable representation among the various regions 429 of the state where the association's member schools are located. 430 Any additional policymaking body established by the FHSAA must 431 provide for proportionate representation of schools, programs, 432 parents, and regions of the state as described in this paragraph 433 FHSAA's membership shall be divided along existing county lines 434 into four contiquous and compact administrative regions, each 435 containing an equal or nearly equal number of member schools to 436 ensure equitable representation on the FHSAA's board of 437 directors, representative assembly, and appeals committees. 438 The FHSAA shall annually require each member of the (d) 439 governing board or other policymaking body to attend nonprofit 440 governance training, which must include government in the 441 sunshine, conflicts of interest, ethics, and student athlete-442 centered decisionmaking consistent with the guiding principles

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443 for participation in extracurricular activities under s. 444 1006.15. (4) BOARD OF DIRECTORS.-445 446 (a) The executive authority of the FHSAA shall be vested 447 in its board of directors. Any entity that appoints members to 448 the board of directors shall examine the ethnic and demographic 449 composition of the board when selecting candidates for 450 appointment and shall, to the greatest extent possible, make 451 appointments that reflect state demographic and population 452 trends. The board of directors shall be composed of 16 persons, 453 as follows: 454 1. Four public member school representatives, one elected 455 from among its public school representative members within each 456 of the four administrative regions. 457 2. Four nonpublic member school representatives, one 458 elected from among its nonpublic school representative members within each of the four administrative regions. 459 460 3. Three representatives appointed by the commissioner, 461 one appointed from the two northernmost administrative regions 462 and one appointed from the two southernmost administrative 463 regions. The third representative shall be appointed to balance 464 the board for diversity or state population trends, or both. 465 4. Two district school superintendents, one elected from 466 the two northernmost administrative regions by the members in 467 those regions and one elected from the two southernmost 468 administrative regions by the members in those regions.

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469	5. Two district school board members, one elected from the
470	two northernmost administrative regions by the members in those
471	regions and one elected from the two southernmost administrative
472	regions by the members in those regions.
473	6. The commissioner or his or her designee from the
474	department executive staff.
475	(b) A quorum of the board of directors shall consist of
476	nine members.
477	(c) The board of directors shall elect a president and a
478	vice president from among its members. These officers shall also
479	serve as officers of the FHSAA.
480	(d) Members of the board of directors shall serve terms of
481	3 years and are eligible to succeed themselves only once. A
482	member of the board of directors, other than the commissioner or
483	his or her designee, may serve a maximum of 6 consecutive years.
484	The FHSAA's bylaws shall establish a rotation of terms to ensure
485	that a majority of the members' terms do not expire
486	concurrently.
487	(e) The authority and duties of the board of directors,
488	acting as a body and in accordance with the FHSAA's bylaws, are
489	as follows:
490	1. To act as the incorporated FHSAA's board of directors
491	and to fulfill its obligations as required by the FHSAA's
492	charter and articles of incorporation.
493	2. To establish such guidelines, regulations, policies,
494	and procedures as are authorized by the bylaws.
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495 3. To employ an FHSAA executive director, who shall have the authority to waive the bylaws of the FHSAA in order to 496 497 comply with statutory changes. 498 4. To levy annual dues and other fees and to set the 499 percentage of contest receipts to be collected by the FHSAA. 500 5. To approve the budget of the FHSAA. 6. To organize and conduct statewide interscholastic 501 502 competitions, which may or may not lead to state championships, and to establish the terms and conditions for these 503 504 competitions. 505 7. To act as an administrative board in the interpretation 506 of, and final decision on, all questions and appeals arising 507 from the directing of interscholastic athletics of member 508 schools. 509 (5) REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY. (a) The legislative authority of the FHSAA is vested in 510 its representative assembly. 511 (b) The representative assembly shall be composed of the 512 513 following: 514 1. An equal number of member school representatives from 515 each of the four administrative regions. 2. Four district school superintendents, one elected from 516 517 each of the four administrative regions by the district school 518 superintendents in their respective administrative regions. 519 3. Four district school board members, one elected from 520 each of the four administrative regions by the district school Page 20 of 63

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521	board members in their respective administrative regions.
522	4. The commissioner or his or her designee from the
523	department executive staff.
524	(c) The FHSAA's bylaws shall establish the number of
525	member school representatives to serve in the representative
526	assembly from each of the four administrative regions and shall
527	establish the method for their selection.
528	(d) No member of the board of directors other than the
529	commissioner or his or her designee can serve in the
530	representative assembly.
531	(c) The representative assembly shall elect a chairperson
532	and a vice chairperson from among its members.
533	(f) Elected members of the representative assembly shall
534	serve terms of 2 years and are eligible to succeed themselves
535	for two additional terms. An elected member, other than the
536	commissioner or his or her designee, may serve a maximum of 6
537	consecutive years in the representative assembly.
538	(g) A quorum of the representative assembly consists of
539	one more than half of its members.
540	(h) The authority of the representative assembly is
541	limited to its sole duty, which is to consider, adopt, or reject
542	any proposed amendments to the FHSAA's bylaws.
543	(i) The representative assembly shall meet as a body
544	annually. A two-thirds majority of the votes cast by members
545	present is required for passage of any proposal.
546	(6) PUBLIC LIAISON ADVISORY COMMITTEE
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547	(a) The FHSAA shall establish, sustain, fund, and provide
548	staff support to a public liaison advisory committee composed of
549	the following:
550	1. The commissioner or his or her designee.
551	2. A member public school principal.
552	3. A member private school principal.
553	4. A member school principal who is a member of a racial
554	minority.
555	5. An active athletic director.
556	6. An active coach, who is employed full time by a member
557	school.
558	7. A student athlete.
559	8. A district school superintendent.
560	9. A district school board member.
561	10. A member of the Florida House of Representatives.
562	11. A member of the Florida Senate.
563	12. A parent of a high school student.
564	13. A member of a home education association.
565	14. A representative of the business community.
566	15. A representative of the news media.
567	(b) No member of the board of directors, committee on
568	appeals, or representative assembly is eligible to serve on the
569	public liaison advisory committee.
570	(c) The public liaison advisory committee shall elect a
571	chairperson and vice chairperson from among its members.
572	(d) The authority and duties of the public liaison
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573	advisory committee are as follows:
574	1. To act as a conduit through which the general public
575	may have input into the decisionmaking process of the FHSAA and
576	to assist the FHSAA in the development of procedures regarding
577	the receipt of public input and disposition of complaints
578	related to high school athletic and competition programs.
579	2. To conduct public hearings annually in each of the four
580	administrative regions during which interested parties may
581	address issues regarding the effectiveness of the rules,
582	operation, and management of the FHSAA.
583	3. To conduct an annual evaluation of the FHSAA as a whole
584	and present a report of its findings, conclusion, and
585	recommendations to the board of directors, to the commissioner,
586	and to the respective education committees of the Florida Senate
587	and the Florida House of Representatives. The recommendations
588	must delineate policies and procedures that will improve the
589	implementation and oversight of high school athletic programs by
590	the FHSAA.
591	(e) The public liaison advisory committee shall meet four
592	times annually. Additional meetings may be called by the
593	committee chairperson, the FHSAA president, or the FHSAA
594	executive director.
595	<del>(7) APPEALS.</del>
596	(a) The FHSAA shall establish a procedure of due process
597	which ensures each student the opportunity to appeal an
598	unfavorable ruling with regard to his or her eligibility to
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compete. The initial appeal shall be made to a committee on 599 600 appeals within the administrative region in which the student 601 lives. The FHSAA's bylaws shall establish the number, size, and 602 composition of each committee on appeals. 603 (b) No member of the board of directors is eligible to 604 serve on a committee on appeals. 605 (c) Members of a committee on appeals shall serve terms of 606 3 years and are eligible to succeed themselves only once. A 607 member of a committee on appeals may serve a maximum of 6 608 consecutive years. The FHSAA's bylaws shall establish a rotation 609 of terms to ensure that a majority of the members' terms do not 610 expire concurrently. 611 (d) The authority and duties of a committee on appeals 612 shall be to consider requests by member schools seeking exceptions to bylaws and regulations, to hear undue hardship 613 eligibility cases filed by member schools on behalf of student 614 615 athletes, and to hear appeals filed by member schools or student 616 athletes. 617 (e) A student athlete or member school that receives an 618 unfavorable ruling from a committee on appeals shall be entitled 619 to appeal that decision to the board of directors at its next 620 regularly scheduled meeting or called meeting. The board of 621 directors shall have the authority to uphold, reverse, or amend 622 the decision of the committee on appeals. In all such cases, the 623 decision of the board of directors shall be final. 624 (f) The FHSAA shall expedite the appeals process on Page 24 of 63

