1	A bill to be estitled
1 2	A bill to be entitled
2 3	An act relating to Medicaid; amending s. 395.602,
	F.S.; revising the term "rural hospital"; amending s.
4	409.908, F.S.; authorizing the Agency for Health Care
5	Administration to receive intergovernmental transfers
6	of funds from governmental entities for specified
7	purposes; requiring the agency to seek and maintain a
8	low-income pool under certain parameters; requiring
9	the agency to seek Medicaid waiver authority for the
10	use of local intergovernmental transfers under certain
11	parameters; requiring the Agency for Health Care
12	Administration to provide written notice, pursuant to
13	ch. 120, F.S., of reimbursement rates to providers;
14	specifying procedures and requirements to challenge
15	the calculation of or the methodology used to
16	calculate such rates; providing that the failure to
17	timely file a certain challenge constitutes acceptance
18	of the rates; specifying limits on and procedures for
19	the correction or adjustment of the rates; providing
20	applicability; prohibiting the agency from being
21	compelled by an administrative body or a court to pay
22	additional compensation that exceeds a certain amount
23	to a hospital for specified matters unless an
24	appropriation is made by law; prohibiting certain
25	periods of time from being tolled under specified
26	circumstances; specifying that an administrative
27	proceeding is the exclusive means for challenging
28	certain issues; reenacting ss. 383.18, 409.8132(4),
29	and 409.905(5)(c) and (6)(b), F.S., relating to

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30 contracts for the regional perinatal intensive care 31 centers program, the Medikids program component, and 32 mandatory Medicaid services, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 409.908, F.S., in 33 34 references thereto; amending s. 409.908, F.S.; 35 revising the list of provider types that are subject 36 to certain statutory provisions relating to the 37 establishment of rates; amending s. 409.9082, F.S.; revising the date in each calendar month on which the 38 39 agency shall collect an assessment from nursing home 40 facility providers; amending s. 409.909, F.S.; 41 revising a term; revising the annual allocation cap 42 for hospitals participating in the Statewide Medicaid Residency Program; establishing the Graduate Medical 43 44 Education Startup Bonus Program; providing allocations 45 for the program; amending s. 409.911, F.S.; updating 46 references to data used for calculating 47 disproportionate share program payments to certain hospitals for the 2015-2016 fiscal year; amending s. 48 49 409.967, F.S.; requiring that certain achieved savings 50 rebates be placed in the General Revenue Fund, 51 unallocated; requiring that certain funds to support 52 Medicaid and indigent care be deposited into the Grants and Donations Trust Fund; repealing s. 409.97, 53 54 F.S., relating to state and local Medicaid 55 partnerships; amending s. 409.975, F.S.; deleting a 56 requirement that the agency support Healthy Start 57 services with public expenditures and federal matching 58 funds; amending s. 409.983, F.S.; providing parameters

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59	for the reconciliation of managed care plan payments
60	in the long-term care managed care program;
61	authorizing the agency to partner with other states or
62	territories to provide Medicaid fiscal agent
63	operations under certain conditions and limitations;
64	amending s. 408.07, F.S.; conforming a cross-
65	reference; providing an incorporation by reference,
66	the purposes and legislative intent of the
67	incorporation, and for the expiration of the section;
68	providing a legislative determination of the
69	interdependence and interrelatedness of the act, the
70	incorporation by reference and certain specific
71	appropriations; providing that, if the act or any
72	portion of the act is determined to be
73	unconstitutional or held invalid, then all other
74	provisions or applications of the act are invalid and
75	not severable; providing for the expiration of the
76	section; providing that the act is remedial, intended
77	to confirm and clarify law, and applies to proceedings
78	pending on or commenced after the effective date;
79	providing for construction of the act in pari materia
80	with laws enacted during the 2015 Regular Session of
81	the Legislature; providing for contingent retroactive
82	operation; providing effective dates.
83	
84	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
85	
86	Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section
87	395.602, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
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88	395.602 Rural hospitals
89	(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this part, the term:
90	(e) "Rural hospital" means an acute care hospital licensed
91	under this chapter, having 100 or fewer licensed beds and an
92	emergency room, which is:
93	1. The sole provider within a county with a population
94	density of up to 100 persons per square mile;
95	2. An acute care hospital, in a county with a population
96	density of up to 100 persons per square mile, which is at least
97	30 minutes of travel time, on normally traveled roads under
98	normal traffic conditions, from any other acute care hospital
99	within the same county;
100	3. A hospital supported by a tax district or subdistrict
101	whose boundaries encompass a population of up to 100 persons per
102	square mile;
103	4. A hospital classified as a sole community hospital under
104	42 C.F.R. s. 412.92 which has up to 340 licensed beds;
105	4.5. A hospital with a service area that has a population
106	of up to 100 persons per square mile. As used in this
107	subparagraph, the term "service area" means the fewest number of
108	zip codes that account for 75 percent of the hospital's
109	discharges for the most recent 5-year period, based on
110	information available from the hospital inpatient discharge
111	database in the Florida Center for Health Information and Policy
112	Analysis at the agency; or
113	5.6. A hospital designated as a critical access hospital,
114	as defined in s. 408.07.
115	
116	Population densities used in this paragraph must be based upon

