1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to motor vehicle manufacturers, 3 factory branches, distributors, importers, and 4 dealers; amending s. 320.64, F.S.; revising provisions 5 that prohibit applicants and licensees from certain 6 adverse actions against motor vehicle dealers; 7 revising provisions relating to dealer facility and 8 signage requirements; revising provisions that 9 prohibit and limit audits of certain payments and 10 denial or reduction of such payments; revising provisions that restrict adverse action against a 11 12 dealer when a vehicle that was delivered to a customer is resold or exported out of state; prohibiting 13 14 failing to make payment for a replacement vehicle 15 provided by a dealer to a customer; prohibiting coercing a dealer to use a particular vendor for 16 certain goods and services; prohibiting requiring a 17 dealer to make certain payments for advertising or 18 participate in certain advertising groups; providing 19 20 definitions; providing applicability; providing 21 severability; providing an effective date. 2.2 23 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 24 25 Paragraph (h) of subsection (10) and Section 1. 26 subsections (25) and (26) of section 320.64, Florida Statutes,

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are amended, and subsections (39), (40), and (41) are added to that section, to read:

320.64 Denial, suspension, or revocation of license; grounds.—A license of a licensee under s. 320.61 may be denied, suspended, or revoked within the entire state or at any specific location or locations within the state at which the applicant or licensee engages or proposes to engage in business, upon proof that the section was violated with sufficient frequency to establish a pattern of wrongdoing, and a licensee or applicant shall be liable for claims and remedies provided in ss. 320.695 and 320.697 for any violation of any of the following provisions. A licensee is prohibited from committing the following acts:

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(h) If an applicant or licensee offers any bonus, incentive, rebate, or other program, standard, or policy that is available to a motor vehicle dealer in this state which is premised, wholly or in part, on dealer facility improvements, renovations, expansion, remodeling, alterations, or installation of signs or other image elements, a motor vehicle dealer who completes an approved facility in reliance upon such offer is deemed to be in full compliance with all of the applicant's or licensee's facility, sign, and image-related requirements for the duration of a 10-year period following such completion. If during such 10-year period, an applicant or licensee establishes a program, standard, or policy that offers a new bonus,

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incentive, rebate, or other benefit, a motor vehicle dealer that had completed an approved facility in reliance upon the prior program, standard, or policy but does not comply with the facility, sign, or image-related provisions under the new program, standard, or policy, except as provided in this paragraph, is not eligible for benefits under the facility, sign, or image-related provisions of the new program, standard, or policy but remains entitled to all of the benefits under the prior program, standard, or policy plus any increase in the benefits between the old and new programs, standards, or policies during the remainder of the 10-year period. This subsection does not obviate, affect, or alter subsection (38).

- $\underline{\text{(i)}}$ A violation of paragraphs (b) through $\underline{\text{(h)}}$ is not a violation of s. 320.70 and does not subject any licensee to any criminal penalty under s. 320.70.
- in an audit of warranty, maintenance, and other service-related payments or incentive payments, including payments to a motor vehicle dealer under any licensee-issued program, policy, or other benefit, which previously have been paid to a motor vehicle dealer in violation of this section or has failed to comply with any of its obligations under s. 320.696. An applicant or licensee may reasonably and periodically audit a motor vehicle dealer to determine the validity of paid claims as provided in s. 320.696. Audits of warranty, maintenance, and other service-related payments shall be performed by an

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applicant or licensee only during the 12-month 1-year period immediately following the date the claim was paid. Audits Audit of incentive payments shall only be performed only during the 12-month for an 18-month period immediately following the date the incentive was paid. As used in this section, the term "incentive" includes any bonus, incentive, or other monetary or nonmonetary thing of value. After such time periods have elapsed, all warranty, maintenance, and other service-related payments and incentive payments shall be deemed final and incontrovertible for any reason notwithstanding any otherwise applicable law, and the motor vehicle dealer shall not be subject to any charge-back or repayment. An applicant or licensee may deny a claim or, as a result of a timely conducted audit, impose a charge-back against a motor vehicle dealer for warranty, maintenance, or other service-related payments or incentive payments only if the applicant or licensee can show that the warranty, maintenance, or other service-related claim or incentive claim was false or fraudulent or that the motor vehicle dealer failed to substantially comply with the reasonable written and uniformly applied procedures of the applicant or licensee for such repairs or incentives but only for that portion of the claim so shown. Notwithstanding the terms of any franchise agreement, guideline, program, policy, or procedure, an applicant or licensee may only deny or charge back that portion of a warranty, maintenance, or other servicerelated claim or incentive claim which the applicant or licensee