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625 determinations of incligibility so that disposition of the 626 appeal can be made before the end of the applicable sports 627 season, if possible. 628 (g) In any appeal from a decision on eligibility made by 629 the executive director or a designee, a school or student 630 athlete filing the appeal must be permitted to present 631 information and evidence that was not available at the time of 632 the initial determination or if the determination was not made 633 by an unbiased, objective individual using a process allowing 634 full due process rights to be heard and to present evidence. If 635 evidence is presented on appeal, a de novo decision must be made 636 by the committee or board hearing the appeal, or the 637 determination may be suspended and the matter remanded for a new determination based on all the evidence. If a de novo decision 638 639 is made on appeal, the decision must be made in writing, setting 640 forth the findings of fact and specific violation upon which the 641 decision is based. If a de novo decision is not required, the 642 decision appealed must be set aside if the decision on 643 ineligibility was not based on clear and convincing evidence. 644 Any further appeal shall be considered on a record that includes 645 all evidence presented. 646 (8) AMENDMENT OF BYLAWS.-Each member school 647 representative, the board of directors acting as a whole or as 648 members acting individually, any advisory committee acting as a 649 whole to be established by the FHSAA, and the FHSAA's executive 650 director are empowered to propose amendments to the bylaws. Any Page 25 of 63

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651	other individual may propose an amendment by securing the
652	sponsorship of any of the aforementioned individuals or bodies.
653	All proposed amendments must be submitted directly to the
654	representative assembly for its consideration. The
655	representative assembly, while empowered to adopt, reject, or
656	revise proposed amendments, may not, in and of itself, as a body
657	be allowed to propose any amendment for its own consideration.
658	Section 2. Subsections (2) through (8) of section 1006.15,
659	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
660	1006.15 Student standards for eligibility to participate
661	participation in interscholastic and intrascholastic
662	extracurricular student activities; regulation
663	(2) District school board and nonprofit association
664	policies governing student eligibility for extracurricular
665	activities shall be guided by the following principles:
666	<u>(a)</u> Interscholastic Extracurricular student activities are
667	an important complement to the academic curriculum and provide
668	students with incentives to succeed academically.
669	(b) Participation in a comprehensive extracurricular and
670	academic program contributes to <del>student</del> development of the
671	social and intellectual skills necessary to become a well-
672	rounded adult.
673	(c) Extracurricular activities promote teamwork and
674	collaboration, expose students to individuals from diverse
675	backgrounds, and enhance parental engagement in the school.
676	(d) Policies governing student eligibility for
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677 extracurricular activities should not impede parental school 678 choice. 679 (e) A student's school attendance zone or choice of 680 educational program should not be a barrier to participation in 681 extracurricular activities that are not offered by the student's 682 school or program. 683 (3) As used in this part section, the term: 684 "Extracurricular activity" means a any school-(a) 685 authorized or education-related activity occurring during or 686 outside the regular instructional school day. 687 "Home education cooperative" means a parent-directed (b) group of individual home education students that provides 688 689 opportunities for interscholastic competition to those students. 690 (c) "Impermissible benefit" means a benefit or promise of 691 benefit that is based in any way on athletic interest, potential, or performance, that is a benefit not generally 692 693 available to the school's students or their family members, and 694 that induces a student athlete to participate in the athletic 695 programs of a member school. The term does not include 696 transportation arrangements. 697 (d)1. "Nonprofit association" means the association 698 designated by the Commissioner of Education pursuant to s. 699 1006.20 to govern interscholastic athletic competition in this 700 state. 701 The term means the Florida High School Athletic 2. 702 Association until the State Board of Education approves the Page 27 of 63

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703	commissioner's designation of a nonprofit association to govern
704	interscholastic athletic competition in this state pursuant to
705	s. 1006.20. This subparagraph expires July 1, 2017.
706	(e) "Public school student" means a student who is
707	attending a traditional public school, charter school, magnet
708	school, alternative school, developmental research laboratory
709	school, other public school of choice, or public virtual school.
710	(f) "Recruiting" means an effort by a school employee or
711	athletic department staff member to pressure, urge, or entice a
712	student to attend that school for the purpose of participating
713	in interscholastic athletics.
714	(g) "Unaffiliated private school" means a private school
715	that has an enrollment of 125 or fewer students in grades 6
716	through 12 and that is not a member of the nonprofit
717	association.
718	<u>(4)</u> (a) <u>A student is</u> <del>To be</del> eligible to participate in
719	interscholastic extracurricular <del>student</del> activities <u>if the</u> , a
720	student must:
721	1. <u>Maintains</u> Maintain a grade point average of 2.0 or
722	above on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the previous
723	semester <del>or a cumulative grade point average of 2.0 or above on</del>
724	a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required by s.
725	<del>1002.3105(5) or s. 1003.4282</del> .
726	2. <u>Executes</u> <del>Execute</del> and <u>fulfills</u> <del>fulfill</del> the requirements
727	of an academic performance contract between the student, the
728	district school board or private school, the appropriate
I	Page 28 of 63

729 governing association, and the student's parents, if the 730 student's cumulative grade point average falls below 2.0, or its 731 equivalent, on a 4.0 scale in the courses required by s. 732 1002.3105(5) or s. 1003.4282. At a minimum, the contract must 733 require that the student attend summer school, or its graded 734 equivalent, between grades 9 and 10 or grades 10 and 11, as 735 necessary.