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117 the most recently completed United States census. A hospital 118 that received funds under s. 409.9116 for a quarter beginning no later than July 1, 2002, is deemed to have been and shall 119 120 continue to be a rural hospital from that date through June 30, 121 2021 2015, if the hospital continues to have up to 100 licensed beds and an emergency room. An acute care hospital that has not 122 123 previously been designated as a rural hospital and that meets 124 the criteria of this paragraph shall be granted such designation 125 upon application, including supporting documentation, to the 126 agency. A hospital that was licensed as a rural hospital during 127 the 2010-2011 or 2011-2012 fiscal year shall continue to be a 128 rural hospital from the date of designation through June 30, 129 2021 2015, if the hospital continues to have up to 100 licensed 130 beds and an emergency room.

Section 2. Effective upon this act becoming a law, paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (1) of section 409.908, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (d) and (e), respectively, and new paragraphs (c) and (f) are added to that subsection, to read:

136 409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providers.-Subject to 137 specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse Medicaid 138 providers, in accordance with state and federal law, according 139 to methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in 140 policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein. These methodologies may include fee schedules, reimbursement 141 142 methods based on cost reporting, negotiated fees, competitive 143 bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, and other mechanisms the agency 144 considers efficient and effective for purchasing services or goods on behalf of recipients. If a provider is reimbursed based 145

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146 on cost reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost 147 report would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate for a rate semester, then the provider's rate for that semester 148 149 shall be retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and 150 full payment at the recalculated rate shall be effected 151 retroactively. Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost 152 reports, if applicable, shall also apply to Medicaid cost 153 reports. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on 154 behalf of Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the 155 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions 156 provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. 157 Further, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent 158 or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or 159 making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the 160 161 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions 162 provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the 163 adjustment is consistent with legislative intent.

(1) Reimbursement to hospitals licensed under part I of chapter 395 must be made prospectively or on the basis of negotiation.

167 (c) The agency may receive intergovernmental transfers of funds from governmental entities, including, but not limited to, 168 169 the Department of Health, local governments, and other local 170 political subdivisions, for the advancement of the Medicaid 171 program and for enhancing or supplementing provider 172 reimbursement under this part and part IV. The agency shall seek and maintain a low-income pool in a manner authorized by federal 173 174 waiver and implemented under spending authority granted in the

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175	General Appropriations Act. The low-income pool must be used to
176	support enhanced access to services by offsetting shortfalls in
177	Medicaid reimbursement or paying for otherwise uncompensated
178	care, and the agency shall seek waiver authority to encourage
179	the donation of intergovernmental transfers and to utilize
180	intergovernmental transfers as the state's share of Medicaid
181	funding within the low-income pool.
182	(f)1. Pursuant to chapter 120, the agency shall furnish to
183	providers written notice of the audited hospital cost-based per
184	diem reimbursement rate for inpatient and outpatient care
185	established by the agency. The written notice constitutes final
186	agency action. A substantially affected provider seeking to
187	correct or adjust the calculation of the audited hospital cost-
188	based per diem reimbursement rate for inpatient and outpatient
189	care, other than a challenge to the methodologies set forth in
190	the rules of the agency and in reimbursement plans incorporated
191	by reference therein used to calculate the reimbursement rate
192	for inpatient and outpatient care, may request an administrative
193	hearing to challenge the final agency action by filing a
194	petition with the agency within 180 days after receipt of the
195	written notice by the provider. The petition must include all
196	documentation supporting the challenge upon which the provider
197	intends to rely at the administrative hearing and may not be
198	amended or supplemented except as authorized under uniform rules
199	adopted pursuant to s. 120.54(5). The failure to timely file a
200	petition in compliance with this subparagraph is deemed
201	conclusive acceptance of the audited hospital cost-based per
202	diem reimbursement rate for inpatient and outpatient care
203	established by the agency.