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has proven to be false or fraudulent or for which the dealer failed to substantially comply with the reasonable, written, and uniformly applied procedures of the applicant or licensee for such repairs or incentives as provided in this subsection. An applicant or licensee may not charge a motor vehicle dealer back subsequent to the payment of a warranty, maintenance, or service-related claim or incentive claim unless, within 30 days after a timely conducted audit, a representative of the applicant or licensee first meets in person, by telephone, or by video teleconference with an officer or employee of the dealer designated by the motor vehicle dealer. At such meeting the applicant or licensee must provide a detailed explanation, with supporting documentation, as to the basis for each of the claims for which the applicant or licensee proposed a charge-back to the dealer and a written statement containing the basis upon which the motor vehicle dealer was selected for audit or review. Thereafter, the applicant or licensee must provide the motor vehicle dealer's representative a reasonable period after the meeting within which to respond to the proposed charge-backs, with such period to be commensurate with the volume of claims under consideration, but in no case less than 45 days after the meeting. The applicant or licensee is prohibited from changing or altering the basis for each of the proposed charge-backs as presented to the motor vehicle dealer's representative following the conclusion of the audit unless the applicant or licensee receives new information affecting the basis for one or more

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charge-backs and that new information is received within 30 days after the conclusion of the timely conducted audit. If the applicant or licensee claims the existence of new information, the dealer must be given the same right to a meeting and right to respond as when the charge-back was originally presented. After all internal dispute resolution processes provided through the applicant or licensee have been completed, the applicant or licensee shall give written notice to the motor vehicle dealer of the final amount of its proposed charge-back. If the dealer disputes that amount, the dealer may file a protest with the department within 30 days after receipt of the notice. If a protest is timely filed, the department shall notify the applicant or licensee of the filing of the protest, and the applicant or licensee may not take any action to recover the amount of the proposed charge-back until the department renders a final determination, which is not subject to further appeal, that the charge-back is in compliance with the provisions of this section. In any hearing pursuant to this subsection, the applicant or licensee has the burden of proof that its audit and resulting charge-back are in compliance with this subsection.

(26) Notwithstanding the terms of any franchise agreement, including any licensee's program, policy, or procedure, the applicant or licensee has refused to allocate, sell, or deliver motor vehicles; charged back or withheld payments or other things of value for which the dealer is otherwise eligible under a sales promotion, program, or contest; prevented a motor

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vehicle dealer from participating in any promotion, program, or contest; or has taken or threatened to take any adverse action against a dealer, including charge-backs, reducing vehicle allocations, or terminating or threatening to terminate a franchise because the dealer sold or leased a motor vehicle to a customer who exported the vehicle to a foreign country or who resold the vehicle, unless the licensee proves that the dealer knew or reasonably should have known that the customer intended to export or resell the motor vehicle. There is a rebuttable presumption that the dealer neither knew nor reasonably should have known of its customer's intent to export or resell the vehicle if the vehicle is titled or registered in any state in this country. A licensee may not take any action against a motor vehicle dealer, including reducing its allocations or supply of motor vehicles to the dealer, or charging back a dealer for an incentive payment previously paid, unless the licensee first meets in person, by telephone, or video conference with an officer or other designated employee of the dealer. At such meeting, the licensee must provide a detailed explanation, with supporting documentation, as to the basis for its claim that the dealer knew or reasonably should have known of the customer's intent to export or resell the motor vehicle. Thereafter, the motor vehicle dealer shall have a reasonable period, commensurate with the number of motor vehicles at issue, but not less than 15 days, to respond to the licensee's claims. If, following the dealer's response and completion of all internal

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dispute resolution processes provided through the applicant or licensee, the dispute remains unresolved, the dealer may file a protest with the department within 30 days after receipt of a written notice from the licensee that it still intends to take adverse action against the dealer with respect to the motor vehicles still at issue. If a protest is timely filed, the department shall notify the applicant or licensee of the filing of the protest, and the applicant or licensee may not take any action adverse to the dealer until the department renders a final determination, which is not subject to further appeal, that the licensee's proposed action is in compliance with the provisions of this subsection. In any hearing pursuant to this subsection, the applicant or licensee has the burden of proof on all issues raised by this subsection. In addition to the requirements, protections, and procedures of this subsection, an applicant or licensee, by agreement, program, rule, policy, standard, or otherwise, may not take adverse action against a motor vehicle dealer, including, without limitation, reducing allocations, product deliveries, or planning volumes or imposing any penalty or charge-back, because a motor vehicle that was sold, leased, or delivered to a customer was resold or exported more than 120 days after it was delivered to the customer. The motor vehicle dealer is not subject to any adverse action if the applicant or licensee does not provide written notification to the motor vehicle dealer of such resale or export within 12 months after the date that the motor vehicle dealer delivered

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the vehicle to the customer. Notwithstanding any franchise agreement, program, policy, or procedure, a motor vehicle dealer's franchise agreement may not be terminated, canceled, discontinued, or nonrenewed by an applicant or licensee on the basis of any act related to a customer's exporting or reselling of a motor vehicle unless the applicant or licensee proves by clear and convincing evidence before a trier of fact that the motor vehicle dealer knowingly engaged in a pattern of conduct of selling to known exporters and that the majority owner or, if there is no majority owner, the person designated as the dealer-principal or a person similarly designated in the franchise agreement, at the time the motor vehicle was sold, leased, or delivered, had actual knowledge that the customer intended to export or resell the motor vehicle.