736 3. <u>Has</u> Have a cumulative grade point average of 2.0 or 737 above on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required 738 by s. 1002.3105(5) or s. 1003.4282 during his or her junior or 739 senior year.

740 4. Maintains Maintain satisfactory conduct as prescribed 741 by the district school board's or private school's code $_{ au}$ 742 including adherence to appropriate dress and other codes of 743 student conduct policies described in s. 1006.07(2). If a student is convicted of, or is found to have committed, a felony 744 745 or a delinquent act that would have been a felony if committed 746 by an adult, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld, the 747 student's participation in interscholastic extracurricular 748 activities is contingent upon established and published district 749 school board or private school policy.

5. Is a home education student who meets the requirements
of the home education program pursuant to s. 1002.41, including
requirements relating to annual educational evaluations. The
evaluation processes or requirements placed on home education
student participants may not exceed those that apply under s.

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755	1002.41 to home education students generally.
756	(b) A student may only be declared ineligible to
757	participate in interscholastic athletics if:
758	1. The student fails to achieve compliance with paragraph
759	<u>(a);</u>
760	2. The student or parent falsifies an enrollment or
761	eligibility document;
762	3. The student or parent accepts an impermissible benefit;
763	4. The student commits a flagrant act of unsportsmanlike
764	conduct toward a contest official, opponent, or other person
765	attending an athletic contest or violates substance abuse
766	policies established by the nonprofit association;
767	5. The student has exhausted 4 years of athletic
768	eligibility, graduated from high school, or attained the maximum
769	age established by the nonprofit association, whichever occurs
770	first;
771	6. The student does not pass a medical evaluation pursuant
772	to s. 1006.20(2)(c), except as otherwise provided in s.
773	<u>1006.20(2)(d); or</u>
774	7. The student forfeits his or her amateur status, as
775	defined by the nonprofit association.
776	<u>(c)1.<del>(b)</del> A Any</u> student who is exempt from attending a full
777	school day based on rules adopted by the district school board
778	for double session schools or programs, experimental schools, or
779	schools operating under emergency conditions must maintain the
780	grade point average required by this section and pass each class
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781	for which he or she is enrolled.
782	2. A student who transfers from a home education program
783	to a public or private school before or during the first
784	semester of the school year is academically eligible to
785	participate in extracurricular activities during the first
786	semester if the student has a successful evaluation from the
787	previous school year pursuant to subparagraph (d)1.
788	3. A public school or private school student who transfers
789	into a home education program after being declared ineligible
790	for participation in extracurricular activities pursuant to
791	subparagraph (b)1. is ineligible to participate in such
792	activities as a home education student until the student has
793	successfully completed one semester in a home education program
794	pursuant to s. 1002.41.
795	4. A public school student who transfers to a private
796	school or another public school or a private school student who
797	transfers to a public school or another private school after
798	being declared ineligible to participate in extracurricular
799	activities pursuant to subparagraph (b)1. is ineligible to
800	participate in such activities until the student has
801	successfully completed one semester at the school to which he or
802	she transfers and meets the requirements of paragraph (a).
803	(d) <del>(c)</del> A public school student, a student attending an
804	unaffiliated private school, or a An individual home education
805	student is eligible to participate <u>in an extracurricular</u>
806	activity that is not offered by the student's school or home
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807 education program. Participation may occur at any the public 808 school in the school district in which the student resides to 809 which the student would be assigned according to district school 810 board attendance area policies or a public school in another 811 school district which the student could choose to attend 812 pursuant to an district or interdistrict controlled open 813 enrollment policy. A home education student provisions, or may 814 also develop an agreement to participate at a private school  $\overline{r}$  in 815 the interscholastic or extracurricular activities of that 816 school. In order to participate under this paragraph, a student 817 must meet, provided the following conditions are met: 818 1. The home education student must meet the requirements 819 of the home education program pursuant to s. 1002.41. 820 2. During the period of participation at a school, the 821 home education student must demonstrate educational progress as 822 required in paragraph (b) in all subjects taken in the home 823 education program by a method of evaluation agreed upon by the 824 parent and the school principal which may include: review of the 825 student's work by a certified teacher chosen by the parent; 826 grades earned through correspondence; grades earned in courses 827 taken at a Florida College System institution, university, or 828 trade school; standardized test scores above the 35th 829 percentile; or any other method designated in s. 1002.41. 830 3. The home education student must meet the same residency 831 requirements as other students in the school at which he or she 832 participates.

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833 1.4. The home education student must meet the same 834 standards of acceptance, behavior, and performance as required of other students in extracurricular activities. 835 836 2.5. The student must register with the school his or her 837 intent to participate in interscholastic extracurricular 838 activities as a representative of the school before the 839 beginning date of the nonathletic activity or season for the 840 athletic activity in which he or she wishes to participate. A 841 home education student must be able to participate in curricular 842 activities if that is a requirement for an extracurricular 843 activity. 844 3. A student who is enrolled in an unaffiliated private 845 school, home education program, a full-time public virtual 846 school, or any public school that does not offer any 847 interscholastic athletic programs may only participate in 848 interscholastic athletics at the public school in which the 849 student is first registered. 850 4. The student's parent is responsible for transporting 851 the student to and from the school at which the student 852 participates. The school the student attends, the school at 853 which the student participates in the extracurricular activity, 854 the district school board, and the nonprofit association are 855 exempt from civil liability arising from any injury to the 856 student which occurs during such transportation. 857 6. A student who transfers from a home education program 858 to a public school before or during the first grading period of Page 33 of 63

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859 the school year is academically eligible to participate in 860 interscholastic extracurricular activities during the first 861 grading period provided the student has a successful evaluation 862 from the previous school year, pursuant to subparagraph 2.

863 7. Any public school or private school student who has 864 been unable to maintain academic eligibility for participation 865 in interscholastic extracurricular activities is ineligible to 866 participate in such activities as a home education student until 867 the student has successfully completed one grading period in 868 home education pursuant to subparagraph 2. to become eligible to 869 participate as a home education student.

870 (d) An individual charter school student pursuant to s. 871 1002.33 is eligible to participate at the public school to which 872 the student would be assigned according to district school board 873 attendance area policies or which the student could choose to attend, pursuant to district or interdistrict controlled open-874 875 enrollment provisions, in any interscholastic extracurricular 876 activity of that school, unless such activity is provided by the 877 student's charter school, if the following conditions are met:

878 1. The charter school student must meet the requirements 879 of the charter school education program as determined by the 880 charter school governing board.

881 2. During the period of participation at a school, the 882 charter school student must demonstrate educational progress as 883 required in paragraph (b).

884

3. The charter school student must meet the same residency

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885 requirements as other students in the school at which he or she 886 participates.

887 4. The charter school student must meet the same standards
888 of acceptance, behavior, and performance that are required of
889 other students in extracurricular activities.