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204 2. Any challenge to the methodologies set forth in the 205 rules of the agency and in reimbursement plans incorporated by 206 reference therein used to calculate the reimbursement rate for 207 inpatient and outpatient care may not result in a correction or 208 an adjustment of a reimbursement rate for a rate period that 209 occurred more than 5 years before the date the petition 210 initiating the proceeding was filed. 211 3. This paragraph applies to any challenge to final agency 212 action which seeks the correction or adjustment of a provider's 213 audited hospital cost-based per diem reimbursement rate for 214 inpatient and outpatient care and to any challenge to the 215 methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in 216 reimbursement plans incorporated by reference therein used to 217 calculate the reimbursement rate for inpatient and outpatient 218 care, including any right to challenge which arose before July 219 1, 2015. A correction or adjustment of an audited hospital cost-220 based per diem reimbursement rate for inpatient and outpatient 221 care which is required by an administrative order or appellate 222 decision: 223 a. Must be reconciled in the first rate period after the 224 order or decision becomes final; 225 b. May not be the basis for any challenge to correct or 226 adjust hospital rates required to be paid by any Medicaid 227 managed care provider pursuant to part IV of chapter 409. 228 4. The agency may not be compelled by an administrative 229 body or a court to pay additional compensation to a hospital 230 relating to the establishment of audited hospital cost-based per 231 diem reimbursement rates by the agency or for remedies relating

232 to such rates, unless an appropriation has been made by law for

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233	the exclusive, specific purpose of paying such additional
234	compensation. As used in this subparagraph, the term
235	"appropriation made by law" has the same meaning as provided in
236	<u>s. 11.066.</u>
237	5. Any period of time specified in this paragraph is not
238	tolled by the pendency of any administrative or appellate
239	proceeding.
240	6. The exclusive means to challenge a written notice of an
241	audited hospital cost-based per diem reimbursement rate for
242	inpatient and outpatient care for the purpose of correcting or
243	adjusting such rate before, on, or after July 1, 2015, or to
244	challenge the methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency
245	and in reimbursement plans incorporated by reference therein
246	used to calculate the reimbursement rate for inpatient and
247	outpatient care is through an administrative proceeding pursuant
248	to chapter 120.
249	Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating paragraph (f)
250	of subsection (1) of section 409.908, Florida Statutes, as
251	created by this act, in a reference thereto, section 383.18,
252	Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
253	383.18 Contracts; conditionsParticipation in the regional
254	perinatal intensive care centers program under ss. 383.15-383.19
255	is contingent upon the department entering into a contract with
256	a provider. The contract shall provide that patients will
257	receive services from the center and that parents or guardians
258	of patients who participate in the program and who are in
259	compliance with Medicaid eligibility requirements as determined
260	by the department are not additionally charged for treatment and
261	care which has been contracted for by the department. Financial
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eligibility for the program is based on the Medicaid income guidelines for pregnant women and for children under 1 year of age. Funding shall be provided in accordance with ss. 383.19 and 409.908.

Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section 409.908, Florida Statutes, as created by this act, in a reference thereto, subsection (4) of section 409.8132, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

270

409.8132 Medikids program component.-

(4) APPLICABILITY OF LAWS RELATING TO MEDICAID.-The
provisions of ss. 409.902, 409.905, 409.906, 409.907, 409.908,
409.912, 409.9121, 409.9122, 409.9123, 409.9124, 409.9127,
409.9128, 409.913, 409.916, 409.919, 409.920, and 409.9205 apply
to the administration of the Medikids program component of the
Florida Kidcare program, except that s. 409.9122 applies to
Medikids as modified by the provisions of subsection (7).

278 Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating paragraph (f) 279 of subsection (1) of section 409.908, Florida Statutes, as 280 created by this act, in references thereto, paragraph (c) of 281 subsection (5) and paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 282 409.905, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

283 409.905 Mandatory Medicaid services.-The agency may make 284 payments for the following services, which are required of the 285 state by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, furnished by 286 Medicaid providers to recipients who are determined to be 287 eligible on the dates on which the services were provided. Any 288 service under this section shall be provided only when medically 289 necessary and in accordance with state and federal law. Mandatory services rendered by providers in mobile units to 290

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291 Medicaid recipients may be restricted by the agency. Nothing in 292 this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency 293 from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, 294 number of visits, number of services, or any other adjustments 295 necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any 296 limitations or directions provided for in the General 297 Appropriations Act or chapter 216.

298 (5) HOSPITAL INPATIENT SERVICES.-The agency shall pay for 299 all covered services provided for the medical care and treatment 300 of a recipient who is admitted as an inpatient by a licensed 301 physician or dentist to a hospital licensed under part I of 302 chapter 395. However, the agency shall limit the payment for 303 inpatient hospital services for a Medicaid recipient 21 years of 304 age or older to 45 days or the number of days necessary to comply with the General Appropriations Act. Effective August 1, 305 306 2012, the agency shall limit payment for hospital emergency 307 department visits for a nonpregnant Medicaid recipient 21 years 308 of age or older to six visits per fiscal year.

