By the Committees on Governmental Oversight and Accountability; and Judiciary; and Senator Bradley

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to justices and judges; amending s. 121.021, F.S.; revising the applicability of the term "termination"; amending s. 121.091, F.S.; providing that a retired justice or retired judge is not subject to certain restrictions on employment after retirement otherwise applicable to retired employees; requiring the State Board of Administration and the Department of Management Services to request a determination letter and private letter ruling from the Internal Revenue Service; adjusting employer contribution rates in order to fund changes made by the act; providing a directive to the Division of Law Revision and Information; providing findings of an important state interest; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (39) of section 121.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

121.021 Definitions.—The following words and phrases as used in this chapter have the respective meanings set forth unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context:

- (39) (a) "Termination" occurs, except as provided in paragraph (b), when a member ceases all employment relationships with participating employers, however:
- 1. For retirements effective before July 1, 2010, if a member is employed by any such employer within the next calendar month, termination shall be deemed not to have occurred. A leave

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of absence constitutes a continuation of the employment relationship, except that a leave of absence without pay due to disability may constitute termination if such member makes application for and is approved for disability retirement in accordance with s. 121.091(4). The department or state board may require other evidence of termination as it deems necessary.

- 2. For retirements effective on or after July 1, 2010, if a member is employed by any such employer within the next 6 calendar months, termination shall be deemed not to have occurred. A leave of absence constitutes a continuation of the employment relationship, except that a leave of absence without pay due to disability may constitute termination if such member makes application for and is approved for disability retirement in accordance with s. 121.091(4). The department or state board may require other evidence of termination as it deems necessary.
- (b) "Termination" for a member electing to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program occurs when the program participant ceases all employment relationships with participating employers in accordance with s. 121.091(13), however:
- 1. For termination dates occurring before July 1, 2010, if the member is employed by any such employer within the next calendar month, termination will be deemed not to have occurred, except as provided in s. 121.091(13)(b)4.c. A leave of absence shall constitute a continuation of the employment relationship.
- 2. For termination dates occurring on or after July 1, 2010, if the member becomes employed by any such employer within the next 6 calendar months, termination will be deemed not to have occurred, except as provided in s. 121.091(13)(b)4.c. A

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leave of absence constitutes a continuation of the employment relationship.

- (c) Effective July 1, 2011, "termination" for a member receiving a refund of employee contributions occurs when a member ceases all employment relationships with participating employers for 3 calendar months. A leave of absence constitutes a continuation of the employment relationship.
- (a) and (b), which void a termination if a member does not cease all employment relationships with participating employers for at least 6 calendar months, the termination of a retired justice or retired judge is not void if he or she:
- 1. Has reached the later of his or her normal retirement age or the age at which he or she is vested;
- 2. Has terminated all employment relationships with employers under the Florida Retirement System for at least 3 calendar months after retirement; and
- 3. Returns to temporary employment only as a senior judge in any court, as assigned by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court in accordance with s. 2, Art. V of the State Constitution, no earlier than 4 calendar months after retirement.

This paragraph does not apply if a retired justice or retired judge is employed for any other purpose by an employer participating in the Florida Retirement System within 6 calendar months of termination.

Section 2. Paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) of subsection (9) of section 121.091, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (f) is added to that subsection, to read:

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121.091 Benefits payable under the system.—Benefits may not be paid under this section unless the member has terminated employment as provided in s. 121.021(39)(a) or begun participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program as provided in subsection (13), and a proper application has been filed in the manner prescribed by the department. The department may cancel an application for retirement benefits when the member or beneficiary fails to timely provide the information and documents required by this chapter and the department's rules. The department shall adopt rules establishing procedures for application for retirement benefits and for the cancellation of such application when the required information or documents are not received.

- (9) EMPLOYMENT AFTER RETIREMENT; LIMITATION.-
- (c) Any person whose retirement is effective on or after July 1, 2010, or whose participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program terminates on or after July 1, 2010, who is retired under this chapter, except under the disability retirement provisions of subsection (4) or as provided in s. 121.053, may be reemployed by an employer that participates in a state-administered retirement system and receive retirement benefits and compensation from that employer. However, a person may not be reemployed by an employer participating in the Florida Retirement System before meeting the definition of termination in s. 121.021 and may not receive both a salary from the employer and retirement benefits for 6 calendar months after meeting the definition of termination, except as provided in paragraph (f). However, a DROP participant shall continue employment and receive a salary during the period of

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participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program, as provided in subsection (13).