890 5. The charter school student must register with the 891 school his or her intent to participate in interscholastic 892 extracurricular activities as a representative of the school 893 before the beginning date of the season for the activity in 894 which he or she wishes to participate. A charter school student 895 must be able to participate in curricular activities if that is 896 a requirement for an extracurricular activity.

897 6. A student who transfers from a charter school program 898 to a traditional public school before or during the first 899 grading period of the school year is academically eligible to 900 participate in interscholastic extracurricular activities during 901 the first grading period if the student has a successful 902 evaluation from the previous school year, pursuant to 903 subparagraph 2.

904 7. Any public school or private school student who has 905 been unable to maintain academic eligibility for participation 906 in interscholastic extracurricular activities is ineligible to 907 participate in such activities as a charter school student until 908 the student has successfully completed one grading period in a 909 charter school pursuant to subparagraph 2. to become eligible to 910 participate as a charter school student.

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911	(e) A student of the Florida Virtual School full-time
912	program may participate in any interscholastic extracurricular
913	activity at the public school to which the student would be
914	assigned according to district school board attendance area
915	policies or which the student could choose to attend, pursuant
916	to district or interdistrict controlled open enrollment
917	policies, if the student:
918	1. During the period of participation in the
919	interscholastic extracurricular activity, meets the requirements
920	in paragraph (a).
921	2. Meets any additional requirements as determined by the
922	board of trustees of the Florida Virtual School.
923	3. Meets the same residency requirements as other students
924	in the school at which he or she participates.
925	4. Meets the same standards of acceptance, behavior, and
926	performance that are required of other students in
927	extracurricular activities.
928	5. Registers his or her intent to participate in
929	interscholastic extracurricular activities with the school
930	before the beginning date of the season for the activity in
931	which he or she wishes to participate. A Florida Virtual School
932	student must be able to participate in curricular activities if
933	that is a requirement for an extracurricular activity.
934	(f) A student who transfers from the Florida Virtual
935	School full-time program to a traditional public school before
936	or during the first grading period of the school year is
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937 academically eligible to participate in interscholastic 938 extracurricular activities during the first grading period if 939 the student has a successful evaluation from the previous school 940 year pursuant to paragraph (a).

941 (g) A public school or private school student who has been 942 unable to maintain academic eligibility for participation in 943 interscholastic extracurricular activities is ineligible to 944 participate in such activities as a Florida Virtual School 945 student until the student successfully completes one grading 946 period in the Florida Virtual School pursuant to paragraph (a).

947 (5) (4) The student standards for participation in 948 interscholastic extracurricular activities must be applied 949 beginning with the student's first semester of the 9th grade. 950 Each student must meet such other requirements for participation as may be established by the district school board; however, 951 952 such requirements must apply on an equal basis to all students 953 and a district school board may not make establish requirements 954 for participation in interscholastic extracurricular activities 955 which make participation in such activities less accessible to a 956 transfer student or a student enrolled in a public school of 957 choice, an unaffiliated private school, or a home education 958 program students than to other students. A district school board 959 or private school may not establish policies regarding transfer 960 student eligibility for extracurricular activities which are 961 more stringent than the policies established by the nonprofit 962 association Except as set forth in paragraph (3)(c), evaluation

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processes or requirements that are placed on home education

student participants may not go beyond those that apply under s.

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965 1002.41 to home education students generally. 966 (6) (5) An Any organization or entity that regulates or 967 governs interscholastic extracurricular activities of public 968 schools: 969 (a) Shall permit home education associations or home 970 education cooperatives to join as member schools. 971 Shall not discriminate against any eligible student (b) 972 based on an educational choice of public, private, or home 973 education. 974 (7) (6) Public schools are prohibited from membership in 975 any organization or entity that which regulates or governs 976 interscholastic extracurricular activities and discriminates 977 against eligible students in public, private, or home education. (7) Any insurance provided by district school boards for 978 979 participants in extracurricular activities shall cover the 980 participating home education student. If there is an additional 981 premium for such coverage, the participating home education 982 student shall pay the premium. 983 (8) (a) The Florida High School Athletic Association 984 (FHSAA), in cooperation with each district school board, shall 985 facilitate a program in which a middle school or high school 986 student who attends a private school shall be eligible to 987 participate in an interscholastic or intrascholastic sport at a 988 public high school, a public middle school, or a 6-12 public Page 38 of 63

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989	school that is zoned for the physical address at which the
990	student resides if:
991	1. The private school in which the student is enrolled is
992	not a member of the FHSAA and does not offer an interscholastic
993	or intrascholastic athletic program.
994	2. The private school student meets the quidelines for the
995	conduct of the program established by the FHSAA's board of
996	directors and the district school board. At a minimum, such
997	quidelines shall provide:
998	a. A deadline for each sport by which the private school
999	student's parents must register with the public school in
1000	writing their intent for their child to participate at that
1001	school in the sport.
1002	b. Requirements for a private school student to
1003	participate, including, but not limited to, meeting the same
1004	standards of eligibility, acceptance, behavior, educational
1005	progress, and performance which apply to other students
1006	participating in interscholastic or intrascholastic sports at a
1007	public school or FHSAA member private school.
1008	(b) The parents of a private school student participating
1009	in a public school sport under this subsection are responsible
1010	for transporting their child to and from the public school at
1011	which the student participates. The private school the student
1012	attends, the public school at which the student participates in
1013	a sport, the district school board, and the FHSAA are exempt
1014	from civil liability arising from any injury that occurs to the
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1015 student during such transportation. (c) For each academic year, a private school student may 1016 1017 only participate at the public school in which the student is 1018 first registered under sub-subparagraph (a)2.a. or makes himself 1019 or herself a candidate for an athletic team by engaging in a 1020 practice. 1021 (d) The athletic director of each participating FHSAA member public school shall maintain the student records 1022 necessary for eligibility, compliance, and participation in the 1023 1024 program. 1025 (c) Any non-FHSAA member private school that has a student 1026 who wishes to participate in this program must make all student 1027 records, including, but not limited to, academic, financial, 1028 disciplinary, and attendance records, available upon request of 1029 the FHSAA. 1030 (f) A student must apply to participate in this program 1031 through the FHSAA program application process. 1032 (g) Only students who are enrolled in non-FHSAA member 1033 private schools consisting of 125 students or fewer are eligible 1034 to participate in the program in any given academic year. 1035 Section 3. Section 1006.16, Florida Statutes, is amended 1036 to read: 1037 1006.16 Insuring school students engaged in extracurricular athletic activities against injury.-A Any 1038 1039 district school board, school athletic association, or school 1040 may formulate, conduct, and purchase a plan or method of Page 40 of 63