309 (c) The agency shall implement a prospective payment 310 methodology for establishing reimbursement rates for inpatient 311 hospital services. Rates shall be calculated annually and take 312 effect July 1 of each year. The methodology shall categorize 313 each inpatient admission into a diagnosis-related group and 314 assign a relative payment weight to the base rate according to the average relative amount of hospital resources used to treat 315 316 a patient in a specific diagnosis-related group category. The 317 agency may adopt the most recent relative weights calculated and 318 made available by the Nationwide Inpatient Sample maintained by the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality or may adopt 319

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320 alternative weights if the agency finds that Florida-specific 321 weights deviate with statistical significance from national 322 weights for high-volume diagnosis-related groups. The agency 323 shall establish a single, uniform base rate for all hospitals 324 unless specifically exempt pursuant to s. 409.908(1). 325 1. Adjustments may not be made to the rates after October 326 31 of the state fiscal year in which the rates take effect, 327 except for cases of insufficient collections of 328 intergovernmental transfers authorized under s. 409.908(1) or 329 the General Appropriations Act. In such cases, the agency shall 330 submit a budget amendment or amendments under chapter 216 331 requesting approval of rate reductions by amounts necessary for 332 the aggregate reduction to equal the dollar amount of 333 intergovernmental transfers not collected and the corresponding 334 federal match. Notwithstanding the \$1 million limitation on 335 increases to an approved operating budget contained in ss. 336 216.181(11) and 216.292(3), a budget amendment exceeding that 337 dollar amount is subject to notice and objection procedures set forth in s. 216.177. 338 339 2. Errors in source data or calculations discovered after

340 October 31 must be reconciled in a subsequent rate period. 341 However, the agency may not make any adjustment to a hospital's 342 reimbursement more than 5 years after a hospital is notified of 343 an audited rate established by the agency. The prohibition against adjustments more than 5 years after notification is 344 345 remedial and applies to actions by providers involving Medicaid 346 claims for hospital services. Hospital reimbursement is subject 347 to such limits or ceilings as may be established in law or described in the agency's hospital reimbursement plan. Specific 348

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349 exemptions to the limits or ceilings may be provided in the 350 General Appropriations Act.

351

(6) HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT SERVICES.-

(b) The agency shall implement a methodology for establishing base reimbursement rates for outpatient services for each hospital based on allowable costs, as defined by the agency. Rates shall be calculated annually and take effect July of each year based on the most recent complete and accurate cost report submitted by each hospital.

358 1. Adjustments may not be made to the rates after October 359 31 of the state fiscal year in which the rates take effect, 360 except for cases of insufficient collections of intergovernmental transfers authorized under s. 409.908(1) or 361 362 the General Appropriations Act. In such cases, the agency shall 363 submit a budget amendment or amendments under chapter 216 364 requesting approval of rate reductions by amounts necessary for 365 the aggregate reduction to equal the dollar amount of 366 intergovernmental transfers not collected and the corresponding 367 federal match. Notwithstanding the \$1 million limitation on 368 increases to an approved operating budget under ss. 216.181(11) 369 and 216.292(3), a budget amendment exceeding that dollar amount 370 is subject to notice and objection procedures set forth in s. 371 216.177.

2. Errors in source data or calculations discovered after October 31 must be reconciled in a subsequent rate period. However, the agency may not make any adjustment to a hospital's reimbursement more than 5 years after a hospital is notified of an audited rate established by the agency. The prohibition against adjustments more than 5 years after notification is

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378 remedial and applies to actions by providers involving Medicaid 379 claims for hospital services. Hospital reimbursement is subject 380 to such limits or ceilings as may be established in law or 381 described in the agency's hospital reimbursement plan. Specific 382 exemptions to the limits or ceilings may be provided in the 383 General Appropriations Act.

384 Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (23) of section 385 409.908, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

386 409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providers.-Subject to 387 specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse Medicaid 388 providers, in accordance with state and federal law, according 389 to methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in 390 policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein. 391 These methodologies may include fee schedules, reimbursement 392 methods based on cost reporting, negotiated fees, competitive 393 bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, and other mechanisms the agency 394 considers efficient and effective for purchasing services or 395 goods on behalf of recipients. If a provider is reimbursed based 396 on cost reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost 397 report would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate 398 for a rate semester, then the provider's rate for that semester 399 shall be retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and 400 full payment at the recalculated rate shall be effected 401 retroactively. Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost 402 reports, if applicable, shall also apply to Medicaid cost 403 reports. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on 404 behalf of Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the 405 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. 406