- (39) Notwithstanding any agreement, program, incentive, bonus, policy, or rule, an applicant or licensee fails to make any payment pursuant to any agreement, program, incentive, bonus, policy, or rule for any temporary replacement motor vehicle loaned, rented, or provided by a motor vehicle dealer to or for its service or repair customers, even if the temporary replacement motor vehicle has been leased, rented, titled, or registered to the motor vehicle dealer's rental or leasing division or an entity that is owned or controlled by the motor vehicle dealer.
- (40) Notwithstanding any franchise agreement, the applicant or licensee has required or coerced, or attempted to

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require or coerce, a motor vehicle dealer to purchase goods or services from a vendor selected, identified, or designated by an applicant or licensee or one of its parents, subsidiaries, divisions, or affiliates by agreement, standard, policy, program, incentive provision, or otherwise without making available to the motor vehicle dealer the option to obtain the goods or services of like kind, design, and quality from a vendor chosen by the motor vehicle dealer. If the motor vehicle dealer exercises such option, the dealer must provide to the licensee or applicant written notice of its desire to use the alternative goods or services along with samples or clear descriptions of the alternative goods or services that the dealer desires to use. The licensee or applicant shall have the opportunity to evaluate the alternative good or service for up to 30 days and provide its written consent to use such good or service. Such consent may not be unreasonably withheld by the applicant or licensee. If the motor vehicle dealer does not receive a response from the applicant or licensee within the 30day period, consent to use the alternative goods or services is deemed to be granted. If a dealer using such alternative goods or services complies with this subsection, the dealer shall qualify and be eligible for all benefits described in such agreement, standard, policy, program, incentive provision, or otherwise. For purposes of this subsection, the term "goods and services" is limited to goods and services used to construct or renovate dealership facilities or furniture and fixtures at the

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dealership facilities but does not include:

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- (a) Any intellectual property of the licensee or applicant, including, without limitation, signage incorporating the licensee's or applicant's trademark or copyright, any facility or building materials protected by the licensee's or applicant's trademark or trade dress rights;
- (b) Any special tools and training as required by the licensee or applicant; or
- (c) Parts to be used in repairs under warranty obligations of a licensee or applicant.
- (41)(a) An applicant or licensee, by agreement, policy, program, standard, or otherwise, may not require a motor vehicle dealer, directly or indirectly, to advance, or pay or reimburse the applicant or licensee for, any costs related to the creation, development, showing, or publication in any media of any advertisement for a motor vehicle or require a motor vehicle dealer to participate in, contribute to, affiliate with, or join a dealer advertising or marketing group, fund, pool, association, or other entity and may not take or threaten to take any adverse action against a motor vehicle dealer that refuses to join or participate in such group, fund, pool, association, or other entity. For purposes of this subsection, the term "adverse action" includes, without limitation, reduction of allocations, charging fees for a licensee's or dealer's advertising or a marketing group's advertising or marketing, termination of or threatening to terminate the motor

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wehicle dealer's franchise, reducing any incentive for which the motor vehicle dealer is eligible, or any action that fails to take into account the equities of the motor vehicle dealer.

- (b) An applicant or licensee may not require a dealer to participate in, and may not preclude only a portion of its motor vehicle dealers in a designated market area from establishing, a voluntary motor vehicle dealer advertising or marketing group, fund, pool, association, or other entity. Except as provided in an agreement, when motor vehicle dealers choose to form an independent advertising or marketing group, an applicant or licensee is not required to fund such group.
- (c) This subsection does not prohibit an applicant or licensee from offering advertising or promotional materials to a motor vehicle dealer for a fee or charge if the use of such advertising or promotional materials is voluntary for the motor vehicle dealer.

A motor vehicle dealer who can demonstrate that a violation of, or failure to comply with, any of the preceding provisions by an applicant or licensee will or can adversely and pecuniarily affect the complaining dealer, shall be entitled to pursue all of the remedies, procedures, and rights of recovery available under ss. 320.695 and 320.697.

- Section 2. This act applies to all franchise agreements entered into, renewed, or amended after October 1, 1988.
 - Section 3. If any provision of this act or its application

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313	to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the invalidity
314	does not affect other provisions or applications of this act
315	which can be given effect without the invalid provision or
316	application, and to this end the provisions of this act are
317	severable.
318	Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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