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1041 insuring, or may self-insure, participants in extracurricular activities school students against injury sustained by reason of 1042 1043 such participation students engaging and participating in the 1044 extracurricular athletic activities conducted or sponsored by 1045 the district school board, association, or school in which such 1046 students are enrolled. A district school board, school athletic 1047 association, or school may add a surcharge to the fee charged 1048 for admission to athletic events as a means of producing revenue 1049 to purchase such insurance or to provide self-insurance. A Any 1050 district school board may pay for all or part of such plan or 1051 method of insurance or self-insurance from available district 1052 school board funds. Insurance provided by a district school 1053 board for participants in extracurricular activities must cover 1054 home education and unaffiliated private school students 1055 participating in extracurricular activities at a district public 1056 school pursuant to s. 1006.15 under the same terms and 1057 conditions that apply to students enrolled in a district public 1058 school. 1059 Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 1006.19, Florida 1060 Statutes, is amended to read: 1061 1006.19 Audit of records of nonprofit corporations and 1062 associations handling interscholastic activities.-1063 Each nonprofit association or corporation that (1)operates for the purpose of supervising and controlling 1064 1065 interscholastic activities of public high schools and whose 1066 membership is composed of duly certified representatives of

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1067 public high schools, and whose rules and regulations are established by members thereof, shall have an annual financial 1068 1069 audit of its accounts and records conducted by an independent 1070 certified public accountant retained by it and paid from its 1071 funds. The accountant shall furnish a copy of the audit report 1072 to the Auditor General within 30 days after completion of the 1073 audit. At least every 3 years, the Auditor General shall conduct 1074 an operational audit of the accounts and records of each 1075 nonprofit association. 1076 Section 5. Subsection (3) of section 768.135, Florida 1077 Statutes, is amended to read: 1078 768.135 Volunteer team physicians; immunity.-1079 A practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter (3) 1080 459, chapter 460, or s. 464.012 who gratuitously and in good 1081 faith conducts an evaluation pursuant to s. 1006.20 1082 1006.20(2)(c) is not liable for any civil damages arising from 1083 that evaluation unless the evaluation was conducted in a 1084 wrongful manner. Section 6. Effective upon the approval of the State Board 1085 1086 of Education of the designation by the Commissioner of Education 1087 of a nonprofit association to govern interscholastic athletic 1088 competition in this state pursuant to section 15 of this act, 1089 paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section 943.0438, Florida 1090 Statutes, is amended to read: 1091 943.0438 Athletic coaches for independent sanctioning 1092 authorities.-

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1093 An independent sanctioning authority shall: (2) Adopt bylaws or policies that require each youth 1094 (a) 1095 athlete who is suspected of sustaining a concussion or head 1096 injury in a practice or competition to be immediately removed 1097 from the activity. A youth athlete who has been removed from an 1098 activity may not return to practice or competition until the 1099 youth submits to the athletic coach a written medical clearance to return stating that the youth athlete no longer exhibits 1100 signs, symptoms, or behaviors consistent with a concussion or 1101 1102 other head injury. Medical clearance must be authorized by the 1103 appropriate health care practitioner trained in the diagnosis, 1104 evaluation, and management of concussions as defined by the sports medicine advisory committee of a nonprofit the Florida 1105 1106 High School Athletic association.

Section 7. Subsections (17) and (18) of section 1002.20, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1109 1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.-Parents of public 1110 school students must receive accurate and timely information 1111 regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed 1112 of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12 1113 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory 1114 rights including, but not limited to, the following:

1115

(17) ATHLETICS; PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL.-

(a) Eligibility.-Eligibility requirements for all students participating in high school athletic competition must allow a student to be eligible in the school in which he or she first

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1119 enrolls each school year, the school in which the student makes 1120 himself or herself a candidate for an athletic team by engaging 1121 in practice before enrolling, or the school to which the student 1122 has transferred with approval of the district school board, in 1123 accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.20 1006.20(2)(a).

(b) Medical evaluation.-Students must satisfactorily pass a medical evaluation each year before participating in athletics, unless the parent objects in writing based on religious tenets or practices, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.20 1006.20(2)(d).

1129 (18) EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES.—In accordance with the 1130 provisions of s. 1006.15:

(a) Eligibility.-Students who meet specified academic and conduct requirements are eligible to participate in extracurricular activities.

1134 Participation Home education students.-All public (b) 1135 school students, including those enrolled in public schools of choice and virtual education, all home education students, and 1136 1137 certain private school students may participate in any extracurricular activity not offered by the student's school or 1138 1139 home education program at any public school in the school 1140 district in which the student resides or a public school in 1141 another school district which the student could choose to attend 1142 pursuant to an interdistrict controlled open enrollment policy who meet specified academic and conduct requirements are 1143 1144 eligible to participate in extracurricular activities at the

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1145 public school to which the student would be assigned or could 1146 choose to attend according to district school board policies, or 1147 may develop an agreement to participate at a private school. 1148 (c) Charter school students.-Charter school students who 1149 meet specified academic and conduct requirements are eligible to participate in extracurricular activities at the public school 1150 1151 to which the student would be assigned or could choose to attend 1152 according to district school board policies, unless such 1153 activity is provided by the student's charter school. 1154 (d) Florida Virtual School full-time students.-Florida 1155 Virtual School full-time students who meet specified academic 1156 and conduct requirements are eligible to participate in 1157 extracurricular activities at the public school to which the 1158 student would be assigned or could choose to attend according to district school board policies. 1159 1160 (c) (e) Discrimination prohibited.-Organizations that 1161 regulate or govern extracurricular activities of public schools 1162 shall not discriminate against any eligible student based on an 1163 educational choice of public, private, or home education. Section 8. Subsection (11) of section 1002.33, Florida 1164 1165 Statutes, is amended to read: 1166 1002.33 Charter schools.-1167 PARTICIPATION IN INTERSCHOLASTIC EXTRACURRICULAR (11)1168 ACTIVITIES.-A charter school student is eligible to participate 1169 in an interscholastic extracurricular activity at the public 1170 school to which the student would be otherwise assigned to

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1171 attend pursuant to s. 1006.15 1006.15(3)(d).

1172 Section 9. Subsection (8) of section 1002.42, Florida 1173 Statutes, is amended to read:

1174

1002.42 Private schools.-

1175 (8) ATHLETIC COMPETITION. - A private school may participate 1176 in athletic competition with a public high school in accordance 1177 with the provisions of s. 1006.20 1006.20(1).

1178 Section 10. Effective upon the approval of the State Board of Education of the designation by the Commissioner of Education 1179 1180 of a nonprofit association to govern interscholastic athletic 1181 competition in this state pursuant to section 15 of this act, 1182 subsection (1) of section 1006.165, Florida Statutes, is amended 1183 to read:

1184

1006.165 Automated external defibrillator; user training.-

1185 Each public school that is a member of the nonprofit (1)1186 Florida High School Athletic association must have an 1187 operational automated external defibrillator on the school 1188 grounds. Public and private partnerships are encouraged to cover 1189 the cost associated with the purchase and placement of the 1190 defibrillator and training in the use of the defibrillator.