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407	Further, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent
408	or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates,
409	lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or
410	making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the
411	availability of moneys and any limitations or directions
412	provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the
413	adjustment is consistent with legislative intent.
414	(23)
415	(c) This subsection applies to the following provider
416	types:
417	1. Inpatient hospitals.
418	2. Outpatient hospitals.
419	3. Nursing homes.
420	4. County health departments.
421	5. Community intermediate care facilities for the
422	developmentally disabled.
423	<u>5.</u> 6. Prepaid health plans.
424	Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 409.9082, Florida
425	Statutes, is amended to read:
426	409.9082 Quality assessment on nursing home facility
427	providers; exemptions; purpose; federal approval required;
428	remedies
429	(2) A quality assessment is imposed upon each nursing home
430	facility. The aggregated amount of assessments for all nursing
431	home facilities in a given year shall be an amount not exceeding
432	the maximum percentage allowed under federal law of the total
433	aggregate net patient service revenue of assessed facilities.
434	The agency shall calculate the quality assessment rate annually
435	on a per-resident-day basis, exclusive of those resident days

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436 funded by the Medicare program, as reported by the facilities. 437 The per-resident-day assessment rate must be uniform except as 438 prescribed in subsection (3). Each facility shall report monthly 439 to the agency its total number of resident days, exclusive of 440 Medicare Part A resident days, and remit an amount equal to the 441 assessment rate times the reported number of days. The agency 442 shall collect, and each facility shall pay, the quality 443 assessment each month. The agency shall collect the assessment from nursing home facility providers by the 20th 15th day of the 444 445 next succeeding calendar month. The agency shall notify 446 providers of the quality assessment and provide a standardized 447 form to complete and submit with payments. The collection of the 448 nursing home facility quality assessment shall commence no 449 sooner than 5 days after the agency's initial payment of the 450 Medicaid rates containing the elements prescribed in subsection 451 (4). Nursing home facilities may not create a separate line-item 452 charge for the purpose of passing the assessment through to 453 residents.

454 Section 8. Section 409.909, Florida Statutes, is amended to 455 read:

456

409.909 Statewide Medicaid Residency Program.-

457 (1) The Statewide Medicaid Residency Program is established 458 to improve the quality of care and access to care for Medicaid 459 recipients, expand graduate medical education on an equitable 460 basis, and increase the supply of highly trained physicians 461 statewide. The agency shall make payments to hospitals licensed 462 under part I of chapter 395 for graduate medical education 463 associated with the Medicaid program. This system of payments is designed to generate federal matching funds under Medicaid and 464

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465 distribute the resulting funds to participating hospitals on a 466 quarterly basis in each fiscal year for which an appropriation 467 is made.

468 (2) On or before September 15 of each year, the agency 469 shall calculate an allocation fraction to be used for 470 distributing funds to participating hospitals. On or before the 471 final business day of each quarter of a state fiscal year, the 472 agency shall distribute to each participating hospital one-473 fourth of that hospital's annual allocation calculated under 474 subsection (4). The allocation fraction for each participating 475 hospital is based on the hospital's number of full-time 476 equivalent residents and the amount of its Medicaid payments. As 477 used in this section, the term:

(a) "Full-time equivalent," or "FTE," means a resident who 478 is in his or her residency period, with the initial residency 479 480 period, which is defined as the minimum number of years of 481 training required before the resident may become eligible for 482 board certification by the American Osteopathic Association 483 Bureau of Osteopathic Specialists or the American Board of 484 Medical Specialties in the specialty in which he or she first 485 began training, not to exceed 5 years. The residency specialty 486 is defined as reported using the current residency type codes in 487 the Intern and Resident Information System (IRIS), required by 488 Medicare. A resident training beyond the initial residency 489 period is counted as 0.5 FTE, unless his or her chosen specialty 490 is in general surgery or primary care, in which case the 491 resident is counted as 1.0 FTE. For the purposes of this 492 section, primary care specialties include: 1. Family medicine; 493

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494	2. General internal medicine;
495	3. General pediatrics;
496	4. Preventive medicine;
497	5. Geriatric medicine;
498	6. Osteopathic general practice;
499	7. Obstetrics and gynecology; and
500	8. Emergency medicine; and
501	9. General surgery.
502	(b) "Medicaid payments" means the estimated total payments
503	for reimbursing a hospital for direct inpatient services for the
504	fiscal year in which the allocation fraction is calculated based
505	on the hospital inpatient appropriation and the parameters for
506	the inpatient diagnosis-related group base rate, including
507	applicable intergovernmental transfers, specified in the General
508	Appropriations Act, as determined by the agency.
509	(c) "Resident" means a medical intern, fellow, or resident
510	enrolled in a program accredited by the Accreditation Council
511	for Graduate Medical Education, the American Association of
512	Colleges of Osteopathic Medicine, or the American Osteopathic
513	Association at the beginning of the state fiscal year during
514	which the allocation fraction is calculated, as reported by the
515	hospital to the agency.
516	(3) The agency shall use the following formula to calculate
517	a participating hospital's allocation fraction:
518	
519	$HAF = [0.9 \times (HFTE/TFTE)] + [0.1 \times (HMP/TMP)]$
520	
521	Where:
522	HAF=A hospital's allocation fraction.
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First Engrossed