- 1. The reemployed retiree may not renew membership in the Florida Retirement System.
- 2. The employer shall pay retirement contributions in an amount equal to the unfunded actuarial liability portion of the employer contribution that would be required for active members of the Florida Retirement System in addition to the contributions required by s. 121.76.
- 3. A retiree initially reemployed in violation of this paragraph and an employer that employs or appoints such person are jointly and severally liable for reimbursement of any retirement benefits paid to the retirement trust fund from which the benefits were paid, including the Florida Retirement System Trust Fund and the Public Employee Optional Retirement Program Trust Fund, as appropriate. The employer must have a written statement from the employee that he or she is not retired from a state-administered retirement system. Retirement benefits shall remain suspended until repayment is made. Benefits suspended beyond the end of the retiree's 6-month reemployment limitation period shall apply toward the repayment of benefits received in violation of this paragraph.
- (d) Except as provided in paragraph (f), this subsection applies to retirees, as defined in s. 121.4501(2), of the Florida Retirement System Investment Plan, subject to the following conditions:
- 1. A retiree may not be reemployed with an employer participating in the Florida Retirement System until such person has been retired for 6 calendar months.

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2. A retiree employed in violation of this subsection and an employer that employs or appoints such person are jointly and severally liable for reimbursement of any benefits paid to the retirement trust fund from which the benefits were paid. The employer must have a written statement from the retiree that he or she is not retired from a state-administered retirement system.

- (e) The limitations of this subsection apply to reemployment in any capacity irrespective of the category of funds from which the person is compensated, except as provided in paragraph (f).
- (f) Effective July 1, 2015, a retired justice or retired judge who has reached the later of his or her normal retirement age or the age at which he or she is vested, who has terminated all employment with employers participating under the Florida Retirement System for at least 3 calendar months, and who subsequently returns to temporary employment only as a senior judge in any court, as assigned by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court in accordance with s. 2, Art. V of the State Constitution, is not subject to paragraph (c), paragraph (d), or paragraph (e) while reemployed solely as a senior judge. This paragraph does not apply if the retired justice or retired judge is employed for any other purpose by an employer participating in the Florida Retirement System within 12 calendar months of termination.

Section 3. (1) The State Board of Administration and the Department of Management Services shall request, as soon as practicable, a determination letter and private letter ruling from the Internal Revenue Service. If the Internal Revenue

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Service refuses to act upon a request for a private letter
ruling, a legal opinion from a qualified tax attorney or firm
may be substituted for such private letter ruling.

- (2) If the state board or the department receives notification from the Internal Revenue Service that this act or any portion of this act will cause the Florida Retirement System, or a portion thereof, to be disqualified for tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code, the portion that will cause the disqualification does not apply. Upon receipt of such notice, the state board and the department shall notify the presiding officers of the Legislature.
- Section 4. (1) In order to fund the benefit changes provided in this act, the required employer contribution rates for members of the Florida Retirement System established in s. 121.71(4), Florida Statutes, must be adjusted as follows:
- (a) The Elected Officers' Class for Justices and Judges must be increased by 0.45 percentage point; and
- (b) The Deferred Retirement Option Program must be increased by 0.01 percentage point.
- (2) In order to fund the benefit changes provided in this act, the required employer contribution rate for the unfunded actuarial liability of the Florida Retirement System established in s. 121.71(5), Florida Statutes, for the Elected Officers' Class for Justices and Judges is increased by 0.91 percentage point.
- (3) The adjustments provided in subsections (1) and (2) shall be in addition to all other changes to such contribution rates which may be enacted into law to take effect on July 1, 2015, and July 1, 2016. The Division of Law Revision and

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Information is directed to adjust accordingly the contribution rates provided in s. 121.71, Florida Statutes.

Section 5. (1) The Legislature finds that a proper and legitimate state purpose is served if employees and retirees of the state and its political subdivisions, and the dependents, survivors, and beneficiaries of such employees and retirees, are extended the basic protections afforded by governmental retirement systems which provide fair and adequate benefits and which are managed, administered, and funded in an actuarially sound manner as required by s. 14, Article X of the State Constitution and part VII of chapter 112, Florida Statutes. Therefore, the Legislature determines and declares that this act fulfills an important state interest.

(2) The Legislature further finds that the assignments of former justices and judges to temporary employment as senior judges in any court by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court in accordance with s. 2, Article V of the State Constitution assist the state courts system in managing caseloads and providing individuals and businesses with access to courts. Therefore, the Legislature further determines and declares that this act fulfills an important state interest by facilitating the ability of justices and judges who retire under the Florida Retirement System in a bona fide termination to return to temporary employment as senior judges in a timely manner.

Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.