1191 Section 11. Effective upon the approval of the State Board 1192 of Education of the designation by the Commissioner of Education 1193 of a nonprofit association to govern interscholastic athletic competition in this state pursuant to section 15 of this act, 1194 1195 section 1006.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1006.18 Cheerleader safety standards.- The nonprofit

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1197 Florida High School Athletic association or successor organization shall adopt statewide uniform safety standards for 1198 1199 student cheerleaders and spirit groups that participate in any 1200 school activity or extracurricular student activity. The 1201 nonprofit Florida High School Athletic association or successor 1202 organization shall adopt the "Official High School Spirit 1203 Rules," published by the National Federation of State High 1204 School Associations, as the statewide uniform safety standards.

Section 12. Effective upon the approval of the State Board of Education of the designation by the Commissioner of Education of a nonprofit association to govern interscholastic athletic competition in this state pursuant to section 15 of this act, paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 1012.467, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1211 1012.467 Noninstructional contractors who are permitted 1212 access to school grounds when students are present; background 1213 screening requirements.-

(7) (a) The Department of Law Enforcement shall implement a system that allows for the results of a criminal history check provided to a school district to be shared with other school districts through a secure Internet website or other secure electronic means. School districts must accept reciprocity of level 2 screenings for <u>the nonprofit association's</u> <del>Florida High</del> School Athletic Association officials.

1221 Section 13. Effective upon the approval of the State Board 1222 of Education of the designation by the Commissioner of Education

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1223 of a nonprofit association to govern interscholastic athletic 1224 competition in this state pursuant to section 15 of this act, 1225 paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section 1012.468, Florida 1226 Statutes, is amended to read:

1227 1012.468 Exceptions to certain fingerprinting and criminal 1228 history checks.-

(2) A district school board shall exempt from the
screening requirements set forth in ss. 1012.465 and 1012.467
the following noninstructional contractors:

(g) An investigator for the <u>nonprofit</u> Florida High School Athletic association (FHSAA) who meets the requirements <u>of</u> under s. 1006.20 <del>1006.20(2)(c)</del>.

Section 14. Effective upon the approval of the State Board of Education of the designation by the Commissioner of Education of a nonprofit association to govern interscholastic athletic competition in this state pursuant to section 15 of this act, paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1012.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1241 1242 1012.55 Positions for which certificates required.(2)

(b) Completion of a sports safety course shall count for 6
hours of required school district inservice instruction for
athletic coaching certification if the course is approved by the
<u>nonprofit</u> Florida High School Athletic association Board of
Directors and meets the following requirements:
1. The course consists of at least eight modules.

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1249 The course immediately provides an individual with a 2. 1250 "merit" certificate at the time of successful completion. 1251 3. The course is delivered through hands-on and online 1252 teaching methods. 1253 4. The course is a hands-on course taught by either a 1254 state-licensed athletic trainer who holds a current certificate 1255 from the Board of Certification or a member of the American 1256 Academy of Orthopaedic Surgeons. 1257 5. Hands-on course material is less than 120 pages. 1258 6. The course covers sports safety specifically, excluding 1259 coaching principles and procedures for cardiopulmonary 1260 resuscitation. 1261 7. The course is authored or approved by at least 10 1262 health care professionals, including doctors of medicine, 1263 doctors of osteopathy, registered nurses, physical therapists, and certified athletic trainers. 1264 1265 8. The course is revised and reviewed for updates at least 1266 once every 30 months. 1267 9. The course is available to the general public for a 1268 retail price under \$50. 1269 10. Each course examination is automated and taken online 1270 with a score of 80 percent or better for successful completion. 1271 Section 15. By July 1, 2017, the Commissioner of 1272 Education, with the approval of the State Board of Education, 1273 shall designate a nonprofit association to govern 1274 interscholastic athletic competition in this state. Following

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1275	completion of each operational audit under s. 1006.19, Florida
1276	Statutes, the commissioner shall review the nonprofit
1277	association's performance in governing interscholastic athletics
1278	and, if he or she finds that the nonprofit association has
1279	failed to perform its duties in compliance with the law and
1280	guiding principles for student eligibility for interscholastic
1281	athletics, may designate another governing nonprofit association
1282	to be Florida's voting member association of the National
1283	Federation of State High School Associations, with approval of
1284	the State Board of Education.
1285	Section 16. Effective upon the approval of the State Board
1286	of Education of the designation by the Commissioner of Education
1287	of a nonprofit association to govern interscholastic athletic
1288	competition in this state pursuant to section 15 of this act,
1289	section 1006.20, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, is
1290	amended to read:
1291	1006.20 Athletics in public K-12 schools
1292	(1) GOVERNING NONPROFIT ASSOCIATION. The Florida High
1293	School Athletic Association (FHSAA) is designated the governing
1294	nonprofit association for purposes of membership in the National
1295	Federation of State High School Associations. If the FHSAA fails
1296	<del>to meet the provisions of this section,</del> The Commissioner of
1297	Education, with the approval of the State Board of Education,
1298	shall designate a nonprofit association to govern
1299	interscholastic athletic competition in this state. <u>The</u>
1300	nonprofit association designated by the commissioner shall be
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1301 the governing body for purposes of membership in the National 1302 Federation of State High School Associations. The nonprofit 1303 association FHSAA is not a state agency as defined in s. 120.52 1304 but is subject to ss. 1006.15-1006.19. Any special event fees, 1305 sanctioning fees, including third-party sanctioning fees, or 1306 contest receipts collected annually by the nonprofit association 1307 FHSAA may not exceed its actual costs to perform the function or duty that is the subject of or justification for the fee. The 1308 1309 nonprofit association FHSAA shall offer spectators seeking 1310 admission to athletic competitions the option of purchasing a 1311 single-day pass or a multiple-day pass that is at a cost below 1312 that which one would pay on a per-event basis for the same number of contests. A private school that wishes to engage in 1313 1314 high school athletic competition with a public high school may 1315 become a member of the nonprofit association FHSAA, by sport. 1316 Any high school in the state, including charter schools, virtual 1317 schools, and home education cooperatives, may become a member of the nonprofit association FHSAA, by sport, and participate in 1318 1319 the activities of the nonprofit association FHSAA. Membership in the nonprofit association FHSAA is not mandatory for any school, 1320 1321 and any member school may join other athletic associations, by 1322 sport. The nonprofit association FHSAA may not deny or 1323 discourage interscholastic competition between its member schools and nonmember schools, including members of another 1324 1325 athletic governing association, and may not take any retributory 1326 or discriminatory action against any of its member schools that

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1327 participate in interscholastic competition with nonmember schools. The nonprofit association FHSAA may not unreasonably 1328 1329 withhold its approval of an application to become an affiliate 1330 member of the National Federation of State High School 1331 Associations submitted by any other association that governs 1332 interscholastic athletic competition in this state that meets 1333 the requirements of this section. The commissioner may identify other associations that govern interscholastic athletic 1334 1335 competition in compliance with this section. For the purposes of 1336 this section, "high school" includes grades 6 through 12. The 1337 nonprofit association shall:

1338 (2) STUDENT ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS; RECRUITING POLICIES;
1339 ELIGIBILITY DISPUTE RESOLUTION.—The FHSAA shall:

Establish eligibility requirements for all students 1340 (a) 1341 who participate in high school athletic competition in its 1342 member schools. A student is eligible in the school in which he 1343 or she first enrolls each school year or the school in which the student makes himself or herself a candidate for an athletic 1344 1345 team by engaging in a practice before enrolling in the school. A 1346 student who transfers during the school year is eligible in the 1347 school to which he or she transfers if the transfer is made by a 1348 deadline established by the nonprofit association FHSAA, which 1349 may not be before the date authorized for the beginning of 1350 practice for the sport. If the date authorized for the beginning 1351 of practice is before the first day of the grading period in 1352 which the regular season games begin, the transfer deadline may

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not be before the first day of such grading period. The student shall be eligible in that school so long as he or she remains enrolled in that school. Subsequent eligibility shall be determined and enforced through the <u>nonprofit association's</u> <del>FHSAA's</del> requirements. Requirements governing eligibility and transfer between member schools shall be applied similarly to all students.