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523	HFTE=A hospital's total number of FTE residents.
524	TFTE=The total FTE residents for all participating
525	hospitals.
526	HMP=A hospital's Medicaid payments.
527	TMP=The total Medicaid payments for all participating
528	hospitals.
529	
530	(4) A hospital's annual allocation shall be calculated by
531	multiplying the funds appropriated for the Statewide Medicaid
532	Residency Program in the General Appropriations Act by that
533	
	hospital's allocation fraction. If the calculation results in an
534 535	annual allocation that exceeds two times the average $\frac{50,000}{100}$ per
535	FTE resident amount for all hospitals, the hospital's annual
536	allocation shall be reduced to a sum equaling no more than two
537	times the average \$50,000 per FTE resident. The funds calculated
538	for that hospital in excess of <u>two times the average</u> $\$50,000$ per
539	FTE resident amount for all hospitals shall be redistributed to
540	participating hospitals whose annual allocation does not exceed
541	two times the average \$50,000 per FTE resident <u>amount for all</u>
542	hospitals, using the same methodology and payment schedule
543	specified in this section.
544	(5) The Graduate Medical Education Startup Bonus Program is
545	established to provide resources for the education and training
546	of physicians in specialties which are in a statewide supply-
547	and-demand deficit. Hospitals eligible for participation in
548	subsection (1) are eligible to participate in the Graduate
549	Medical Education Startup Bonus Program established under this
550	subsection. Notwithstanding subsection (4) or an FTE's residency
551	period, and in any state fiscal year in which funds are

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552 appropriated for the startup bonus program, the agency shall 553 allocate a \$100,000 startup bonus for each newly created 554 resident position that is authorized by the Accreditation 555 Council for Graduate Medical Education or Osteopathic 556 Postdoctoral Training Institution in an initial or established 557 accredited training program that is in a physician specialty in 558 statewide supply-and-demand deficit. In any year in which 559 funding is not sufficient to provide \$100,000 for each newly 560 created resident position, funding shall be reduced pro rata 561 across all newly created resident positions in physician 562 specialties in statewide supply-and-demand deficit. 563 (a) Hospitals applying for a startup bonus must submit to 564 the agency by March 1 their Accreditation Council for Graduate 565 Medical Education or Osteopathic Postdoctoral Training 566 Institution approval validating the new resident positions 567 approved in physician specialties in statewide supply-and-demand 568 deficit in the current fiscal year. An applicant hospital may validate a change in the number of residents by comparing the 569 570 number in the prior period Accreditation Council for Graduate 571 Medical Education or Osteopathic Postdoctoral Training 572 Institution approval to the number in the current year. 573 (b) Any unobligated startup bonus funds on April 15 of each 574 fiscal year shall be proportionally allocated to hospitals 575 participating under subsection (3) for existing FTE residents in 576 the physician specialties in statewide supply-and-demand 577 deficit. This nonrecurring allocation shall be in addition to 578 the funds allocated in subsection (4). Notwithstanding 579 subsection (4), the allocation under this subsection may not 580 exceed \$100,000 per FTE resident.

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581	(c) For purposes of this subsection, physician specialties
582	and subspecialties, both adult and pediatric, in statewide
583	supply-and-demand deficit are those identified in the General
584	Appropriations Act.
585	(d) The agency shall distribute all funds authorized under
586	the Graduate Medical Education Startup Bonus Program on or
587	before the final business day of the fourth quarter of a state
588	fiscal year.
589	(6) (5) Beginning in the 2015-2016 state fiscal year, the
590	agency shall reconcile each participating hospital's total
591	number of FTE residents calculated for the state fiscal year 2
592	- years before prior with its most recently available Medicare
593	cost reports covering the same time period. Reconciled FTE
594	counts shall be prorated according to the portion of the state
595	fiscal year covered by a Medicare cost report. Using the same
596	definitions, methodology, and payment schedule specified in this
597	section, the reconciliation shall apply any differences in
598	annual allocations calculated under subsection (4) to the
599	current year's annual allocations.
600	(7)(6) The agency may adopt rules to administer this
601	section.
602	Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and paragraph
603	(d) of subsection (4) of section 409.911, Florida Statutes, are
604	amended to read:
605	409.911 Disproportionate share programSubject to specific
606	allocations established within the General Appropriations Act
607	and any limitations established pursuant to chapter 216, the
608	agency shall distribute, pursuant to this section, moneys to
609	hospitals providing a disproportionate share of Medicaid or

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610 charity care services by making quarterly Medicaid payments as 611 required. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 409.915, counties 612 are exempt from contributing toward the cost of this special 613 reimbursement for hospitals serving a disproportionate share of 614 low-income patients.