1360 Prohibit the recruiting of students for athletic (b) 1361 purposes and prescribe penalties and an appeals process for 1362 athletic recruiting violations. If it is determined that a 1363 school has recruited a student, the nonprofit association FHSAA 1364 may require the school to participate in a higher classification 1365 for the sport in which the recruited student competes for a 1366 minimum of one classification cycle, in addition to any other 1367 appropriate fine and sanction imposed on the school, its 1368 coaches, or adult representatives who commit recruiting 1369 violations. A student may only be declared ineligible based on a 1370 recruiting violation if the student or parent has committed an 1371 act specified in s. 1006.15(4)(b)2. or the nonprofit association 1372 FHSAA has imposed sanctions against the individuals or member 1373 school engaging in recruiting and the student or the parent has 1374 committed an act specified in s. 1006.15(4)(b)3. The nonprofit 1375 association FHSAA may not limit the competition of a student athlete prospectively for a rule violation by his or her school, 1376 1377 the school's coach, or the student athlete's adult 1378 representative. The nonprofit association FHSAA may not punish a

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1379 student athlete for an eligibility or recruiting violation perpetrated by a teammate, coach, or administrator. A contest 1380 1381 may not be forfeited for an inadvertent eligibility violation unless the coach or a school administrator should have known of 1382 1383 the violation. Contests may not be forfeited for other 1384 eligibility violations or recruiting violations in excess of the 1385 number of contests from which the coaches and adult 1386 representatives responsible for the violations are prospectively 1387 suspended.

1388 Require all students participating in interscholastic (C) 1389 athletic competition or who are candidates for an 1390 interscholastic athletic team to satisfactorily pass a medical 1391 evaluation each year before participating in interscholastic athletic competition or engaging in any practice, tryout, 1392 1393 workout, or other physical activity associated with the 1394 student's candidacy for an interscholastic athletic team. Such 1395 medical evaluation may be administered only by a practitioner 1396 licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or s. 1397 464.012, and in good standing with the practitioner's regulatory 1398 board. The nonprofit association FHSAA shall establish 1399 requirements for eliciting a student's medical history and 1400 performing the medical evaluation required under this paragraph, 1401 which shall include a physical assessment of the student's physical capabilities to participate in interscholastic athletic 1402 1403 competition as contained in a uniform preparticipation physical 1404 evaluation and history form. The evaluation form shall

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1405 incorporate the recommendations of the American Heart 1406 Association for participation in cardiovascular screening and 1407 shall provide a place for the signature of the practitioner 1408 performing the evaluation with an attestation that each 1409 examination procedure listed on the form was performed by the 1410 practitioner or by someone under the direct supervision of the 1411 practitioner. The form shall also contain a place for the practitioner to indicate if a referral to another practitioner 1412 1413 was made in lieu of completion of a certain examination 1414 procedure. The form shall provide a place for the practitioner 1415 to whom the student was referred to complete the remaining 1416 sections and attest to that portion of the examination. The 1417 preparticipation physical evaluation form shall advise students to complete a cardiovascular assessment and shall include 1418 1419 information concerning alternative cardiovascular evaluation and 1420 diagnostic tests. Results of such medical evaluation must be 1421 provided to the school. A student is not eligible to participate 1422 in any interscholastic athletic competition or engage in any 1423 practice, tryout, workout, or other physical activity associated 1424 with the student's candidacy for an interscholastic athletic 1425 team until the results of the medical evaluation are received 1426 and approved by the school.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), allow a student to participate in interscholastic athletic competition or be a candidate for an interscholastic athletic team if the parent of the student objects in writing to the student undergoing a

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1431 medical evaluation because such evaluation is contrary to his or her religious tenets or practices. However, in such case, there 1432 1433 shall be no liability on the part of any person or entity in a position to otherwise rely on the results of such medical 1434 1435 evaluation for any damages resulting from the student's injury or death arising directly from the student's participation in 1436 1437 interscholastic athletics where an undisclosed medical condition that would have been revealed in the medical evaluation is a 1438 1439 proximate cause of the injury or death.

(e) Regulate persons who conduct investigations on behalfof the nonprofit association FHSAA. An investigator must:

1442 1. Undergo level 2 background screening under s. 435.04, 1443 establishing that the investigator has not committed any 1444 disqualifying offense listed in s. 435.04, unless the 1445 investigator can provide proof of compliance with level 2 1446 screening standards submitted within the previous 5 years to 1447 meet any professional licensure requirements, provided:

a. The investigator has not had a break in service from a
position that requires level 2 screening for more than 90 days;
and

b. The investigator submits, under penalty of perjury, an affidavit verifying that the investigator has not committed any disqualifying offense listed in s. 435.04 and is in full compliance with this paragraph.

1455 2. Be appointed as an investigator by the <u>nonprofit</u>
1456 <u>association</u> FHSAA.

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1457 Carry a photo identification card that shows the 3. nonprofit association's FHSAA name and logo and the 1458 1459 investigator's official title. Adhere to the following guidelines: 1460 4. 1461 a. Investigate only those alleged violations assigned by 1462 the nonprofit association FHSAA. 1463 Conduct interviews on Monday through Friday between the b. hours of 9 a.m. and 7 p.m. only, unless previously agreed to by 1464 the interviewee. 1465 1466 Allow the parent of any student being interviewed to be с. 1467 present during the interview. d. 1468 Search residences or other private areas only with the 1469 permission of the nonprofit association FHSAA and the written 1470 consent of the student's parent and only with a parent or a 1471 representative of the parent present. 1472 (f) Establish sanctions for coaches who have committed 1473 major violations. 1474 Major violations include, but are not limited to, 1. 1475 knowingly allowing an ineligible student to participate in a contest representing a member school in an interscholastic 1476 1477 contest or committing a violation of the nonprofit association's 1478 FHSAA's recruiting or sports ethics policies. 1479 Sanctions placed upon an individual coach may include, 2. 1480 but are not limited to, prohibiting or suspending the coach from 1481 coaching, participating in, or attending any athletic activity 1482 sponsored, recognized, or sanctioned by the nonprofit Page 57 of 63

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1483 <u>association</u> FHSAA and the member school for which the coach 1484 committed the violation. If a coach is sanctioned by the 1485 <u>nonprofit association</u> FHSAA and the coach transfers to another 1486 member school, those sanctions remain in full force and effect 1487 during the term of the sanction.

1488 3. If a member school is assessed a financial penalty as a 1489 result of a coach committing a major violation, the coach shall 1490 reimburse the member school before being allowed to coach, 1491 participate in, or attend any athletic activity sponsored, 1492 recognized, or sanctioned by the <u>nonprofit association</u> <del>THSAA</del> and 1493 a member school.

14944. The nonprofit association FHSAA shall establish a due1495process procedure for coaches sanctioned under this paragraph.

1496 (q) Provide a process for the resolution of student 1497 eligibility disputes. The nonprofit association FHSAA shall 1498 provide an opportunity to resolve eligibility issues through an 1499 informal conference procedure. The nonprofit association FHSAA 1500 must provide written notice to the student athlete, parent, and 1501 member school stating specific findings of fact that support a 1502 determination of ineligibility. The student athlete must request 1503 an informal conference if he or she intends to contest the 1504 charges. The informal conference must be held within 10 days 1505 after receipt of the student athlete's request. If the 1506 eligibility dispute is not resolved at the informal conference, 1507 the nonprofit association FHSAA shall provide a process for the 1508 timely and cost-effective resolution of an eligibility dispute

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using a neutral third party, including the use of retired or former judges, mediation, or arbitration. The neutral third party shall be selected by the parent of the student athlete from a list maintained by the <u>nonprofit association</u> <del>FHSAA</del>. A final determination regarding the eligibility dispute must be issued no later than 30 days after the informal conference. The process for resolving eligibility disputes must provide that:

Ineligibility must be established by clear and
 convincing evidence.

2. Student athletes, parents, and schools must have notice of the initiation of any investigation or other inquiry into eligibility and may present, to the investigator and to the individual or body making the eligibility determination, any information or evidence that is credible, persuasive, and of a kind reasonably prudent persons rely upon in the conduct of serious affairs.

1525 3. An investigator may not determine matters of
1526 eligibility but must submit information and evidence to the
1527 individual or body designated by the <u>nonprofit association</u> <del>FHSAA</del>
1528 for an unbiased and objective determination of eligibility.

4. A determination of ineligibility must be made in
writing, setting forth the findings of fact and specific
violation upon which the decision is based.

1532 5. Any proceedings concerning student athlete eligibility 1533 must be held in the county in which the student athlete resides 1534 and may be conducted by telephone, videoconference, or other

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1535 electronic means.

6. A student athlete may not be declared ineligible to 1536 1537 participate in athletic competition until a final decision is 1538 issued by the neutral third party unless the determination of 1539 ineligibility is based on s. 1006.15(4)(b)1., 5., or 6. It is 1540 the responsibility of the member school to assess the facts 1541 underlying the eligibility dispute and any potential penalties that may result from a determination of ineligibility in 1542 deciding whether to allow the student athlete to continue to 1543 1544 participate before a final eligibility determination.

(h) Adopt guidelines to educate athletic coaches,
officials, administrators, and student athletes and their
parents about the nature and risk of concussion and head injury.

Require the parent of a student who is participating 1548 (i) 1549 in interscholastic athletic competition or who is a candidate 1550 for an interscholastic athletic team to sign and return an 1551 informed consent that explains the nature and risk of concussion 1552 and head injury, including the risk of continuing to play after 1553 concussion or head injury, each year before participating in interscholastic athletic competition or engaging in any 1554 1555 practice, tryout, workout, or other physical activity associated 1556 with the student's candidacy for an interscholastic athletic 1557 team.

(j) Require each student athlete who is suspected of sustaining a concussion or head injury in a practice or competition to be immediately removed from the activity. A

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1561 student athlete who has been removed from an activity may not return to practice or competition until the student submits to 1562 1563 the school a written medical clearance to return stating that 1564 the student athlete no longer exhibits signs, symptoms, or 1565 behaviors consistent with a concussion or other head injury. 1566 Medical clearance must be authorized by the appropriate health 1567 care practitioner trained in the diagnosis, evaluation, and 1568 management of concussions as defined by the sports medicine 1569 advisory committee of the nonprofit Florida High School Athletic 1570 association.

1571 (k) Establish duties of a sports medicine advisory
1572 committee composed of the following members:

1573 1. Eight physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 1574 459, with at least one member licensed under chapter 459.

2. One chiropractor licensed under chapter 460.

1576 3. One podiatrist licensed under chapter 461.

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4. One dentist licensed under chapter 466.

1578 5. Three athletic trainers licensed under part XIII of1579 chapter 468.

1580 6. One member who is a current or retired head coach of a1581 high school in the state.

(1) Adopt guidelines, provide resources, and develop a training course to promote sports ethics in interscholastic athletics and require each member school to:

1585 1. Establish policies that promote sports ethics in its 1586 interscholastic athletic programs.

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1587 2. Educate, on a continuing basis, student athletes, athletic coaches, and administrators regarding these policies. 1588 1589 Annually administer the sports ethics training course 3. to student athletes, athletic coaches, and administrators. 1590 1591 4. Annually certify compliance with this paragraph by a 1592 deadline established by the nonprofit association FHSAA. 1593 In developing the sports ethics training course, the nonprofit 1594 association FHSAA may provide for multiple modes of delivery, 1595 1596 including in-person seminars or videoconferencing, webinars, or 1597 other electronic means. 1598 (2) (3) GOVERNING STRUCTURE OF THE FHSAA.-1599 (a) The nonprofit association FHSAA shall operate as a 1600 representative democracy in which the sovereign authority is 1601 within its member schools and the parents of students 1602 participating in interscholastic athletics within those schools. 1603 Each member school, on its annual application for (b) 1604 membership, shall name its official representative to the 1605 nonprofit association FHSAA. This representative must be either 1606 the school principal or his or her designee. That designee must 1607 either be an assistant principal or athletic director housed 1608 within that same school. 1609 The governing board of the nonprofit association FHSAA (C) shall consist of 16 members comprised proportionately of 1610 representatives from traditional public schools, public schools 1611 1612 of choice, private schools, home education cooperatives, and

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1613 parents of student athletes who are enrolled in such schools or programs. The governing board must also be constituted in a 1614 1615 manner that provides for equitable representation among the 1616 various regions of the state where the association's member 1617 schools are located. Any additional policymaking body 1618 established by the nonprofit association FHSAA must provide for 1619 proportionate representation of schools, programs, parents, and 1620 regions of the state as described in this paragraph.

(d) The <u>nonprofit association</u> FHSAA shall annually require each member of the governing board or other policymaking body to attend nonprofit governance training, which must include government in the sunshine, conflicts of interest, ethics, and student athlete-centered decisionmaking consistent with the guiding principles for participation in extracurricular activities under s. 1006.15.

1628 Section 17. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this 1629 act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

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