615 (2) The Agency for Health Care Administration shall use the 616 following actual audited data to determine the Medicaid days and 617 charity care to be used in calculating the disproportionate 618 share payment:

(a) The average of the 2005, 2006, and 2007, 2008, and 2009
audited disproportionate share data to determine each hospital's
Medicaid days and charity care for the 2015-2016 2014-2015 state
fiscal year.

(4) The following formulas shall be used to paydisproportionate share dollars to public hospitals:

(d) Any nonstate government owned or operated hospital
eligible for payments under this section on July 1, 2011,
remains eligible for payments during the <u>2015-2016</u> 2014-2015
state fiscal year.

629 Section 10. Paragraph (f) of subsection (3) and paragraph 630 (c) of subsection (4) of section 409.967, Florida Statutes, are 631 amended to read:

632

409.967 Managed care plan accountability.-

633

(3) ACHIEVED SAVINGS REBATE.-

(f) Achieved savings rebates validated by the certified
public accountant are due within 30 days after the report is
submitted. Except as provided in paragraph (h), the achieved
savings rebate is established by determining pretax income as a
percentage of revenues and applying the following income sharing

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639 ratios: 640 1. One hundred percent of income up to and including 5 percent of revenue shall be retained by the plan. 641 642 2. Fifty percent of income above 5 percent and up to 10 643 percent shall be retained by the plan, and the other 50 percent 644 refunded to the state and transferred to the General Revenue 645 Fund, unallocated. 3. One hundred percent of income above 10 percent of 646 647 revenue shall be refunded to the state and transferred to the General Revenue Fund, unallocated. 648 649 (4) MEDICAL LOSS RATIO.-If required as a condition of a 650 waiver, the agency may calculate a medical loss ratio for managed care plans. The calculation shall use uniform financial 651 652 data collected from all plans and shall be computed for each 653 plan on a statewide basis. The method for calculating the 654 medical loss ratio shall meet the following criteria: 655 (c) Before Prior to final determination of the medical loss 656 ratio for any period, a plan may contribute to a designated 657 state trust fund for the purpose of supporting Medicaid and 658 indigent care and have the contribution counted as a medical 659 expenditure for the period. Funds contributed for this purpose 660 shall be deposited into the Grants and Donations Trust Fund. 661 Section 11. Section 409.97, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 662 Section 12. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 663 409.975, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 664 409.975 Managed care plan accountability.-In addition to 665 the requirements of s. 409.967, plans and providers 666 participating in the managed medical assistance program shall comply with the requirements of this section. 667

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668

(4) MOMCARE NETWORK.-

669 (a) The agency shall contract with an administrative 670 services organization representing all Healthy Start Coalitions 671 providing risk appropriate care coordination and other services 672 in accordance with a federal waiver and pursuant to s. 409.906. 673 The contract shall require the network of coalitions to provide 674 counseling, education, risk-reduction and case management 675 services, and quality assurance for all enrollees of the waiver. 676 The agency shall evaluate the impact of the MomCare network by 677 monitoring each plan's performance on specific measures to 678 determine the adequacy, timeliness, and quality of services for 679 preqnant women and infants. The agency shall support this 680 contract with certified public expenditures of general revenue 681 appropriated for Healthy Start services and any earned federal 682 matching funds.

683 Section 13. Subsection (6) of section 409.983, Florida 684 Statutes, is amended to read:

409.983 Long-term care managed care plan payment.-In
addition to the payment provisions of s. 409.968, the agency
shall provide payment to plans in the long-term care managed
care program pursuant to this section.

689 (6) The agency shall establish nursing-facility-specific 690 payment rates for each licensed nursing home based on facility costs adjusted for inflation and other factors as authorized in 691 692 the General Appropriations Act. Payments to long-term care 693 managed care plans shall be reconciled to reimburse actual 694 payments to nursing facilities resulting from changes in nursing 695 home per diem rates, but may not be reconciled to actual days 696 experienced by the long-term care managed care plans.

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697	Section 14. Effective upon this act becoming a law, the
698	Agency for Health Care Administration may partner with any other
699	state or territory for the purposes of providing Medicaid fiscal
700	agent operations only if any resulting agreement or contract
701	provides for termination when the State of Florida decides it is
702	not in the best interest of the state. Any such agreement or
703	contract may not impact Florida's current Medicaid Management
704	Information System and each state or territory shall deal
705	directly with the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
706	Services independently regarding any billing or matching
707	requirements.
708	Section 15. Subsection (43) of section 408.07, Florida
709	Statutes, is amended to read:
710	408.07 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, with the
711	exception of ss. 408.031-408.045, the term:
712	(43) "Rural hospital" means an acute care hospital licensed
713	under chapter 395, having 100 or fewer licensed beds and an
714	emergency room, and which is:
715	(a) The sole provider within a county with a population
716	density of no greater than 100 persons per square mile;
717	(b) An acute care hospital, in a county with a population
718	density of no greater than 100 persons per square mile, which is
719	at least 30 minutes of travel time, on normally traveled roads
720	under normal traffic conditions, from another acute care
721	hospital within the same county;
722	(c) A hospital supported by a tax district or subdistrict
723	whose boundaries encompass a population of 100 persons or fewer
724	per square mile;
725	(d) A hospital with a service area that has a population of
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726 100 persons or fewer per square mile. As used in this paragraph, 727 the term "service area" means the fewest number of zip codes 728 that account for 75 percent of the hospital's discharges for the 729 most recent 5-year period, based on information available from 730 the hospital inpatient discharge database in the Florida Center 731 for Health Information and Policy Analysis at the Agency for 732 Health Care Administration; or 733 (e) A critical access hospital. 734 735 Population densities used in this subsection must be based upon 736 the most recently completed United States census. A hospital 737 that received funds under s. 409.9116 for a quarter beginning no 738 later than July 1, 2002, is deemed to have been and shall 739 continue to be a rural hospital from that date through June 30, 740 2015, if the hospital continues to have 100 or fewer licensed 741 beds and an emergency room, or meets the criteria of s. 742 395.602(2)(e)4. An acute care hospital that has not previously 743 been designated as a rural hospital and that meets the criteria 744 of this subsection shall be granted such designation upon 745 application, including supporting documentation, to the Agency 746 for Health Care Administration. 747 Section 16. The model, methodology, and framework for 748 hospital funding programs contained in the document titled 749 "Medicaid Hospital Funding Programs," dated June 16, 2015, and 750 filed with the Secretary of the Senate, are incorporated by 751 reference for the purpose of displaying, demonstrating, and 752 explaining the calculations used by the Legislature, consistent 753 with the requirements of state law, when making appropriations 754 in the General Appropriations Act for the 2015-2016 fiscal year

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755	for the Rural Hospital Financial Assistance Program, Hospital
756	Inpatient Services, Hospital Outpatient Services, Low-Income
757	Pool, the Disproportionate Share Hospital Program, Graduate
758	Medical Education, and Prepaid Health Plans. The document titled
759	"Medicaid Hospital Funding Programs" does not allocate or
760	appropriate any funds. The Agency for Health Care Administration
761	shall rely solely on the model, methodology, and framework
762	displayed, demonstrated, and explained in the document titled
763	"Medicaid Hospital Funding Programs" and the proviso applicable
764	to appropriations for Medicaid funding when setting hospital
765	rates, calculating the hospital components of prepaid health
766	plan capitation rates, and making payments to hospitals and
767	other providers. This section expires July 1, 2016.
768	Section 17. The Legislature has determined that this act,
769	including the document titled "Medicaid Hospital Funding
770	Programs," together with the specific appropriations contained
771	in the fiscal year 2015-2016 General Appropriations Act for the
772	Rural Hospital Financial Assistance Program, Hospital Inpatient
773	Services, Hospital Outpatient Services, Low-Income Pool, the
774	Disproportionate Share Hospital Program, Graduate Medical
775	Education, and Prepaid Health Plans, are interdependent and
776	interrelated, are directly and rationally related to the overall
777	purposes of the state's Medicaid program, and are advisable only
778	if considered together and balanced when allocating the state's
779	resources, especially considering the complexities of Florida's
780	Statewide Medicaid Managed Care program; how hospital rates are
781	determined in the marketplace, including Medicaid; how the
782	individual component Medicaid appropriations impact the rates
783	Florida's Medicaid managed care entities pay for services; and
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784	the large amounts of uncompensated care provided by Florida's
785	Medicaid hospital service providers and the relative potential
786	impact of that uncompensated care on the overall economic
787	viability of those institutions. If this act, or any portion of
788	this act, including the document titled "Medicaid Hospital
789	Funding Programs," or any portion thereof, is determined to be
790	unconstitutional or the applicability thereof to any person or
791	circumstance is held invalid, then: (1) such determination shall
792	render all other provisions or applications of this act invalid;
793	(2) the provisions of this act are not severable; and (3) this
794	entire act shall be deemed never to have become law. This
795	section expires July 1, 2016.
796	Section 18. Section 409.908(1)(f), Florida Statutes, as
797	created by this act, is remedial in nature, confirms and
798	clarifies existing law, and applies to all proceedings pending
799	on or commenced after this act takes effect.
800	Section 19. If any law amended by this act was also amended
801	by a law enacted during the 2015 Regular Session of the
802	Legislature, such laws shall be construed as if enacted during
803	the same session of the Legislature, and full effect shall be
804	given to each if possible.
805	Section 20. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
806	act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon
807	this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1,
808	2015, or, if this act fails to become a law until after that
809	date, it shall take effect upon becoming a law and operate
810	retroactively to July 1, 2015.

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